### Нейронные сети

#### Тема семинара: Обучение нейронных сетей

#### Иванов И.Е.

кафедра Математической Теории Интеллектуальных Систем

25 октября 2024 г.





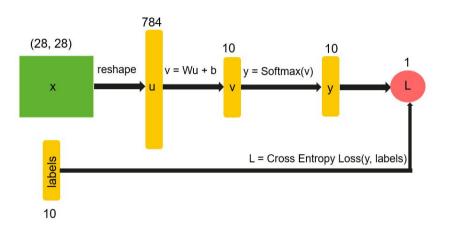
#### План семинара

• Вывод формул обратного прохода для основных слоёв





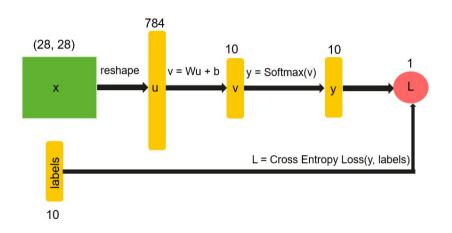
#### Постановка задачи







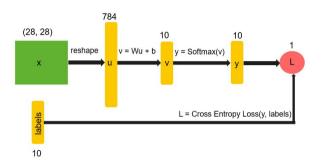
#### Постановка задачи



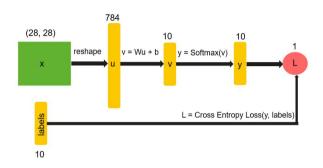
 ${f 3}$ адача: необходимо вычислить  $rac{\partial L}{\partial W}, rac{\partial L}{\partial b}, rac{\partial L}{\partial x}$ 



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- Прямой проход: вычисление L и всех промежуточных значений
- $oldsymbol{2}$  Вычисление  $rac{\partial L}{\partial y}$



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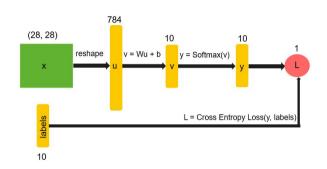
### Перекрёстная энтропия

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^{10} labels_{i} \log y_{i}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{i}} = \frac{labels_{i}}{y_{i}}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{1}} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{2}} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{10}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{labels_{1}}{y_{1}} \\ \frac{labels_{2}}{y_{2}} \\ \dots \\ \frac{labels_{10}}{y_{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$



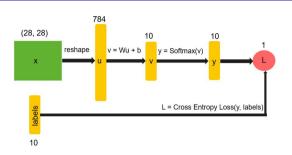


- Прямой проход: вычисление L и всех промежуточных значений
- **2** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$
- **3** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$





## Вычисление $\frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial v} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_1} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{10}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sum\limits_{i=1}^{10} \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_i} \frac{\partial y_i}{\partial v_1} \\ \sum\limits_{i=1}^{10} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \frac{\partial y_i}{\partial v_2} \\ \dots \\ \sum\limits_{i=1}^{10} \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_i} \frac{\partial y_i}{\partial v_1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial v_1} & \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial v_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial y_{10}}{\partial v_1} \\ \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial v_2} & \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial v_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial y_{10}}{\partial v_2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial v_{10}} & \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial v_{10}} & \dots & \frac{\partial y_{10}}{\partial v_{10}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_1} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{10}} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y_1} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_1} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial v_2} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial v_2} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_1} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_2} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_2} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial v_1} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial v_1} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial v_1} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial v_2} \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial$$

### Вычисление матрицы Якоби для Softmax

$$y = Softmax(v)$$

$$y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \dots \\ y_{10} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{10} e^{u_i}} \begin{pmatrix} e^{u_1} \\ e^{u_2} \\ \dots \\ e^{u_{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial u_j} = y_i (1[i = j] - y_j)$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1(1 - y_1) & -y_1y_2 & \dots & -y_1y_{10} \\ -y_2y_1 & y_2(1 - y_2) & \dots & -y_2y_{10} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ -y_{10}y_1 & -y_{10}y_2 & \dots & y_{10}(1 - y_{10}) \end{pmatrix}$$



