

Emergency Preparedness

Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

The work space provided for each requirement should be used by the Scout to make notes for discussing the item with his counselor, not for providing the full and complete answers. Each Scout must do each requirement.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found in **Boy Scout Requirements** (Pub. 33216 – SKU 616334).

I	ne re	quirements were last issued or revised in <u>2013</u> • This workbook was updated in <u>December 2013</u> .
Scout's Name:		Unit:
Counselor's Nam	ne:	Counselor's Phone No.:
		http://www.USScouts.Org • http://www.MeritBadge.Org
Dlo	200 0	ubmit errors, omissions, comments or suggestions about this workbook to: Workbooks@USScouts.Org
		aggestions for changes to the <u>requirements</u> for the <u>merit badge</u> should be sent to: <u>Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org</u>
1. Earn the	Firs	t Aid merit badge.
2. Do the f	ollow	ring:
a.	Disc	cuss with your counselor the aspects of emergency preparedness:
	1.	Prepare for emergency situations
	2.	Respond to emergency situations
		The period to onto gone, onto the control of the co
	3.	Recover from emergency situations
	4.	Mitigate and prevent emergency situations

Include in your discussion the kinds of questions that are important to ask yourself as you consider each of these.

b. Make a chart that demonstrates your understanding of each of the aspects of emergency preparedness in requirement 2a (prepare, respond, recover, mitigate, and prevent) with regard to 10 of the situations listed below. You must use situations 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 below in boldface but you may choose any other five listed for a total of 10 situations. Discuss this chart with your counselor.

U	otal of 10 situations. Dis				Mitigrata	Descript
	Situation 1. Home kitchen fire	Prepare	Respond	Recover	Mitigate	Prevent
	1. Home kitchen fire					
	2. Home basement / storage room /		-			
Ш	garage fire					
_	3. Explosion in the home					
Ш	nome					
	4. Automobile					
	accident					
	5. Food-borne					
	disease (food poisoning)					
	6. Fire or explosion in					
	a public place					
	7. Vehicle stalled in					
	the desert					
	8. Vehicle trapped in					
	a blizzard					
	9. Flash flooding in					
	town or the country					
	10. Mountain/					
	backcountry					
	accident 11. Boating accident					
	11. Dodding accident					
	10 Cooleak in a					
	12. Gas leak in a home or a building					
	40 -					
	13. Tornado or hurricane					
	14. Major flood					
Ш						
	15. Nuclear power plant emergency					
Ш	plant emergency					

		Situation	Prepare	Respond	Recover	iviitigate	Prevent
	_	16. Avalanche				_	
		snowslide or rockslide)					
	_	17. Violence in a					
		public place					
	C.	Meet with and teach yo chart you created for re your family meeting, dis	quirement 2b. Cor	mplete a family pla	an. Then meet wit	e informed for the h your counselor a	situations on the and report on
			,	•	,		
3.	Show ho	w you could safely save	a nerson from the	e following:			
Ο.		Touching a live househ		c following.			
		3					
		A room filled with carbo	n monoxide				
	C.	Clothes on fire					

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	ming rescues (including accidents on ice)
Show three ways of attracting and	communicating with rescue planes/aircraft.
	<u> </u>
	way to move an injured person out of a remote and/or rugged area, conserving the the well-being and protection of the injured person.
6. Do the following:	
	Scouts should be prepared to do, the training they need, and the safety precautions ollowing emergency services:
 Crowd and traffic con 	ntrol
Be prepared to do:	
Training they need:	
Safety Precautions:	
2. Messenger service a	nd communication
Be prepared to do:	
Training they need:	
Safety Precautions:	
,	

		Discuss this information with your counselor and apply what you discover to the chart you created for requirement 2b.
☐ 7.	. Take pai agency.	t in an emergency service project, either a real one or a practice drill, with a Scouting unit or a community
8.	• •	ollowing:
0.		Prepare a written plan for mobilizing your troop when needed to do emergency service. If there is already a
		plan, explain it.
		Tell your part in making it work.

