#### Student Solutions Manual

to accompany

#### Applied Linear Statistical Models

Fifth Edition

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#### **PREFACE**

This Student Solutions Manual gives intermediate and final numerical results for all starred (\*) end-of-chapter Problems with computational elements contained in *Applied Linear Statistical Models*, 5th edition. No solutions are given for Exercises, Projects, or Case Studies.

In presenting calculational results we frequently show, for ease in checking, more digits than are significant for the original data. Students and other users may obtain slightly different answers than those presented here, because of different rounding procedures. When a problem requires a percentile (e.g. of the t or F distributions) not included in the Appendix B Tables, users may either interpolate in the table or employ an available computer program for finding the needed value. Again, slightly different values may be obtained than the ones shown here.

The data sets for all Problems, Exercises, Projects and Case Studies are contained in the compact disk provided with the text to facilitate data entry. It is expected that the student will use a computer or have access to computer output for all but the simplest data sets, where use of a basic calculator would be adequate. For most students, hands-on experience in obtaining the computations by computer will be an important part of the educational experience in the course.

While we have checked the solutions very carefully, it is possible that some errors are still present. We would be most grateful to have any errors called to our attention. Errata can be reported via the website for the book: http://www.mhhe.com/KutnerALSM5e.

We acknowledge with thanks the assistance of Lexin Li and Yingwen Dong in the checking of Chapters 1-14 of this manual. We, of course, are responsible for any errors or omissions that remain.

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### LINEAR REGRESSION WITH ONE PREDICTOR VARIABLE

1.20. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = -0.5802 + 15.0352X$$

d. 
$$\hat{Y}_h = 74.5958$$

1.21. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 10.20 + 4.00X$$

b. 
$$\hat{Y}_h = 14.2$$

d. 
$$(\bar{X}, \bar{Y}) = (1, 14.2)$$

1.24. a. 
$$\frac{i:}{e_i:}$$
 1 2 ... 44 45  $\frac{1}{e_i:}$  -9.4903 0.4392 ... 1.4392 2.4039

$$\sum e_i^2 = 3416.377$$

$$Min Q = \sum e_i^2$$

b. 
$$MSE = 79.45063$$
,  $\sqrt{MSE} = 8.913508$ , minutes

1.25. a. 
$$e_1 = 1.8000$$

b. 
$$\sum e_i^2 = 17.6000, MSE = 2.2000, \sigma^2$$

1.27. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 156.35 - 1.19X$$

b. (1) 
$$b_1 = -1.19$$
, (2)  $\hat{Y}_h = 84.95$ , (3)  $e_8 = 4.4433$ ,

(4) 
$$MSE = 66.8$$

#### INFERENCES IN REGRESSION AND CORRELATION ANALYSIS

- 2.5. a.  $t(.95; 43) = 1.6811, 15.0352 \pm 1.6811(.4831), 14.2231 \le \beta_1 \le 15.8473$ 
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1=0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1\neq 0$ .  $t^*=(15.0352-0)/.4831=31.122$ . If  $|t^*|\leq 1.681$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value=0+
  - c. Yes
  - d.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 \le 14$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 > 14$ .  $t^* = (15.0352 14)/.4831 = 2.1428$ . If  $t^* \le 1.681$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value= .0189
- 2.6. a.  $t(.975; 8) = 2.306, b_1 = 4.0, s\{b_1\} = .469, 4.0 \pm 2.306(.469),$  $2.918 \le \beta_1 \le 5.082$ 
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 \neq 0$ .  $t^* = (4.0 0)/.469 = 8.529$ . If  $|t^*| \leq 2.306$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value= .00003
  - c.  $b_0 = 10.20, s\{b_0\} = .663, 10.20 \pm 2.306(.663), 8.671 \le \beta_0 \le 11.729$
  - d.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_0 \le 9$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_0 > 9$ .  $t^* = (10.20 9)/.663 = 1.810$ . If  $t^* \le 2.306$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value= .053
  - e.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = 0$ :  $\delta = |2 0|/.5 = 4$ , power = .93  $H_0$ :  $\beta_0 \le 9$ :  $\delta = |11 - 9|/.75 = 2.67$ , power = .78
- 2.14. a.  $\hat{Y}_h = 89.6313$ ,  $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.3964$ , t(.95; 43) = 1.6811,  $89.6313 \pm 1.6811(1.3964)$ ,  $87.2838 \leq E\{Y_h\} \leq 91.9788$ 
  - b.  $s\{\text{pred}\} = 9.0222, 89.6313 \pm 1.6811(9.0222), 74.4641 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 104.7985, \text{ yes}, \text{ yes}$
  - c. 87.2838/6 = 14.5473, 91.9788/6 = 15.3298,  $14.5473 \le \text{Mean time per machine} \le 15.3298$
  - d.  $W^2 = 2F(.90; 2, 43) = 2(2.4304) = 4.8608, W = 2.2047, 89.6313 \pm 2.2047(1.3964),$  $86.5527 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 92.7099$ , yes, yes
- 2.15. a.  $X_h=2$ :  $\hat{Y}_h=18.2,\ s\{\hat{Y}_h\}=.663,\ t(.995;\ 8)=3.355,\ 18.2\pm3.355(.663),\ 15.976\leq E\{Y_h\}\leq 20.424$

$$X_h = 4$$
:  $\hat{Y}_h = 26.2$ ,  $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.483$ ,  $26.2 \pm 3.355(1.483)$ ,  $21.225 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 31.175$ 

- b.  $s\{\text{pred}\} = 1.625, 18.2 \pm 3.355(1.625), 12.748 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 23.652$
- c.  $s\{\text{predmean}\} = 1.083, 18.2 \pm 3.355(1.083), 14.567 \leq \bar{Y}_{h(\text{new})} \leq 21.833, 44 =$  $3(14.567) \leq \text{Total number of broken ampules} \leq 3(21.833) = 65$

d. 
$$W^2 = 2F(.99; 2, 8) = 2(8.649) = 17.298, W = 4.159$$

$$X_h = 2$$
:  $18.2 \pm 4.159(.663)$ ,  $15.443 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 20.957$ 

$$X_h = 4$$
:  $26.2 \pm 4.159(1.483)$ ,  $20.032 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 32.368$ 

yes, yes

#### 2.24. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	76,960.4	1	76,960.4
Error	3,416.38	43	79.4506
Total	80,376.78	44	

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	76,960.4	1	76,960.4
Error	3,416.38	43	79.4506
Total	80,376.78	44	
Correction for mean	261,747.2	1	
Total, uncorrected	342.124	45	

- b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 \neq 0$ .  $F^* = 76,960.4/79.4506 = 968.66$ , F(.90;1,43) = 2.826. If  $F^* \leq 2.826$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
- 95.75% or 0.9575, coefficient of determination
- +.9785d.
- $R^2$ e.

#### 2.25. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	160.00	1	160.00
Error	17.60	8	2.20
Total	177.60	9	

- b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 \neq 0$ .  $F^* = 160.00/2.20 = 72.727$ , F(.95; 1, 8) = 5.32. If  $F^* \leq 5.32$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
- c.  $t^* = (4.00 0)/.469 = 8.529, (t^*)^2 = (8.529)^2 = 72.7 = F^*$
- d.  $R^2 = .9009, r = .9492, 90.09\%$
- 2.27. a.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 \geq 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 < 0$ .  $s\{b_1\} = 0.090197$ ,  $t^* = (-1.19 - 0)/.090197 = -13.193, t(.05; 58) = -1.67155.$ If  $t^* \geq -1.67155$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value= 0+
  - c.  $t(.975; 58) = 2.00172, -1.19 \pm 2.00172(.090197), -1.3705 \le \beta_1 \le -1.0095$

- 2.28. a.  $\hat{Y}_h = 84.9468$ ,  $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.05515$ , t(.975;58) = 2.00172,  $84.9468 \pm 2.00172(1.05515)$ ,  $82.835 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 87.059$ 
  - b.  $s\{Y_{h(\text{new})}\} = 8.24101, 84.9468 \pm 2.00172(8.24101), 68.451 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 101.443$
  - c.  $W^2 = 2F(.95; 2, 58) = 2(3.15593) = 6.31186, W = 2.512342,$  $84.9468 \pm 2.512342(1.05515), 82.296 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 87.598$ , yes, yes
- 2.29. a.

i:	1	2	 59	60
$Y_i - \hat{Y}_i$ :	0.823243	-1.55675	 -0.666887	8.09309
$\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y}$ :	20.2101	22.5901	 -14.2998	-19.0598

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	11,627.5	1	11,627.5
Error	3,874.45	58	66.8008
Total	15,501.95	59	

- c.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 \neq 0$ .  $F^* = 11,627.5/66.8008 = 174.0623$ , F(.90; 1,58) = 2.79409. If  $F^* \leq 2.79409$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
- d. 24.993% or .24993
- e.  $R^2 = 0.750067$ , r = -0.866064
- 2.42. b. .95285,  $\rho_{12}$ 
  - c.  $H_0: \rho_{12}=0, H_a: \rho_{12}\neq 0.$   $t^*=(.95285\sqrt{13})/\sqrt{1-(.95285)^2}=11.32194,$  t(.995;13)=3.012. If  $|t^*|\leq 3.012$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
  - d. No
- 2.44. a.  $H_0: \rho_{12} = 0, H_a: \rho_{12} \neq 0.$   $t^* = (.87\sqrt{101})/\sqrt{1 (.87)^2} = 17.73321, t(.95; 101) = 1.663.$  If  $|t^*| \leq 1.663$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
  - b.  $z'=1.33308,\ \sigma\{z'\}=.1,\ z(.95)=1.645,\ 1.33308\pm 1.645(.1),\ 1.16858\le \zeta\le 1.49758,\ .824\le \rho_{12}\le.905$
  - c.  $.679 \le \rho_{12}^2 \le .819$
- 2.47. a. -0.866064,
  - b.  $H_0: \rho_{12}=0, H_a: \rho_{12}\neq 0.$   $t^*=(-0.866064\sqrt{58})/\sqrt{1-(-0.866064)^2}=-13.19326, t(.975;58)=2.00172.$  If  $|t^*|\leq 2.00172$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
  - c. -0.8657217
  - d.  $H_0$ : There is no association between X and Y  $H_a$ : There is an association between X and Y  $t^* = \frac{-0.8657217\sqrt{58}}{\sqrt{1-(-0.8657217)^2}} = -13.17243$ . t(0.975, 58) = 2.001717. If  $|t^*| \le 1.001717$ .
    - $2.0017\dot{1}7$ , conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise, conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

# DIAGNOSTICS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

3.4.c and d.

i:	1	2	 44	45
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	29.49034	59.56084	 59.56084	74.59608
$e_i$ :	-9.49034	0.43916	 1.43916	2.40392

e.

Ascending order:	1	2	 44	45
Ordered residual:	-22.77232	-19.70183	 14.40392	15.40392
Expected value:	-19.63272	-16.04643	 16.04643	19.63272

 $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r = 0.9891. If  $r \geq .9785$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

g.  $SSR^* = 15,155, SSE = 3416.38, X_{BP}^2 = (15,155/2) \div (3416.38/45)^2 = 1.314676,$  $\chi^2(.95;1) = 3.84.$  If  $X_{BP}^2 \le 3.84$  conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

3.5. c.

e.

 $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r = .961. If  $r \ge .879$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

g.  $SSR^* = 6.4$ , SSE = 17.6,  $X_{BP}^2 = (6.4/2) \div (17.6/10)^2 = 1.03$ ,  $\chi^2(.90; 1) = 2.71$ . If  $X_{BP}^2 \le 2.71$  conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

Yes.

3.7.b and c.

i:	1	2	 59	60
$e_i$ :	0.82324	-1.55675	 -0.66689	8.09309
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	105.17676	107.55675	 70.66689	65.90691

d.

Ascending order:	1	2	 59	60
Ordered residual:	-16.13683	-13.80686	 13.95312	23.47309
Expected value:	-18.90095	-15.75218	 15.75218	18.90095

 $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r=0.9897. If  $r\geq 0.984$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

e.  $SSR^* = 31,833.4, SSE = 3,874.45,$ 

 $X_{BP}^2=(31,833.4/2)\div(3,874.45/60)^2=3.817116,~\chi^2(.99;1)=6.63.$  If  $X_{BP}^2\leq6.63$  conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant. Yes.

3.13. a.  $H_0$ :  $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$ ,  $H_a$ :  $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$ 

b.  $SSPE = 2797.66, SSLF = 618.719, F^* = (618.719/8) \div (2797.66/35) = 0.967557,$ F(.95; 8, 35) = 2.21668. If  $F^* \le 2.21668$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

3.17. b.

$$\frac{\lambda:}{SSE:}$$
  $\frac{.3}{1099.7}$   $\frac{.4}{967.9}$   $\frac{.5}{916.4}$   $\frac{.6}{942.4}$   $\frac{.7}{1044.2}$ 

c.  $\hat{Y}' = 10.26093 + 1.07629X$ 

e.

i:	1	2	3	4	5
č			.31		.30
$\hat{Y}_i'$ :	10.26	11.34	12.41	13.49	14.57
Expected value:	24	.14	.36	14	.24
i:	6	7	8	9	10
$e_i$ :	41	.10	47	.47	07
$e_i$ :	41	.10		.47	07

f.  $\hat{Y} = (10.26093 + 1.07629X)^2$ 

### SIMULTANEOUS INFERENCES AND OTHER TOPICS IN REGRESSION ANALYSIS

- 4.3. a. Opposite directions, negative tilt
  - b.  $B = t(.9875; 43) = 2.32262, b_0 = -0.580157, s\{b_0\} = 2.80394, b_1 = 15.0352, s\{b_1\} = 0.483087$

$$-0.580157 \pm 2.32262(2.80394)$$
  $-7.093 \le \beta_0 \le 5.932$   $15.0352 \pm 2.32262(0.483087)$   $13.913 \le \beta_1 \le 16.157$ 

- c. Yes
- 4.4. a. Opposite directions, negative tilt
  - b.  $B = t(.9975; 8) = 3.833, b_0 = 10.2000, s\{b_0\} = .6633, b_1 = 4.0000, s\{b_1\} = .4690$   $10.2000 \pm 3.833(.6633)$   $7.658 \le \beta_0 \le 12.742$  $4.0000 \pm 3.833(.4690)$   $2.202 \le \beta_1 \le 5.798$
- 4.6. a.  $B = t(.9975; 14) = 2.91839, b_0 = 156.347, s\{b_0\} = 5.51226, b_1 = -1.190, s\{b_1\} = 0.0901973$

$$156.347 \pm 2.91839(5.51226)$$
  $140.260 \le \beta_0 \le 172.434$   $-1.190 \pm 2.91839(0.0901973)$   $-1.453 \le \beta_1 \le -0.927$ 

- b. Opposite directions
- c. No
- 4.7. a. F(.90; 2, 43) = 2.43041, W = 2.204727

$$X_h = 3$$
:  $44.5256 \pm 2.204727(1.67501)$   $40.833 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 48.219$ 

$$X_h = 5$$
:  $74.5961 \pm 2.204727(1.32983)$   $71.664 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 77.528$ 

$$X_h = 7$$
:  $104.667 \pm 2.204727(1.6119)$   $101.113 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 108.221$ 

- b. F(.90; 2, 43) = 2.43041, S = 2.204727; B = t(.975; 43) = 2.01669; Bonferroni
- c.  $X_h = 4$ :  $59.5608 \pm 2.01669 (9.02797)$   $41.354 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 77.767$

$$X_h = 7$$
:  $104.667 \pm 2.01669(9.05808)$   $86.3997 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 122.934$ 

4.8. a. 
$$F(.95; 2, 8) = 4.46, W = 2.987$$

$$X_h = 0$$
:  $10.2000 \pm 2.987(.6633)$   $8.219 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 12.181$ 

$$X_h = 1$$
:  $14.2000 \pm 2.987(.4690)$   $12.799 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 15.601$ 

$$X_h = 2$$
:  $18.2000 \pm 2.987(.6633)$   $16.219 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 20.181$ 

b. 
$$B = t(.99167; 8) = 3.016$$
, yes

c. 
$$F(.95; 3, 8) = 4.07, S = 3.494$$

$$X_h = 0$$
:  $10.2000 \pm 3.494(1.6248)$   $4.523 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 15.877$ 

$$X_h = 1$$
:  $14.2000 \pm 3.494(1.5556)$   $8.765 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 19.635$ 

$$X_h = 2$$
:  $18.2000 \pm 3.494(1.6248)$   $12.523 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 23.877$ 

d. 
$$B = 3.016$$
, yes

4.10. a. 
$$F(.95; 2, 58) = 3.15593, W = 2.512342$$

$$X_h = 45$$
:  $102.797 \pm 2.512342(1.71458)$   $98.489 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 107.105$ 

$$X_h = 55$$
:  $90.8968 \pm 2.512342(1.1469)$   $88.015 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 93.778$ 

$$X_h = 65$$
:  $78.9969 \pm 2.512342(1.14808)$   $76.113 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 81.881$ 

b. 
$$B = t(.99167; 58) = 2.46556$$
, no

c. 
$$B = 2.46556$$

$$X_h = 48: 99.2268 \pm 2.46556(8.31158) \quad 78.734 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 119.720$$

$$X_h = 59$$
:  $86.1368 \pm 2.46556(8.24148)$   $65.817 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 106.457$ 

$$X_h = 74$$
:  $68.2869 \pm 2.46556(8.33742)$   $47.730 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 88.843$ 

d. Yes, yes

4.16. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 14.9472X$$

b. 
$$s\{b_1\} = 0.226424, \ t(.95; 44) = 1.68023, \ 14.9472 \pm 1.68023(0.226424), \ 14.567 \le \beta_1 \le 15.328$$

c. 
$$\hat{Y}_h = 89.6834$$
,  $s\{\text{pred}\} = 8.92008$ ,  $89.6834 \pm 1.68023(8.92008)$ ,  $74.696 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 104.671$ 

#### 4.17. b.

No

c.  $H_0$ :  $E\{Y\} = \beta_1 X$ ,  $H_a$ :  $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_1 X$ . SSLF = 622.12, SSPE = 2797.66,  $F^* = (622.12/9) \div (2797.66/35) = 0.8647783$ , F(.99; 9, 35) = 2.96301. If  $F^* \leq 2.96301$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = 0.564

### MATRIX APPROACH TO SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS

5.4. (1) 503.77 (2) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 160 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3)  $\begin{bmatrix} 49.7 \\ -39.2 \end{bmatrix}$ 

5.6. (1) 2,194 (2) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 10 \\ 10 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3)  $\begin{bmatrix} 142 \\ 182 \end{bmatrix}$ 

$$5.12. \qquad \left[ \begin{array}{cc} .2 & 0 \\ 0 & .00625 \end{array} \right]$$

5.14. a. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

b. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4.5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.18. a. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ Y_3 \\ Y_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

b. 
$$\mathbf{E}\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4}[E\{Y_1\} + E\{Y_2\} + E\{Y_3\} + E\{Y_4\}] \\ \frac{1}{2}[E\{Y_1\} + E\{Y_2\} - E\{Y_3\} - E\{Y_4\}] \end{bmatrix}$$

c. 
$$\sigma^{2}\{\mathbf{W}\} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma^{2}\{Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{4}\} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\times \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Using the notation  $\sigma_1^2$  for  $\sigma^2\{Y_1\}, \sigma_{12}$  for  $\sigma\{Y_1, Y_2\}$ , etc., we obtain:

$$\sigma^2\{W_1\} = \frac{1}{16}(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 + \sigma_3^2 + \sigma_4^2 + 2\sigma_{12} + 2\sigma_{13} + 2\sigma_{14} + 2\sigma_{23} + 2\sigma_{24} + 2\sigma_{34})$$

$$\sigma^{2}\{W_{2}\} = \frac{1}{4}(\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2} + \sigma_{3}^{2} + \sigma_{4}^{2} + 2\sigma_{12} - 2\sigma_{13} - 2\sigma_{14} - 2\sigma_{23} - 2\sigma_{24} + 2\sigma_{34})$$
  
$$\sigma\{W_{1}, W_{2}\} = \frac{1}{8}(\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2} - \sigma_{3}^{2} - \sigma_{4}^{2} + 2\sigma_{12} - 2\sigma_{34})$$

$$5.19. \qquad \left[\begin{array}{cc} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 17 \end{array}\right]$$

5.21.  $5Y_1^2 + 4Y_1Y_2 + Y_2^2$ 

5.23. a. (1) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 9.940 \\ -.245 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2)  $\begin{bmatrix} -.18 \\ .04 \\ .26 \\ .08 \\ -.20 \end{bmatrix}$  (3) 9.604 (4) .148 (5)  $\begin{bmatrix} .00987 & 0 \\ 0 & .000308 \end{bmatrix}$  (6) 11.41 (7) .02097

$$(5) \begin{bmatrix} .00987 & 0 \\ 0 & .000308 \end{bmatrix} \qquad (6) 11.41 \qquad (7) .02097$$

c. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} .6 & .4 & .2 & 0 & -.2 \\ .4 & .3 & .2 & .1 & 0 \\ .2 & .2 & .2 & .2 & .2 \\ 0 & .1 & .2 & .3 & .4 \\ -.2 & 0 & .2 & .4 & .6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{d.} & \begin{bmatrix} .01973 & -.01973 & -.00987 & .00000 & .00987 \\ -.01973 & .03453 & -.00987 & -.00493 & .00000 \\ -.00987 & -.00987 & .03947 & -.00987 & -.00987 \\ .00000 & -.00493 & -.00987 & .03453 & -.01973 \\ .00987 & .00000 & -.00987 & -.01973 & .01973 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.25. a. (1) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} .2 & -.1 \\ -.1 & .1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2)  $\begin{bmatrix} 10.2 \\ 4.0 \end{bmatrix}$  (3)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1.8 \\ -1.2 \\ -1.2 \\ 1.8 \\ -.2 \\ -1.2 \\ -2.2 \\ .8 \\ .8 \end{bmatrix}$ 

(5) 17.60 (6) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} .44 & -.22 \\ -.22 & .22 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (7) 18.2 (8) .44

#### MULTIPLE REGRESSION - I

6.9. c. 
$$\begin{array}{c} Y \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{array} \left[ \begin{array}{cccccc} 1.0000 & .2077 & .0600 & .8106 \\ & 1.0000 & .0849 & .0457 \\ & & 1.0000 & .1134 \\ & & & & 1.0000 \end{array} \right]$$

6.10. a.  $\hat{Y} = 4149.89 + 0.000787X_1 - 13.166X_2 + 623.554X_3$  b&c.

