

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion, and the number of people aged 65 and over is expected to increase from 250 million to 450 million.

The rapid increase in the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is a result of the high birth rate in developing countries. In 1990, the birth rate in developing countries was 28.5 per 1,000 people, compared with 14.5 per 1,000 people in developed countries.

The rapid increase in the number of people in the world who are 65 years of age and over is a result of the low birth rate in developed countries. In 1990, the birth rate in developed countries was 14.5 per 1,000 people, compared with 28.5 per 1,000 people in developing countries.

The rapid increase in the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age and the rapid increase in the number of people in the world who are 65 years of age and over are both a result of the demographic transition.

The demographic transition is a process by which a country moves from a high birth rate and a high death rate to a low birth rate and a low death rate. This process is typically completed within a few decades.

The demographic transition is a result of a number of factors, including improvements in health care, education, and economic development. These factors lead to a decrease in the death rate and a decrease in the birth rate.

The demographic transition is a process that is occurring in many countries around the world. In some countries, the process is complete, while in others it is still in progress.

The demographic transition is a process that is having a major impact on the world's population. It is leading to a rapid increase in the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age and a rapid increase in the number of people in the world who are 65 years of age and over.

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