# Subcovers of generalized GK curves and their automorphism groups

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Finite Geometries 2022 Sixth Irsee Conference

### Outline

GK curve and generalizations

- subcovers of the first generalized GK curve
- their automorphism groups

- subcovers of the second generalized GK curve
- their automorphism groups

o a characterization of the GK curve

•  $\mathcal{X} \subset \mathrm{PG}(r,\overline{\mathbb{F}_q})$  projective, **absolutely irreducible**, non-singular algebraic curve

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Hasse-Weil bound:

$$|q+1-2g\sqrt{q}| \leq |\mathcal{X}(\mathbb{F}_q)| \leq |q+1+2g\sqrt{q}|$$



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- $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{H}_{\sqrt{q}}(\mathbb{F}_q)$   $\mathcal{L} = \{\mathcal{H}_{\sqrt{q}} \cap \ell : \ell \text{ is a } (\sqrt{q} + 1) \text{-secant } \mathbb{F}_q \text{-rational line}\}$   $\Longrightarrow \text{classical unital } (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{L})$



# Maximal curves from subcovers

$$\mathcal{X} \subset \mathrm{PG}(r,\overline{\mathbb{F}_q})$$
 with affine coordinates  $x_1,\ldots,x_r$   
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Non-constant rational map:

$$\varphi: \mathcal{X} \to \mathcal{Y}, \quad \begin{cases} y_1 = \frac{F_1(x_1, \dots, x_r)}{G_1(x_1, \dots, x_r)} \\ \dots \\ y_s = \frac{F_s(x_1, \dots, x_r)}{G_s(x_1, \dots, x_r)} \end{cases} F_i, G_j \in \mathbb{F}_q[x_1, \dots, x_r]$$

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#### **Theorem**

if  $\mathcal X$  is  $\mathbb F_q$ -maximal and  $\mathcal Y$  is an  $\mathbb F_q$ -subcover of  $\mathcal X \Longrightarrow \mathcal Y$  is  $\mathbb F_q$ -maximal

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maximal curve  $\mathcal X$  with  $\operatorname{Aut}_{\mathbb F_q}(\mathcal X)$  <u>rich</u>  $\implies$  <u>many</u> maximal curves  $\mathcal X/G$  Example:

$$\mathbb{F}_q$$
-max. Hermitian curve  $\mathcal{H}_{\sqrt{q}}$ ,  $\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{H}_{\sqrt{q}}) = \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathbb{F}_q}(\mathcal{H}_{\sqrt{q}}) \cong \operatorname{PGU}(3,\sqrt{q})$ 

$$\mathcal{GK}: \begin{cases} z^{m} = y^{q^{2}} - y \\ y^{q+1} = x^{q} + x \end{cases} \qquad m = \frac{q^{3} + 1}{q + 1}$$

- ullet  $\mathcal{GK}$  is  $\mathbb{F}_{q^6}$ -maximal
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- $\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{GK}) = \operatorname{PGU}(3,q) \cdot C_m$ , contains  $\operatorname{PGU}(3,q) \times C_{m/\gcd(3,m)}$

#### Garcia-Güneri-Stichtenoth 2010:

$$\mathcal{GGS}_n: \begin{cases} z^m = y^{q^2} - y \\ y^{q+1} = x^q + x \end{cases}$$
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$$\text{for } n \geq 5 \colon \operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{GGS}_n) = \operatorname{PGU}(3,q)_{P_\infty} \cdot \textcolor{red}{C_m} = S_{q^3} \rtimes \textcolor{black}{C_{(q^2-1)m}} \quad \text{fixes } P_\infty$$

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$$C_m = \{(x, y, z) \mapsto (x, y, \lambda z) \mid \lambda^m = 1\}$$

 $n \ge 3$  odd,  $m = \frac{q^n + 1}{q + 1}$ , s divisor of m

Tafazolian, Teherán-Herrera, Torres (2016):

$$\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}: \begin{cases} z^{m/s} = y^{q^2} - y \\ y^{q+1} = x^q + x \end{cases}$$

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- $\mathcal{Y}_{n,s} = \mathcal{GGS}_n/\mathcal{C}_s$ ,  $\mathcal{C}_s = \{(x,y,z) \mapsto (x,y,\lambda z) \mid \lambda^s = 1\}$  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{Y}_{n,s} \text{ is } \mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}}\text{-maximal}$