- e.  $n_1 = 26$ ,  $\bar{d}_1 = 145.0$ ,  $n_2 = 26$ ,  $\bar{d}_2 = 77.4$ , s = 81.7,  $t_{BF}^* = (145.0 77.4)/[81.7\sqrt{(1/26) + (1/26)}] = 2.99$ , t(.995; 50) = 2.67779. If  $|t_{BF}^*| \leq 2.67779$  conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance not constant.
- 6.11. a.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_k = 0$  (k = 1, 2,3). MSR = 725, 535, MSE = 20, 531.9,  $F^* = 725, 535/20, 531.9 = 35.337$ , F(.95; 3, 48) = 2.79806. If  $F^* \leq 2.79806$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+.

b. 
$$s\{b_1\} = .000365, s\{b_3\} = 62.6409, B = t(.9875; 48) = 2.3139$$
  
 $0.000787 \pm 2.3139(.000365) - .000058 \le \beta_1 \le 0.00163$   
 $623.554 \pm 2.3139(62.6409)$   $478.6092 \le \beta_3 \le 768.4988$ 

- c.  $SSR = 2,176,606, SSTO = 3,162,136, R^2 = .6883$
- 6.12. a. F(.95; 4, 48) = 2.56524, W = 3.2033; B = t(.995; 48) = 2.6822

$X_{h1}$	$X_{h2}$	$X_{h3}$		
302,000	7.2	0:	$4292.79 \pm 2.6822(21.3567)$	$4235.507 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4350.073$
245,000	7.4	0:	$4245.29 \pm 2.6822(29.7021)$	$4165.623 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4324.957$
280,000	6.9	0:	$4279.42 \pm 2.6822(24.4444)$	$4213.855 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4344.985$
350,000	7.0	0:	$4333.20 \pm 2.6822(28.9293)$	$4255.606 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4410.794$
295,000	6.7	1:	$4917.42 \pm 2.6822 (62.4998)$	$4749.783 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 5085.057$
b.Yes, no				

6.13.F(.95; 4, 48) = 2.5652, S = 3.2033; B = t(.99375; 48) = 2.5953 $X_{h1}$  $X_{h2}$  $X_{h3}$ 230,000 7.50:  $4232.17 \pm 2.5953(147.288)$  $3849.913 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4614.427$  $3871.486 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4629.614$ 250,0007.3 0:  $4250.55 \pm 2.5953(146.058)$  $3900.124 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4653.456$ 280,000 7.10:  $4276.79 \pm 2.5953(145.134)$ 340,0006.9 0:  $4326.65 \pm 2.5953(145.930)$  $3947.918 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4705.382$ 

- 6.14. a.  $\hat{Y}_h = 4278.37$ ,  $s\{\text{predmean}\} = 85.82262$ , t(.975; 48) = 2.01063,  $4278.37 \pm 2.01063(85.82262)$ ,  $4105.812 \le \bar{Y}_{h(\text{new})} \le 4450.928$ 
  - b.  $12317.44 \le \text{Total labor hours} \le 13352.78$

c.  $\hat{Y} = 158.491 - 1.1416X_1 - 0.4420X_2 - 13.4702X_3$ 

d&e.

$$i$$
:12...4546 $e_i$ :.1129-9.0797...-5.538010.0524Expected Val.:-0.8186-8.1772...-5.43148.1772

- f. No
- g.  $SSR^* = 21,355.5$ , SSE = 4,248.8,  $X_{BP}^2 = (21,355.5/2) \div (4,248.8/46)^2 = 1.2516$ ,  $\chi^2(.99;3) = 11.3449$ . If  $X_{BP}^2 \le 11.3449$  conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.
- 6.16. a.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_k = 0$  (k = 1, 2, 3). MSR = 3,040.2, MSE = 101.2,  $F^* = 3,040.2/101.2 = 30.05$ , F(.90; 3, 42) = 2.2191. If  $F^* \leq 2.2191$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0.4878

b. 
$$s\{b_1\} = .2148, \ s\{b_2\} = .4920, \ s\{b_3\} = 7.0997, \ B = t(.9833; 42) = 2.1995$$
  
 $-1.1416 \pm 2.1995(.2148)$   $-1.6141 \le \beta_1 \le -0.6691$   
 $-.4420 \pm 2.1995(.4920)$   $-1.5242 \le \beta_2 \le 0.6402$   
 $-13.4702 \pm 2.1995(7.0997)$   $-29.0860 \le \beta_3 \le 2.1456$ 

- c. SSR = 9,120.46, SSTO = 13,369.3, R = .8260
- 6.17. a.  $\hat{Y}_h = 69.0103$ ,  $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 2.6646$ , t(.95;42) = 1.6820,  $69.0103 \pm 1.6820(2.6646)$ ,  $64.5284 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 73.4922$ 
  - b.  $s\{\text{pred}\} = 10.405, 69.0103 \pm 1.6820(10.405), 51.5091 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 86.5115$

#### MULTIPLE REGRESSION – II

- 7.4. a.  $SSR(X_1) = 136,366, SSR(X_3|X_1) = 2,033,566, SSR(X_2|X_1,X_3) = 6,674, SSE(X_1,X_2,X_3) = 985,530, df$ : 1, 1, 1,48.
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_2 \neq 0$ .  $SSR(X_2|X_1, X_3) = 6,674$ ,  $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3) = 985,530$ ,  $F^* = (6,674/1) \div (985,530/48) = 0.32491$ , F(.95;1,17) = 4.04265. If  $F^* \leq 4.04265$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = 0.5713.
  - c. Yes,  $SSR(X_1) + SSR(X_2|X_1) = 136,366 + 5,726 = 142,092, SSR(X_2) + SSR(X_1|X_2) = 11,394.9 + 130,697.1 = 142,092.$ Yes.
- 7.5. a.  $SSR(X_2) = 4,860.26$ ,  $SSR(X_1|X_2) = 3,896.04$ ,  $SSR(X_3|X_2,X_1) = 364.16$ ,  $SSE(X_1,X_2,X_3) = 4,248.84$ , df: 1, 1, 1, 42
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_3=0,\ H_a$ :  $\beta_3\neq 0.\ SSR(X_3|X_1,X_2)=364.16,\ SSE(X_1,X_2,X_3)=4,248.84,$   $F^*=(364.16/1)\div(4,248.84/42)=3.5997,\ F(.975;1,42)=5.4039.$  If  $F^*\leq 5.4039$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value =0.065.
- 7.6.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\beta_2$  and  $\beta_3 = 0$ .  $SSR(X_2, X_3 | X_1) = 845.07$ ,  $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3) = 4,248.84$ ,  $F^* = (845.07/2) \div (4,248.84/42) = 4.1768$ , F(.975; 2,42) = 4.0327. If  $F^* \le 4.0327$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0.022.
- 7.9.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = -1.0$ ,  $\beta_2 = 0$ ;  $H_a$ : not both equalities hold. Full model:  $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$ , reduced model:  $Y_i + X_{i1} = \beta_0 + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$ . SSE(F) = 4,248.84,  $df_F = 42$ , SSE(R) = 4,427.7,  $df_R = 44$ ,  $F^* = [(4427.7 4248.84)/2] \div (4,248.84/42) = .8840$ , F(.975; 2, 42) = 4.0327. If  $F^* \leq 4.0327$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- 7.13.  $R_{Y1}^2 = .0431, \ R_{Y2}^2 = .0036, \ R_{12}^2 = .0072, \ R_{Y1|2}^2 = 0.0415, \ R_{Y2|1}^2 = 0.0019, \ R_{Y2|13}^2 = .0067 \ R^2 = .6883$
- 7.14. a.  $R_{Y1}^2 = .6190, R_{Y1|2}^2 = .4579, R_{Y1|23}^2 = .4021$ b.  $R_{Y2}^2 = .3635, R_{Y2|1}^2 = .0944, R_{Y2|13}^2 = .0189$
- 7.17. a.  $\hat{Y}^* = .17472X_1^* .04639X_2^* + .80786X_3^*$ b.  $R_{12}^2 = .0072, R_{13}^2 = .0021, R_{23}^2 = .0129$

c. 
$$s_Y = 249.003, s_1 = 55274.6, s_2 = .87738, s_3 = .32260 \ b_1 = \frac{249.003}{55274.6}(.17472) = .00079, b_2 = \frac{249.003}{.87738}(-.04639) = -13.16562, b_3 = \frac{249.003}{5.32260}(.80786) = 623.5572, b_0 = 4363.04 - .00079(302,693) + 13.16562(7.37058) - 623.5572(0.115385) = 4149.002.$$

7.18. a. 
$$\hat{Y}^* = -.59067X_1^* - .11062X_2^* - .23393X_3^*$$

b. 
$$R_{12}^2 = .32262, R_{13}^2 = .32456, R_{23}^2 = .44957$$

c. 
$$s_Y = 17.2365$$
,  $s_1 = 8.91809$ ,  $s_2 = 4.31356$ ,  $s_3 = .29934$ ,  $b_1 = \frac{17.2365}{8.91809}(-.59067) = -1.14162$ ,  $b_2 = \frac{17.2365}{4.31356}(-.11062) = -.44203$ ,  $b_3 = \frac{17.2365}{.29934}(-.23393) = -13.47008$ ,  $b_0 = 61.5652 + 1.14162(38.3913) + .44203(50.4348) + 13.47008(2.28696) = 158.4927$ 

7.25. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 4079.87 + 0.000935X_2$$

c. No, 
$$SSR(X_1) = 136,366, SSR(X_1|X_2) = 130,697$$

d. 
$$r_{12} = .0849$$

7.26. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 156.672 - 1.26765X_1 - 0.920788X_2$$

c. No, 
$$SSR(X_1) = 8,275.3$$
,  $SSR(X_1|X_3) = 3,483.89$   
No,  $SSR(X_2) = 4,860.26$ ,  $SSR(X_2|X_3) = 708$ 

d. 
$$r_{12} = .5680, r_{13} = .5697, r_{23} = .6705$$

# MODELS FOR QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE PREDICTORS

- 8.4. a.  $\hat{Y} = 82.9357 1.18396x + .0148405x^2$ ,  $R^2 = .76317$ 
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = \beta_{11} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_{11} = 0$ . MSR = 5915.31, MSE = 64.409,  $F^* = 5915.31/64.409 = 91.8398$ , F(.95; 2, 57) = 3.15884. If  $F^* \leq 3.15884$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
  - c.  $\hat{Y}_h = 99.2546$ ,  $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.4833$ , t(.975; 57) = 2.00247,  $99.2546 \pm 2.00247(1.4833)$ ,  $96.2843 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 102.2249$
  - d.  $s\{\text{pred}\} = 8.16144, 99.2546 \pm 2.00247(8.16144), 82.91156 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 115.5976$
  - e.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_{11} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_{11} \neq 0$ .  $s\{b_{11}\} = .00836$ ,  $t^* = .0148405/.00836 = 1.7759$ , t(.975;57) = 2.00247. If  $|t^*| \leq 2.00247$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . Alternatively,  $SSR(x^2|x) = 203.1$ ,  $SSE(x,x^2) = 3671.31$ ,  $F^* = (203.1/1) \div (3671.31/57) = 3.15329$ , F(.95;1,57) = 4.00987. If  $F^* \leq 4.00987$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - f.  $\hat{Y} = 207.350 2.96432X + .0148405X^2$
  - g.  $r_{X,X^2} = .9961, r_{x,x^2} = -.0384$
- 8.5. a.  $\frac{i:}{e_i:}$  1 2 3 ... 58 59 60  $\frac{1}{e_i:}$  -1.3238 -4.7592 -3.8091 ... -11.7798 -.8515 6.22023
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$ ,  $H_a$ :  $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$ . MSLF = 62.8154, MSPE = 66.0595,  $F^* = 62.8154/66.0595 = 0.95$ , F(.95; 29, 28) = 1.87519. If  $F^* \leq 1.87519$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - c.  $\hat{Y} = 82.92730 1.26789x + .01504x^2 + .000337x^3$ 
    - $H_0$ :  $\beta_{111} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_{111} \neq 0$ .  $s\{b_{111}\} = .000933$ ,  $t^* = .000337/.000933 = .3612$ , t(.975;56) = 2.00324. If  $|t^*| \leq 2.00324$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . Yes. Alternatively,  $SSR(x^3|x,x^2) = 8.6$ ,  $SSE(x,x^2,x^3) = 3662.78$ ,  $F^* = (8.6/1) \div (3662.78/56) = .13148$ , F(.95;1,56) = 4.01297. If  $F^* \leq 4.01297$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . Yes.
- 8.19. a.  $\hat{Y} = 2.81311 + 14.3394X_1 8.14120X_2 + 1.77739X_1X_2$

b.  $H_0: \beta_3 = 0, H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0.$   $s\{b_3\} = .97459, t^* = 1.77739/.97459 = 1.8237, t(.95; 41) = 1.68288.$  If  $|t^*| \leq 1.68288$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . Alternatively,  $SSR(X_1X_2|X_1,X_2) = 255.9, SSE(X_1,X_2,X_1X_2) = 3154.44, F^* = (255.9/1) \div (3154.44/41) = 3.32607, F(.90; 1, 41) = 2.83208.$  If  $F^* \leq 2.83208$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

### BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL I: MODEL SELECTION AND VALIDATION

9.9.

Variables in Model	$R_p^2$	$AIC_p$	$C_p$	$PRESS_p$
None	0	262.916	88.16	13,970.10
$X_1$	.6190	220.529	8.35	$5,\!569.56$
$X_2$	.3635	244.131	42.11	$9,\!254.49$
$X_3$	.4155	240.214	35.25	8,451.43
$X_1, X_2$	.6550	217.968	5.60	$5,\!235.19$
$X_{1}, X_{3}$	.6761	215.061	2.81	4,902.75
$X_{2}, X_{3}$	.4685	237.845	30.25	8,115.91
$X_1, X_2, X_3$	.6822	216.185	4.00	5,057.886

9.10. b.

c. 
$$\hat{Y} = -124.3820 + .2957X_1 + .0483X_2 + 1.3060X_3 + .5198X_4$$

9.11. a.

Subset	$R_{a,p}^2$
$X_1, X_3, X_4$	.9560
$X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$	.9555
$X_{1}, X_{3}$	.9269
$X_1, X_2, X_3$	.9247

9.17. a.  $X_1, X_3$ 

b. .10

c.  $X_1, X_3$ 

d.  $X_1, X_3$ 

9.18. a. 
$$X_1, X_3, X_4$$

9.21. 
$$PRESS = 760.974, SSE = 660.657$$

9.22. a.

b.

	Model-building	Validation
	data set	data set
$b_0$ :	-127.596	-130.652
$s\{b_0\}$ :	12.685	12.189
$b_1$ :	.348	.347
$s\{b_1\}$ :	.054	.048
$b_3$ :	1.823	1.848
$s\{b_3\}$ :	.123	.122
MSE:	27.575	21.446
$R^2$ :	.933	.937

c. 
$$MSPR = 486.519/25 = 19.461$$

d. 
$$\hat{Y} = -129.664 + .349X_1 + 1.840X_3, s\{b_0\} = 8.445, s\{b_1\} = .035, s\{b_3\} = .084$$

## BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL II: DIAGNOSTICS

10.10.a&f.

t(.9995192;47)=3.523. If  $|t_i|\leq 3.523$  conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

b. 
$$2p/n = 2(4)/52 = .15385$$
. Cases 3, 5, 16, 21, 22, 43, 44, and 48.

c. 
$$\mathbf{X}'_{\text{new}} = [1 \ 300,000 \ 7.2 \ 0]$$

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.8628 & -.0000 & -.1806 & .0473 \\ & .0000 & -.0000 & -.0000 \\ & & .0260 & -.0078 \\ & & & .1911 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $h_{\text{new, new}} = .01829$ , no extrapolation

d.

		DFBETAS					
	DFFITS	$b_0$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	D	
Case 16:	554	2477	0598	.3248	4521	.0769	
Case 22:	.055	.0304	0253	0107	.0446	.0008	
Case 43:	.562	3578	.1338	.3262	.3566	.0792	
Case 48:	147	.0450	0938	.0090	1022	.0055	
Case 10:	.459	.3641	1044	3142	0633	.0494	
Case 32:	651	.4095	.0913	5708	.1652	.0998	
Case 38:	.386	0996	0827	.2084	1270	.0346	
Case $40$ :	.397	.0738	2121	.0933	1110	.0365	

e. Case 16: .161%, case 22: .015%, case 43: .164%, case 48: .042%, case 10: .167%, case 32: .227%, case 38: .152%, case 40: .157%.

t(.998913;41) = 3.27. If  $|t_i| \le 3.27$  conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

b. 
$$2p/n = 2(4)/46 = .1739$$
. Cases 9, 28, and 39.

c. 
$$\mathbf{X}'_{\text{new}} = [1 \ 30 \ 58 \ 2.0]$$

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.24771 & .00922 & -.06793 & -.06730 \\ & .00046 & -.00032 & -.00466 \\ & & .00239 & -.01771 \\ & & & .49826 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $h_{\text{new, new}} = .3267$ , extrapolation

d.

	DFFITS	$b_0$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	D	
Case 11:	.5688	.0991	3631	1900	.3900	.0766	
Case 17:	.6657	4491	4711	.4432	.0893	.1051	
Case 27:	6087	0172	.4172	2499	.1614	.0867	

e. Case 11: 1.10%, case 17: 1.32%, case 27: 1.12%.

10.16. b. 
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.0086, (VIF)_2 = 1.0196, (VIF)_3 = 1.0144.$$

10.17. b. 
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.6323$$
,  $(VIF)_2 = 2.0032$ ,  $(VIF)_3 = 2.0091$ 

10.21. a. 
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.305$$
,  $(VIF)_2 = 1.300$ ,  $(VIF)_3 = 1.024$  b&c.

i:	1	2	3	 32	33
$e_i$ :	13.181	-4.042	3.060	 14.335	1.396
$e(Y \mid X_2, X_3)$ :	26.368	-2.038	-31.111	 6.310	5.845
$e(X_1 \mid X_2, X_3)$ :	330	050	.856	 .201	.111
$e(Y \mid X_1, X_3)$ :	18.734	-17.470	8.212	 12.566	-8.099
$e(X_2 \mid X_1, X_3)$ :	-7.537	18.226	-6.993	 2.401	12.888
$e(Y \mid X_1, X_2)$ :	11.542	-7.756	15.022	 6.732	-15.100
$e(X_3 \mid X_1, X_2)$ :	-2.111	-4.784	15.406	 -9.793	-21.247
Exp. value:	11.926	-4.812	1.886	 17.591	940

10.22. a. 
$$\hat{Y}' = -2.0427 - .7120X_1' + .7474X_2' + .7574X_3'$$
, where  $Y' = \log_e Y$ ,  $X_1' = \log_e X_1$ ,  $X_2' = \log_e (140 - X_2)$ ,  $X_3' = \log_e X_3$ 

b.

$$i$$
: 1 2 3  $\cdots$  31 32 33  $e_i$ :  $-.0036$   $0.005$   $0.00$ 

c. 
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.339$$
,  $(VIF)_2 = 1.330$ ,  $(VIF)_3 = 1.016$ 

d&e.

i:
 1
 2
 3
 ...
 31
 32
 33

 
$$h_{ii}$$
:
 .101
 .092
 .176
 ...
 .058
 .069
 .149

  $t_i$ :
 -.024
 .003
 -.218
 ...
 -.975
 1.983
 .829

t(.9985;28) = 3.25. If  $|t_i| \le 3.25$  conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

f.

		DFBETAS					
Case	DFFITS	$b_0$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	D	
28	.739	.530	151	577	187	.120	
29	719	197	310	133	.420	.109	

### BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL III: REMEDIAL MEASURES

b.  $SSR^* = 123,753.125, SSE = 2,316.500,$ 

 $X_{BP}^2=(123,753.125/2)/(2,316.500/12)^2=1.66,~\chi^2(.90;1)=2.71.$  If  $X_{BP}^2\leq 2.71$  conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

d. 
$$\hat{v} = -180.1 + 1.2437X$$

$$i$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6

 weight:
 .01456
 .00315
 .00518
 .00315
 .01456
 .00518

  $i$ :
 7
 8
 9
 10
 11
 12

 weight:
 .00518
 .00315
 .01456
 .00315
 .01456
 .00518

e. 
$$\hat{Y} = -6.2332 + .1891X$$

f.

g. 
$$\hat{Y} = -6.2335 + .1891X$$

11.10. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 3.32429 + 3.76811X_1 + 5.07959X_2$$

d. 
$$c = .07$$

e. 
$$\hat{Y} = 6.06599 + 3.84335X_1 + 4.68044X_2$$

11.11. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = 1.88602 + 15.1094X$$
 (47 cases)

$$\hat{Y} = -.58016 + 15.0352X$$
 (45 cases)

smallest weights: .13016 (case 47), .29217 (case 46)

- c.  $\hat{Y} = -.9235 + 15.13552X$
- d. 2nd iteration:  $\hat{Y} = -1.535 + 15.425X$

3rd iteration:  $\hat{Y} = -1.678 + 15.444X$ 

smallest weights: .12629 (case 47), .27858 (case 46)

### AUTOCORRELATION IN TIME SERIES DATA

12.6.  $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$   $D = 2.4015, d_L = 1.29, d_U = 1.38.$  If D > 1.38 conclude  $H_0$ , if D < 1.29 conclude  $H_a$ , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude  $H_0$ .

12.9. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = -7.7385 + 53.9533X$$
,  $s\{b_0\} = 7.1746$ ,  $s\{b_1\} = 3.5197$ 

c.  $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$   $D = .857, d_L = 1.10, d_U = 1.37.$  If D > 1.37 conclude  $H_0$ , if D < 1.10 conclude  $H_a$ , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude  $H_a$ .

