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## 1. Introduction

The objective of this lab was to use gRPC in Python to simulate the communication of rovers (clients) with ground control (server) which was an extension of lab 1. Each rover must implement the 5 methods below:

1. Get map (e.g., “The 2D land array”)
2. Get a stream of commands (e.g., “RMLMMMMMDLMMRMD”)
3. Get a mine serial number
4. Let the server know if they have executed all commands successfully, or not (a mine might explode with a wrong series of commands)
5. Share a mine PIN with the server

The lab consisted of 3 main parts. First, Proto Buffer Files were implemented as it is required for the gRPC communication. Next, the server was created which uses the 2D map files used in lab 1, the rover command files containing the commands given to each rover and a mine serial number file. Finally the client was created, which simulates the rovers. Each client initializes by retrieving and storing the operational map from the server, then processes a stream of commands for navigation and interaction with obstacles like mines, retrieves necessary mine serial numbers for disarming, and communicates back to the server regarding the success or failure of command execution and mine disarming tasks.

## 2. Part 1: Proto Buffer Files

During this part of the lab, buffer.proto file seen in *Figure 1* was created which is a protocol buffer. This is essential for defining the structured data types for this lab's gRPC-based communication between the client and server. The buffer.proto file was meticulously includes service definitions such as GroundControlService, which comprised methods like GetMap and GetCommands. These methods allowed data to be exchanged across the network, such as sending map details and rover commands.

```
1  syntax = "proto3";
2
3  package rover;
4
5  //Ground Control service definition
6  service GroundControl{
7      rpc getMap(mapRequest) returns (mapReply){}
8      rpc getCommands(commandRequest) returns (commandReply){}
9      rpc getMineSerialNumber(mineSerialNumberRequest) returns (mineSerialNumberReply){}
10     rpc getSuccess(successRequest) returns (successReply){}
11     rpc getMinePin(minePinRequest) returns (minePinReply){}
12 }
13
14 message mapRequest{
15     string request = 1;
16 }
```

```

17
18 message mapReply{
19     string map = 1;
20     string rows = 2;
21     string column = 3;
22 }
23
24 message commandRequest{
25     string roverNum = 1;
26 }
27
28 message commandReply{
29     string moves = 1;
30 }
31
32 message mineSerialNumberRequest{
33     string roverPos = 1;
34 }
35
36 message mineSerialNumberReply{
37     string serialNum = 1;
38 }
39
40 message successRequest{
41     string status = 1;
42 }
43
44 message successReply{
45     string response = 1;
46 }
47
48 message minePinRequest{
49     string mineNum = 1;
50 }
51
52 message minePinReply{
53     string pin = 1;
54 }

```

*Figure 1: buffer.proto code*

This file then needed to be initialized using the terminal which then generated buffer\_pb2.py and buffer\_pb2\_grpc.py. These two files enabled communication between the server and client.

### 3. Part 2: Server

This part of the lab required the implementation of the gRPC server seen in *Figure 2* which acts as ‘ground control’ for managing communication with the rovers. Using the proto file created in part 1 and seen in Figure 1, the server was able to handle necessary operations such as fetching and serving 2D map data from text files, retrieving command sequences for individual rovers from separate command files, and accessing a mine serial number from a mines.txt file. Additionally, the server was designed to handle requests for mine serial numbers and to display if the rover was successfully executed.

```

1  from concurrent import futures
2  import logging
3
4  import grpc
5  import requests
6  import json
7
8  # import the protobuf files for gRPC service and message definitions
9  import buffer_pb2
10 import buffer_pb2_grpc
11
12
13 class gRPC_Server(buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlServicer): 1 usage new *
14     # method to fetch and return the map from a text file
15     def getMap(self, request, context): 1 usage (1 dynamic) new *
16         # open the map file in read mode
17         mapFile = open('map1.txt', 'r')
18         global rows
19         global columns
20         # read the first line to get the map dimensions
21         mapDirections = mapFile.readline().split()
22         mapRows = mapDirections[0]
23         mapColumns = mapDirections[1]
24
25         print("\nrows " + mapRows + " columns " + mapColumns)
26         print("Rover Starts Facing South at (0, 0)")
27         print("[ 0 = no mine, 1 = mine ]\n")
28
29         print("Map:")
30         mapContents = ""
31         # concatenate rest of the lines to get the full map contents
32         for line in mapFile:
33             mapContents += line
34
35         print(mapContents)
36         # return the map contents and dimensions as a gRPC message
37         return buffer_pb2.mapReply(map=mapContents, rows=mapRows, column=mapColumns)
38
39
40     # method to fetch and return commands for the rover from an external API
41     def getCommands(self, request, context): 1 usage (1 dynamic) new *
42         apiResponse = requests.get('https://coe892.reev.dev/lab1/rover/' + str(request.roverNum))
43         apiContent = apiResponse.json() # Directly parse the JSON
44         move = apiContent['data']['moves']
45
46         print("Commands: " + move)
47         # return the commands as a gRPC message
48         return buffer_pb2.commandReply(moves=move)
49
50     # method to fetch and return the serial number of a mine based on the rover's position
51     def getMineSerialNumber(self, request, context): 1 usage (1 dynamic) new *
52         with open('mines.txt', 'r') as minesFile:
53             mineData = minesFile.readlines()
54             roverPosition = list(map(int, request.roverPos.split(" ")))
55             if roverPosition[1] < len(mineData):
56                 serial_num = mineData[roverPosition[1]].strip() # Assuming one serial number per line
57                 return buffer_pb2.mineSerialNumberReply(serialNum=serial_num)
58             else:
59                 return buffer_pb2.mineSerialNumberReply(serialNum="Invalid Position")

