

CS 310-0

Homework Assignment No. 1

Due Fri 1/14/2000

1. Write the truth table for the following statements.
 - (a) $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$
 - (b) $(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow r$
2. Let p and q be primitive statements such that $p \rightarrow q$ is false. Find the truth value of the following:
 - (a) $q \rightarrow p$
 - (b) $\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$
 - (c) $\neg q \rightarrow \neg p$
3. Write the following statement in *conjunctive normal form*:

$$p \leftrightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$$

4. We define the connective *nand* by:

$$p \uparrow q \Leftrightarrow \neg(p \wedge q)$$

Make its truth table. Write the following statements using \uparrow only

- (a) $\neg p$
 - (b) $p \wedge q$
 - (c) $p \vee q$
 - (d) $p \rightarrow q$
 - (e) $p \leftrightarrow q$
- (For instance: $\neg p \Leftrightarrow p \uparrow p$.)
5. Use truth tables to determine if the following logical equivalences are correct (in exercise 1 you already made the truth table for the left hand sides):
 - (a) $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \Leftrightarrow (p \wedge q) \rightarrow r$
 - (b) $(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow r \Leftrightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow r) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$
6. Solve problem 5 by using the laws of logic instead of truth tables.
7. Check the following logical implications:
 - (a) $(\neg p \rightarrow p) \Rightarrow p$
 - (b) $p \Rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow q)$
 - (c) $(p \rightarrow q) \Rightarrow ((q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))$

8. Given the following set of premises:

1. $(\neg p \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$
2. $p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow q)$
3. $(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow ((q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))$

and using only *Modus Ponens* as rule of inference:

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} p \\ p \rightarrow q \end{array}}{\therefore q}$$

prove: $p \rightarrow p$.

9. What truth values of p , q and r are compatible with the following set of premises?

1. $p \leftrightarrow \neg q$
2. $q \leftrightarrow \neg r$
3. $r \leftrightarrow (\neg p \wedge \neg q)$

10. Consider the following statements:

- (a) $\forall x \forall y (x \leq y)$
- (b) $\forall x \exists y (x \leq y)$
- (c) $\exists x \forall y (x \leq y)$
- (d) $\exists x \exists y (x \leq y)$

Determine their truth value assuming that the universe of discourse is:

- (1) The set of all integers.
- (2) The set of positive integers.
- (3) The set of negative integers.
- (4) The set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$.

11. Assume that the universe of discourse is the set of integers. Prove the following, stating the method or principle being used:

- (a) $\exists x (x^2 = x)$.
- (b) $\forall x \forall y (x + y < 10 \rightarrow x < 2 \vee y < 8)$.

12. Write the negation of the following quantified statement in prenex normal form, leaving the statement inside in disjunctive normal form:

$$\forall \varepsilon [\varepsilon > 0 \rightarrow \exists N \forall n (n > N \rightarrow |a_n| < \varepsilon)].$$