12.10. a. 
$$r = .5784, 2(1 - .5784) = .8432, D = .857$$

b. 
$$b'_0 = -.69434$$
,  $b'_1 = 50.93322$   
 $\hat{Y}' = -.69434 + 50.93322X'$   
 $s\{b'_0\} = 3.75590$ ,  $s\{b'_1\} = 4.34890$ 

c.  $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$   $D = 1.476, d_L = 1.08, d_U = 1.36.$  If D > 1.36 conclude  $H_0$ , if D < 1.08 conclude  $H_a$ , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude  $H_0$ .

d. 
$$\hat{Y} = -1.64692 + 50.93322X$$
  
 $s\{b_0\} = 8.90868, s\{b_1\} = 4.34890$ 

- f.  $F_{17} = -1.64692 + 50.93322(2.210) + .5784(-.6595) = 110.534$ ,  $s\{\text{pred}\} = .9508$ , t(.975; 13) = 2.160,  $110.534 \pm 2.160(.9508)$ ,  $108.48 \le Y_{17(\text{new})} \le 112.59$
- g.  $t(.975; 13) = 2.160, 50.93322 \pm 2.160(4.349), 41.539 \le \beta_1 \le 60.327.$

- b.  $\hat{Y}' = -.5574 + 50.8065X', s\{b'_0\} = 3.5967, s\{b'_1\} = 4.3871$
- c.  $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$   $D = 1.499, d_L = 1.08, d_U = 1.36.$  If D > 1.36 conclude  $H_0$ , if D < 1.08 conclude  $H_a$ , otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude  $H_0$ .
- d.  $\hat{Y} = -1.3935 + 50.8065X$ ,  $s\{b_0\} = 8.9918$ ,  $s\{b_1\} = 4.3871$
- f.  $F_{17} = -1.3935 + 50.8065(2.210) + .6(-.6405) = 110.505, s\{pred\} = .9467, t(.975; 13) = 2.160, 110.505 \pm 2.160(.9467), 108.46 \le Y_{17(new)} \le 112.55$
- 12.12. a.  $b_1 = 49.80564, s\{b_1\} = 4.77891$ 
  - b.  $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho \neq 0.$  D = 1.75 (based on regression with intercept term),  $d_L = 1.08, d_U = 1.36$ . If D > 1.36 and 4 D > 1.36 conclude  $H_0$ , if D < 1.08 or 4 D < 1.08 conclude  $H_a$ , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - c.  $\hat{Y} = .71172 + 49.80564X, s\{b_1\} = 4.77891$
  - e.  $F_{17} = .71172 + 49.80564(2.210) .5938 = 110.188, s\{pred\} = .9078, t(.975; 14) = 2.145, 110.188 \pm 2.145(.9078), 108.24 \le Y_{17(new)} \le 112.14$
  - f.  $t(.975; 14) = 2.145, 49.80564 \pm 2.145(4.77891), 39.555 \le \beta_1 \le 60.056$

# INTRODUCTION TO NONLINEAR REGRESSION AND NEURAL NETWORKS

13.1. a. Intrinsically linear

$$\log_e f(\mathbf{X}, \, \boldsymbol{\gamma}) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 X$$

- b. Nonlinear
- c. Nonlinear
- 13.3. b. 300, 3.7323

13.5. a. 
$$b_0 = -.5072512, b_1 = -0.0006934571, g_0^{(0)} = 0, g_1^{(0)} = .0006934571, g_2^{(0)} = .6021485$$
  
b.  $g_0 = .04823, g_1 = .00112, g_2 = .71341$ 

13.6. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = .04823 + .71341 \exp(-.00112X)$$

City A							
i:	1	2	3	4	5		
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	.61877	.50451	.34006	.23488	.16760		
$e_i$ :	.03123	04451	00006	.02512	.00240		
Exp. value:	.04125	04125	00180	.02304	.00180		
i:	6	7	8				
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	.12458	.07320	.05640	•			
$e_i$ :	.02542	01320	01640				
Exp. value:	.02989	01777	02304				
City B							
i:	9	10	11	12	13		
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	.61877	.50451	.34006	.23488	.16760		
$e_i$ :	.01123	00451	04006	.00512	.02240		
Exp. value:	.01327	00545	02989	.00545	.01777		

13.7.  $H_0: E\{Y\} = \gamma_0 + \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X), H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \gamma_0 + \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X).$ 

SSPE = .00290, SSE = .00707, MSPE = .00290/8 = .0003625,

 $MSLF = (.00707 - .00290)/5 = .000834, F^* = .000834/.0003625 = 2.30069, F(.99; 5, 8) = 6.6318.$  If  $F^* \le 6.6318$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

13.8.  $s\{g_0\} = .01456, s\{g_1\} = .000092, s\{g_2\} = .02277, z(.9833) = 2.128$ 

$$.04823 \pm 2.128(.01456)$$

$$.01725 \le \gamma_0 \le .07921$$

$$.00112 \pm 2.128(.000092)$$

$$.00092 \le \gamma_1 \le .00132$$

$$.71341 \pm 2.128(.02277)$$

$$.66496 \le \gamma_2 \le .76186$$

13.9. a.  $g_0 = .04948$ ,  $g_1 = .00112$ ,  $g_2 = .71341$ ,  $g_3 = -.00250$ 

b. z(.975) = 1.96,  $s\{g_3\} = .01211$ ,  $-.00250 \pm 1.96(.01211)$ ,  $-.02624 \le \gamma_3 \le .02124$ , yes, no.

13.13.  $g_0 = 100.3401, g_1 = 6.4802, g_2 = 4.8155$ 

13.14. a.  $\hat{Y} = 100.3401 - 100.3401/[1 + (X/4.8155)^{6.4802}]$ 

b.

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	.0038	.3366	4.4654 11	1.2653 1	1.2653	23.1829	23.1829
$e_i$ :	.4962	1.9634 -	1.0654	.2347 -	3653	.8171	2.1171
Expected Val.:	.3928	1.6354 -	1.0519 -	1947 -	5981	.8155	2.0516
i:	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	39.3272	39.3272	56.2506	56.2506	70.530	08 70.5	308 80.8876
$e_i$ :	.2728	-1.4272	-1.5506	.5494	.269	-2.13	308   1.2124
Expected Val.:	.1947	-1.3183	-1.6354	.5981	.000	00 -2.0	516   1.0519
i:	15	16	17	18	19		
$\hat{Y}_i$ :	80.8876	87.7742	92.1765	96.7340	98.626	3	
$e_i$ :	2876	1.4258	2.6235	5340	-2.226	3	
Expected Val.:	3928	1.3183	2.7520	8155	-2.752	0	

13.15. 
$$H_0: E\{Y\} = \gamma_0 - \gamma_0/[1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}], H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \gamma_0 - \gamma_0/[1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}].$$

SSPE = 8.67999, SSE = 35.71488, MSPE = 8.67999/6 = 1.4467, MSLF = (35.71488 - 8.67999)/10 = 2.7035,  $F^* = 2.7035/1.4467 = 1.869$ , F(.99; 10, 6) = 7.87. If  $F^* \le 7.87$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

13.16. 
$$s\{g_0\} = 1.1741$$
,  $s\{g_1\} = .1943$ ,  $s\{g_2\} = .02802$ ,  $z(.985) = 2.17$ 

$$100.3401 \pm 2.17(1.1741)$$
  $97.7923 \le \gamma_0 \le 102.8879$ 

$6.4802 \pm 2.17 (.1943)$	$6.0586 \le \gamma_1 \le$	6.9018
$4.8155 \pm 2.17(.02802)$	$4.7547 \le \gamma_2 \le$	4.8763

14.5. a.  $E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-20 + .2X)]^{-1}$ 

## LOGISTIC REGRESSION, POISSON REGRESSION,AND GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS

b. 
$$100$$
  
c.  $X = 125$ :  $\pi = .006692851$ ,  $\pi/(1 - \pi) = .006737947$   
 $X = 126$ :  $\pi = .005486299$ ,  $\pi/(1 - \pi) = .005516565$   
 $005516565/.006737947 = .81873 = \exp(-.2)$   
14.7. a.  $b_0 = -4.80751$ ,  $b_1 = .12508$ ,  $\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(4.80751 - .12508X)]^{-1}$   
c.  $1.133$   
d.  $.5487$   
e.  $47.22$   
14.11. a. 
$$\frac{j: \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6}{p_j: \quad .144 \quad .206 \quad .340 \quad .592 \quad .812 \quad .898}$$
  
b.  $b_0 = -2.07656$ ,  $b_1 = .13585$   
 $\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(2.07656 - .13585X)]^{-1}$   
d.  $1.1455$   
e.  $.4903$   
f.  $23.3726$   
14.14. a.  $b_0 = -1.17717$ ,  $b_1 = .07279$ ,  $b_2 = -.09899$ ,  $b_3 = .43397$   
 $\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(1.17717 - .07279X_1 + .09899X_2 - .43397X_3)]^{-1}$   
b.  $\exp(b_1) = 1.0755$ ,  $\exp(b_2) = .9058$ ,  $\exp(b_3) = 1.5434$   
c.  $.0642$   
14.15. a.  $z(.95) = 1.645$ ,  $s\{b_1\} = .06676$ ,  $\exp[.12508 \pm 1.645(.06676)]$ ,

- $1.015 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 1.265$
- b.  $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$   $b_1 = .12508, s\{b_1\} = .06676, z^* = .12508/.06676 = 1.8736.$   $z(.95) = 1.645, |z^*| \leq 1.645,$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value=.0609.
- c.  $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$   $G^2 = 3.99, \chi^2(.90; 1) = 2.7055.$  If  $G^2 \leq 2.7055$ , conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value=.046
- 14.17. a. z(.975) = 1.960,  $s\{b_1\} = .004772$ ,  $.13585 \pm 1.960(.004772)$ ,  $.1265 \le \beta_1 \le .1452$ ,  $1.1348 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 1.1563$ .
  - b.  $H_0: \beta_1=0, H_a: \beta_1\neq 0.$   $b_1=.13585, s\{b_1\}=.004772, z^*=.13585/.004772=28.468.$   $z(.975)=1.960, |z^*|\leq 1.960,$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value=0+.
  - c.  $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$   $G^2 = 1095.99, \chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.8415.$  If  $G^2 \leq 3.8415,$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+.
- 14.20. a.  $z(1-.1/[2(2)]) = z(.975) = 1.960, s\{b_1\} = .03036, s\{b_2\} = .03343, \exp\{30[.07279 \pm 1.960(.03036)]\}, 1.49 \le \exp(30\beta_1) \le 52.92, \exp\{25[-.09899 \pm 1.960(.03343)]\}, .016 \le \exp(2\beta_2) \le .433.$ 
  - b.  $H_0: \beta_3 = 0, H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0.$   $b_3 = .43397, s\{b_3\} = .52132, z^* = .43397/.52132 = .8324.$   $z(.975) = 1.96, |z^*| \leq 1.96$ , conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value= .405.
  - c.  $H_0: \beta_3 = 0, H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0.$   $G^2 = .702, \chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.8415.$  If  $G^2 \leq 3.8415$ , conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - d.  $H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = 0$ ,  $H_a:$  not all  $\beta_k = 0$ , for k = 3, 4, 5.  $G^2 = 1.534$ ,  $\chi^2(.95;3) = 7.81$ . If  $G^2 \leq 7.81$ , conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- 14.22. a.  $X_1$  enters in step 1;  $X_2$  enters in step 2; no variables satisfy criterion for entry in step 3.
  - b.  $X_{11}$  is deleted in step 1;  $X_{12}$  is deleted in step 2;  $X_3$  is deleted in step 3;  $X_{22}$  is deleted in step 4;  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are retained in the model.
  - c. The best model according to the  $AIC_p$  criterion is based on  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ .  $AIC_3 = 111.795$ .
  - d. The best model according to the  $SBC_p$  criterion is based on  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ .  $SBC_3 = 121.002$ .

#### 14.23.

j:	1	2	3	4	5	6
$O_{j1}$ :	72	103	170	296	406	449
$E_{j1}$ :	71.0	99.5	164.1	327.2	394.2	440.0
$O_{j0}$ :	428	397	330	204	94	51
$E_{i0}$ :	429.0	400.5	335.9	172.9	105.8	60.0

$$H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1},$$

$$H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1}.$$

 $X^2 = 12.284$ ,  $\chi^2(.99;4) = 13.28$ . If  $X^2 \le 13.28$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

14.25. a.

Class $j$	$\hat{\pi}^{'}$ Interval	Midpoint	$n_{j}$	$p_{j}$
1	-1.1 - under $4$	75	10	.3
2	4 - under .6	.10	10	.6
3	.6 - under $1.5$	1.05	10	.7

b.

14.28. a.

$$j$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8

  $O_{j1}$ :
 0
 1
 0
 2
 1
 8
 2
 10

  $E_{j1}$ :
 .2
 .5
 1.0
 1.5
 2.4
 3.4
 4.7
 10.3

  $O_{j0}$ :
 19
 19
 20
 18
 19
 12
 18
 10

  $E_{j0}$ :
 18.8
 19.5
 19.0
 18.5
 17.6
 16.6
 15.3
 9.7

b. 
$$H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1},$$

$$H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1}.$$

 $X^2 = 12.116$ ,  $\chi^2(.95; 6) = 12.59$ . If  $X^2 \le 12.59$ , conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .0594.

c.

14.29 a.

b.

i:	1	2	3		28	29	30
$\Delta X_i^2$ :	.3885	3.2058	.3885		4.1399	.2621	.2621
$\Delta dev_i$ :	.6379	3.0411	.6379	• • •	3.5071	.4495	.4495
$D_i$ :	.0225	.1860	.0225		.2162	.0148	.0148

14.32 a.

b.

$$i$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 ...
 157
 158
 159

  $\Delta X_i^2$ :
 .1340
 .1775
 1.4352
 ...
 .0795
 .6324
 2.7200

  $\Delta dev_i$ :
 .2495
 .3245
 1.8020
 ...
 .1478
 .9578
 2.6614

  $D_i$ :
 .0007
 .0008
 .0395
 ...
 .0016
 .0250
 .0191

14.33. a. 
$$z(.95) = 1.645$$
,  $\hat{\pi}'_h = .19561$ ,  $s^2\{b_0\} = 7.05306$ ,  $s^2\{b_1\} = .004457$ ,  $s\{b_0, b_1\} = -.175353$ ,  $s\{\hat{\pi}'_h\} = .39428$ ,  $.389 \le \pi_h \le .699$ 

b.

Cutoff	Renewers	Nonrenewers	Total
.40	18.8	50.0	33.3
.45	25.0	50.0	36.7
.50	25.0	35.7	30.0
.55	43.8	28.6	36.7
.60	43.8	21.4	33.3

- c. Cutoff = .50. Area = .70089.
- 14.36. a.  $\hat{\pi}_h' = -1.3953$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\pi}_h'\} = .1613$ ,  $s\{\hat{\pi}_h'\} = .4016$ , z(.95) = 1.645. L = -1.3953 1.645(.4016) = -2.05597, U = -1.3953 + 1.645(.4016) = -.73463.  $L^* = [1 + \exp(2.05597)]^{-1} = .11345$ ,  $U^* = [1 + \exp(.73463)]^{-1} = .32418$ .

b.

Cutoff	Received	Not receive	Total
.05	4.35	62.20	66.55
.10	13.04	39.37	52.41
.15	17.39	26.77	44.16
.20	39.13	15.75	54.88

- c. Cutoff = .15. Area = .82222.
- 14.38. a.  $b_0 = 2.3529$ ,  $b_1 = .2638$ ,  $s\{b_0\} = .1317$ ,  $s\{b_1\} = .0792$ ,  $\hat{\mu} = \exp(2.3529 + .2638X)$ .

b.

$$i:$$
 1 2 3  $\cdots$  8 9 10  $dev_i:$  .6074  $-.4796$   $-.1971$   $\cdots$  .3482 .2752 .1480

c.

$$X_h$$
: 0 1 2 3  
Poisson: 10.5 13.7 17.8 23.2  
Linear: 10.2 14.2 18.2 22.2

e.  $\hat{\mu}_h = \exp(2.3529) = 10.516$ 

$$P(Y \le 10 \mid X_h = 0) = \sum_{Y=0}^{10} \frac{(10.516)^Y \exp(-10.516)}{Y!}$$
$$= 2.7 \times 10^{-5} + \dots + .1235 = .5187$$

f. 
$$z(.975) = 1.96, .2638 \pm 1.96(.0792), .1086 \le \beta_1 \le .4190$$

# INTRODUCTION TO THE DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTAL AND OBSERVATIONAL STUDIES

- 15.9. a. Observational.
  - b. Factor: expenditures for research and development in the past three years. Factor levels: low, moderate, and high.
  - c. Cross-sectional study.
  - d. Firm.
- 15.14. a. Experimental.
  - b. Factor 1: ingredient 1, with three levels (low, medium, high).Factor 2: ingredient 2, with three levels (low, medium, high).There are 9 factor-level combinations.
  - d. Completely randomized design.
  - e. Volunteer.
- 15.20. a.  $2^3$  factorial design with two replicates.
  - c. Rod.
- 15.23. a.  $H_0$ :  $\bar{W} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\bar{W} \neq 0$ .  $t^* = -.1915/.0112 = -17.10$ , t(.975, 19) = 2.093. If  $|t^*| > 2.093$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+. Agree with results on page 670. They should agree.
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_2 = \cdots = \beta_{20} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_k$   $(k = 2, 3, \dots, 20)$  equal zero.  $F^* = [(.23586 .023828)/(38 19)] \div [.023828/19] = 8.90$ , F(.95; 19, 19) = 2.17. If  $F^* > 2.17$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise conclude  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+.

Not of primary interest because blocking factor was used here to increase the precision.

### SINGLE-FACTOR STUDIES

16.7. b. 
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.87778, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 8.13333, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 9.20000$$

c.  $e_{ij}$ :

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between levels	20.125	2	10.0625
Error	15.362	24	.6401
Total	35.487	26	

- e.  $H_0$ : all  $\mu_i$  are equal (i = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\mu_i$  are equal.  $F^* = 10.0625/.6401 = 15.720$ , F(.95; 2, 24) = 3.40. If  $F^* \leq 3.40$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
- f. P-value = 0+

16.10. b. 
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 21.500, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 27.750, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 21.417$$

c.  $e_{ij}$ :

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between ages	316.722	2	158.361
Error	82.167	33	2.490
Total	398.889	35	

- e.  $H_0$ : all  $\mu_i$  are equal (i = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\mu_i$  are equal.  $F^* = 158.361/2.490 = 63.599$ , F(.99; 2, 33) = 5.31. If  $F^* \leq 5.31$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
- 16.11. b.  $\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = .0735, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = .1905, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = .4600, \ \hat{Y}_{4j} = \bar{Y}_{4.} = .3655,$   $\hat{Y}_{5j} = \bar{Y}_{5.} = .1250, \ \hat{Y}_{6j} = \bar{Y}_{6.} = .1515$ 
  - c.  $e_{ij}$ :

Yes

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between machines	2.28935	5	.45787
Error	3.53060	114	.03097
Total	5.81995	119	

- e.  $H_0$ : all  $\mu_i$  are equal (i = 1, ..., 6),  $H_a$ : not all  $\mu_i$  are equal.  $F^* = .45787/.03097 = 14.78$ , F(.95; 5, 114) = 2.29. If  $F^* \le 2.29$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
- f. P-value = 0+

16.18. a.

b.

$$\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} & \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} & \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} & \mu_{1} & \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{2} & \mu_{2} & \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{\cdot} - \tau_{1} - \tau_{2} & \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{\cdot} - \tau_{1} - \tau_{2} & \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{\cdot} -$$

c.  $\hat{Y} = 8.07037 - 1.19259X_1 + .06296X_2$ ,  $\mu$  defined in (16.63)

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	20.125	2	10.0625
Error	15.362	24	.6401
Total	35.487	26	

e.  $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  equal zero.  $F^* = 10.0625/.6401 = 15.720$ , F(.95; 2, 24) = 3.40. If  $F^* \le 3.40$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

16.21. a.  $\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.05556X_1 + 4.19444X_2$ ,  $\mu$  defined in (16.63)

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	316.722	2	158.361
Error	82.167	33	2.490
Total	398.889	35	

 $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  equal zero.  $F^* = 158.361/2.490 = 63.599$ , F(.99; 2, 33) = 5.31. If  $F^* \le 5.31$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

16.25. 
$$\mu = 7.889, \ \phi = 2.457, \ 1 - \beta \cong .95$$

16.27 
$$\mu_{\cdot} = 24, \, \phi = 6.12, \, 1 - \beta > .99$$

16.34. a. 
$$\Delta/\sigma = .15/.15 = 1.0, n = 22$$

b. 
$$\phi = \frac{1}{.15} \left[ \frac{22}{6} (.02968) \right]^{1/2} = 2.199, 1 - \beta \ge .97$$

c. 
$$(.10\sqrt{n})/.15 = 3.1591, n = 23$$

# ANALYSIS OF FACTOR LEVEL MEANS

```
17.8. a. \bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.878, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = 8.133, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = 9.200
                     b. s\{\bar{Y}_{3.}\} = .327, t(.975; 24) = 2.064, 9.200 \pm 2.064(.327), 8.525 \le \mu_3 \le 9.875
                     c. \hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 1.255, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .353, \ t(.975; 24) = 2.064, 1.255 \pm 2.064(.353),
                                   .526 < D < 1.984
                    d. \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = 1.067, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 2.322, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 1.255, \ s\{\hat{D}_1\} = 1.255, \ s\{\hat{
                                    .400, s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .422, s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .353, q(.90; 3, 24) = 3.05, T = 2.157
                                                     1.067 \pm 2.157(.400)
                                                                                                                                                   .204 \le D_1 \le 1.930
                                                                                                                                                 1.412 \le D_2 \le 3.232
                                                     2.322 \pm 2.157(.422)
                                                     1.255 \pm 2.157(.353)
                                                                                                                                                    .494 \le D_3 \le 2.016
                      e. F(.90; 2, 24) = 2.54, S = 2.25
                                  B = t(.9833; 24) = 2.257
                                  Yes
17.11. a. \bar{Y}_{1.} = 21.500, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = 27.750, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = 21.417
                     c. \hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = -.083, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .644, \ t(.995; 33) = 2.733, \ -.083 \pm 2.733(.644),
                                    -1.843 < D < 1.677
                     d. H_0: 2\mu_2 - \mu_1 - \mu_3 = 0, H_a: 2\mu_2 - \mu_1 - \mu_3 \neq 0. F^* = (12.583)^2 / 1.245 = 127.17,
                                   F(.99; 1, 33) = 7.47. If F^* \le 7.47 conclude H_0, otherwise H_a. Conclude H_a.
                     e. \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = -.083, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = -6.333, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.250,
                                    s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .644 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.90; 3, 33) = 3.01, \ T = 2.128
                                                         -.083 \pm 2.128(.644)
                                                                                                                                 -1.453 \le D_1 \le 1.287
                                                     -6.333 \pm 2.128(.644) -7.703 \le D_2 \le -4.963
                                                          6.250 \pm 2.128(.644)
                                                                                                                            4.880 \le D_3 \le 7.620
                              B = t(.9833; 33) = 2.220, no
17.12. a. \bar{Y}_{1.} = .0735, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = .1905, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = .4600, \, \bar{Y}_{4.} = .3655, \, \bar{Y}_{5.} = .1250, \, \bar{Y}_{6.} = .1515
```