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_ b.	Take part in at least one troop mob Before the exercise, describe your	
	Afterward, conduct an "after-action changes or adjustments to the plan	" lesson, discussing what you learned during the exercise that required n.
□ c.	Prepare a personal emergency ser	vice pack for a mobilization call.
Ш	Prepare a family kit (suitcase or waneeded. Explain the needs and use	aterproof box) for use by your family in case an emergency evacuation is es of the contents.
Ш	needed. Explain the needs and use	es of the contents.
	Prepare a family kit (suitcase or waneeded. Explain the needs and use Contents	aterproof box) for use by your family in case an emergency evacuation is es of the contents. Needs and Uses
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Emergency Preparedness

Scout's Name:

rgency Prepa	aredness		Scout's Name:	
b.	Review or develop a plan	of escape for your family in ca	ase of fire in your home.	
☐ c.	Develop an accident prev	rention program for five family a	activities outside the home (s	uch as taking a picnio
¢.	seeing a movie) that inclu	ides an analysis of possible ha	zards, a proposed plan to co	rrect those hazards, a
	the reasons for the correct	ctions you propose		
	Activity:	Possible Hazards:	Plan to correct:	Reasons for corrections:
	į.			

Requirement resources can be found here:
http://www.meritbadge.org/wiki/index.php/Emergency Preparedness#Requirement resources

Scout's Name: _	
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Check safety steps that are being taking in your home. Write N/A if the item is not applicable. Items left blank may present a safety hazard. This list provides some sample safety steps you might take. See the Merit Badge pamphlet and your counselor for more information. Ask your parent or guardian before making any changes.

Stairways, Halls, and Outdoor Steps Stairways, Halls, and Outdoor Steps Stairways with three or more steps have a strong handrail and slip resistant finish. Stairways & halls are kept free from boxes, toys, shoes, brooms, tools, and other tripping hazards. Gates at top and bottom of stairs prevent children from falling.
slip resistant finish. Stairways & halls are kept free from boxes, toys, shoes, brooms, tools, and other tripping hazards. Tub floor has non-slip surface. Poisons and dangerous chemicals are marked, sealed shut in original containers, and out of reach of children.
☐ Stairways & halls are kept free from boxes, toys, shoes, brooms, tools, and other tripping hazards. ☐ Poisons and dangerous chemicals are marked, sealed shut in original containers, and out of reach of children.
Gates at top and hottom of stairs provent children from falling
— I lyledicines are out of reach of children in childproof containers
The head and foot of stairs have no small or loose rugs.
Stair carpeting or covering is fastened securely.
Stairways & hails have good lighting, controllable at each end.
Smoke alarm has fresh battery or secure electrical connectio & is tested regularly.
☐ Matches are kept where children cannot get them. ☐ Carbon monoxide detector has fresh battery or secure
Emergency numbers are posted next to the telephone, electrical connection and is tested regularly.
including 911 and poison control. Furniture placement for clear passage between bed and door
Knives & sharp instruments are kept in knife drawers or holder.
Can openers don't leave sharp edges on cans. A night-light illuminates bedroom or hall.
Disinfectants & cleaning products are out of reach of children. Bureau and dresser drawers are closed when not in use.
Pan handles are turned away from stove edges. Bar across upper bunk beds helps prevent falls.
Spilled grease, water, or bits of food are wiped up immediately. Children are taught not to lean against windows or screens.
Pot holders are located near the stove, within easy reach. Low sill windows have sturdy screens to prevent children from
A dry chemical fire extinguisher is mounted near the stove.
Attic and Basement Smoking in bed is prohibited.
☐ Ladder is strong, solid, and sturdily constructed. ☐ Gas and electric heating devices are turned off at bedtime.
Stairway is sturdy and well lighted. <u>Nursery</u>
Children keep skates and play gear in a specific place. Bars on cribs are closely spaced – no more than 2 3/8" apart
Walls and beams are free from protruding nails. so baby's head cannot slip between them.
Fuses or circuit breakers are the proper size.
Rubbish & flammable materials are in covered metal cans.
☐ Wastepaper is kept away from furnace and stairs. ☐ Crib does not have a "drop" side.
Living Room and Dining Room Sleeping garments and covers keep baby warm without danger of smothering.
Furniture is placed to allow easy passage in an emergency. Police hadding furniture placement is charged for orderliness.
Before bedtime, furniture placement is checked for orderliness. No thin, plastic material is in or near the crib.
Furniture and woodwork solid, in good repair, and free from splinters and rough spots. No toys or objects in or near the crib or within reach of any child under 3 are less than 1 inch in diameter and 2 inches
Fireplace screen fits snugly. long.
Rugs are fastened or laid on non-slip pads. No toys or objects have small parts that can be removed.
Rugs are kept from curling at their edges. Children are taught not to give marbles, etc. to younger
Wax on floors is thoroughly buffed.
Fire in fireplace is extinguished at bedtime. Toys are sturdy, do not come apart easily, & have no sharp edges or points.
☐ Candles are in stable holders and fully extinguished after use, before bedtime, or before leaving home. ☐ Nontoxic paint is used on baby furniture and toys.
All houseplants are nonpoisonous.