```

```

60 # method to receive and acknowledge a mine pin
61 def getMinePin(self, request, context): 1 usage (1 dynamic) new *
62     pin = request
63     print(pin)
64
65     return buffer_pb2.minePinReply(pin="Pin received")
66
67 # acknowledge a successful operation
68 def getSuccess(self, request, context): 1 usage (1 dynamic) new *
69     print(request.status)
70     return buffer_pb2.successReply(response="Success")
71
72
73 # function to configure and start the gRPC server
74 def serve(): 1 usage new *
75     # Create a gRPC server to handle requests
76     server = grpc.server(futures.ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=10))
77     buffer_pb2_grpc.add_GroundControlServicer_to_server(gRPC_Server(), server)
78
79     # Specify the port for the server to listen on
80     port = 1500
81     server.add_insecure_port('[:::{}'.format(port))
82
83     # Start the server
84     server.start()
85     print("Server started. Listening on port {}".format(port))
86
87     # Additional info could be included here such as server's IP address if needed
88     # However, in most local cases, it's localhost or 127.0.0.1
89     try:
90         server.wait_for_termination()
91     except KeyboardInterrupt:
92         print("Server stopping...")
93         server.stop(0)
94         print("Server stopped successfully.")
95
96
97 if __name__ == '__main__':
98     logging.basicConfig()
99     serve()

```

*Figure 2: gRPC\_server.py Code showing the server implementation*

## 4. Part 3: Client

The final step of this lab required the implementation of the gRPC client seen in *Figure 3*, which shows the rovers receiving commands and interacting with the server. The client was designed to initiate requests to the ground control server for operational data such as reading 2D maps and specific navigation commands. Each rover client is identified by a unique number which retrieves a map and a sequence of commands. Each rover then executes these commands sequentially to simulate a rover's navigation and disarming mines.

```

1  import hashlib
2  import logging
3  import random
4
5  # import the protobuf files for gRPC service and message definitions
6  import grpc
7  import buffer_pb2
8  import buffer_pb2_grpc
9
10 # function to control the rover's operations
11 def run(): usage new*
12     # start connection with the gRPC server
13     with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:1500') as channel:
14         stub = buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlStub(channel)
15         response = stub.getMap(buffer_pb2.mapRequest())
16         print("Successfully Connected to Server!\n")
17
18     # global variables to track rover's state
19     global roverDirection
20     global startingPosition
21     global roverHealth
22     global routeArray
23     global rows
24     global columns
25     global moves
26     global currentMoves
27
28     # extracting the map data from the server's response
29     array = response.map
30     rows = response.rows
31     columns = response.column
32
33     print("Map: ")
34     print(array)
35     print("Rows: " + rows + ", " + "Columns: " + columns + "\n")
36
37     # start another connection to get rover's commands
38     with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:1500') as channel:
39         stub = buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlStub(channel)
40         global roverNumber
41
42         roverNumber = input("Input the rover number: ")
43
44         response2 = stub.getCommands(buffer_pb2.commandRequest(roverNum=str(roverNumber)))
45         print(str(response2))
46
47     # Initialize rover's starting state
48     roverDirection = "South"
49     startingPosition = [0, 0]
50     roverHealth = 'Alive'
51
52     f = open("path_" + str(roverNumber) + ".txt", "w+")
53     # process the received map into a 2D array
54     text = array.strip().split("\n")
55     routeArray = [list(map(int, line.split())) for line in text]
56     # starting position
57     routeArray[0][0] = "*"
58     moves = response2.moves