- b.  $MSE = .03097, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{1.}\} = .0394, \ t(.975;114) = 1.981, \ .0735 \pm 1.981(.0394), \ -.005 \leq \mu_1 \leq .152$
- c.  $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{2.} \bar{Y}_{1.} = .1170, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .0557, \ t(.975; 114) = 1.981, \ .1170 \pm 1.981(.0557), \ .007 \le D \le .227$
- e.  $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.2920$ ,  $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} \bar{Y}_{5.} = -.0515$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{4.} \bar{Y}_{5.} = .2405$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .0557$  (i = 1, 2, 3), B = t(.9833; 114) = 2.178

Test Comparison

i	i	$t_i^*$	Conclusion
1	$D_1$	-5.242	$H_a$
2	$D_2$	925	$H_0$
3	$D_3$	4.318	$H_a$

- f. q(.90; 6, 114) = 3.71, T = 2.623, no
- 17.14. a.  $\hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{1.} + \bar{Y}_{2.})/2 \bar{Y}_{3.} = (6.8778 + 8.1333)/2 9.200 = -1.6945,$   $s\{\hat{L}\} = .3712, t(.975; 24) = 2.064, -1.6945 \pm 2.064(.3712), -2.461 \le L \le -.928$ 
  - b.  $\hat{L} = (3/9)\bar{Y}_{1.} + (4/9)\bar{Y}_{2.} + (2/9)\bar{Y}_{3.} = 7.9518, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .1540, \ t(.975; 24) = 2.064, 7.9518 \pm 2.064(.1540), 7.634 \le L \le 8.270$
  - c. F(.90; 2, 24) = 2.54, S = 2.254; see also part (a) and Problem 17.8.

$$1.067 \pm 2.254(.400)$$
  $.165 \le D_1 \le 1.969$ 

$$2.322 \pm 2.254(.422)$$
  $1.371 \le D_2 \le 3.273$ 

$$1.255 \pm 2.254(.353)$$
  $.459 \le D_3 \le 2.051$ 

$$-1.6945 \pm 2.254(.3712)$$
  $-2.531 \le L_1 \le -.858$ 

- 17.16. a.  $\hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{3.} \bar{Y}_{2.}) (\bar{Y}_{2.} \bar{Y}_{1.}) = \bar{Y}_{3.} 2\bar{Y}_{2.} + \bar{Y}_{1.} = 21.4167 2(27.7500) + 21.500 = -12.5833, s{\hat{L}} = 1.1158, t(.995; 33) = 2.733, -12.5833 \pm 2.733(1.1158), -15.632 < L < -9.534$ 
  - b.  $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{2.} \bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.2500$ ,  $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{3.} \bar{Y}_{2.} = -6.3333$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{3.} \bar{Y}_{1.} = -.0833$ ,  $\hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_2 \hat{D}_1 = -12.5833$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .6442$  (i = 1, 2, 3),  $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 1.1158$ , F(.90; 2, 33) = 2.47, S = 2.223

$$6.2500 \pm 2.223(.6442)$$
  $4.818 \le D_1 \le 7.682$   
 $-6.3333 \pm 2.223(.6442)$   $-7.765 \le D_2 \le -4.901$   
 $-0.833 \pm 2.223(.6442)$   $-1.515 \le D_3 \le 1.349$   
 $-12.5833 \pm 2.223(1.1158)$   $-15.064 \le L_1 \le -10.103$ 

- 17.17. a.  $\hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{1.} + \bar{Y}_{2.})/2 (\bar{Y}_{3.} + \bar{Y}_{4.})/2 = (.0735 + .1905)/2 (.4600 + .3655)/2$ = -.28075,  $s\{\hat{L}\} = .03935$ , t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075±1.981(.03935), -.3587  $\leq L \leq -.2028$ 
  - b.  $\hat{D}_1 = -.1170$ ,  $\hat{D}_2 = .0945$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = -.0265$ ,  $\hat{L}_1 = -.28075$ ,  $\hat{L}_2 = -.00625$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = -.2776$ ,  $\hat{L}_4 = .1341$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .0557$  (i = 1, 2, 3),  $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .03935$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_3\} = s\{\hat{L}_4\} = .03408$ , B = t(.99286; 114) = 2.488

$$-.1170 \pm 2.488(.0557) \qquad -.2556 \le D_1 \le .0216$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} .0945 \pm 2.488 (.0557) & -.0441 \leq D_2 \leq .2331 \\ -.0265 \pm 2.488 (.0557) & -.1651 \leq D_3 \leq .1121 \\ -.28075 \pm 2.488 (.03935) & -.3787 \leq L_1 \leq -.1828 \\ -.00625 \pm 2.488 (.03935) & -.1042 \leq L_2 \leq .0917 \\ -.2776 \pm 2.488 (.03408) & -.3624 \leq L_3 \leq -.1928 \\ .1341 \pm 2.488 (.03408) & .0493 \leq L_4 \leq .2189 \end{array}$$

17.19. a. 
$$L_1 = \mu_1 - \mu$$
.  $L_2 = \mu_2 - \mu$ .  $L_3 = \mu_3 - \mu$ .  $L_4 = \mu_4 - \mu$ .  $L_5 = \mu_5 - \mu$ .  $L_6 = \mu_6 - \mu$ .  $\hat{L}_1 = .0735 - .2277 = -.1542$ ,  $\hat{L}_2 = .1905 - .2277 = -.0372$   $\hat{L}_3 = .4600 - .2277 = .2323$ ,  $\hat{L}_4 = .3655 - .2277 = .1378$   $\hat{L}_5 = .1250 - .2277 = -.1027$ ,  $\hat{L}_6 = .1515 - .2277 = -.0762$   $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = \sqrt{\frac{.03097}{20} \left(\frac{25}{36}\right) + \frac{.03097}{36} \left(\frac{5}{20}\right)} = .0359$   $B = t(.99583; 114) = 2.685$   $-.1542 \pm 2.685(.0359)$   $.2506 \le L_1 \le -.0578$   $-.0372 \pm 2.685(.0359)$   $.1359 \le L_3 \le .3287$   $.1378 \pm 2.685(.0359)$   $.0414 \le L_4 \le .2342$   $-.1027 \pm 2.685(.0359)$   $-.1991 \le L_5 \le -.0063$   $-.0762 \pm 2.685(.0359)$   $-.1726 \le L_6 \le .0202$ 

Conclude not all  $\mu_i$  are equal.

17.25. Bonferroni, n = 45

17.29. a. 
$$\hat{Y} = .18472 + .06199x + .01016x^2$$

b.  $e_{ij}$ :

i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4	j = 5	j = 6	j = 7
1	2310	.1090	0210	.0890	.2890	.0090	1310
2	.2393	1107	1007	.2493	.0193	1607	3407
3	2440	.3260	1340	0040	2340	1040	.0860
4	.1268	.2168	.1568	0732	0932	.1868	.0368
5	2969	.1631	0469	.0031	.1231	.0431	0969
6	0802	1802	.1498	.3398	0102	.1398	0502
i	j = 8	j = 9	j = 10	j = 11	j = 12	j = 13	j = 14
	j = 8 $3610$	j = 9.1790	j = 10 $3010$	j = 11 .2990	j = 12 $1610$	j = 13 $1110$	j = 14 .1890
				.2990			
1	3610	.1790	3010	.2990	1610	1110	.1890
$\frac{1}{2}$	3610 .1093	.1790 1607	3010 $2507$	.2990 1707	1610 .3093	1110 .1993	.1890
1 2 3	3610 .1093 2140	.1790 1607 .0160	3010 2507 .1660	.2990 1707 .0160	1610 .3093 .0960	1110 .1993 .1360	.1890 .0693 .2560

```
j = 18
   j = 15
            j = 16
                     j = 17
                                        j = 19
                                                 j = 20
   -.0010
             .0390
                      .1690
                               -.0210
                                        -.1010
                                                 -.2810
2
    .1393
            -.1807
                     -.0507
                              -.2007
                                        -.1107
                                                 -.1007
3
   -.0040
             .0260
                     -.0140
                                        -.2540
                                                   .1560
                               .0460
4
    .1168
             .1768
                      .1468
                               .0568
                                        .0868
                                                 -.1632
5
   -.3069
             .1331
                      .0931
                               .0331
                                         .2431
                                                 -.2869
  -.1902
            -.0002
                      .2998
                               .2198
                                        -.2202
                                                 -.0802
```

- c.  $H_0: E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$ ,  $H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$ . SSPE = 3.5306, SSLF = .0408,  $F^* = (.0408/3) \div (3.5306/114) = .439$ , F(.99; 3, 114) = 3.96. If  $F^* \leq 3.96$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- d.  $H_0: \beta_{11} = 0, H_a: \beta_{11} \neq 0.$   $s\{b_{11}\} = .00525, t^* = .01016/.00525 = 1.935, t(.995; 117) = 2.619.$  If  $|t^*| \leq 2.619$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

## ANOVA DIAGNOSTICS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

- 18.4. a. See Problem 16.7c.
  - b. r = .992
  - c.  $t_{ij}$ :

 $H_0$ : no outliers,  $H_a$ : at least one outlier. t(.999815; 23) = 4.17. If  $|t_{ij}| \le 4.17$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

- 18.7. a. See Problem 16.10c.
  - b. r = .984
  - d.  $t_{ij}$ :

 $H_0$ : no outliers,  $H_a$ : at least one outlier. t(.99965; 32) = 3.75.

If  $|t_{ij}| \leq 3.75$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

18.8. a. See Problem 16.11c.

- b. r = .992
- d.  $t_{ij}$ :

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3	j = 4	j = 5	j = 6	j = 7
1	-1.2477	.7360	0203	.6192	1.8045	.1538	6601
2	1.5815	4677	4095	1.6415	.2874	7594	-1.8287
3	-1.4648	1.8864	8150	0580	-1.4052	6396	.4648
4	.7243	1.2537	.9000	4386	5551	1.0764	.2003
5	-1.8560	.8443	3775	0871	.6105	.1451	6688
6	5901	-1.1767	.7477	1.8773	1829	.6893	4153
i	j = 8	j = 9	j = 10	j = 11	j = 12	j = 13	j = 14
1	-2.0298	1.1472	-1.6656	1.8651	8355	5434	1.2063
2	.8121	7594	-1.2892	8179	2.0053	1.3427	.5784
3	-1.2863	.0580	.9323	.0580	.5230	.7565	1.4648
4	-1.3189	.6659	1480	-2.1035	2061	-1.0823	-1.3784
5	.5522	.9616	.0871	.4357	1.0204	-1.3754	.8443
6	.1074	1.6355	-1.2952	.2816	8238	2990	.0493
i	j = 15	j = 16	j = 17	j = 18	j = 19	j = 20	
1	.0958	.3281	1.0882	0203	4852	-1.5455	
2	.9881	8765	1190	9940	4677	4095	
3	0580	.1161	1161	.2322	-1.5246	.8736	
4	.6659	1.0175	.8414	.3165	.4910	9646	
5	-1.9168	.6688	.4357	.0871	1.3160	-1.7954	
6	-1.2359	1248	1.6355	1.1590	-1.4141	5901	

 $H_0$ : no outliers,  $H_a$ : at least one outlier. t(.9999417;113) = 4.08.

If  $|t_{ij}| \leq 4.08$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

- 18.11.  $H_0$ : all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal  $(i=1,2,3), H_a$ : not all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal.  $\tilde{Y}_1=6.80, \tilde{Y}_2=8.20, \tilde{Y}_3=9.55, MSTR=.0064815, MSE=.26465, <math>F_L^*=.0064815/.26465=.02, F(.95;2,24)=3.40.$  If  $F_L^*\leq 3.40$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .98
- 18.13. a.  $H_0$ : all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal  $(i=1,2,3), H_a$ : not all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal.  $s_1=1.7321, s_2=1.2881, s_3=1.6765, n_i\equiv 12, H^*=(1.7321)^2/(1.2881)^2=1.808, \\ H(.99;3,11)=6.75. \text{ If } H^*\leq 6.75 \text{ conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise } H_a. \text{ Conclude } H_0. \\ P\text{-value}>.05$ 
  - b.  $\tilde{Y}_1=21.5, \, \tilde{Y}_2=27.5, \, \tilde{Y}_3=21.0, \, MSTR=.19444, \, MSE=.93434,$   $F_L^*=.19444/.93434=.21, \, F(.99;2,33)=5.31. \, \text{ If } F_L^*\leq 5.31 \, \text{ conclude } H_0, \, \text{ otherwise } H_a. \, \text{Conclude } H_0. \, P\text{-value}=.81$
- 18.14. a.  $H_0$ : all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal (i=1,...,6),  $H_a$ : not all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal.  $s_1=.1925,\ s_2=.1854,\ s_3=.1646,\ s_4=.1654,\ s_5=.1727,\ s_6=.1735,\ n_i\equiv 20,\ H^*=(.1925)^2/(.1646)^2=1.3677,\ H(.99;\ 6,\ 19)=5.2.$  If  $H^*\leq 5.2$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value >.05

b.  $\tilde{Y}_1 = .08$ ,  $\tilde{Y}_2 = .12$ ,  $\tilde{Y}_3 = .47$ ,  $\tilde{Y}_4 = .41$ ,  $\tilde{Y}_5 = .175$ ,  $\tilde{Y}_6 = .125$ , MSTR = .002336, MSE = .012336,  $F_L^* = .002336/.012336 = .19$ , F(.99; 5, 114) = 3.18. If  $F_L^* \le 3.18$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .97

18.17. a. 
$$\bar{Y}_{1.}=3.5625, \, \bar{Y}_{2.}=5.8750, \, \bar{Y}_{3.}=10.6875, \, \bar{Y}_{4.}=15.5625$$

 $e_{ij}$ :

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3	j=4	j = 5	j = 6
1	.4375	5625	-1.5625	5625	.4375	.4375
2	1.1250	.1250	-1.8750	.1250	1.1250	-3.8750
3	1.3125	-4.6875	3.3125	1.3125	6875	-1.6875
4	.4375	-1.5625	-9.5625	3.4375	-3.5625	-5.5625
i	j = 7	j = 8	j = 9	j = 10	j = 11	j = 12
1	5625	2.4375	1.4375	.4375	-1.5625	.4375
2	3.1250	8750	8750	3.1250	-2.8750	2.1250
3	1.3125	6.3125	-3.6875	-4.6875	1.3125	.3125
4	5625	8.4375	-5.5625	7.4375	1.4375	4.4375
i	j = 13	j = 14	j = 15	j = 16	_	
	.4375		5625	.4375		
2	.1250	-1.8750	1.1250	.1250		
3	-4.6875	2.3125	6875	3.3125		
4	5625	2.4375	-7.5625	6.4375		

c.  $H_0$ : all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal  $(i=1,2,3,4), H_a$ : not all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal.

 $\tilde{Y}_1=4.0,\ \tilde{Y}_2=6.0,\ \tilde{Y}_3=11.5,\ \tilde{Y}_4=16.5,\ MSTR=37.1823,\ MSE=3.8969,\ F_L^*=37.1823/3.8969=9.54,\ F(.95;\ 3,\ 60)=2.76.$  If  $F_L^*\le 2.76$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

d.

i	$\bar{Y}_{i.}$	$s_i$
1	3.5625	1.0935
2	5.8750	1.9958
3	10.6875	3.2397
4	16.5625	5.3786

e.

$\lambda$	SSE	$\lambda$	SSE
-1.0	1,038.26	.1	410.65
8	790.43	.2	410.92
6	624.41	.4	430.49
4	516.16	.6	476.68
2	450.16	.8	553.64
1	429.84	1.0	669.06
0	416.84		

Yes

18.18. a. 
$$\bar{Y}'_{1.}=.5314,\, \bar{Y}'_{2.}=.7400,\, \bar{Y}'_{3.}=1.0080,\, \bar{Y}'_{4.}=1.1943$$

$$e'_{ij}$$
:

- b. r = .971
- c.  $H_0$ : all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal (i=1,2,3,4),  $H_a$ : not all  $\sigma_i^2$  are equal.  $\tilde{Y}_1=.6021, \, \tilde{Y}_2=.7782, \, \tilde{Y}_3=1.0603, \, \tilde{Y}_4=1.2173, \, MSTR=.001214, \\ MSE=.01241, \, F_L^*=.001214/.01241=.10, \, F(.95;\,3,\,60)=2.76.$  If  $F_L^*\leq 2.76$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

18.20.

$$s_i$$
: 1.09354 1.99583 3.23973 5.37858  
 $w_i$ : .83624 .25105 .09528 .034567  
 $H_0$ : all  $\mu_i$  are equal  $(i = 1, 2, 3, 4)$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\mu_i$  are equal.  
 $SSE_w(F) = 60$ ,  $df_F = 60$ ,  $SSE_w(R) = 213.9541$ ,  $df_R = 63$ ,  
 $F_w^* = [(213.9541 - 60)/3] \div (60/60) = 51.32$ ,  $F(.99; 3, 60) = 4.13$ .

If  $F_w^* \le 4.13$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

- 18.23. a.  $H_0$ : all  $\mu_i$  are equal  $(i=1,2,3,4), H_a$ : not all  $\mu_i$  are equal.  $MSTR = 470.8125, MSE = 28.9740, F_R^* = 470.8125/28.9740 = 16.25,$  F(.95; 2, 24) = 3.40. If  $F_R^* \leq 3.40$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .
  - b. P-value = 0+

e. 
$$\bar{R}_{1.} = 6.50, \, \bar{R}_{2.} = 15.50, \, \bar{R}_{3.} = 22.25, \, B = z(.9833) = 2.13$$

Comparison	Testing Limits				
1  and  2	$-9.00 \pm 2.13(3.500)$	-16.455 and $-1.545$			
1  and  3	$15.75 \pm 2.13(4.183)$	-24.660 and $-9.840$			
2  and  3	$-6.75 \pm 2.13(3.969)$	-15.204 and $1.704$			

Group 1Group 2Low Level 
$$i = 1$$
Moderate level  $i = 2$ High level  $i = 3$ 

18.24. a. 
$$H_0$$
: all  $\mu_i$  are equal  $(i = 1, 2, 3)$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\mu_i$  are equal. 
$$MSTR = 1,297.0000, MSE = 37.6667, F_R^* = 1,297.0000/37.6667 = 34.43,$$

F(.99; 2, 33) = 5.31. If  $F_R^* \leq 5.31$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

b. P-value = 0+

e. 
$$\bar{R}_{1.}=12.792, \, \bar{R}_{2.}=30.500, \, \bar{R}_{3.}=12.208, \, B=z(.9833)=2.128$$

Comparison	Testing Limits				
1  and  2	$-17.708 \pm 2.128(4.301)$	-26.861  and  -8.555			
1  and  3	$.584 \pm 2.128(4.301)$	-8.569 and $9.737$			
2 and $3$	$18.292 \pm 2.128(4.301)$	9.140  and  27.445			

Group 1Group 2Young 
$$i = 1$$
Middle  $i = 2$ Elderly  $i = 3$ 

# TWO-FACTOR STUDIES WITH EQUAL SAMPLE SIZES

19.4. a. 
$$\mu_{1} = 31, \, \mu_{2} = 37$$

b. 
$$\alpha_1 = \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 31 - 34 = -3, \ \alpha_2 = \mu_2 - \mu_2 = 37 - 34 = 3$$

19.7. a. 
$$E\{MSE\} = 1.96, E\{MSA\} = 541.96$$

19.10. a. 
$$\bar{Y}_{11.}=21.66667, \, \bar{Y}_{12.}=21.33333, \, \bar{Y}_{21.}=27.83333, \,$$
 
$$\bar{Y}_{22.}=27.66667, \, \bar{Y}_{31.}=22.33333, \, \bar{Y}_{32.}=20.50000 \,$$

b.  $e_{ijk}$ :

i	j = 1	j=2	i	j = 1	j=2	i	j = 1	j=2
1	66667	33333	2	2.16667	-1.66667	3	2.66667	2.50000
	1.33333	.66667		1.16667	1.33333		33333	-1.50000
	-2.66667	-1.33333		-1.83333	66667		.66667	50000
	.33333	33333		.16667	.33333		-1.33333	.50000
	.33333	-2.33333		83333	66667		33333	50000
	1.33333	3.66667		83333	1.33333		-1.33333	50000

d. 
$$r = .986$$

#### 19.11. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	327.222	5	65.444
$\overline{A \text{ (age)}}$	316.722	2	158.361
B (gender)	5.444	1	5.444
AB interactions	5.056	2	2.528
Error	71.667	30	2.389
Total	398.889	35	

Yes, factor A (age) accounts for most of the total variability.

c.  $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero.

$$F^* = 2.528/2.389 = 1.06, F(.95; 2, 30) = 3.32.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.32$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .36

d.  $H_0$ : all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero.

$$F^* = 158.361/2.389 = 66.29, F(.95; 2, 30) = 3.32.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.32$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

 $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$  equal zero.

$$F^* = 5.444/2.389 = 2.28, F(.95; 1, 30) = 4.17.$$

If  $F^* \leq 4.17$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .14

- e.  $\alpha \leq .143$
- g. SSA = SSTR, SSB + SSAB + SSE = SSE, yes

19.14. a. 
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 2.475$$
,  $\bar{Y}_{12.} = 4.600$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{13.} = 4.575$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{21.} = 5.450$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{22.} = 8.925$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{23.} = 9.125$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{31.} = 5.975$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{32.} = 10.275$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{33.} = 13.250$ 

b.  $e_{ijk}$ :