Stoves, Furnaces, and Heaters Disconnect seldom-used appliances when not in use. Household appliances are disconnected before repairs. Stoves are away from curtains. Light bulbs are installed in all lamp sockets. Stoves & furnace pipes and flues are inspected & cleaned annually. All pull-type sockets have an insulating link. Gas burners are properly adjusted and free from leaks. Frayed or worn electric cords are promptly replaced. Gas water and space heaters are equipped with vents or flues. Long trailing cords are not in evidence. Water heater or boiler has a safety valve & is checked yearly. Cords are kept out from under rugs, doors, and furniture. Water heater temperature is set below 120 degrees Fahrenheit UA-approved extension cords are the proper size. to reduce the risk of serious burns. Children are taught never to touch electric sockets or fixtures. Flames of gas burners are protected from drafts. Fuses are adequate for the load and are not bypassed. Insulating shield protects woodwork within 18" of furnace, etc. Circuit breakers are labeled and not overloaded. Keep flammable materials away from stoves, furnaces, etc. General A wrench is stored near the shut-off valve of outside gas line. Home has smoke and Carbon Monoxie detectors, with at least The flue is opened before using the fireplace. one smoke detector in each bedroom, near the kitchen, and in the basement & garage. Porch, Yard, and Garage Everything has a place and is in its place. Railings and banisters are sound and inspected periodically. Stepladders are in good repair and stored out of the way. Steps and walks are kept free from ice and snow. Window screens and storm windows are securely fastened. Yard/play space are free from holes, stones, glass, etc. Guns are stored unloaded and in locked cases. Tools and dangerous articles are out of reach of children. Guns and ammunition are stored separately. Dangerous products & chemicals are kept in original containers in locked storage areas. Children are permitted to use only blunt-end scissors. Wires and low fences are brightly painted or clearly marked. Housework clothing has no drooping sleeves, sashes, or frills. Wells, cisterns, and pits are kept securely covered. Shoes worn for housework have low heels. Disposable materials are not burned outside. All shoes are in good repair. An area is marked off in the garage for bicycles, wagons, etc. Kerosene, gasoline, paint thinners, and other volatile materials Lawn mower is equipped with proper safeguards. are stored outside in special, clearly marked metal containers. Oil mops, dust rags, painting equipment, and other oily Workshop materials are stored outside in open metal containers. Good ventilation exists, especially when sanding or painting. Everyone turns on a light before entering a dark room. Safety goggles or face mask, and hearing protection are worn Matches are extinguished before they're thrown away. when working with or around power tools, and an appropriate eyewash is available. Children are never permitted to play with matches. Fire extinguishers are readily available and in good working Baking soda is kept handy to neutralize acid burns. order. All electrical tools are either grounded with three-wire plugs or are double-insulated. For Emergency Work area is well lit & free of clutter, scraps, rags. Know how to get emergency help (911, poison control, etc.). All tools have a place & are in their place. Be able to find water, gas, & electric shutoffs. Check annually. Guards are in place on all power tools. First aid kit approved by your doctor/American Red Cross. A push stick is available for use with power saws. Know basic first aid procedures. Tools are unplugged when not in use and before changing Have a fire escape plan from your home. blades, servicing or repairing. Emergency water supply. **Electrical Devices and Fixtures** Handheld flashlights readily available. Electrical fixtures and appliances are located & used beyond In earthquake-prone areas, make sure that the water heater arm's length of the sink, stove, tub, shower, or other grounded and bookcases are bolted to the walls. metal unless outlet is protected by a ground-fault interrupter. S

Scout's Name:

Do not touch electrical fixtures or appliances with wet hands.

Sample Home Safety Checklist

Important excerpts from the Guide To Advancement - 2013, No. 33088 (SKU-618673)

[1.0.0.0] — Introduction

The current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* is the official source for administering advancement in all Boy Scouts of America programs: Cub Scouting, Boy Scouting, Versity Scouting, Venturing, and Sea Scouts. It replaces any previous BSA advancement manuals, including *Advancement Committee Policies and Procedures*, *Advancement and Recognition Policies and Procedures*, and previous editions of the *Guide to Advancement*.

