

MATLAB Assignment 1

● Graded

Student

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Total Points

63 / 72 pts

Question 1

1

20 / 20 pts

✓ + 20 pts Correct

+ 4 pts Part a correct

+ 10 pts Part b correct

+ 2 pts Part c correct

+ 4 pts Part d correct

- 1 pt Minor mistakes

- 4 pts No outputs for matrices

- 10 pts Part b missing

- 4 pts Part d is incorrect

Question 2

2

8 / 14 pts

– 0 pts Correct

– 1 pt Fail to “provide an explicit vector (with numbers) that is not in the span of T ”

– 4 pts The A matrix should be $\begin{bmatrix} -60 & 350 & a \\ 275 & 400 & b \end{bmatrix}$, with 2 given vectors being columns.

– 1 pt Typo defining your augmented matrix, see annotations.

– 3 pts Should leave a, b as symbolic variable, cannot define a or b as some random chosen numbers.

– 2 pts Issue in explanation, see annotations.

✓ – 6 pts Part d) incorrect. You need to find a vector w such that NOT all 2 dimensional vector is in span of T

1 Does not work.

– 2 pts Part c): what are your weights c_1, c_2 ?

– 1 pt Typo in some parts of your codes, see annotations.

– 1 pt See annotations.

– 3 pts See annotations.

– 14 pts Incorrect.

Question 3

3

9 / 9 pts

✓ – 0 pts Correct: Defined A as $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{v}_1 & \mathbf{v}_2 & \mathbf{v}_3 & \mathbf{v}_4 & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}$, the rref reveals if the vectors forms a coefficient matrix, C , then $C\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ have only the trivial solutions.
One possible rigorous answer would be "The vectors given are linearly independent, since the zero vector is the unique solution of $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{v}_1 & \mathbf{v}_2 & \mathbf{v}_3 & \mathbf{v}_4 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ "

– 0 pts Correct: Defined A as $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{v}_1 & \mathbf{v}_2 & \mathbf{v}_3 & \mathbf{v}_4 \end{bmatrix}$, the rref reveals all columns have a pivot.

– 4 pts **A pivot in every row** is the condition for columns of A spans the Euclidean space where columns of A belongs to, it has nothing to do with the concept of linear (in)dependence of columns!

– 2 pts Insufficient explanation, see sample answers above.

– 2 pts Coding mistake/typo/wrong conclusion. See annotations.

– 4 pts Each vector needs to be a column in your matrix A . Put as a row costs all points off your part (a).

– 4 pts Incorrect explanation, see sample answers above.

– 4 pts Incorrect matrix A defined.

– 9 pts Incorrect.

Question 4

4

6 / 9 pts

– 0 pts Correct

– 4 pts (a) incorrect/missing

– 5 pts (b) incorrect/missing

✓ – 3 pts You need to give two different linear combinations

– 2 pts Your linear combinations are incorrect.

– 3 pts No output

Question 5

5

20 / 20 pts

✓ – 0 pts Correct

– 5 pts (f) missing/incorrect

– 3 pts (e) incorrect/missing

– 3 pts (b) incorrect

Question assigned to the following page: [1](#)

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- [Problem 4](#)
- [Problem 5](#)

```
%Miles Levine
%Section 0412
%Matlab Project 1
```

Problem 1

```
%%a
format rat;
A=[1 -5 -3 -8 -5; 1 6 3 25 14; -1 4 -3 5 -3; 3 -2 -3 15 6];
disp(A);
%%b
disp("First step: Multiply row 1 by -1, then add it to row 2.");
disp(" Add row 1 to row 3. Multiply row 1 by -3, then add it to row 4.");
A(2,:) = -1*A(1,:) + A(2,:);
A(3,:) = A(1,:) + A(3,:);
A(4,:) = -3*A(1,:) + A(4,:);

disp(A);
disp("2nd step: Multiply row 2 by 1/11, then add it to row 3.");
disp(" Multiply row 2 by -13/11, then add it to row 4.");
A(3,:) = (1/11)*A(2,:) + A(3,:);
A(4,:) = (-13/11)*A(2,:) + A(4,:);
disp(A);
disp("3rd step: Multiply row 3 by -1/5, then add it to row 4.");
A(4,:) = A(3,)*(-.2) + A(4,:);
disp(A);
disp("Matrix is now in REF, now solve for RREF");
disp("4th step: Scale row 2 by mutiplying row by 1/11. Scale row");
    disp(" 3 by mutiplying row by -11/60. Scale row 4 by mutiplying row by -5.");
A(2,:) = A(2,)*(1/11);
A(3,:) = A(3,)*(-11/60);
A(4,:) = A(4,)*(-5);
disp(A);
disp("5th step: kill -5 in row 1 by multiplying row 2 by 5, then adding into row 1");
A(1,:) = 5*A(2,)+A(1,:);
disp(A);
disp("6th step: kill -3/11 in row 1 by multiplying row 3 by 3/11, then");
    disp("adding into row 1. Also kill 6/11 in row 2 ");
    disp("by multiplying row 3 by -6/11, then adding into row 2");
A(1,:) = (3/11)*A(3,)+A(1,:);
A(2,:) = (-6/11)*A(3,)+A(2,:);
disp(A);
disp("7th step (final): kill 79/20 in row 1 by multiplying row 4 by");
disp(" -79/20, then adding into row 1. Also kill 11/10 in row 2 by ");
disp("multiplying row 4 by -11/10, then adding into row 2. Also kill ");
```