- d. r = .988
- 19.15. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	373.105	8	46.638
A (ingredient 1)	220.020	2	110.010
B (ingredient 2)	123.660	2	61.830
AB interactions	29.425	4	7.356
Error	1.625	27	.0602
Total	374.730	35	

- c.  $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero.  $F^* = 7.356/.0602 = 122.19$ , F(.95; 4, 27) = 2.73. If  $F^* \leq 2.73$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
- d.  $H_0$ : all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero (i=1,2,3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero.  $F^*=110.010/.0602=1,827.41$ , F(.95;2,27)=3.35. If  $F^*\leq 3.35$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value =0+

 $H_0$ : all  $\beta_j$  equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_j$  equal zero.  $F^* = 61.830/.0602 = 1,027.08$ , F(.95; 2, 27) = 3.35. If  $F^* \leq 3.35$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

- e.  $\alpha \leq .143$
- 19.20. a.  $\bar{Y}_{11.} = 222.00, \, \bar{Y}_{12.} = 106.50, \, \bar{Y}_{13.} = 60.50, \, \bar{Y}_{21.} = 62.25, \, \bar{Y}_{22.} = 44.75, \, \bar{Y}_{23.} = 38.75$ 
  - b.  $e_{ijk}$ :

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3	i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3
1	18	3.5	-4.5	2	8.75	2.25	-1.75
	-16	11.5	5		-9.25	7.25	-5.75
	-5	-3.5	7.5		5.75	-13.75	1.25
	3	-11.5	-2.5		-5.25	4.25	6.25

d. r = .994

### 19.21. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	96,024.37500	5	19, 204.87500
A  (type)	39, 447.04167	1	39,447.04167
B (years)	36,412.00000	2	18,206.00000
AB interactions	20, 165.33333	2	10,082.66667
Error	1,550.25000	18	86.12500
Total	97, 574.62500	23	

- c.  $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero.  $F^* = 10,082.66667/86.12500 = 117.07$ , F(.99;2,18) = 6.01. If  $F^* \leq 6.01$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
- d.  $H_0$ :  $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  equal zero.  $F^* = 39,447.04167/86.12500 = 458.02$ , F(.99;1,18) = 8.29. If  $F^* \leq 8.29$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

 $H_0$ : all  $\beta_j$  equal zero  $(j=1,2,3), H_a$ : not all  $\beta_j$  equal zero.  $F^*=18,206.0000/86.12500=211.39, <math>F(.99;2,18)=6.01$ . If  $F^*\leq 6.01$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

e.  $\alpha \leq .030$ 

19.27. a. 
$$B = t(.9975; 75) = 2.8925, q(.95; 5, 75) = 3.96, T = 2.800$$

b. 
$$B = t(.99167; 27) = 2.552, q(.95; 3, 27) = 3.51, T = 2.482$$

19.30. a. 
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{11.}\} = .631, t(.975; 30) = 2.042, 21.66667 \pm 2.042(.631), 20.378 \le \mu_{11} \le 22.955$$

b. 
$$\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 23.94, \, \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 23.17$$

c. 
$$\hat{D} = .77, s\{\hat{D}\} = .5152, t(.975; 30) = 2.042, .77 \pm 2.042(.5152), -.282 \le D \le 1.822$$

d. 
$$\bar{Y}_{1..} = 21.50, \, \bar{Y}_{2..} = 27.75, \, \bar{Y}_{3..} = 21.42$$

e. 
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = -6.25, \, \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = .08, \, \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = 6.33, \, s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .631$$
  
 $(i = 1, 2, 3), \, q(.90; 3, 30) = 3.02, \, T = 2.1355$ 

$$-6.25 \pm 2.1355(.631)$$
  $-7.598 \le D_1 \le -4.902$   
 $.08 \pm 2.1355(.631)$   $-1.268 \le D_2 \le 1.428$   
 $6.33 \pm 2.1355(.631)$   $4.982 \le D_3 \le 7.678$ 

f. Yes

g. 
$$\hat{L} = -6.29$$
,  $s\{\hat{L}\} = .5465$ ,  $t(.976; 30) = 2.042$ ,  $-6.29 \pm 2.042(.5465)$ ,  $-7.406 \le L \le -5.174$ 

h. 
$$L = .3\mu_{12} + .6\mu_{22} + .1\mu_{32}, \ \hat{L} = 25.05000, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .4280, \ t(.975;30) = 2.042, \ 25.05000 \pm 2.042(.4280), \ 24.176 \le L \le 25.924$$

19.32. a. 
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{23.}\}=.1227, t(.975;27)=2.052, 9.125\pm2.052(.1227), 8.873\leq\mu_{23}\leq9.377$$

b. 
$$\hat{D} = 2.125, s\{\hat{D}\} = .1735, t(.975; 27) = 2.052, 2.125 \pm 2.052(.1735), 1.769 \le D \le 2.481$$

c. 
$$\hat{L}_1 = 2.1125$$
,  $\hat{L}_2 = 3.5750$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = 5.7875$ ,  $\hat{L}_4 = 1.4625$ ,  $\hat{L}_5 = 3.6750$ ,  $\hat{L}_6 = 2.2125$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .1502$   $(i = 1, 2, 3)$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .2125$   $(i = 4, 5, 6)$ ,  $F(.90; 8, 27) = 1.90$ ,  $S = 3.899$ 

$$2.1125 \pm 3.899(.1502) \qquad 1.527 \le L_1 \le 2.698$$

$$3.5750 \pm 3.899(.1502) \qquad 2.989 \le L_2 \le 4.161$$

$$5.7875 \pm 3.899(.1502) \qquad 5.202 \le L_3 \le 6.373$$

$$1.4625 \pm 3.899(.2125) \qquad .634 \le L_4 \le 2.291$$

$$3.6750 \pm 3.899(.2125) \qquad 2.846 \le L_5 \le 4.504$$

$$2.2125 \pm 3.899(.2125) \qquad 1.384 \le L_6 \le 3.041$$

d. 
$$s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1735, q(.90; 9, 27) = 4.31, T = 3.048, Ts\{\hat{D}_i\} = .529, \bar{Y}_{33} = 13.250$$

e.

19.35. a. 
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{23.}\} = 4.6402, t(.995; 18) = 2.878,$$

$$38.75 \pm 2.878(4.6402), 25.3955 \le \mu_{23} \le 52.1045$$

b. 
$$\hat{D} = 46.00, s\{\hat{D}\} = 6.5622, t(.995; 18) = 2.878,$$
  
 $46.00 \pm 2.878(6.5622), 27.114 < D < 64.886$ 

c. 
$$F(.95; 5, 18) = 2.77, S = 3.7216, B = t(.99583; 18) = 2.963$$

d. 
$$\hat{D}_1 = 159.75$$
,  $\hat{D}_2 = 61.75$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = 21.75$ ,  $\hat{L}_1 = 98.00$ ,  $\hat{L}_2 = 138.00$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = 40.00$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 6.5622$   $(i = 1, 2, 3)$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 9.2804$   $(i = 1, 2, 3)$ ,  $B = t(.99583; 18) = 2.963$ 

```
\begin{array}{ll} 159.75 \pm 2.963(6.5622) & 140.31 \leq D_1 \leq 179.19 \\ 61.75 \pm 2.963(6.5622) & 42.31 \leq D_2 \leq 81.19 \\ 21.75 \pm 2.963(6.5622) & 2.31 \leq D_3 \leq 41.19 \\ 98.00 \pm 2.963(9.2804) & 70.50 \leq L_1 \leq 125.50 \\ 138.00 \pm 2.963(9.2804) & 110.50 \leq L_2 \leq 165.50 \\ 40.00 \pm 2.963(9.2804) & 12.50 \leq L_3 \leq 67.50 \end{array}
```

- e.  $q(.95;6,18)=4.49, T=3.1749, s\{\hat{D}\}=6.5622, Ts\{\hat{D}\}=20.834, \bar{Y}_{23.}=38.75, \bar{Y}_{22.}=44.75$
- f.  $B = t(.9875; 18) = 2.445, s\{\bar{Y}_{ij.}\} = 4.6402$   $44.75 \pm 2.445(4.6402)$   $33.405 \le \mu_{22} \le 56.095$  $38.75 \pm 2.445(4.6402)$   $27.405 \le \mu_{23} \le 50.095$

g.

i	j	$1/\bar{Y}_{ij.}$	$\log_{10} \bar{Y}_{ij.}$
1	1	.00450	2.346
1	2	.00939	2.027
1	3	.01653	1.782
2	1	.01606	1.794
2	2	.02235	1.651
2	3	.02581	1.588

19.38. 
$$\Delta/\sigma = 2, 2n = 8, n = 4$$

19.40. 
$$.5\sqrt{n}/.29 = 4.1999, n = 6$$

19.42. 
$$8\sqrt{n}/9.1 = 3.1591, n = 13$$

# TWO-FACTOR STUDIES – ONE CASE PER TREATMENT

#### 20.2. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Location	37.0050	3	12.3350
Week	47.0450	1	47.0450
Error	.3450	3	.1150
Total	84.3950	7	

 $H_0$ : all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero (i = 1, ..., 4),  $H_a$ : not all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero.

 $F^* = 12.3350/.1150 = 107.26$ , F(.95; 3, 3) = 9.28. If  $F^* \le 9.28$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .0015

 $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$  equal zero.

 $F^* = 47.0450/.1150 = 409.09$ , F(.95; 1, 3) = 10.1. If  $F^* \le 10.1$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .0003.  $\alpha \le .0975$ 

c. 
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = 18.95 - 14.55 = 4.40, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = 18.95 - 14.60 = 4.35, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = 18.95 - 18.80 = .15, \ \hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = -.05, \ \hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -4.25, \ \hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -4.20, \ \hat{D}_7 = \bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2} = 14.30 - 19.15 = -4.85, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .3391 \ (i = 1, ..., 6), \ s\{\hat{D}_7\} = .2398, \ B = t(.99286; 3) = 5.139$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} 4.40 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & 2.66 \leq D_1 \leq 6.14 \\ 4.35 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & 2.61 \leq D_2 \leq 6.09 \\ .15 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -1.59 \leq D_3 \leq 1.89 \\ -.05 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -1.79 \leq D_4 \leq 1.69 \\ -4.25 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -5.99 \leq D_5 \leq -2.51 \\ -4.20 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -5.94 \leq D_6 \leq -2.46 \\ -4.85 \pm 5.139 (.2398) & -6.08 \leq D_7 \leq -3.62 \end{array}$$

20.3. a. 
$$\hat{\mu}_{32} = \bar{Y}_{3.} + \bar{Y}_{.2} - \bar{Y}_{..} = 14.600 + 19.150 - 16.725 = 17.025$$

b. 
$$s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{32}\} = .071875$$

c. 
$$s\{\hat{\mu}_{32}\} = .2681, t(.975; 3) = 3.182, 17.025 \pm 3.182(.2681), 16.172 \le \mu_{32} \le 17.878$$

21.4. 
$$\hat{D} = (-4.13473)/(18.5025)(11.76125) = -.019, SSAB^* = .0786, SSRem^* = .2664.$$

 $H_0$ :  $D=0,\ H_a$ :  $D\neq 0$ .  $F^*=(.0786/1)\div (.2664/2)=.59,\ F(.975;1,2)=38.5.$ If  $F^*\leq 38.5$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

## RANDOMIZED COMPLETE BLOCK DESIGNS

21.5. b.  $e_{ij}$ :

d.  $H_0$ : D = 0,  $H_a$ :  $D \neq 0$ .  $SSBL.TR^* = .13$ ,  $SSRem^* = 112.20$ ,  $F^* = (.13/1) \div (112.20/17) = .02$ , F(.99; 1, 17) = 8.40. If  $F^* \leq 8.40$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .89

21.6. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	433.36667	9	48.15185
Training methods	1,295.00000	2	647.50000
Error	112.33333	18	6.24074
Total	1,840.70000	29	

- b.  $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 70.6, \, \bar{Y}_{.2} = 74.6, \, \bar{Y}_{.3} = 86.1$
- c.  $H_0$ : all  $\tau_j$  equal zero  $(j=1,2,3), H_a$ : not all  $\tau_j$  equal zero.  $F^*=647.50000/6.24074=103.754, <math>F(.95;2,18)=3.55$ . If  $F^*\leq 3.55$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value =0+
- d.  $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.2} = -4.0, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.3} = -15.5, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.2} \bar{Y}_{.3} = -11.5,$  $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 1.1172 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.90; 3, 18) = 3.10, \ T = 2.192$

$$-4.0 \pm 2.192(1.1172) \qquad -6.45 \le D_1 \le -1.55$$
  

$$-15.5 \pm 2.192(1.1172) \qquad -17.95 \le D_2 \le -13.05$$
  

$$-11.5 \pm 2.192(1.1172) \qquad -13.95 \le D_3 \le -9.05$$

e.  $H_0$ : all  $\rho_i$  equal zero (i = 1, ..., 10),  $H_a$ : not all  $\rho_i$  equal zero.  $F^* = 48.15185/6.24074 = 7.716$ , F(.95; 9, 18) = 2.46. If  $F^* \leq 2.46$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .0001

21.12. b. 
$$\bar{Y}_{1..}=7.25, \, \bar{Y}_{2..}=12.75, \, \hat{L}=\bar{Y}_{1..}-\bar{Y}_{2..}=-5.50, \, s\{\hat{L}\}=1.25,$$
 
$$t(.995;8)=3.355, \, -5.50\pm 3.355(1.25), \, -9.69 \leq L \leq -1.31$$

21.14. 
$$\phi = \frac{1}{2.5} \sqrt{\frac{10(18)}{3}} = 3.098, \ \nu_1 = 2, \ \nu_2 = 27, \ 1 - \beta > .99$$

- 21.16. n = 49 blocks
- 21.18.  $\hat{E} = 3.084$

### ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE

22.7. a. 
$$e_{ij}$$
:

- b. r = .988
- c.  $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1}I_{ij1} + \tau_{2}I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_{1}I_{ij1}x_{ij} + \beta_{2}I_{ij2}x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$   $H_{0}$ :  $\beta_{1} = \beta_{2} = 0$ ,  $H_{a}$ : not both  $\beta_{1}$  and  $\beta_{2}$  equal zero. SSE(F) = .9572, SSE(R) = 1.3175,  $F^{*} = (.3603/2) \div (.9572/21) = 3.95$ , F(.99; 2, 21) = 5.78.
  - If  $F^* \leq 5.78$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .035
- d. Yes, 5
- 22.8. b. Full model:  $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$ ,  $(\bar{X}_{\cdot \cdot} = 9.4)$ . Reduced model:  $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$ .
  - c. Full model:  $\hat{Y} = 7.80627 + 1.65885I_1 .17431I_2 + 1.11417x$ , SSE(F) = 1.3175Reduced model:  $\hat{Y} = 7.95185 + .54124x$ , SSE(R) = 5.5134 $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  equal zero.

 $T_0 = T_1 = T_2 = 0, \quad T_a = 100 \quad \text{for } T_1 \text{ and } T_2 \text{ equal zero.}$ 

 $F^* = (4.1959/2) \div (1.3175/23) = 36.625, F(.95; 2, 23) = 3.42.$ 

If  $F^* \leq 3.42$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

- d. MSE(F) = .0573, MSE = .6401
- e.  $\hat{Y} = \hat{\mu}_{.} + \hat{\tau}_{2} .4\hat{\gamma} = 7.18629$ ,  $s^{2}\{\hat{\mu}_{.}\} = .00258$ ,  $s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = .00412$ ,  $s^{2}\{\hat{\gamma}\} = .00506$ ,  $s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = -.00045$ ,  $s\{\hat{\tau}_{2},\hat{\gamma}\} = -.00108$ ,  $s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\gamma}\} = -.00120$ ,  $s\{\hat{Y}\} = .09183$ , t(.975;23) = 2.069, 7.18629 + 2.069(.09183),  $6.996 \le \mu_{.} + \tau_{2} .4\gamma \le 7.376$

f. 
$$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 = 1.83316$$
,  $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = 3.14339$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = 1.31023$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .03759$ ,  $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.00418$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .22376$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .37116$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .19326$ ,  $F(.90; 2, 23) = 2.55$ ,  $S = 2.258$ 

$$1.83316 \pm 2.258(.22376)$$
  $1.328 \le D_1 \le 2.338$ 

$$3.14339 \pm 2.258(.37116)$$
  $2.305 \le D_2 \le 3.981$ 

$$1.31023 \pm 2.258(.19326)$$
  $.874 \le D_3 \le 1.747$ 

22.15. a.  $e_{ijk}$ :

b. 
$$r = .974$$

c. 
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3}$$
  
  $+(\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \delta_1 I_{ijk1} x_{ijk} + \delta_2 I_{ijk2} x_{ijk}$   
  $+\delta_3 I_{ijk3} x_{ijk} + \delta_4 I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} x_{ijk} + \delta_5 I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ 

 $H_0$ : all  $\delta_i$  equal zero (i = 1, ..., 5),  $H_a$ : not all  $\delta_i$  equal zero.

$$SSE(R) = 8.2941, SSE(F) = 6.1765,$$

$$F^* = (2.1176/5) \div (6.1765/24) = 1.646, F(.99; 5, 24) = 3.90.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.90$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .19

22.16. a. 
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$I_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk3} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \end{array} \right.$$

$$x_{ijk} = X_{ijk} - \bar{X}_{...}$$
  $(\bar{X}_{...} = 3.4083)$ 

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.15283I_1 + 3.68152I_2 + .20907I_3 - .06009I_1I_3 - .04615I_2I_3 + 1.06122x$$
 
$$SSE(F) = 8.2941$$

b. Interactions:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.15400I_1 + 3.67538I_2 + .20692I_3 + 1.07393x$$

$$SSE(R) = 8.4889$$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 + .12982 I_3 + .01136 I_1 I_3 + .06818 I_2 I_3 + 1.52893 x$$

$$SSE(R) = 240.7835$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.15487I_1 + 3.67076I_2 - .05669I_1I_3 - .04071I_2I_3 + 1.08348x$$
  
 $SSE(R) = 9.8393$ 

- c.  $H_0$ :  $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = (\alpha\beta)_{21} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$  and  $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$  equal zero.  $F^* = (.1948/2) \div (8.2941/29) = .341$ , F(.95; 2, 29) = 3.33. If  $F^* \leq 3.33$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .714
- d.  $H_0$ :  $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  equal zero.  $F^* = (232.4894/2) \div (8.2941/29) = 406.445, F(.95; 2, 29) = 3.33.$

If  $F^* \leq 3.33$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

e.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_1 \neq 0$ .  $F^* = (1.5452/1) \div (8.2941/29) = 5.403, F(.95; 1, 29) = 4.18.$  If  $F^* \leq 4.18$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .027

f. 
$$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_2 = -5.83435$$
,  $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_1 + \hat{\alpha}_2 = -.62414$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_2 + \hat{\alpha}_1 = 5.21021$ ,  $\hat{D}_4 = \hat{\beta}_1 - \hat{\beta}_2 = 2\hat{\beta}_1 = .41814$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .01593$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_2\} = .01708$ ,  $s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\alpha}_2\} = -.00772$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\beta}_1\} = .00809$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .22011$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .22343$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .23102$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .17989$ ,  $B = t(.9875; 29) = 2.364$ 

$$-5.83435 \pm 2.364(.22011) -6.355 \le D_1 \le -5.314$$

$$-.62414 \pm 2.364(.22343) -1.152 \le D_2 \le -.096$$

$$5.21021 \pm 2.364(.23102) 4.664 \le D_3 \le 5.756$$

$$-.007 \le D_4 \le .843$$

22.19. b. 
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 I_{ij1} + \rho_2 I_{ij2} + \rho_3 I_{ij3} + \rho_4 I_{ij4} + \rho_5 I_{ij5} + \rho_6 I_{ij6}$$
$$+ \rho_7 I_{ij7} + \rho_8 I_{ij8} + \rho_9 I_{ij9} + \tau_1 I_{ij10} + \tau_2 I_{ij11} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

 $I_{ij1} = \begin{array}{c} 1 \text{ if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 \text{ if experimental unit from block 10} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{array}$ 

 $I_{ij2}, \ldots, I_{ij9}$  are defined similarly

 $I_{ij10} = \begin{array}{c} 1 \text{ if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 \text{ if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{array}$ 

 $I_{ij11} = \begin{array}{c} 1 \text{ if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 \text{ if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{array}$ 

$$x_{ij} = X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}$$
  $(\bar{X}_{..} = 80.033333)$ 

- c.  $\hat{Y} = 77.10000 + 4.87199I_1 + 3.87266I_2 + 2.21201I_3 + 3.22003I_4$   $+1.23474I_5 + .90876I_6 - 1.09124I_7 - 3.74253I_8 - 4.08322I_9$   $-6.50033I_{10} - 2.49993I_{11} + .00201x$ SSE(F) = 112.3327
- d.  $Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 I_{ij1} + \rho_2 I_{ij2} + \rho_3 I_{ij3} + \rho_4 I_{ij4} + \rho_5 I_{ij5} + \rho_6 I_{ij6}$   $+ \rho_7 I_{ij7} + \rho_8 I_{ij8} + \rho_9 I_{ij9} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$   $\hat{Y} = 77.10000 + 6.71567 I_1 + 5.67233 I_2 + 3.61567 I_3 + 4.09567 I_4$   $+1.14233 I_5 + .33233 I_6 - 1.66767 I_7 - 5.33100 I_8 - 5.18767 I_9 - .13000 x$ SSE(R) = 1,404.5167
- e.  $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  equal zero.  $F^* = (1, 292.18/2) \div (112.3327/17) = 97.777$ , F(.95; 2, 17) = 3.59. If  $F^* \leq 3.59$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
- f.  $\hat{\tau}_1 = -6.50033$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_2 = -2.49993$ ,  $\hat{L} = -4.0004$ ,  $L^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .44162$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .44056$ ,  $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.22048$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}\} = 1.1503$ , t(.975; 17) = 2.11,  $-4.0004 \pm 2.11(1.1503)$ ,  $-6.43 \le L \le -1.57$

#### 22.21. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	25.5824	2	12.7912
Error	1.4650	24	.0610
Total	27.0474	26	

b. Covariance:  $MSE = .0573, \, \hat{\gamma} = 1.11417$ 

# TWO-FACTOR STUDIES – UNEQUAL SAMPLE SIZES

23.4. a. 
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4}$$

$$+(\alpha\beta)_{11}X_{ijk1}X_{ijk3} + (\alpha\beta)_{12}X_{ijk1}X_{ijk4}$$

$$+(\alpha\beta)_{21}X_{ijk2}X_{ijk3} + (\alpha\beta)_{22}X_{ijk2}X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} =$$
1 if case from level 1 for factor  $A$ 
0 otherwise

 $X_{ijk2} = egin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array}$ 

 $X_{ijk3} =$  1 if case from level 1 for factor B 0 otherwise

 $X_{ijk4} = \begin{array}{c} 1 \text{ if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 \text{ if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{array}$ 

b.  $\mathbf{Y}$  entries: in order  $Y_{111},\,...,\,Y_{114},\,Y_{121},\,...,\,Y_{124},\,Y_{131},\,...,\,Y_{134},Y_{211},\,...$ 

$$\boldsymbol{\beta}$$
 entries:  $\mu_{..}$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\beta_1$ ,  $\beta_2$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{12}$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{22}$ 

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		$X_1$	$X_2$	$X_3$	$X_4$	$X_1X_3$	$X_1X_4$	$X_2X_3$	$X_2X_4$
1	1	4	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	2	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
1	3	4	1	1	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0
2	1	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
2	2	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
2	3	4	1	0	1	-1	-1	0	0	-1	-1
3	1	4	1	-1	-1	1	0	-1	0	-1	0
3	2	4	1	-1	-1	0	1	0	-1	0	-1
3	3	4	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1

c.  $X\beta$  entries:

d. 
$$\hat{Y} = 7.18333 - 3.30000X_1 + .65000X_2 - 2.55000X_3 + .75000X_4 + 1.14167X_1X_3 - .03333X_1X_4 + .16667X_2X_3 + .34167X_2X_4$$
  $\alpha_1 = \mu_{1.} - \mu_{..}$ 

e.