[Page 2, and 5.0.1.4] — Policy on Unauthorized Changes to Advancement Program

No council, committee, district, unit, or individual has the authority to add to, or subtract from, advancement requirements. There are limited exceptions relating only to youth members with special needs. For details see section 10, "Advancement for Members With Special Needs".

[Page 2] — The "Guide to Safe Scouting" Applies

Policies and procedures outlined in the *Guide to Safe Scouting*, No. 34416, apply to all BSA activities, including those related to advancement and Eagle Scout service projects.

[7.0.3.1] — The Buddy System and Certifying Completion

A youth member must not meet one-on-one with an adult. Sessions with counselors must take place where others can view the interaction, or the Scout must have a buddy: a friend, parent, guardian, brother, sister, or other relative—or better yet, another Scout working on the same badge—along with him attending the session.

When the Scout meets with the counselor, he should bring any required projects. If these cannot be transported, he should present evidence, such as photographs or adult verification. His unit leader, for example, might state that a satisfactory bridge or tower has been built for the Pioneering merit badge, or that meals were prepared for Cooking. If there are questions that requirements were met, a counselor may confirm with adults involved. Once satisfied, the counselor signs the blue card using the date upon which the Scout completed the requirements, or in the case of partials, initials the individual requirements passed.

Note that from time to time, it may be appropriate for a requirement that has been met for one badge to also count for another. See "Fulfilling More Than One Requirement With a Single Activity," 4.2.3.6.

[7.0.3.2] — Group Instruction

It is acceptable—and sometimes desirable—for merit badges to be taught in group settings. This often occurs at camp and merit badge midways or similar events. Interactive group discussions can support learning. The method can also be attractive to "guest experts" assisting registered and approved counselors. Slide shows, skits, demonstrations, panels, and various other techniques can also be employed, but as any teacher can attest, not everyone will learn all the material.

There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of *all* requirements. We must know that every Scout —actually and *personally*— completed them. If, for example, a requirement uses words like "show," "demonstrate," or "discuss," then every Scout must do that. It is unacceptable to award badges on the basis of sitting in classrooms *watching* demonstrations, or remaining silent during discussions. It is sometimes reported that Scouts who have received merit badges through group instructional settings have not fulfilled all the requirements. To offer a quality merit badge program, council and district advancement committees should ensure the following are in place for all group instructional events.

- Merit badge counselors are known to be registered and approved.
- Any guest experts or guest speakers, or others assisting who are not registered and approved as merit badge counselors, do not accept the
 responsibilities of, or behave as, merit badge counselors, either at a group instructional event or at any other time. Their service is temporary, not
 ongoing.
- Counselors agree not to assume prerequisites have been completed without some level of evidence that the work has been done. Pictures and
 letters from other merit badge counselors or unit leaders are the best form of prerequisite documentation when the actual work done cannot be
 brought to the camp or site of the merit badge event.
- There is a mechanism for unit leaders or others to report concerns to a council advancement committee on summer camp merit badge programs, group instructional events, and any other merit badge counseling issues—especially in instances where it is believed BSA procedures are not followed. See "Reporting Merit Badge Counseling Concerns," 11.1.0.0.
- There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of all requirements. We must know that every Scout—actually and personally—completed them.

[7.0.3.3] — Partial Completions

A Scout need not pass all the requirements of one merit badge with the same counselor. It may be that due to timing or location issues, etc., he must meet with a different counselor to finish the badge. The Application for Merit Badge has a place to record what has been finished—a "partial." In the center section on the reverse of the blue card, the counselor initials for each requirement passed. In the case of a partial completion, the counselor does not retain his or her portion of the card. A subsequent counselor may choose not to accept partial work, but this should be rare. A Scout, if he believes he is being treated unfairly, may work with his unit leader to find another counselor. An example for the use of a signed partial would be to take it to camp as proof of prerequisites. Partials have no expiration except the Scout's 18th birthday. Units, districts, or councils shall not establish other expiration dates for partial merit badges.

[7.0.4.8] — Unofficial Worksheets and Learning Aids

Worksheets and other materials that may be of assistance in earning merit badges are available from a variety of places including unofficial sources on the Internet and even troop libraries. Use of these aids is permissible as long as the materials can be correlated with the current requirements that Scouts must fulfill. Completing "worksheets" may suffice where a requirement calls for something in writing, but this would not work for a requirement where the Scout must discuss, tell, show, or demonstrate, etc. Note that Scouts shall not be required to use these learning aids in order to complete a merit badge.