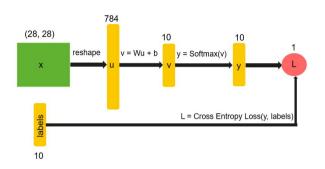


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$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}^{T} \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = \begin{pmatrix} y_{1}(1 - y_{1}) & -y_{1}y_{2} & \dots & -y_{1}y_{10} \\ -y_{2}y_{1} & y_{2}(1 - y_{2}) & \dots & -y_{2}y_{10} \\ \dots & & & & \\ -y_{10}y_{1} & -y_{10}y_{2} & \dots & y_{10}(1 - y_{10}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{labels_{1}}{v_{1}} \\ \frac{labels_{2}}{v_{2}} \\ \dots \\ \frac{labels_{10}}{y_{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$







- Прямой проход: вычисление L и всех промежуточных значений
- **2** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$
- **3** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$
- **4** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial u}$





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$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial u}^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$$
$$v = Wu + b$$

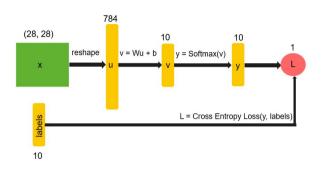
$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{1} \\ v_{2} \\ \dots \\ v_{10} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} w_{1,1} & w_{1,2} & \dots & w_{1,784} \\ w_{2,1} & w_{2,2} & \dots & w_{2,784} \\ \dots \\ w_{10,1} & w_{10,2} & \dots & w_{10,784} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_{1} \\ u_{2} \\ \dots \\ u_{784} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} b_{1} \\ b_{2} \\ \dots \\ b_{10} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial v_{i}}{u_{j}} = w_{i,j}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial u} = W^{T} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$$







- Прямой проход: вычисление L и всех промежуточных значений
- **②** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$
- **3** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$
- **4** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial u}$ ,  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial b}$



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial b}^{T} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$$
$$v = Wu + b$$

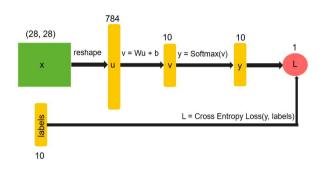
$$\begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \dots \\ v_{10} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} w_{1,1} & w_{1,2} & \dots & w_{1,784} \\ w_{2,1} & w_{2,2} & \dots & w_{2,784} \\ \dots & & & & \\ w_{10,1} & w_{10,2} & \dots & w_{10,784} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ \dots \\ u_{784} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \dots \\ b_{10} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial v_i}{b_j} = \delta_{i,j}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = E^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$$







Backprop

- Прямой проход: вычисление L и всех промежуточных значений
- **②** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$
- **3** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$
- **4** Вычисление  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial u}$ ,  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial b}$ ,  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial W}$



Впрямую воспользоваться формулой:

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial W}^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial v}$$

не получится, так как W — матрица.





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По определению

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1,1}} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1,2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1,784}} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2,1}} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2,2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2,784}} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{10,1}} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{10,2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{10,784}} \end{pmatrix}$$



Впрямую воспользоваться формулой:

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$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_k} \frac{\partial v_k}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} u_j$$





По определению

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} = \begin{pmatrix}
\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1,1}} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1,2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1,784}} \\
\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2,1}} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2,2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2,784}} \\
\dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{10,1}} & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{10,2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{10,784}}
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_k} \frac{\partial v_k}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} u_j$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v} u^T$$





$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial W} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1(1-y_1) & -y_1y_2 & \dots & -y_1y_{10} \\ -y_2y_1 & y_2(1-y_2) & \dots & -y_2y_{10} \\ \dots & & & & \\ -y_{10}y_1 & -y_{10}y_2 & \dots & y_{10}(1-y_{10}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{labels_1}{y_1} \\ \frac{labels_2}{y_2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{labels_{10}}{y_{10}} \end{pmatrix} u^T 
\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1(1-y_1) & -y_1y_2 & \dots & -y_1y_{10} \\ -y_2y_1 & y_2(1-y_2) & \dots & -y_2y_{10} \\ \dots & & & & \\ -y_{10}y_1 & -y_{10}y_2 & \dots & y_{10}(1-y_{10}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{labels_1}{y_1} \\ \frac{labels_2}{y_2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{labels_{10}}{y_{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = reshape^{-1} (W^T \begin{pmatrix} y_1(1-y_1) & -y_1y_2 & \dots & -y_1y_{10} \\ -y_2y_1 & y_2(1-y_2) & \dots & -y_2y_{10} \\ \dots & & & & \\ -y_{10}y_1 & -y_{10}y_2 & \dots & y_{10}(1-y_{10}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{labels_1}{y_1} \\ \frac{labels_2}{y_2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{labels_{10}}{y_{10}} \end{pmatrix})$$



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### Время для вопросов







## Спасибо за внимание!



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