Source	SS	df
Regression	373.125	8
$X_1$	212.415	1] A
$X_2 \mid X_1$	7.605	1] A
$X_3 \mid X_1, X_2$	113.535	1] <i>B</i>
$X_4 \mid X_1,  X_2,  X_3$	10.125	1] <i>B</i>
$X_1X_3 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$	26.7806	1] AB
$X_1X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3$	.2269	1] AB
$X_2X_3 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3, X_1X_4$	1.3669	1] AB
$X_2X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3, X_1X_4, X_2X_3$	1.0506	1] AB
Error	1.625	27
Total	374.730	35

Yes.

f. See Problem 19.15c and d.

23.6. a. 
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$
  
 $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + (\alpha\beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3}$ 

$$+(\alpha\beta)_{21}X_{ijk2}X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

1 if case from level 1 for factor A

 $X_{ijk1} = -1$  if case from level 3 for factor A 0 otherwise

1 if case from level 2 for factor A

 $X_{ijk2} = -1$  if case from level 3 for factor A 0 otherwise

b.  $\boldsymbol{\beta}$  entries:  $\mu_{..}, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta_1, (\alpha\beta)_{11}, (\alpha\beta)_{21}$ 

#### X entries:

A	B	Freq.		$X_1$	$X_2$	$X_3$	$X_1X_3$	$X_2X_3$
1	1	6	1	1	0	1	1	0
1	2	6	1	1	0	-1	-1	0
2	1	5	1	0	1	1	0	1
2	2	6	1	0	1	-1	0	-1
3	1	6	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
3	2	5	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1

#### c. $X\beta$ entries:

- d.  $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$
- e. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.56667 - 2.06667X_1 + 4.16667X_2 + .36667X_3 - .20000X_1X_3 - .30000X_2X_3,$$
  
$$SSE(F) = 71.3333$$

#### Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.59091 - 2.09091X_1 + 4.16911X_2 + .36022X_3,$$

$$SSE(R) = 75.5210$$

 $H_0$ :  $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = (\alpha\beta)_{21} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$  and  $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$  equal zero.

$$F^* = (4.1877/2) \div (71.3333/28) = .82, F(.95; 2, 28) = 3.34.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.34$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .45

#### f. A effects:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.50000 + .17677X_3 - .01010X_1X_3 - .49495X_2X_3,$$
  
 $SSE(R) = 359.9394$ 

 $H_0$ :  $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  equal zero.

$$F^* = (288.6061/2) \div (71.3333/28) = 56.64, F(.95; 2, 28) = 3.34.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.34$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

B effects:

 $\hat{Y} = 23.56667 - 2.06667X_1 + 4.13229X_2 - .17708X_1X_3 - .31146X_2X_3,$ 

SSE(R) = 75.8708

 $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ 

 $F^* = (4.5375/1) \div (71.3333/28) = 1.78, F(.95; 1, 28) = 4.20.$ 

If  $F^* \leq 4.20$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .19

g.  $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_2 = -6.23334$ ,  $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_1 + \hat{\alpha}_2 = .03333$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_2 + \hat{\alpha}_1 = 6.26667$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .14625$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_2\} = .15333$ ,  $s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\alpha}_2\} = -.07313$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .6677$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .6677$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .6834$ , q(.90; 3, 28) = 3.026, T = 2.140

$$-6.23334 \pm 2.140(.6677)$$
  $-7.662 \le D_1 \le -4.804$   
 $.03333 \pm 2.140(.6677)$   $-1.396 \le D_2 \le 1.462$   
 $6.26667 \pm 2.140(.6834)$   $4.804 \le D_3 \le 7.729$ 

- h.  $\hat{L} = .3\bar{Y}_{12.} + .6\bar{Y}_{22.} + .1\bar{Y}_{32.} = .3(21.33333) + .6(27.66667) + .1(20.60000) = 25.06000,$  $s\{\hat{L}\} = .4429, \ t(.975;28) = 2.048, \ 25.06000 \pm 2.048(.4429), \ 24.153 \le L \le 25.967$
- 23.7. a.  $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha \beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4}$$

$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk3}$$

$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

1 if case from level 1 for factor A

 $X_{ijk1} = -1$  if case from level 3 for factor A 0 otherwise

1 if case from level 2 for factor A

 $X_{ijk2} = -1$  if case from level 3 for factor A 0 otherwise

1 if case from level 1 for factor B

 $X_{ijk3} = -1$  if case from level 3 for factor B 0 otherwise

1 if case from level 2 for factor B

 $X_{ijk4} = -1$  if case from level 3 for factor B 0 otherwise

b.  $\boldsymbol{\beta}$  entries:  $\mu_{..}$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\beta_1$ ,  $\beta_2$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{12}$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$ ,  $(\alpha\beta)_{22}$ 

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		$X_1$	$X_2$	$X_3$	$X_4$	$X_1X_3$	$X_1X_4$	$X_2X_3$	$X_2X_4$
1	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	2	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
1	3	4	1	1	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0
2	1	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
2	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
2	3	4	1	0	1	-1	-1	0	0	-1	-1
3	1	4	1	-1	-1	1	0	-1	0	-1	0
3	2	4	1	-1	-1	0	1	0	-1	0	-1
3	3	4	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1

#### c. $X\beta$ entries:

d. 
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

#### e. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 7.18704 - 3.28426X_1 + .63796X_2 - 2.53426X_3 + .73796X_4$$
$$+1.16481X_1X_3 - .04074X_1X_4 + .15926X_2X_3 + .33704X_2X_4,$$

$$SSE(F) = 1.5767$$

#### Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 7.12711 - 3.33483X_1 + .62861X_2 - 2.58483X_3 + .72861X_4,$$
  
 $SSE(R) = 29.6474$ 

 $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero.

$$F^* = (28.0707/4) \div (1.5767/24) = 106.82, F(.95; 4, 24) = 2.78.$$

If  $F^* \leq 2.78$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

f.  $\bar{Y}_{11.}=2.5333, \ \bar{Y}_{12.}=4.6000, \ \bar{Y}_{13.}=4.57500, \ \bar{Y}_{21.}=5.45000, \ \bar{Y}_{22.}=8.90000, \ \bar{Y}_{23.}=9.12500, \ \bar{Y}_{31.}=5.97500, \ \bar{Y}_{32.}=10.27500, \ \bar{Y}_{33.}=13.25000, \ \hat{L}_1=2.0542, \ \hat{L}_2=3.5625, \ \hat{L}_3=5.7875, \ \hat{L}_4=1.5083, \ \hat{L}_5=3.7333, \ \hat{L}_6=2.2250, \ s\{\hat{L}_1\}=.1613, \ s\{\hat{L}_2\}=.1695, \ s\{\hat{L}_3\}=.1570, \ s\{\hat{L}_4\}=.2340, \ s\{\hat{L}_5\}=.2251, \ s\{\hat{L}_6\}=.2310, \ F(.90;8,24)=1.94, \ S=3.9395$ 

$$\begin{array}{lll} 2.0542 \pm 3.9395 (.1613) & 1.419 \leq L_1 \leq 2.690 \\ 3.5625 \pm 3.9395 (.1695) & 2.895 \leq L_2 \leq 4.230 \\ 5.7875 \pm 3.9395 (.1570) & 5.169 \leq L_3 \leq 6.406 \\ 1.5083 \pm 3.9395 (.2340) & .586 \leq L_4 \leq 2.430 \\ 3.7333 \pm 3.9395 (.2251) & 2.846 \leq L_5 \leq 4.620 \\ 2.2250 \pm 3.9395 (.2310) & 1.315 \leq L_6 \leq 3.135 \end{array}$$

23.12. a. See Problem 19.14a.  $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{13.} - \bar{Y}_{11.} = 2.100, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{23.} - \bar{Y}_{21.} = 3.675,$ 

 $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{33.} - \bar{Y}_{31.} = 7.275, \ \hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_2 = -1.575, \ \hat{L}_2 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_3 = -5.175, \ MSE = .06406, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1790 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .2531 \ (i = 1, 2), \ B = t(.99; 24) = 2.492$ 

$$2.100 \pm 2.492(.1790) \qquad 1.654 \le D_1 \le 2.546$$

$$3.675 \pm 2.492(.1790) \qquad 3.229 \le D_2 \le 4.121$$

$$7.275 \pm 2.492(.1790) \qquad 6.829 \le D_3 \le 7.721$$

$$-1.575 \pm 2.492(.2531) \qquad -2.206 \le L_1 \le -.944$$

$$-5.175 \pm 2.492(.2531) \qquad -5.806 \le L_2 \le -4.544$$

b.  $H_0$ :  $\mu_{12} - \mu_{13} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\mu_{12} - \mu_{13} \neq 0$ .  $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{12}$ .  $-\bar{Y}_{13} = .025$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}\} = .1790$ ,  $t^* = .025/.1790 = .14$ , t(.99; 24) = 2.492. If  $|t^*| \leq 2.492$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

 $H_0$ :  $\mu_{32} - \mu_{33} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\mu_{32} - \mu_{33} \neq 0$ .  $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{32}$ .  $-\bar{Y}_{33} = -2.975$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}\} = .1790$ ,  $t^* = -2.975/.1790 = -16.62$ , t(.99; 24) = 2.492. If  $|t^*| \leq 2.492$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .  $\alpha \leq .04$ 

23.14. a. See Problem 19.20a.  $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{13.} = 46.0, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{22.} - \bar{Y}_{23.} = 6.0,$ 

 $\hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_2 = 40.0, MSE = 88.50, s\{\hat{D}_1\} = s\{\hat{D}_2\} = 6.652, s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 9.407, B = t(.99167; 15) = 2.694$ 

$$46.0 \pm 2.694(6.652)$$
  $28.080 \le D_1 \le 63.920$   
 $6.0 \pm 2.694(6.652)$   $-11.920 \le D_2 \le 23.920$   
 $40.0 \pm 2.694(9.407)$   $14.658 \le L_1 \le 65.342$ 

b.  $H_0$ :  $\mu_{22} - \mu_{23} \le 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\mu_{22} - \mu_{23} > 0$ .  $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{22} - \bar{Y}_{23} = 6.0$ ,  $s\{\hat{D}\} = 6.652$ ,  $t^* = 6.0/6.652 = .90$ , t(.95; 15) = 1.753. If  $t^* \le 1.753$  conclude  $H_0$  otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .19

23.16. a. 
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6} + \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \tau_1 X_{ij10} + \tau_2 X_{ij11} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

 $X_{ij1} =$ 1 if experimental unit from block 1  $X_{ij1} =$ 0 otherwise

 $X_{ij2}, ..., X_{ij9}$  are defined similarly

 $X_{ij10} = 1$  if experimental unit received treatment 1 0 otherwise

 $X_{ij11} = \begin{array}{c} 1 \text{ if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 \text{ if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{array}$ 

b. 
$$\hat{Y} = 77.10000 + 4.90000X_1 + 3.90000X_2 + 2.23333X_3 + 3.23333X_4 + 1.23333X_5 + .90000X_6 - 1.10000X_7 - 3.76667X_8 - 4.10000X_9 - 6.50000X_{10} - 2.50000X_{11}$$

c.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	1,728.3667	1	157.1242
$X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_{6}, X_7, X_{8}, X_9$	433.3667	9	48.1519
$X_{10}, X_{11} X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_{6}, X_7, X_{8}, X_9$	1,295.0000	2	647.5000
Error	112.3333	18	6.2407
Total	1,840.7000	29	

d.  $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  equal zero.  $F^* = (1, 295.0000/2 \div (112.3333/18) = 103.754, F(.95; 2, 18) = 3.55.$  If  $F^* \leq 3.55$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

23.18. a. 
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_i + \tau_j + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6}$$

$$+ \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \tau_1 X_{ij10} + \tau_2 X_{ij11} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$1 \text{ if experimental unit from block 1}$$

 $X_{ij1} = -1$  if experimental unit from block 10 0 otherwise

 $X_{ij2}, \dots, X_{ij9}$  are defined similarly

 $X_{ij10} = 1$  if experimental unit received treatment 1 0 otherwise

 $X_{ij11} = 1$  if experimental unit received treatment 2 0 otherwise

b. 
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6}$$

$$+\rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

c. Full model: 
$$\hat{Y} = 77.15556 + 4.84444X_1 + 4.40000X_2 + 2.17778X_3 + 3.17778X_4 + 1.17778X_5 + .84444X_6 - 1.15556X_7 - 3.82222X_8 - 4.15556X_9 - 6.55556X_{10} - 2.55556X_{11}$$

$$SSE(F) = 110.6667$$

Reduced model: 
$$\hat{Y} = 76.70000 + 5.30000X_1 + .30000X_2 + 2.63333X_3 + 3.63333X_4 + 1.63333X_5 + 1.30000X_6 - .70000X_7 - 3.36667X_8 - 3.70000X_9$$

$$SSE(R) = 1,311.3333$$

 $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  equal zero.

$$F^* = (1, 200.6666/2) \div (110.6667/17) = 92.22, F(.95; 2, 17) = 3.59.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.59$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

d. 
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = -11.66667, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_i\} = .44604 \ (i=1,2), \ s\{\hat{\tau}_1,\hat{\tau}_2\} = -.20494, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = 1.1876, \ t(.975;17) = 2.11,$$
  
 $-11.66667 \pm 2.11(1.1876), \ -14.17 \le L \le -9.16$ 

- 23.20. See Problem 19.10a.  $L_1 = .3\mu_{11} + .6\mu_{21} + .1\mu_{31}, L_2 = .3\mu_{12} + .6\mu_{22} + .1\mu_{32}.$   $H_0$ :  $L_1 = L_2, H_a$ :  $L_1 \neq L_2$ .  $\hat{L}_1 \hat{L}_2 = 25.43332 25.05001 = .38331, MSE = 2.3889, s\{\hat{L}_1 \hat{L}_2\} = .6052,$   $t^* = .38331/.6052 = .63, t(.975; 30) = 2.042.$  If  $|t^*| \leq 2.042$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .53
- 23.23.  $H_0$ :  $\frac{4\mu_{11}+4\mu_{12}+2\mu_{13}}{10}=\frac{4\mu_{21}+4\mu_{22}+3\mu_{23}}{11}$ ,  $H_a$ : equality does not hold.  $\bar{Y}_{...}=93.714$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{1...}=143$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{2...}=48.91$   $SSA=10(143-93.714)^2+11(48.91-93.714)^2=46,372$   $F^*=(46,372/1)\div(1,423.1667/15)=488.8$ , F(.99;1,15)=8.68. If  $F^*\leq 8.68$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value =0+

### MULTIFACTOR STUDIES

24.6. a.  $e_{ijkm}$ :

b. 
$$r = .973$$

24.7. a. 
$$\bar{Y}_{111.}=36.1333, \ \bar{Y}_{112.}=56.5000, \ \bar{Y}_{121.}=52.3333, \ \bar{Y}_{122.}=71.9333, \ \bar{Y}_{211.}=46.9000, \ \bar{Y}_{212.}=68.2667, \ \bar{Y}_{221.}=64.1333, \ \bar{Y}_{222.}=83.4667$$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	4,772.25835	7	681.75119
A (chemical)	788.90667	1	788.90667
B (temperature)	1,539.20167	1	1,539.20167
C  (time)	2,440.16667	1	2,440.16667
AB interactions	.24000	1	.24000
AC interactions	.20167	1	.20167
BC interactions	2.94000	1	2.94000
ABC interactions	.60167	1	.60167
Error	53.74000	16	3.35875
Total	4,825.99835	23	

- c.  $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$  equal zero.  $F^* = .60167/3.35875 = .18$ , F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If  $F^* \leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .68
- d.  $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  equal zero.  $F^* = .24000/3.35875 = .07$ , F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If  $F^* \leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .79

 $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$  equal zero.  $F^* = .20167/3.35875 = .06$ , F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If  $F^* \leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .81

 $H_0$ : all  $(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$  equal zero.  $F^* = 2.94000/3.35875 = .875$ , F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If  $F^* \leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .36

e.  $H_0$ : all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero (i = 1, 2),  $H_a$ : not all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero.  $F^* = 788.90667/3.35875 = 234.88$ , F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If  $F^* \leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

 $H_0$ : all  $\beta_j$  equal zero (j=1,2),  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_j$  equal zero.  $F^*=1,539.20167/3.35875=458.27$ , F(.975;1,16)=6.12. If  $F^*\leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

 $H_0$ : all  $\gamma_k$  equal zero (k = 1, 2),  $H_a$ : not all  $\gamma_k$  equal zero.  $F^* = 2,440.1667/3.35875 = 726.51$ , F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If  $F^* \leq 6.12$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

- f.  $\alpha < .1624$
- 24.8. a.  $\hat{D}_1 = 65.69167 54.22500 = 11.46667$ ,  $\hat{D}_2 = 67.96667 51.95000 = 16.01667$ ,  $\hat{D}_3 = 70.04167 49.87500 = 20.16667$ , MSE = 3.35875,  $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .7482$  (i = 1, 2, 3), B = t(.99167; 16) = 2.673  $11.46667 \pm 2.673(.7482) \quad 9.467 \le D_1 \le 13.467$  $16.01667 \pm 2.673(.7482) \quad 14.017 \le D_2 \le 18.017$  $20.16667 \pm 2.673(.7482) \quad 18.167 \le D_3 \le 22.167$ 
  - b.  $\bar{Y}_{222.} = 83.46667$ ,  $s\{\bar{Y}_{222.}\} = 1.0581$ , t(.975; 16) = 2.120,  $83.46667 \pm 2.120(1.0581)$ ,  $81.2235 \le \mu_{222} \le 85.7098$
- 24.15. a.  $Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_1 X_{ijkm1} + \beta_1 X_{ijkm2} + \gamma_1 X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} + (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} + (\beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$

$$X_{ijk1} = egin{array}{ccccc} 1 & \mbox{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \mbox{if case from level 2 for factor } A \end{array}$$

$$X_{ijk2} = egin{array}{c} 1 \ \mbox{if case from level 1 for factor } B \ -1 \ \mbox{if case from level 2 for factor } B \end{array}$$

$$X_{ijk3} =$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
1 \text{ if case from level 1 for factor } C \\
-1 \text{ if case from level 2 for factor } C
\end{array}$$

- b.  $Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \beta_1 X_{ijkm2} + \gamma_1 X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} + (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} + (\beta \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$
- c. <u>Full model</u>:

$$\hat{Y} = 60.01667 - 5.67500X_1 - 8.06667X_2 - 10.02500X_3 + .04167X_1X_2 + .15000X_1X_3 - .40833X_2X_3 + .10000X_1X_2X_3,$$

$$SSE(F) = 49.4933$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 61.15167 - 9.20167X_2 - 8.89000X_3 - 1.09333X_1X_2 + 1.28500X_1X_3 - 1.54333X_2X_3 - 1.03500X_1X_2X_3,$$

$$SSE(R) = 667.8413$$

$$H_0: \alpha_1 = 0, H_a: \alpha_1 \neq 0.$$

$$F^* = (618.348/1) \div (49.4933/14) = 174.91, F(.975; 1, 14) = 6.298.$$

If  $F^* \leq 6.298$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

d. 
$$\hat{D} = \hat{\mu}_{2..} - \hat{\mu}_{1..} = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_1 = -2\hat{\alpha}_1 = 11.35000, \ s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .18413, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .8582, \ t(.975; 14) = 2.145,$$

$$11.35000 \pm 2.145(.8582), 9.509 \le D \le 13.191$$

24.17. 
$$\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{1.8} = 4.1475, n = 14$$

## RANDOM AND MIXED EFFECTS MODELS

- 25.5. b.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\mu}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\mu}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = .45787/.03097 = 14.78$ , F(.95; 5, 114) = 2.29. If  $F^* \le 2.29$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
  - c.  $\bar{Y}_{..} = .22767, n_T = 120, s\{\bar{Y}_{..}\} = .06177, t(.975; 5) = 2.571,$  $.22767 \pm 2.571(.06177), .0689 \le \mu_{.} \le .3865$

25.6. a. 
$$F(.025; 5, 114) = .1646, F(.975; 5, 114) = 2.680, L = .22583, U = 4.44098$$
 
$$.1842 \le \frac{\sigma_{\mu}^2}{\sigma_{\mu}^2 + \sigma^2} \le .8162$$

- b.  $\chi^2(.025; 114) = 90.351, \, \chi^2(.975; 114) = 145.441, \, .02427 \le \sigma^2 \le .03908$
- c.  $s_{\mu}^2 = .02135$
- d. Satterthwaite:

$$df = (ns_{\mu}^{2})^{2} \div [(MSTR)^{2}/(r-1) + (MSE)^{2}/r(n-1)]$$
  
=  $[20(.02135)]^{2} \div [(.45787)^{2}/5 + (.03907)^{2}/6(19)] = 4.35,$ 

$$\chi^2(.025;4) = .484,\, \chi^2(.975;4) = 11.143$$

$$.0083 = \frac{4.35(.02135)}{11.143} \le \sigma_{\mu}^{2} \le \frac{4.35(.02135)}{.484} = .192$$

$$\begin{split} MLS: \ c_1 &= .05, \ c_2 = -.05, \ MS_1 = .45787, \ MS_2 = .03907, \ df_1 = 5, \ df_2 = 114, \\ F_1 &= F(.975; 5, \infty) = 2.57, \ F_2 = F(.975; 114, \infty) = 1.28, \ F_3 = F(.975; \infty, 5) = \\ 6.02, F_4 &= F(.975; \infty, 114) = 1.32, F_5 = F(.975; 5, 114) = 2.68, F_6 = F(.975; 114, 5) = \\ 6.07, \ G_1 &= .6109, \ G_2 = .2188, \ G_3 = .0147, \ G_4 = -.2076, \ H_L = .014, \ H_U = .115, \\ .02135 - .014, \ .02135 + .115, \ .0074 \leq \sigma_{\mu}^2 \leq .1364 \end{split}$$

- 25.16. a.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = 303.822/52.011 = 5.84$ , F(.99; 4, 36) = 3.89. If  $F^* \le 3.89$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .001
  - b.  $s_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 50.362$
  - c.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = 12.289/52.011 = .24$ , F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If  $F^* \le 5.25$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

d.  $H_0$ : all  $\beta_j$  equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_j$  equal zero.  $F^* = 14.156/303.822 = .047$ , F(.99; 2, 4) = 18.0.