```

```

57
58 # process & execute received commands
59 for j in range(len(moves)):
60     # check current command needs to move forward and if so execute the forward movement function
61     if moves[j] == 'M':
62         forward()
63     # check if command is to move right, and adjust the rover's direction
64     elif moves[j] == 'R':
65         roverDirection = right(roverDirection)
66     # check if command is to move left, and adjust the rover's direction
67     elif moves[j] == 'L':
68         roverDirection = left(roverDirection)
69     # check if the command is to dig at the current position
70     elif moves[j] == 'D':
71         try:
72             # If the current position has a mine ('1'), start the digging process
73             if 0 <= startingPosition[1] < len(routeArray) and 0 <= startingPosition[0] < len(routeArray[startingPosition[1]]):
74                 if routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] == 1:
75                     print("Start Digging")
76
77
78 # start a gRPC connection to get the mine's serial number
79 with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:1500') as channel:
80     stub = buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlStub(channel)
81     response3 = stub.getMineSerialNumber(buffer_pb2.mineSerialNumberRequest(
82         roverPos=(str(startingPosition[0]) + " " + str(startingPosition[1])))
83     print(response3)
84     # disarm the mine by generating a hash key and checking if it's valid
85     rand = random.randint(a: 100, b: 999)
86     tempKey = str(rand) + str(routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]])
87     print("Temporary key = ", tempKey)
88     hashKey = hashlib.sha256(tempKey.encode()).hexdigest()
89     print("Hash key = " + hashKey)
90     while hashKey[0] != '0':
91         print("Invalid PIN Detected, Attempting to Retry with a Different PIN")
92         rand = random.randint(a: 100, b: 999)
93         tempKey = str(rand) + str(routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]])
94         # print("Temporary key = " + tempKey)
95         hashKey = hashlib.sha256(tempKey.encode()).hexdigest()
96         print("Hash key = " + hashKey)
97     print("Valid Print Detected, Disarming Mine")
98
99     # send valid pin back to the server to disarm the mine
100 with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:1500') as channel:
101     stub = buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlStub(channel)
102     response4 = stub.getMinePin(buffer_pb2.minePinRequest(mineNum=hashKey))
103 else:
104     print("Detecting Mine ... No mine")
105 else:
106     print("Position: Out of map bounds")
107 except IndexError:
108     print("Error in Index")
109
110 # print the rover's current direction, position, and health state after each command
111 print("Direction: " + roverDirection)
112 print("Current Position: ", startingPosition)
113 print("Current State: " + roverHealth)
114 print("Movement Completed\n\n")

```

```

115         # if rover encounters a mine without a dig command, it is destroyed
116         elif routeArray[startingPosition[0]][startingPosition[1]] != '0':
117             print("Mine Located! No Digging Attempt Made, Resulting in Explosion!")
118             roverHealth = "Dead"
119             break
120
121     # saving the rover's path to a file after completing all commands
122     for row in routeArray:
123         f.write(" ".join(map(str, row)) + "\n")
124
125     # report the rover's success or failure back to the server
126     if roverHealth == "Alive":
127         with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:1500') as channel:
128             stub = buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlStub(channel)
129             response5 = stub.getSuccess(
130                 buffer_pb2.successReply(response="Rover " + str(roverNumber) + " has completed"))
131     else:
132         with grpc.insecure_channel('localhost:1500') as channel:
133             stub = buffer_pb2_grpc.GroundControlStub(channel)
134             response5 = stub.getSuccess(
135                 buffer_pb2.successReply(response="Rover " + str(roverNumber) + " has exploded"))
136
137 # move the rover forward based on its current direction and position
138 def forward(): usage new*
139     try:
140         if roverDirection == 'North':
141             if startingPosition[1] == 0:
142                 print("Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored")
143                 return
144             if routeArray[startingPosition[1] - 1][startingPosition[0]] == '1':
145                 print("Collision Detected ... Rover Destroyed")
146                 roverHealth = 'Dead'
147                 return roverHealth
148
149             startingPosition[1] = startingPosition[1] - 1
150             routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] = "*"
151
152         elif roverDirection == 'South':
153
154             if startingPosition[1] == rows:
155                 print("Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored")
156                 return
157             if routeArray[startingPosition[1] + 1][startingPosition[0]] == '1':
158                 print("Collision Detected ... Rover Destroyed")
159                 roverHealth = 'Dead'
160                 return roverHealth
161             startingPosition[1] = startingPosition[1] + 1
162             routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] = "*"
163
164         elif roverDirection == 'East':
165             if startingPosition[0] == columns:
166                 print("Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored")
167                 return
168             if routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0] + 1] == '1':

