### Clustering of Covid-19 Time Series

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## Problem Definition

### Task: Analysis of Covid-19 pandemic

- Usage of dataset with daily Covid cases
- Clustering algorithms for time-series to find clusters by countries and timespans
- ▶ Prediction of future cases using cluster analysis of the results

### Dataset



- ► Each entry contains the number of new cases/deaths reported per day and per country.
- ► ECDC collects data available from health authorities worldwide on a daily basis

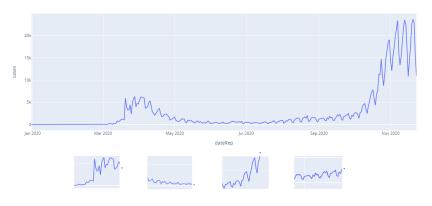
## Clustering

Time-series clustering is used to define a grouped structure of similar objects in unlabeled data based on their similar features.

#### We distinguish between:

- 1. Whole time-series clustering := Group similar countries into same group
- 2. Subsequence clustering := Division of time-series data into intervals using sliding windows technique

# Subsquence clustering



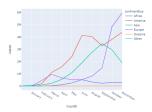


## Visualization

### Usage of Plotly | Dash for Visualization

> Python framework for building web analytic applications





## Next Steps

- ▶ Preparation/Refinement/Augmentation of data
- ▶ Implementation of different clustering techniques for prediction
- Search results for possible sources for mistakes
- ► Integrate prior knowledge
- Iterate

### References I

- Mohammed Ali et al. "Clustering and Classification for Time Series Data in Visual Analytics: A Survey". In: IEEE Access 7 (2019), pp. 181314–181338.
- [2] ECDC Daily covid-19 cases.

https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publicationsdata/download-todays-data-geographic-distribution-covid-19-cases-worldwide. Accessed: 23-11-2020.