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- $\mathcal{Y}_{n,s} = \mathcal{GGS}_n/C_s$ ,  $C_s = \{(x, y, z) \mapsto (x, y, \lambda z) \mid \lambda^s = 1\}$  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{Y}_{n,s} \text{ is } \mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}}\text{-maximal}$
- if n=3 and  $s(s+1) < q \implies \mathcal{Y}_{3,s}$  is not covered by  $\mathcal{H}_{q^n}$ Technique: find a contradiction to

$$\frac{|\mathcal{H}_{q^n}(\mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}})|}{|\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}(\mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}})|} \leq \deg(\varphi) \leq \frac{2g(\mathcal{H}_{q^n}) - 2}{2g(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}) - 2}, \qquad \varphi: \mathcal{H}_{q^n} \to \mathcal{Y}_{n,s}$$

# Automorphism group of $\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}$

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For s=1: prove that  $\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{GGS}_n)$  fixes the unique point at infinity  $P_\infty$ 

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- Güneri-Özdemir-Stichtenoth:
  - determine the Weierstrass semigroup  $H(P_{\infty}) = \langle q^3, qm, (q+1)m \rangle$
  - show  $H(Q) \neq H(P_{\infty})$  for all  $Q \in \mathcal{GGS}_n(\mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}})$
- Malmskog-Guralnick-Pries:
  - structural results on groups with TI p-subgroups
  - use that  $m = \frac{q^n + 1}{q + 1} >> q$



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#### Theorem (Montanucci-Tizziotti-Z.)

- If  $3 \nmid n$  or  $\frac{m}{s} \nmid \frac{q^3+1}{q+1} \implies \operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}) = S_{q^3} \rtimes C_{(q^2-1)\frac{m}{s}}$  fixes  $P_{\infty}$
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Notice: if  $3\mid n \implies \mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}}=\mathbb{F}_{q^{6d}}$  with d odd  $\implies \text{the } \mathbb{F}_{q^6}\text{-maximal curve } \mathcal{GK} \text{ is also } \mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}}\text{-maximal}$ 

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• Prove:  $\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s})_{P_{\infty}} = S_{q^3} \rtimes C_{(q^2-1)\frac{m}{s}}$ 

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$$\Longrightarrow \operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s})/\textcolor{red}{C_{m/s}} \, \leq \, \operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}/\textcolor{red}{C_{m/s}}) \, = \, \operatorname{Aut}(\textcolor{red}{\mathcal{H}_q}) = \operatorname{PGU}(3,q)$$

$$\implies \text{either} \ \ \frac{\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s})}{C_{m/s}} \cong \operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s})_{P_{\infty}} \ \ \text{or} \ \ \frac{\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y})_{n,s}}{C_{m/s}} \cong \operatorname{PGU}(3,q)$$

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- Prove:  $\frac{\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{Y})_{n,s}}{C_{m/s}} \cong \operatorname{PGU}(3,q) \iff 3 \mid n \text{ and } \frac{m}{s} \mid \frac{q^3+1}{q+1}$

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- ullet lift of au + fundamental equation ullet element of  $H(P_{\infty})$
- $H(P_{\infty})$  is known (Tafazolian, Teherán-Herrera, Torres)

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 odd,  $m = \frac{q^n + 1}{q + 1}$ ,  $s \mid m$ ,  $q = p^a$ ,  $\bar{q} = p^b$  with  $b \mid a$ ,  $c^{q-1} = -1$ 

Tafazolian, Teherán-Herrera, Torres (2016):

$$\mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s}: \begin{cases} z^{m/s} = y^{q^2} - y \\ cy^{q+1} = x + x^{\bar{q}} + \dots + x^{q/\bar{q}} \end{cases}$$

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- Aut $(\mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s})$ ?



