Technical Report

Team 16: AN2I

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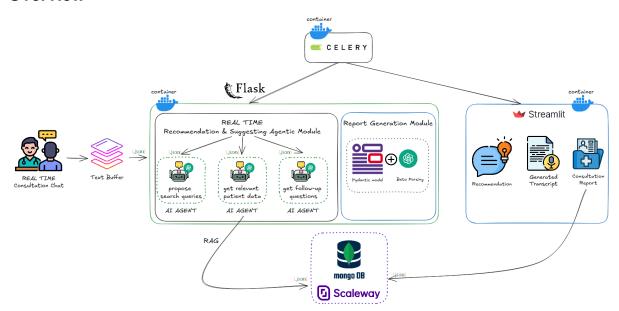
1. Summary

This report details the technical implementation of an AI-powered medical assistant designed to streamline clinical workflows, enhance diagnostic accuracy, and reduce administrative burdens on healthcare professionals. The system integrates real-time conversational analysis, automated report generation, and intelligent medical recommendations using modern AI frameworks and cloud-based infrastructure.

Note: please refer to the business plan before any further reading.

2. System Architecture

Overview



The Agentic-Al medical assistant consists of multiple modules:

- **1. Real-Time Speech-to-Text Engine**: Captures conversations between doctor and patient using buffered processing.
- Recommendation & Suggestions Engine: Suggests follow-up questions based on doctor-patient conversation and the medical history of the patient and recommends treatments or medical adjustments. Each recommendation module is an "Agent".
 - Agent 1 : propose search queries
 - Agent 2 : retrieve relevant patient data (RAG)
 - Agent 3 : get follow-up questions

- **3. Report Generation Module**: Structures notes into medical documentation using advanced prompt-engineering in order to generate a **Pydantic** format including :
 - Symptoms
 - Pathology
 - o Treatment
 - Intelligent summary & keywords
- **4. Storage Module**: the generated reports as well as the patient information is stored in a **MongoDB** instance deployed in **Scaleway**.
- **5. Referral letter generation:** generates a customizable referral letter instantly using Al-generated summaries based on previously stored reports.

Data Flow

- 1. Input:
 - Doctor-patient conversation captured in Real-Time via microphone.
 - Summary of the historical data record of the patient.

2. Processing:

- Audio translated to text and streamed using a buffered process.
- o Al Agents:
 - analyze text buffer to extract key medical insights.
 - Cross-reference with external medical data
 - retrieve historical patient information (RAG)
- o Report structured into Symptoms, Diagnosis, Treatment, and Summary.
- Store summaries as an embedding version to be used for RAG-similar cases to retrieve relevant information

3. Output:

- Generated report editable by the physician.
- Summary stored in patient records for future reference.
- Global Summary of patient history

3. Technology Stack

Programming Languages

Python

Frameworks and Libraries

- Mistral AI (language model)
- OpenAl SDK (lightweight and avoided langehain)

- Flask (could've worked with fastAPI but flask is better for scalability)
- Streamlit (for the frontend implementation)

Database and Storage

MongoDB (for its flexibility to stores data in JSON-like format)

4. Data Management

Data Collection

- Voice data recorded during consultations.
- Patient history and treatment plans.
- External medical knowledge sources for Al decision support.(can be defined by the doctor)

Data Processing Pipeline

- 1. **Speech-to-Text Conversion**: Al model transcribes spoken words.
- 2. **Natural Language Understanding (NLU)**: Answer all what a doctor is expecting (Extracts medical terms, symptoms, and diagnoses and generates output based on the defined format) using an LLM agent.
- 3. Post-Processing: Summarizes key findings, formats report.

Data Privacy & Compliance

No code interaction between tasks (API calls)

Note: all the events, messages, data sent to the LLM, data extracted from the LLM are JSON format. This was possible thanks to the structured output function (Beta-Parsing) implemented in the OpenAl sdk.

5. Deployment Strategy

Infrastructure

- **Frontend** Streamlit app deployed a docker container
- Backend Flask API managing all the necessary functions

Integration

- API-based communication for seamless integration
- the backend is dockerized
- Task manager celery is managing the API functions as tasks and run them when special events happen on the front

Scalability Considerations

- Microservices-based architecture for modular and scalable expansion.
- For scalability, more containers can be created and managed with a load balancer.

6. Future Roadmap

Short-Term Goals

Key Metrics

- Transcription Accuracy
- Recommendation Relevance: Measuring physician adoption of Al-suggested treatments.
- Processing Latency: Ensuring fast response time
- User Satisfaction: Surveys and feedback from early adopters.

Testing and Validation

- With real physician consultations.
- Continuous model retraining based on user feedback.

Long-Term Goals

- Minimize LLMs dependencies in agents as possible by leveraging deterministic algorithms leaving only the managing part for the Al Agent
- implement and fine tune any model that is being used through an inference endpoint.
- Host & Deploy models reducing costs (token generation fees, database hosting ,etc..)

7. Conclusion

The Agentic AI system medical assistant is designed to alleviate physicians' administrative workload, enhance documentation accuracy, and improve patient care efficiency. With a secure, scalable, and regulation-compliant infrastructure, this solution represents the future of AI-driven healthcare support.