Question assigned to the following page: [1](#)

```

disp("23/20 in row 3 by multiplying row 4 by -23/20, then adding into row 3");
A(1,:) = (-79/20)*A(4,:)+A(1,:);
A(2,:) = (-11/10)*A(4,:)+A(2,:);
A(3,:) = (-23/20)*A(4,:)+A(3,:);

disp(A);
%%c
disp("using rref command:")
B=[1 -5 -3 -8 -5; 1 6 3 25 14; -1 4 -3 5 -3; 3 -2 -3 15 6];
X= rref(B);
disp(X);
%%d
disp("system has no solutions because it is inconsistant")
disp("");
disp("");

```

1	-5	-3	-8	-5
1	6	3	25	14
-1	4	-3	5	-3
3	-2	-3	15	6

First step: Multiply row 1 by -1, then add it to row 2.

Add row 1 to row 3. Multiply row 1 by -3, then add it to row 4.

1	-5	-3	-8	-5
0	11	6	33	19
0	-1	-6	-3	-8
0	13	6	39	21

2nd step: Multiply row 2 by 1/11, then add it to row 3.

Multiply row 2 by -13/11, then add it to row 4.

1	-5	-3	-8	-5
0	11	6	33	19
0	0	-60/11	0	-69/11
0	0	-12/11	0	-16/11

3rd step: Multiply row 3 by -1/5, then add it to row 4.

1	-5	-3	-8	-5
0	11	6	33	19
0	0	-60/11	0	-69/11
0	0	*	0	-1/5

Matrix is now in REF, now solve for RREF

4th step: Scale row 2 by multiplying row by 1/11. Scale row

3 by multiplying row by -11/60. Scale row 4 by multiplying row by -5.

1	-5	-3	-8	-5
0	1	6/11	3	19/11
0	0	1	0	23/20
0	0	*	0	1

5th step: kill -5 in row 1 by multiplying row 2 by 5, then adding into row 1

1	0	-3/11	7	40/11
0	1	6/11	3	19/11
0	0	1	0	23/20
0	0	*	0	1

6th step: kill -3/11 in row 1 by multiplying row 3 by 3/11, then adding into row 1. Also kill 6/11 in row 2

Questions assigned to the following page: [1](#) and [2](#)

by multiplying row 3 by $-6/11$, then adding into row 2

1	0	*	7	$79/20$
0	1	0	3	$11/10$
0	0	1	0	$23/20$
0	0	*	0	1

7th step (final): kill $79/20$ in row 1 by multiplying row 4 by $-79/20$, then adding into row 1. Also kill $11/10$ in row 2 by multiplying row 4 by $-11/10$, then adding into row 2. Also kill $23/20$ in row 3 by multiplying row 4 by $-23/20$, then adding into row 3

1	0	*	7	*
0	1	*	3	*
0	0	1	0	*
0	0	*	0	1

using rref command:

1	0	0	7	0
0	1	0	3	0
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	1

system has no solutions because it is inconsistent

Problem 2

```
%%a
syms a b
%%b
M = [-60 350 a; 275 400 b];
M_rref = rref(M);
disp(M_rref);
%%c
c1 = M_rref(1,3);
c2 = M_rref(2,3);
disp("Coefficient for c1:");
disp(c1);
disp("Coefficient for c2:");
disp(c2);
%%d
V = [1; 1];
disp("A vector that works for w is ");
disp(V);
disp("w = [1; 1] works because it not a linear combination of the vector");
disp(" [-60; 275]. vector [1; 1] goes in a different direction than ");
disp("[-60; 275] so it is not in the span of T.");
```

```
[1, 0, (7*b)/2405 - (8*a)/2405]
[0, 1, (11*a)/4810 + (6*b)/12025]
```

Coefficient for c1:
 $(7*b)/2405 - (8*a)/2405$

Coefficient for c2:
 $(11*a)/4810 + (6*b)/12025$

Questions assigned to the following page: [2](#), [3](#), and [4](#)

A vector  that works for w is

1
1

$w = [1; 1]$ works because it not a linear combination of the vector $[-60; 275]$. vector $[1; 1]$ goes in a different direction than $[-60; 275]$ so it is not in the span of T.