If  $F^* \leq 18.0$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

e.  $\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 56.133, \ \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 56.600, \ \bar{Y}_{.3.} = 54.733, \ \hat{D}_{1} = \bar{Y}_{.1.} - \bar{Y}_{.2.} = -.467, \ \hat{D}_{2} = \bar{Y}_{.1.} - \bar{Y}_{.3.} = -1.400, \ \hat{D}_{3} = \bar{Y}_{.2.} - \bar{Y}_{.3.} = 1.867, \ s\{\hat{D}_{i}\} = 6.3647 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.95; 3, 4) = 5.04, \ T = 3.5638$ 

 $-.467 \pm 3.5638(6.3647)$   $-23.150 \le D_1 \le 22.216$   $-1.400 \pm 3.5638(6.3647)$   $-24.083 \le D_2 \le 21.283$  $1.867 \pm 3.5638(6.3647)$   $-20.816 \le D_3 \le 24.550$ 

- f.  $\hat{\mu}_{.1} = 56.1333$ , MSA = 12.28889, MSAB = 303.82222,  $s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{.1}\} = (2/45)(303.82222) + (1/45)(12.28889) = 13.7763$ ,  $s\{\hat{u}_{.1}\} = 3.712$ ,  $df = (13.7763)^2 \div \{[(2/45)(303.82222)]^2/4 + [(1/45)(12.28889)]^2/2\} = 4.16$ , t(.995;4) = 4.60,  $56.1333 \pm 4.60(3.712)$ ,  $39.06 \le \mu_{.1} \le 73.21$
- g.  $MSA = 12.28889, \ MSE = 52.01111, \ s_{\alpha}^2 = (MSA MSE)/nb = -2.648, \ c_1 = 1/15, \ c_2 = -1/15, \ df_1 = 2, \ df_2 = 36, \ F_1 = F(.995; 2, \infty) = 5.30, \ F_2 = F(.995; 36, \infty) = 1.71, \ F_3 = F(.995; \infty, 2) = 200, \ F_4 = F(.995; \infty, 36) = 2.01, \ F_5 = F(.995; 2, 36) = 6.16, \ F_6 = F(.995; 36, 2) = 199.5, \ G_1 = .8113, \ G_2 = .4152, \ G_3 = .1022, \ G_4 = -35.3895, \ H_L = 3.605, \ H_U = 162.730, -2.648 3.605, \ -2.648 + 162.730, -6.253 \le \sigma_{\alpha}^2 \le 160.082$
- 25.19. a.  $e_{ij}$ :

c.  $H_0$ : D = 0,  $H_a$ :  $D \neq 0$ .  $SSBL.TR^* = 27.729$ ,  $SSRem^* = 94.521$ ,  $F^* = (27.729/1) \div (94.521/27) = 7.921$ , F(.995; 1, 27) = 9.34. If  $F^* \leq 9.34$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

25.20. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	4,826.375	7	689.48214
Paint type	531.350	4	132.83750
Error	122.250	28	4.36607
Total	5,479.975	39	

b.  $H_0$ : all  $\tau_j$  equal zero (j = 1, ..., 5),  $H_a$ : not all  $\tau_j$  equal zero.

 $F^* = 132.83750/4.36607 = 30.425, F(.95; 4, 28) = 2.71.$ 

If  $F^* \leq 2.71$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

- c.  $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 20.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.2} = 23.625, \ \bar{Y}_{.3} = 19.000, \ \bar{Y}_{.4} = 29.375, \ \bar{Y}_{.5} = 21.125, \ \hat{L}_{1} = 20.500$  $\hat{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2} = -3.125, \ \hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.3} = 1.500, \ \hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.4} = -8.875, \ \hat{L}_4 = -8.875$  $\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.5} = -.625, \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.0448 \ (i = 1, ..., 4), \ B = t(.9875; 28) = 2.369$ 
  - $-5.60 \le L_1 \le -.65$  $-3.125 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$ 
    - $1.500 \pm 2.369 (1.0448)$  $-.98 < L_2 < 3.98$
  - $-.98 \le L_2 \le 3.98$ <br/> $-11.35 \le L_3 \le -6.40$  $-8.875 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$
  - $-.625 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$  $-3.10 \le L_4 \le 1.85$
- d.  $\hat{L} = \frac{1}{3}(\bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{.3} + \bar{Y}_{.5}) \frac{1}{2}(\bar{Y}_{.2} + \bar{Y}_{.4}) = -6.29167, s\{\hat{L}\} = .6744, t(.975; 28) = 2.048,$  $-6.29167 \pm 2.048(.6744), -7.67 \le L \le -4.91$
- 25.23. a.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = MSABC/MSE = 1.49/2.30 = .648$ , F(.975; 8, 60) = 2.41. If  $F^* \leq 2.41$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - b.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = MSAB/MSABC = 2.40/1.49 = 1.611$ , F(.99;2,8) = 8.65. If  $F^* \leq 8.65$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - c.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$ .  $F^{**} = MSB/(MSAB + MSBC MSABC) = 0$ 4.20/(2.40+3.13-1.49) = 1.04, df = 16.32161/5.6067 = 2.91, F(.99;1,3) = 34.1.If  $F^{**} \leq 34.1$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
  - d.  $s_{\alpha}^2 = (MSA MSAB MSAC + MSABC)/nbc = .126$  $df = [(8.650/30) - (2.40/30) - (3.96/30) + (1.49/30)]^{2}$

$$\div \left[ \frac{(8.65/30)^2}{2} + \frac{(2.40/30)^2}{2} + \frac{(3.96/30)^2}{8} + \frac{(1.49/30)^2}{8} \right] = .336$$

 $\chi^2(.025;1) = .001, \, \chi^2(.975;1) = 5.02$ 

$$.008 = \frac{.336(.126)}{5.02} \le \sigma_{\alpha}^2 \le \frac{.336(.126)}{.001} = 42.336$$

- 25.26. a.  $\hat{\mu}_{..} = 55.593$ ,  $\hat{\beta}_1 = .641$ ,  $\hat{\beta}_2 = .218$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2 = 5.222$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 15.666$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 55.265$ , no (Note: Unrestricted estimators are same except that variance component for random effect A is zero.)
  - b. Estimates remain the same.
  - c.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$ . z(.99) = 2.326,  $s\{\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^2\} = 13.333$ ,  $z^* = 15.666/13.333 = 15.666/13.333$ 1.175. If  $z^* \leq 2.326$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .12.
  - d.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_j = 0$  (j = 1, 2, 3).  $-2\log_e L(R) = 295.385$ ,  $-2\log_e L(F) = 295.253, X^2 = 295.385 - 295.253 = .132, \chi^2(.99; 2) = 9.21.$  If  $X^2 \le 9.21$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .94.
  - $z(.995) = 2.576, 15.666 \pm 2.576(13.333), -18.680 \le \alpha_{\alpha\beta}^2 \le 50.012$

## NESTED DESIGNS, SUBSAMPLING, AND PARTIALLY NESTED DESIGNS

26.9. a.  $e_{ijk}$ :

		i = 1				i = 2	
k	j=1	j=2	j=3	k	j=1	j=2	j=3
1	1.8	-12.8	-9.6	1	-7.2	-2.6	8.8
2	15.8	8	7.4	2	3.8	-15.6	-8.2
3	-5.2	3.2	16.4	3	-15.2	6.4	-10.2
4	2	-3.8	-14.6	4	7.8	11.4	11.8
5	-12.2	14.2	.4	5	10.8	.4	-2.2

26.10. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
States (A)	6,976.84	2	3,488.422
Cities within states $[B(A)]$	167.60	6	27.933
Error $(E)$	3,893.20	36	108.144
Total	11,037.64	44	

- b.  $H_0$ : all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero (i=1,2,3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero.  $F^*=3,488.422/108.144=32.257$ , F(.95;2,36)=3.26. If  $F^*\leq 3.26$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value =0+
- c.  $H_0$ : all  $\beta_{j(i)}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_{j(i)}$  equal zero.  $F^* = 27.933/108.144 = .258$ , F(.95; 6, 36) = 2.36. If  $F^* \leq 2.36$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

P-value = .95

d. 
$$\alpha < .10$$

- 26.11. a.  $\bar{Y}_{11.} = 40.2$ ,  $s\{\bar{Y}_{11.}\} = 4.6507$ , t(.975; 36) = 2.0281,  $40.2 \pm 2.0281(4.6507)$ ,  $30.77 \le \mu_{11} \le 49.63$ 
  - b.  $\bar{Y}_{1..}=40.8667, \ \bar{Y}_{2..}=57.3333, \ \bar{Y}_{3..}=26.8667, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{i..}\}=2.6851 \ (i=1,2,3), \ t(.995;36)=2.7195$

$$40.8667 \pm 2.7195(2.6851)$$
  $33.565 \le \mu_1 \le 48.169$   
 $57.3333 \pm 2.7195(2.6851)$   $50.031 \le \mu_2 \le 64.635$   
 $26.8667 \pm 2.7195(2.6851)$   $19.565 \le \mu_3 \le 34.169$ 

c.  $\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = -16.4666$ ,  $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = 14.0000$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = 30.4666$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 3.7973$  (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.90; 3, 36) = 2.998, T = 2.120

$$-16.4666 \pm 2.120(3.7973)$$
  $-24.52 \le L_1 \le -8.42$   
 $14.0000 \pm 2.120(3.7973)$   $5.95 \le L_2 \le 22.05$   
 $30.4666 \pm 2.120(3.7973)$   $22.42 \le L_3 \le 38.52$ 

- d.  $\hat{L} = 12.4, s\{\hat{L}\} = 6.5771, t(.975; 36) = 2.0281, 12.4 \pm 2.0281(6.5771), -.94 \le L \le 25.74$
- 26.12. a.  $\beta_{j(i)}$  are independent  $N(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2)$ ;  $\beta_{j(i)}$  are independent of  $\epsilon_{k(j)}$ .
  - b.  $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 0$ , yes.
  - c.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = 27.933/108.144 = .258$ , F(.90; 6, 36) = 1.94. If  $F^* \le 1.94$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .95
  - d.  $H_0$ : all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero  $(i=1,2,3), H_a$ : not all  $\alpha_i$  equal zero.  $F^*=3,488.422/27.933=124.885, <math>F(.90;2,6)=3.46$ . If  $F^*\leq 3.46$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
  - e. See Problem 26.11c.  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.9299 \ (i=1,2,3), \ q(.90;3,6) = 3.56, \ T=2.5173$   $-16.4666 \pm 2.5173(1.9299) \qquad -21.32 \le L_1 \le -11.61$   $14.0000 \pm 2.5173(1.9299) \qquad 9.14 \le L_2 \le 18.86$   $30.4666 \pm 2.5173(1.9299) \qquad 25.61 \le L_3 \le 35.32$
  - f.  $H_0$ : all  $\sigma^2\{\beta_{j(i)}\}$  are equal (i = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\sigma^2\{\beta_{j(i)}\}$  are equal.  $H^* = 37.27/16.07 = 2.32$ , H(.95; 3, 2) = 87.5. If  $H^* \leq 87.5$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- 26.13. a.  $\alpha_i$  are independent  $N(0, \sigma_{\alpha}^2)$ ;  $\beta_{j(i)}$  are independent  $N(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2)$ ;  $\alpha_i, \beta_{j(i)}$ , and  $\epsilon_{k(ij)}$  are independent.
  - b.  $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 0$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2 = 230.699$
  - c.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = 3,488.422/27.933 = 124.885$ , F(.99;2,6) = 10.9. If  $F^* \le 10.9$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

- d.  $c_1 = 1/15, c_2 = -1/15, MS_1 = 3488.422, MS_2 = 27.933, df_1 = 2, df_2 = 6,$   $F_1 = F(.995; 2, \infty) = 5.30, F_2 = F(.995; 6, \infty) = 3.09, F_3 = F(.995; \infty, 2) = 200,$   $F_4 = F(.995; \infty, 6) = 8.88, F_5 = F(.995; 2, 6) = 14.5, F_6 = F(.995; 6, 2) = 199,$  $G_1 = .8113, G_2 = .6764, G_3 = -1.2574, G_4 = -93.0375, H_L = 187.803, H_U = 46,279.30, 230.699 - 187.803, 230.699 + 46,279.30, 42.90 <math>\leq \sigma_{\alpha}^2 \leq 46,510.00$
- e.  $\bar{Y}_{...} = 41.6889$ ,  $s\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = 8.8046$ , t(.995; 2) = 9.925,  $41.6889 \pm 9.925(8.8046)$ ,  $-45.70 < \mu_{..} < 129.07$

#### 26.19. $e_{ijk}$ :

		i = 1				i=2	
k	j = 1	j=2	j=3	k	j=1	j=2	j=3
1	4000	.0333	3667	1	.0667	.4333	2000
2	.0000	.3333	.0333	2	2333	.0667	.3000
3	.4000	3667	.3333	3	.1667	3667	1000
		i = 3				i = 4	
k	j = 1	j=2	j=3	k	j=1	j=2	j=3
1	4333	1333	3667	1	0667	3000	.4000
2	.1667	.4667	.3333	2	.4333	.2000	.0000
3	.2667	3333	0667	3	3667	.1000	4000
r =	.972						

#### 26.20. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Plants	343.1789	3	114.3930
Leaves, within plants	187.4533	8	23.4317
Observations, within leaves	3.0333	24	.1264
Total	533.6655	35	

- b.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma_{\tau}^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma_{\tau}^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = 114.3930/23.4317 = 4.88$ , F(.95; 3, 8) = 4.07. If  $F^* \le 4.07$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .03
- c.  $H_0$ :  $\sigma^2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma^2 > 0$ .  $F^* = 23.4317/.1264 = 185.38$ , F(.95; 8, 24) = 2.36. If  $F^* \le 2.36$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
- d.  $\bar{Y}_{...} = 14.26111, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = 1.7826, \ t(.975;3) = 3.182,$   $14.26111 \pm 3.182(1.7826), \ 8.59 \leq \mu_{..} \leq 19.93$
- e.  $\hat{\sigma}_{\tau}^2 = 10.1068$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 7.7684$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_{\eta}^2 = .1264$
- f.  $c_1=1/9=.1111,\ c_2=-1/9=-.1111,\ MS_1=114.3930,\ MS_2=23.4317,\ df_1=3,\ df_2=8,\ F_1=F(.95;3,\infty)=2.60,\ F_2=F(.95;8,\infty)=1.94,\ F_3=F(.95;\infty,3)=8.53,\ F_4=F(.95;\infty,8)=2.93,\ F_5=F(.95;3,8)=4.07,\ F_6=F(.95;8,3)=8.85,\ G_1=.6154,\ G_2=.4845,\ G_3=-.1409,\ G_4=-1.5134,\ H_L=9.042,\ H_U=95.444,\ 10.1068-9.042,\ 10.1068+95.444,\ 1.065\leq\sigma_{\tau}^2\leq105.551$

## REPEATED MEASURES AND RELATED DESIGNS

27.6. a.  $e_{ij}$ :

r = .992

d.  $H_0$ :  $D=0,\ H_a$ :  $D\neq 0$ .  $SSTR.S=9.5725,\ SSTR.S^*=2.9410,\ SSRem^*=6.6315,\ F^*=(2.9410/1)\div(6.6315/13)=5.765,\ F(.99;1,13)=9.07.$  If  $F^*\leq 9.07$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value =.032

27.7. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Stores	745.1850	7	106.4550
Prices	67.4808	2	33.7404
Error	9.5725	14	.68375
Total	822.2383	23	

- b.  $H_0$ : all  $\tau_j$  equal zero  $(j=1,2,3), H_a$ : not all  $\tau_j$  equal zero.  $F^*=33.7404/.68375=49.346, <math>F(.95;2,14)=3.739.$  If  $F^*\leq 3.739$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+
- c.  $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 55.4375$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{.2} = 53.6000$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{.3} = 51.3375$ ,  $\hat{L}_{1} = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.2} = 1.8375$ ,  $\hat{L}_{2} = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.3} = 4.1000$ ,  $\hat{L}_{3} = \bar{Y}_{.2} \bar{Y}_{.3} = 2.2625$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_{i}\} = .413446$  (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.95; 3, 14) = 3.70, T = 2.616

$$1.8375 \pm 2.616(.413446)$$
  $.756 \le L_1 \le 2.919$   
 $4.1000 \pm 2.616(.413446)$   $3.018 \le L_2 \le 5.182$ 

 $2.2625 \pm 2.616(.413446) \qquad 1.181 \le L_3 \le 3.344$ 

d. 
$$\hat{E} = 48.08$$

27.9.  $H_0$ : all  $\tau_j$  equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\tau_j$  equal zero. MSTR = 8, MSTR.S = 0,  $F_R^* = 8/0$ . Note: Nonparametric F test results in SSTR.S = 0 and therefore should not be used.

#### 27.13. a. $e_{ijk}$ :

r = .981

27.14. a. 
$$H_0$$
:  $\sigma^2\{\rho_{i(1)}\} = \sigma^2\{\rho_{i(2)}\}$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma^2\{\rho_{i(1)}\} \neq \sigma^2\{\rho_{i(2)}\}$ .  
 $SSS(A_1) = 1,478,757.00$ ,  $SSS(A_2) = 1,525,262.25$ ,  
 $H^* = (1,525,262.25/3) \div (1,478,757.00/3) = 1.03$ ,  $H(.99;2,3) = 47.5$ .  
If  $H^* \leq 47.5$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

b. 
$$H_0$$
:  $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{1jk}\} = \sigma^2\{\epsilon_{2jk}\}$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{1jk}\} \neq \sigma^2\{\epsilon_{2jk}\}$ .  
 $SSB.S(A_1) = 1,653.00$ ,  $SSB.S(A_2) = 2,172.25$ ,  
 $H^* = (2,172.25/9) \div (1,653.00/9) = 1.31$ ,  $H(.99;2,9) = 6.54$ .  
If  $H^* \leq 6.54$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

#### 27.15. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
$\overline{A}$ (type display)	266, 085.1250	1	266, 085.1250
S(A)	3,004,019.2500	6	500,669.8750
B  (time)	53,321.6250	3	17,773.8750
AB interactions	690.6250	3	230.2083
Error	3,825.2500	18	212.5139
Total	3, 327, 941.8750	31	

b. 
$$\bar{Y}_{.11}=681.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.12}=696.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.13}=671.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.14}=785.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.21}=508.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.22}=512.250, \ \bar{Y}_{.23}=496.000, \ \bar{Y}_{.24}=588.750$$

c. 
$$H_0$$
: all  $(\alpha \beta)_{jk}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha \beta)_{jk}$  equal zero.  
 $F^* = 230.2083/212.5139 = 1.08$ ,  $F(.975; 3, 18) = 3.95$ .  
If  $F^* \leq 3.95$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .  $P$ -value = .38

d. 
$$H_0$$
:  $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\alpha_j$  equal zero.  
 $F^* = 266,085.1250/500,669.8750 = .53$ ,  $F(.975;1,6) = 8.81$ .