```



```

168         print("Collision Detected ... Rover Destroyed")
169         roverHealth = 'Dead'
170         return roverHealth
171         startingPosition[0] = startingPosition[0] + 1
172         routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] = "*"
173
174     elif roverDirection == 'West':
175         if startingPosition[0] == 0:
176             print("Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored")
177             return
178             if routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0] - 1] == '1':
179                 print("Collision Detected ... Rover Destroyed")
180                 roverHealth = 'Dead'
181                 return roverHealth
182                 startingPosition[0] = startingPosition[0] - 1
183                 routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] = "*"
184     except IndexError:
185         print("Position: Out of map bounds")
186
187     # function to turn the rover left
188     def left(roverDirection): 1 usage new *
189         if roverDirection == 'North':
190             roverDirection = 'West'
191
192         print("Collision Detected ... Rover Destroyed")
193         roverHealth = 'Dead'
194         return roverHealth
195         startingPosition[0] = startingPosition[0] + 1
196         routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] = "*"
197
198     elif roverDirection == 'West':
199         if startingPosition[0] == 0:
200             print("Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored")
201             return
202             if routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0] - 1] == '1':
203                 print("Collision Detected ... Rover Destroyed")
204                 roverHealth = 'Dead'
205                 return roverHealth
206                 startingPosition[0] = startingPosition[0] - 1
207                 routeArray[startingPosition[1]][startingPosition[0]] = "*"
208     except IndexError:
209         print("Position: Out of map bounds")
210
211     # function to turn the rover left
212     def left(roverDirection): 1 usage new *
213         if roverDirection == 'North':
214             roverDirection = 'West'
215         elif roverDirection == 'East':
216             roverDirection = 'North'
217         elif roverDirection == 'South':
218             roverDirection = 'East'
219         elif roverDirection == 'West':
220             roverDirection = 'South'
221         return roverDirection