Problem 3

```
A = [1 4 -4 3 0; 5 -2 5 3 0; 6 5 1 -7 0; 4 -4 5 0 0; 1 1 -1 2 0];  
disp(A);  
rref_A = rref(A);  
disp(rref_A);  
disp("Matrix A is linearly independent because ")  
disp("the zero vector is the unique solution to Ax=0");
```

1	4	-4	3	0
5	-2	5	3	0
6	5	1	-7	0
4	-4	5	0	0
1	1	-1	2	0
1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0

Matrix A is linearly independent because
the zero vector is the unique solution to $Ax=0$

Problem 4

```
S = [1 1 1; 1 3 -3; 1 0 3];  
w = [25; 55; 10];  
M = [S w];  
rref_M = rref(M);  
disp(M);  
disp(rref_M);  
  
disp("There is not a unique linear combination to express w since not all ");  
disp("columns are pivot columns.");
```

1	1	1	25
1	3	-3	55
1	0	3	10
1	0	3	10
0	1	-2	15
0	0	0	0

Questions assigned to the following page: [5](#) and [4](#)

There is not a unique linear combination to express w since not all columns are pivot columns.

Problem 5

```
M = [1 1 2 1; 1 2 4 2; 1 1 12 3; 1 2 14 4];
rref_M = rref(M);
disp(M);
disp(rref_M);
%%a
disp("v1 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v2, v3, v4 ");
disp("because inconsistent");
%%b
M = [1 1 2 1; 2 2 4 1; 3 1 12 1; 4 2 14 1];
disp(M);
rref_M = rref(M);
disp(rref_M);
disp("v2 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v1, v3, v4 ");
disp("because inconsistent");
%%c
M = [1 1 2 1; 2 1 4 2; 3 1 12 1; 4 1 14 2];
disp(M);
rref_M = rref(M);
disp(rref_M);
disp("v3 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v1, v2, v4");
disp(" because inconsistent");
%%d
M = [1 1 1 2; 2 1 2 4; 3 1 1 12; 4 1 2 14];
disp(M);
rref_M = rref(M);
disp(rref_M);
disp("v4 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v1, v2, v3");
disp(" because inconsistent");

%%e
disp("According to the textbook, Theorem 7 in chapter 1.7 states that that");
disp("an indexed set  $S = \{v_1, \dots, v_p\}$  of two or more vectors is ");
disp("linearly dependent if and only if at least one of the vectors in  $S$  ");
disp("is a linear combination of the others. (Lay et al.)");

disp("Citation: Lay, David C., et al. Linear Algebra and Its Applications.");
disp("5th ed., 2020.");
%%f
disp("If we only tested v2 then we could not conclude that S is linear ");
disp("independent or dependent. According to theorem 7, we must test ");
disp("all vectors in the vector set to see if they are linear ");
disp("combinations of each other.");
```

1	1	2	1
1	2	4	2
1	1	12	3
1	2	14	4
1	0	0	0
0	1	0	3/5

Question assigned to the following page: [5](#)

0	0	1	1/5
0	0	0	0

v1 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v2, v3, v4 because inconsistent

1	1	2	1
2	2	4	1
3	1	12	1
4	2	14	1

1	0	5	0
0	1	-3	0
0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0

v2 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v1, v3, v4 because inconsistent

1	1	2	1
2	1	4	2
3	1	12	1
4	1	14	2

1	0	0	5/3
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	-1/3
0	0	0	0

v3 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v1, v2, v4 because inconsistent

1	1	1	2
2	1	2	4
3	1	1	12
4	1	2	14

1	0	0	5
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	-3
0	0	0	0

v4 is unable to be expressed as a linear combination of v1, v2, v3 because inconsistent

According to the textbook, Theorem 7 in chapter 1.7 states that that an indexed set $S = \{v_1, \dots, v_p\}$ of two or more vectors is linearly dependent if and only if at least one of the vectors in S is a linear combination of the others. (Lay et al.)

Citation: Lay, David C., et al. Linear Algebra and Its Applications. 5th ed., 2020.

If we only tested v2 then we could not conclude that S is linear independent or dependent. According to theorem 7, we must test all vectors in the vector set to see if they are linear combinations of each other.