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#### Theorem (Montanucci-Tizziotti-Z.)

$$\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s})\cong \frac{S_{q^3}}{E_{\bar{q}}}\rtimes C_{(q+1)(\bar{q}-1)\frac{m}{s}}$$

$$\mathcal{BM}_n: \begin{cases} z^m = y \frac{x^{q^2} - x}{x^{q+1} - 1} \\ y^{q+1} = x^{q+1} - 1 \end{cases} \qquad m = \frac{q^n + 1}{q+1}, \quad n \ge 3 \text{ odd}$$

#### Beelen-Montanucci 2018:

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- for  $n \ge 5$ :

$$\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{BM}_n) = \langle \operatorname{PGU}(3,q)_{\ell}, C_{m/s} \rangle \cong \operatorname{SL}(2,q) \rtimes C_{q^n+1}$$

 $\operatorname{Aut}(\mathcal{BM}_n)$  is the lift of the stabilizer  $\operatorname{PGU}(3,q)_\ell$ 

of a 
$$(q+1)$$
-secant  $\ell$  to  $\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_q$  :  $y^{q+1}=x^{q+1}-1$ 

# Subcovers $\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}$ of the BM curve

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#### Theorem (Montanucci-Tizziotti-Z.)

- If  $3 \nmid n$  or  $\frac{m}{s} \nmid \frac{q^3+1}{q+1} \implies \operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}) \cong \operatorname{SL}(2,q) \rtimes C_{(q^n+1)/s}$
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In the first case:  $g(\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}) = g(\mathcal{Y}_{n,s})$  but  $\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s} 
ot \cong \mathcal{Y}_{n,s}$ 

 $\implies$  new  $\mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}}$ -maximal curves not covered by  $\mathcal{H}_{q^n}$ 



# Subcovers $\tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s}$ of the BM curve

$$n \geq 3$$
 odd,  $m = \frac{q^n + 1}{q + 1}$ ,  $s \mid m$ ,  $q = p^a$ ,  $\bar{q} = p^b$ ,  $b \mid a$ 

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where  $E_{\bar{q}} \leq \operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s})$  is the lift to  $\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}$  with  $E_{\bar{q}}(z) = z$  of an elementary abelian group of elations fixing a point  $P \in \tilde{\mathcal{H}}_q(\mathbb{F}_{q^2})$ ,  $\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_q: \ y^{q+1} = x^{q+1} - 1$ 

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$$\operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s}) \ = \ \operatorname{N}_{\operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s})}(E_{\bar{q}})/E_{\bar{q}} \ \cong \ (E_q/E_{\bar{q}}) \rtimes C_{(q+1)(\bar{q}-1)\frac{m}{s}}$$

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$$n \geq 3$$
 odd,  $m = \frac{q^n + 1}{q + 1}$ ,  $s \mid m$ ,  $q = p^a$ ,  $\bar{q} = p^b$ ,  $b \mid a$ 

$$\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}: \begin{cases} z^{m/s} = y \frac{x^{q^2} - x}{x^{q+1} - 1} \\ y^{q+1} = x^{q+1} - 1 \end{cases} \qquad \tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s} := \tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s} / E_{\bar{q}}$$

where  $E_{\bar{q}} \leq \operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s})$  is the lift to  $\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}$  with  $E_{\bar{q}}(z) = z$  of an elementary abelian group of elations fixing a point  $P \in \tilde{\mathcal{H}}_q(\mathbb{F}_{q^2})$ ,  $\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_q: y^{q+1} = x^{q+1} - 1$ 

Theorem (Montanucci-Tizziotti-Z.)

$$\operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s}) \; = \; \operatorname{N}_{\operatorname{Aut}(\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s})}(E_{\bar{q}})/E_{\bar{q}} \; \cong \; (E_q/E_{\bar{q}}) \rtimes \, C_{(q+1)(\bar{q}-1)\frac{m}{s}}$$

$$g(\tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s}) = g(\mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s}), \ \tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s} \not\cong \mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s}$$

 $\implies$  new  $\mathbb{F}_{q^{2n}}$ -maximal curves not covered by  $\mathcal{H}_{q^n}$ 

#### Conclusion

- Subcovers  $\mathcal{Y}_{n,s}$ ,  $\mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s}$ ,  $\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s}$ ,  $\tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s}$  of the first (GGS) and second (BM) generalized GK curve
- their automorphism groups
- new maximal curves not covered by the Hermitian curve
- a characterization of the curves

$$\mathcal{GK}/\mathcal{C}_s \;\in\; \left\{\; \mathcal{Y}_{n,s} \,,\; \mathcal{X}_{a,b,n,s} \,,\; \tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_{n,s} \,,\; \tilde{\mathcal{X}}_{a,b,n,s} \right\}$$
 by 
$$\mathrm{PGU}(3,q) \;\leq\; \mathrm{Aut}(\mathcal{GK}/\mathcal{C}_s)$$



Thank you for your attention!
Guten Appetit!