If  $F^* \leq 8.81$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .49

 $H_0$ : all  $\beta_k$  equal zero (k = 1, ..., 4),  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_k$  equal zero.

$$F^* = 17,773.8750/212.5139 = 83.636, F(.975;3,18) = 3.95.$$

If  $F^* \leq 3.95$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = 0+

e.  $\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 708.750$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{.2.} = 526.375$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{..1} = 595.000$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{..2} = 604.375$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{..3} = 583.750$ ,  $\bar{Y}_{..4} = 687.125$ ,  $\hat{L}_1 = 182.375$ ,  $\hat{L}_2 = -9.375$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = 20.625$ ,  $\hat{L}_4 = -103.375$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 250.1674$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 7.2889$  (i = 2, 3, 4),  $B_1 = t(.9875; 6) = 2.969$ ,  $B_i = t(.9875; 18) = 2.445$  (i = 2, 3, 4)

$$182.375 \pm 2.969(250.1674)$$
  $-560.372 \le L_1 \le 925.122$   $-9.375 \pm 2.445(7.2889)$   $-27.196 \le L_2 \le 8.446$   $20.625 \pm 2.445(7.2889)$   $2.804 \le L_3 \le 38.446$   $-103.375 \pm 2.445(7.2889)$   $-121.196 \le L_4 \le -85.554$ 

#### 27.18. a. $e_{ijk}$ :

	j =	= 1	j =	= 2
i	k = 1	k=2	k=1	k=2
1	045	.045	.045	045
2	120	.120	.120	120
3	.080	080	080	.080
4	045	.045	.045	045
5	.080	080	080	.080
6	.055	055	055	.055
7	.030	030	030	.030
8	045	.045	.045	045
9	.055	055	055	.055
10	045	.045	.045	045
r = .	973			

#### 27.19. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Subjects	154.579	9	17.175
A	3.025	1	3.025
B	14.449	1	11.449
AB	.001	1	.001
AS	2.035	9	.226
BS	5.061	9	.562
ABS	.169	9	.019
Total	176.319	39	

- b.  $\bar{Y}_{.11} = 3.93, \, \bar{Y}_{.12} = 5.01, \, \bar{Y}_{.21} = 4.49, \, \bar{Y}_{.22} = 5.55$
- c.  $H_0$ : all  $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$  equal zero,  $H_a$ : not all  $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$  equal zero.

$$F^* = .001/.019 = .05, F(.995; 1, 9) = 13.6.$$

If  $F^* \leq 13.6$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .82

d.  $H_0$ :  $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\alpha_j$  equal zero.

$$F^* = 3.025/.226 = 13.38, F(.995; 1, 9) = 13.6.$$

If  $F^* \leq 13.6$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ . P-value = .005

$$H_0$$
:  $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not both  $\beta_k$  equal zero.

$$F^* = 11.449/.562 = 20.36, F(.995; 1, 9) = 13.6.$$

If  $F^* \leq 13.6$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .001

e. 
$$\hat{L}_1 = .56$$
,  $\hat{L}_2 = 1.08$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = -.52$ ,  $\hat{L}_4 = 1.62$ ,

$$s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .0613 \ (i = 1, ..., 4), \ B = t(.99375; 27) = 3.11$$

$$.56 \pm 3.11(.0613)$$
  $.37 \le L_1 \le .75$ 

$$1.08 \pm 3.11(.0613)$$
  $.89 \le L_2 \le 1.27$ 

$$-.52 \pm 3.11(.0613)$$
  $-.71 \le L_3 \le -.33$ 

$$1.62 \pm 3.11(.0613)$$
  $1.43 \le L_4 \le 1.81$ 

## BALANCED INCOMPLETE BLOCK, LATIN SQUARE, AND RELATED DESIGNS

28.8.  $e_{ij}$ :

i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4
1	13.2083	8.8333	-22.0417	
2	-7.9167	4.7083		3.2083
3	-5.2917		-1.5417	6.8333
4		-13.5417	23.5833	-10.0417

r = .996

28.9. a. 
$$\hat{\mu}_{..} = 297.667$$
,  $\hat{\tau}_1 = -45.375$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_2 = -41.000$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_3 = 30.875$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_4 = 55.550$   $\hat{\mu}_{.1} = 252.292$ ,  $\hat{\mu}_{.2} = 256.667$ ,  $\hat{\mu}_{.3} = 328.542$ ,  $\hat{\mu}_{.4} = 353.167$ 

- b.  $H_0$ :  $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = \tau_3 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\tau_j$  equal zero. SSE(F) = 1750.9, SSE(R) = 22480,  $F^* = (20729.1/3) \div (1750.9/5) = 19.73$ , F(.95; 3, 5) = 5.41. If  $F^* \le 5.41$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .003
- c.  $H_0$ :  $\rho_1 = \rho_2 = \rho_3 = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\rho_i$  equal zero. SSE(F) = 14.519, SSE(R) = 22789,  $F^* = (21038.1/3) \div (1750.9/5) = 20.03$ , F(.95; 3, 5) = 5.41. If  $F^* \le 5.41$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .003
- d.  $\hat{\mu}_{.1} = 252.292, \ s^2(\hat{\mu}_{.1}) = s^2(\hat{\mu}_{..}) + s^2(\hat{\tau}_1) = (.08333 + .28125)350.2 = 127.68,$  $B = t(.975; 5) = 2.571, \ 252.292 \pm 2.571(11.30), \ 223.240 \le \mu_{.1} \le 281.344$

e.

95% C.I.	lower	$\operatorname{center}$	upper
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.2}$	-64.19	-4.375	55.44
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.3}$	-136.07	-76.250	-16.43
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.4}$	-160.69	-100.875	-41.06
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.3}$	-131.70	-71.87	-12.06
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.4}$	-156.30	-96.50	-36.68
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.4}$	-84.44	-24.63	35.19

28.10. 
$$r = 4$$
, and  $r_b = 3$ ,  $df_e = 4n - 4 - 4n/3 + 1 = 8n/3 - 3$ .

Since 
$$n_p = n(3-1)/(4-1) = 2n/3$$
,  $\sigma^2\{\hat{D}_j\} = 2\sigma^2(3)/(4n_p) = 9\sigma^2/(4n)$   
 $T\sigma\{\hat{D}_j\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}q[.95; 4, 8n/3 - 3]\sqrt{\frac{9\sigma^2}{4n}}$ 

For  $\sigma^2 = 2.0$  and  $T\sigma\{\hat{D}_j\} \leq 1.5$ , so we need to iterate to find n so that  $n \geq 2q^2[.95; 4, 8n/3 - 3]$ 

We iteratively find  $n \geq 28$ . Since design 2 in Table 28.1 has n = 3, we require that design 2 be repeated 10 times. Thus, n = 30, and  $n_b = 40$ .

#### 28.14. $e_{ijk}$ :

28.15. a. 
$$\bar{Y}_{..1} = 1.725, \, \bar{Y}_{..2} = 1.900, \, \bar{Y}_{..3} = 2.175, \, \bar{Y}_{..4} = 2.425$$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Rows (sales volumes)	5.98187	3	1.99396
Columns (locations)	.12188	3	.04062
Treatments (prices)	1.13688	3	.37896
Error	.11875	6	.01979
Total	7.35938	15	

 $H_0$ : all  $\tau_k$  equal zero (k=1,...,4),  $H_a$ : not all  $\tau_k$  equal zero.  $F^*=.37896/.01979=19.149$ , F(.95;3,6)=4.76. If  $F^*\leq 4.76$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ . P-value = .002

c. 
$$\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..2} = -.175$$
,  $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..3} = -.450$ ,  $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -.700$ ,  $\hat{L}_4 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..3} = -.275$ ,  $\hat{L}_5 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -.525$ ,  $\hat{L}_6 = \bar{Y}_{..3} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -.250$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .09947$   $(i = 1, ..., 6)$ ,  $q(.90; 4, 6) = 4.07$ ,  $T = 2.8779$ 

$$\begin{array}{lll} -.175 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.461 \leq L_1 \leq .111 \\ -.450 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.736 \leq L_2 \leq -.164 \\ -.700 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.986 \leq L_3 \leq -.414 \\ -.275 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.561 \leq L_4 \leq .011 \\ -.525 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.811 \leq L_5 \leq -.239 \\ -.250 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.536 \leq L_6 \leq .036 \end{array}$$

28.16. a. 
$$\hat{E}_1 = 21.1617, \, \hat{E}_2 = 1.2631, \, \hat{E}_3 = 25.9390$$

28.20. 
$$\phi = 3.399, 1 - \beta \cong .99$$

28.24. a. 
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{...} + \rho_1 X_{ijk1} + \rho_2 X_{ijk2} + \rho_3 X_{ijk3} + \kappa_1 X_{ijk4} + \kappa_2 X_{ijk5} + \kappa_3 X_{ijk6} + \tau_1 X_{ijk7} + \tau_2 X_{ijk8} + \tau_3 X_{ijk9} + \epsilon_{(ijk)}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from row blocking class 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from row blocking class 4} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $X_{ijk2}$  and  $X_{ijk3}$  are defined similarly

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from column blocking class 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from column blocking class 4} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $X_{ijk5}$  and  $X_{ijk6}$  are defined similarly

$$X_{ijk7} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 4} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $X_{ijk8}$  and  $X_{ijk9}$  are defined similarly

#### b. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.05625 - .70625X_1 - .45625X_2 + .34375X_3 + .14375X_4 - .05625X_5 - .00625X_6 - .33125X_7 - .15625X_8 + .11875X_9 SSE(F) = .1188$$

#### Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.05625 - .70625X_1 - .45625X_2 + .34375X_3 + .14375X_4 - .05625X_5 - .00625X_6$$
 
$$SSE(R) = 1.2556$$

 $H_0$ : all  $\tau_k$  equal zero (k = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\tau_k$  equal zero.  $F^* = (1.1368/3) \div (.1188/6) = 19.138$ , F(.95; 3, 6) = 4.76. If  $F^* \le 4.76$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

c. 
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_3 - (-\hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3) = 2\hat{\tau}_3 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = -.250, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_i\} = .00371 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_3\} = s\{\hat{\tau}_2, \hat{\tau}_3\} = -.00124, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .09930, \ t(.975; 6) = 2.447, \ -.250 \pm 2.447(.09930), \ -.493 \le L \le -.007$$

#### d. (i) Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.02917 - .67917X_1 - .53750X_2 + .37083X_3 + .17083X_4 - .02917X_5$$
$$-.08750X_6 - .30417X_7 - .23750X_8 + .14583X_9$$
$$SSE(F) = .0483$$

#### Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.05556 - .70556X_1 - .45833X_2 + .34444X_3 + .14444X_4 - .05556X_5 - .00833X_6$$
  
$$SSE(R) = 1.2556$$

 $H_0$ : all  $\tau_k$  equal zero (k = 1, 2, 3),  $H_a$ : not all  $\tau_k$  equal zero.  $F^* = (1.2073/3) \div (.0483/5) = 41.66$ , F(.95; 3, 5) = 5.41. If  $F^* \le 5.41$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_a$ .

(ii) 
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 = -.06667$$
,  $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .00191$ ,  $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .00272$ ,  $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.00091$ ,  $s\{\hat{L}\} = .0803$ ,  $t(.975; 5) = 2.571$ ,  $-.06667 \pm 2.571(.0803)$ ,  $-.273 \le L \le .140$ 

# EXPLORATORY EXPERIMENTS – TWO-LEVEL FACTORIAL AND FRACTIONAL FACTORIAL DESIGNS

- 29.3. a. Six factors, two levels, 64 trials
  - b. No

29.6. a. 
$$\sigma^2\{b_1\} = \sigma^2/n_T = 5^2/64 = .391$$
. Yes, yes

b. 
$$z(.975) = 1.96, n_T = [1.96(5)/(.5)]^2 = 384.16, 384.16/64 = 6$$
 replicates

29.7. a. 
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{45} X_{i45} + \beta_{123} X_{i123} + \dots + \beta_{345} X_{i345} + \beta_{1234} X_{i1234} + \dots + \beta_{2345} X_{i2345} + \beta_{12345} X_{i12345} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$	Coe	f. $b_q$
$b_0$	6.853	$b_{14}$	239	$b_{123}$	.070	$b_{245}$	.076
$b_1$	1.606	$b_{15}$	.611	$b_{124}$	.020	$b_{345}$	576
$b_2$	099	$b_{23}$	134	$b_{125}$	118	$b_{1234}$	.062
$b_3$	1.258	$b_{24}$	127	$b_{134}$	378	$b_{1235}$	.323
$b_4$	-1.151	$b_{25}$	045	$b_{135}$	138	$b_{1245}$	.357
$b_5$	-1.338	$b_{34}$	311	$b_{145}$	183	$b_{1345}$	122
$b_{12}$	033	$b_{35}$	.912	$b_{234}$	.233	$b_{2345}$	292
$b_{13}$	.455	$b_{45}$	198	$b_{235}$	.055	$b_{1234}$	.043

29.8. a. 
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{45} X_{i45} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	$b_q$	P-value	Coef.	$b_q$	P-value
$b_0$	6.853		$b_{14}$	239	.340
$b_1$	1.606	.000	$b_{15}$	.611	.023
$b_2$	099	.689	$b_{23}$	134	.589
$b_3$	1.258	.000	$b_{24}$	127	.610
$b_4$	-1.151	.000	$b_{25}$	045	.855
$b_5$	-1.338	.000	$b_{34}$	311	.219
$b_{12}$	033	.892	$b_{35}$	.912	.002
$b_{13}$	.455	.080	$b_{45}$	198	.426

- b.  $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r = .983. If  $r \ge .9656$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- c.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_q=0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_q\neq0$ .  $s\{b_q\}=.2432$ . If P-value  $\geq .0034$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Active effects (see part a):  $\beta_1,\ \beta_3,\ \beta_4,\ \beta_5,\ \beta_{35}$
- 29.15. Defining relation: 0 = 123 = 245 = 1345

Confounding scheme:

Resolution = III, no

- 29.18. a. Defining relation: 0 = 1235 = 2346 = 1247 = 1456 = 3457 = 1367 = 2567, resolution = IV, no
  - b. Omitting four-factor and higher-order interactions:

c. 
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_7 X_{i7} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \beta_{13} X_{i13} + \beta_{14} X_{i14}$$

$$+\beta_{15}X_{i15} + \beta_{16}X_{i16} + \beta_{17}X_{i17} + \beta_{26}X_{i26} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$
$b_0$	8.028	$b_5$	.724	$b_{14}$	316
$b_1$	.127	$b_6$	467	$b_{15}$	.318
$b_2$	.003	$b_7$	766	$b_{16}$	.117
$b_3$	.021	$b_{12}$	.354	$b_{17}$	.021
$b_4$	-2.077	$b_{13}$	066	$b_{26}$	182

e.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_{12} = \cdots = \beta_{17} = \beta_{26} = 0$ ,  $H_a$ : not all  $\beta_q = 0$ .  $F^* = (6.046/7) \div (.1958/1) = 4.41$ , F(.99;7,1) = 5,928. If  $F^* \leq 5,928$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

#### 29.19. a.

(	Coef.	$b_q$	P-value	Coef.	$b_q$	P-value
	$b_0$	8.028		$b_4$	-2.077	.000
	$b_1$	.127	.581	$b_5$	.724	.011
	$b_2$	.003	.989	$b_6$	467	.067
	$b_3$	.021	.928	$b_7$	766	.008

- b.  $H_0$ : Case *i* not an outlier,  $H_a$ : case *i* an outlier (i = 3, 14).  $t_3 = 2.70$ ,  $t_{14} = -4.09$ , t(.99844; 7) = 4.41. If  $|t_i| \le 4.41$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$  for both cases.
- c.  $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r=.938. If  $r\geq .929$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- d.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_q = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_q \neq 0$ .  $s\{b_q\} = .2208$ . If P-value  $\geq .02$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Active effects (see part a):  $\beta_4$ ,  $\beta_5$ ,  $\beta_7$
- e. Set  $X_4 = -1$ ,  $X_5 = 1$ ,  $X_7 = -1$  to maximize extraction.
- 29.26. b. The seven block effects are confounded with the following interaction terms:  $\beta_{135}$ ,  $\beta_{146}$ ,  $\beta_{236}$ ,  $\beta_{245}$ ,  $\beta_{1234}$ ,  $\beta_{1256}$ ,  $\beta_{3456}$

No, no

c. 
$$Y_{i} = \beta_{0}X_{i0} + \beta_{1}X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_{6}X_{i6} + \beta_{12}X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{56}X_{i56} + \beta_{123}X_{i123}$$
$$+ \dots + \beta_{456}X_{i456} + \beta_{1235}X_{i1235} + \dots + \beta_{2456}X_{i2456} + \beta_{12345}X_{i12345}$$
$$+ \dots + \beta_{23456}X_{i23456} + \beta_{123456}X_{i123456} + \alpha_{1}Z_{i1} + \dots + \alpha_{7}Z_{i7} + \epsilon_{i}$$

where  $\alpha_1, ..., \alpha_7$  are the block effects

Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$
$\overline{b_0}$	63.922	$b_{34}$	.297	$b_{246}$	391	$b_{2356}$	.766
$b_1$	2.297	$b_{35}$	.266	$b_{256}$	.078	$b_{2456}$	.203
$b_2$	5.797	$b_{36}$	.984	$b_{345}$	672	$b_{12345}$	297
$b_3$	2.172	$b_{45}$	422	$b_{346}$	.734	$b_{12346}$	391
$b_4$	2.359	$b_{46}$	141	$b_{356}$	734	$b_{12356}$	734
$b_5$	2.828	$b_{56}$	.516	$b_{456}$	234	$b_{12456}$	422
$b_6$	2.922	$b_{123}$	.422	$b_{1235}$	.578	$b_{13456}$	109
$b_{12}$	.547	$b_{124}$	.172	$b_{1236}$	.922	$b_{23456}$	.203
$b_{13}$	266	$b_{125}$	1.391	$b_{1245}$	.453	$b_{123456}$	.016
$b_{14}$	203	$b_{126}$	.984	$b_{1246}$	.109	Block 1	-4.172
$b_{15}$	797	$b_{134}$	.297	$b_{1345}$	797	Block 2	422
$b_{16}$	141	$b_{136}$	641	$b_{1346}$	.547	Block 3	1.203
$b_{23}$	641	$b_{145}$	109	$b_{1356}$	-1.109	Block 4	6.703
$b_{24}$	-1.141	$b_{156}$	547	$b_{1456}$	109	Block 5	797
$b_{25}$	.891	$b_{234}$	.234	$b_{2345}$	.328	Block 6	-1.047
$b_{26}$	.047	$b_{235}$	.266	$b_{2346}$	578	Block 7	-9.547

#### 29.27. a.

Coef.	$b_q$	P-value	Coef.	$b_q$	P-value
$b_0$	63.922		$b_{26}$	.047	.935
$b_1$	2.297	.000	$b_{34}$	.297	.607
$b_2$	5.797	.000	$b_{35}$	.266	.645
$b_3$	2.172	.001	$b_{36}$	.984	.094
$b_4$	2.359	.000	$b_{45}$	422	.466
$b_5$	2.828	.000	$b_{46}$	141	.807
$b_6$	2.922	.000	$b_{56}$	.516	.373
$b_{12}$	.547	.346	Block 1	-4.172	.009
$b_{13}$	266	.645	Block 2	422	.782
$b_{14}$	203	.725	Block 3	1.203	.432
$b_{15}$	797	.172	Block 4	6.703	.000
$b_{16}$	141	.807	Block 5	797	.602
$b_{23}$	641	.270	Block 6	-1.047	.494
$b_{24}$	-1.141	.054	Block 7	-9.547	.000
$b_{25}$	.891	.128			

- b.  $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r = .989. If  $r \ge .9812$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .
- c.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_q = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_q \neq 0$ .  $s\{\hat{\alpha}_i\} = 1.513$  for block effects,  $s\{b_q\} = .5719$  for factor effects. If P-value  $\geq .01$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Active effects (see part a): Block effects 1, 4, 7, all main effects
- 29.28. a. See Problem 29.27a for estimated factor and block effects. (These do not change with subset model.)
  - b. Maximum team effectiveness is accomplished by setting each factor at its high level.

c.  $\hat{Y}_h = 82.297$ ,  $s\{\text{pred}\} = 4.857$ , t(.975; 50) = 2.009,  $82.297 \pm 2.009(4.857)$ ,  $72.54 \le Y_{h(new)} \le 92.05$ 

29.32. a.

b.  $\widehat{\log_e s_i^2} = -3.651 + .331X_{i1} + 1.337X_{i2} - .427X_{i3} - .275X_{i4} - .209X_{i12} + .240X_{i13} + .477X_{i14}$ .

 $X_2$  appears to be active.

- c.  $\hat{v}_i = .006819$  (for i = 1, 2, 5, 6)  $\hat{v}_i = .09887$  (for i = 3, 4, 7, 8)
- d.  $\hat{Y}_i = 7.5800 + .0772X_{i1}$
- e. From the location model:  $X_1 = +1$ ; from the dispersion model:  $X_2 = -1$
- f. From dispersion model:  $\hat{s}^2 = \exp[-3.651 + 1.337(-1)]) = .006819$ , and a 97.5% P.I. is  $[\exp(-6.16), \exp(-3.82)]$ , or (.00211, .0219).
- g.  $\widehat{MSE} = .006819 + (8 7.659)^2 = .124$

## RESPONSE SURFACE METHODOLOGY

#### 30.11. b.

Coef.	$b_q$	P-value	Coef.	$b_q$	P-value
$b_0$	1.868		$b_{13}$	038	.471
$b_1$	.190	.007	$b_{23}$	062	.251
$b_2$	.195	.006	$b_{11}$	.228	.044
$b_3$	120	.039	$b_{22}$	047	.602
$b_{12}$	.162	.020	$b_{33}$	.028	.757

d.  $H_0$ :  $\beta_q = 0$ ,  $H_a$ :  $\beta_q \neq 0$ .  $s\{b_q\} = .0431$  (for linear effects),  $s\{b_q\} = .0481$  (for interaction effects),  $s\{b_q\} = .0849$  (for quadratic effects). If P-value  $\geq .05$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Active effects (see part b):  $\beta_1$ ,  $\beta_2$ ,  $\beta_3$ ,  $\beta_{12}$ ,  $\beta_{11}$ 

#### 30.12. a.

Coef.	$b_q$	Coef.	$b_q$
$b_0$	1.860	$b_3$	120
$b_1$	.190	$b_{12}$	.162
$b_2$	.195	$b_{11}$	.220

b.  $H_0$ : Normal,  $H_a$ : not normal. r = .947. If  $r \ge .938$  conclude  $H_0$ , otherwise  $H_a$ . Conclude  $H_0$ .

D .	3 f
L)esign	Matrix:
Dongii	MIGULIA.

Design Ma	Design Matrix.		
$X_1$	$X_2$		
707	707		
.707	707		
707	.707		
.707	.707		
-1	0		
1	0		
0	-1		
0	1		
0	0		
0	0		
0	0		
0	0		
0	0		
0	0		
0	0		

#### Corner Points:

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} X_1 & X_2 \\ \hline -.707 & -.707 \\ .707 & -.707 \\ -.707 & .707 \\ .707 & .707 \end{array}$$

b.

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} .125 & 0 & 0 & -.125 & -.125 & 0 \\ 0 & .250 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & .250 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -.125 & 0 & 0 & .5 & 0 & 0 \\ -.125 & 0 & 0 & 0 & .5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

30.16. a.

$$\mathbf{b}^* = \begin{bmatrix} -2.077 \\ .724 \end{bmatrix} \qquad s = 2.200$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} t & X_1 & X_2 \\ \hline 1.5 & -1.416 & .494 \\ 2.5 & -2.361 & .823 \\ 3.5 & -3.304 & 1.152 \\ \end{array}$$