```

```

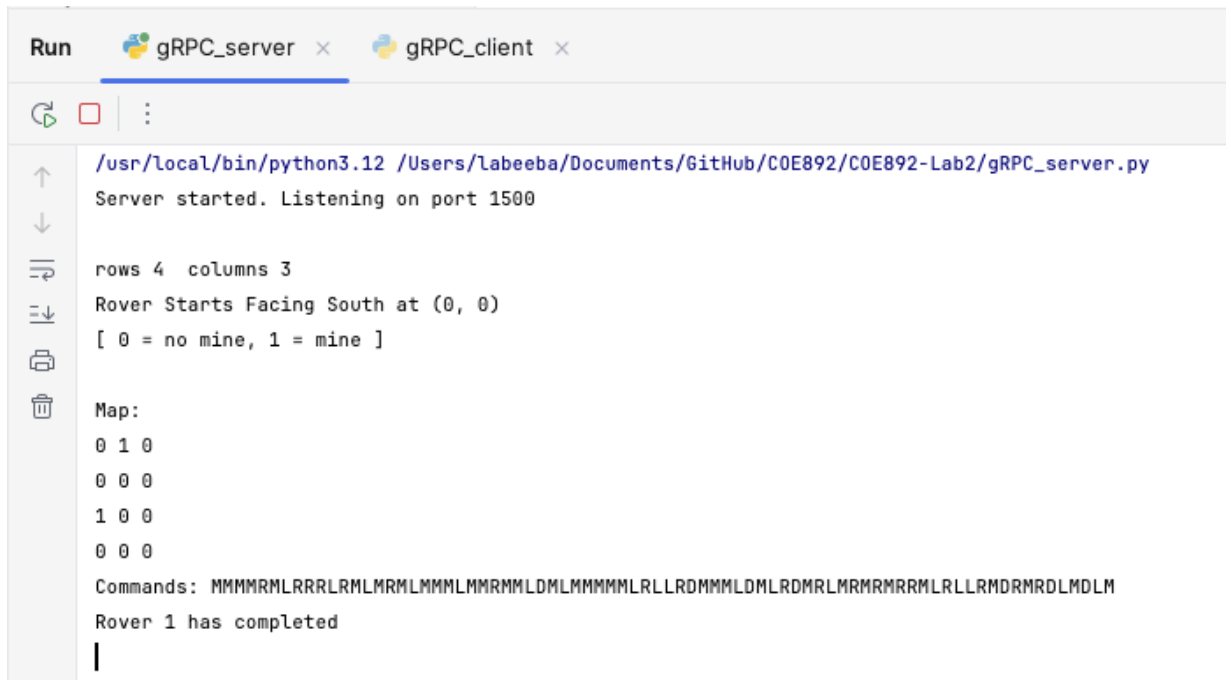
198
199 # function to turn the rover right
200 def right(roverDirection): 1 usage new *
201     if roverDirection == 'North':
202         roverDirection = 'East'
203     elif roverDirection == 'East':
204         roverDirection = 'South'
205     elif roverDirection == 'South':
206         roverDirection = 'West'
207     elif roverDirection == 'West':
208         roverDirection = 'North'
209     return roverDirection
210
211
212 if __name__ == '__main__':
213     logging.basicConfig()
214     run()
215

```

*Figure 3: gRPC\_client.py code showcasing how the rovers move*

## 5. Conclusion

In conclusion, this lab was successfully completed. When the server is run, the console outputs the port the server is using. Then once the client is run, it displays the map and prompts the user to enter a rover number. Once the user types in a valid rover number, all the movements for that rover are outputted in thorough detail in the console. Once the rover has completed all its moves, the server then outputs a message stating that the rover is completed. This can be seen in *Figure 4* and *Figure 5*. Overall this lab was completed successfully.



```

Run  gRPC_server x gRPC_client x
:
/usr/local/bin/python3.12 /Users/labeeba/Documents/GitHub/C0E892/C0E892-Lab2/gRPC_server.py
Server started. Listening on port 1500

rows 4 columns 3
Rover Starts Facing South at (0, 0)
[ 0 = no mine, 1 = mine ]

Map:
0 1 0
0 0 0
1 0 0
0 0 0

Commands: MMMRMLRRRLRMLMRMLMMMLMMRMLDMLMMMMMLRLLRDMMLDMLRDMRLMRMRMRMLRLLRMDRMDLMDLM
Rover 1 has completed
|

```

*Figure 4: Server Console*

```
Run  gRPC_server x  gRPC_client x

/usr/local/bin/python3.12 /Users/labeeba/Documents/GitHub/C0E892/C0E892-Lab2/gRPC_client.py
Successfully Connected to Server!


Map:
0 1 0
0 0 0
1 0 0
0 0 0
Rows: 4, Columns: 3

Input the rover number: 1
moves: "MMMMRMLRRRLRNLRLMMLMMRMLDMLMMMMLRLLLRDMMLDMLRDMRLMRMRRLRLLLRMDRMRDLMDLM"

Position: Out of map bounds
Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: West
Current Position: [0, 0]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed

Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Position: Out of map bounds
Position: Out of map bounds
Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: East
Current Position: [0, 3]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed

Position: Out of map bounds
Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: North
Current Position: [2, 3]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed
```



```

Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: North
Current Position: [2, 2]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed

Position: Out of map bounds
Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: West
Current Position: [1, 0]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed

Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: East
Current Position: [1, 0]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed

Position: Boundary Reached ... Command Ignored
Detecting Mine ... No mine
Direction: North
Current Position: [1, 0]
Current State: Alive
Movement Completed

Process finished with exit code 0

```

***Figure 5: Client Console***

## References

[1] M. Jaseemuddin et al., "COE892 Lab Manual," *Dept. Elect., Comput., and Biomed. Eng., Ryerson Univ.*, Toronto, ON, Canada, pp. 1-16, Winter 2024.