Data-607 Week-5 Assignment

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- GitHub Location for rmd file
- GitHub Location for pdf file
- RPubs location of published file
- CSV file location file

1] Library Initialization

```
library(tidyr)

## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 3.4.3
library(dplyr)

## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.4.3

## ## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

## ## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(ggplot2)
```

2] Read Data

Airline.Schedule = read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mlforsachid/MSDSQ1/master/Data607/Week5/

2] Preview Data

```
head(Airline.Schedule)

## Airline Status LA PH SD SF SEA

## 1 Alaska On Time 497 221 212 503 1841

## 2 Alaska Delayed 62 12 20 102 305
```

```
## 3 AM West On Time 694 4840 383 320
## 4 AM West Delayed 117 415 65 129
str(Airline.Schedule)
## 'data.frame':
                  4 obs. of 7 variables:
## $ Airline: chr "Alaska" "AM West" "AM West"
                  "On Time" "Delayed" "On Time" "Delayed"
   $ Status : chr
## $ LA
           : int 497 62 694 117
## $ PH
            : int 221 12 4840 415
## $ SD
            : int 212 20 383 65
            : int 503 102 320 129
## $ SF
## $ SEA
            : int 1841 305 201 61
```

3] Convert Dataframe into tall format. Convert city columns into row

```
Airline.Schedule = Airline.Schedule%>%gather(City, FlightCount, LA:SEA)
head(Airline.Schedule)
```

```
Airline Status City FlightCount
## 1 Alaska On Time LA
                                497
## 2 Alaska Delayed
                                62
                    LA
## 3 AM West On Time LA
                                694
## 4 AM West Delayed
                    LA
                                117
## 5 Alaska On Time
                                221
                    PH
## 6 Alaska Delayed
                    PH
                                12
```

4 We are interested in only delayed Flight Count. Let's filter for Status = Delayed

```
Airline.Delayed = Airline.Schedule%>%dplyr::filter(Status=="Delayed")

## Warning: package 'bindrcpp' was built under R version 3.4.3
```

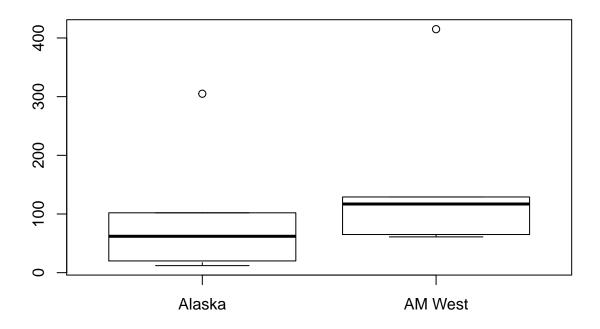
5] Analyze Summary Statistics

```
summary((Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "Alaska")%>%data.frame())$FlightCount)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
##
      12.0
              20.0
                      62.0
                             100.2
                                     102.0
                                             305.0
summary((Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "AM West")%>%data.frame())$FlightCount)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
              65.0
                    117.0
                             157.4
                                     129.0
                                             415.0
```

We can see that delayed flight count number are on different scale for Alaska and AM West airlines. Let's confirm this with boxplot

6] Box plot to confirm difference in delayed flight counts

```
boxplot(Airline.Delayed$FlightCount ~ Airline.Delayed$Airline)
```



Boxplot also confirms that scale for flight delay counts for Alaska and AM West airlines are different. We can see two extreme observations which suggest some cities are more prone for flight delayes compared to others

Since the scale is different we can't compare these stats directly. It's better to convert them to proportions for comparison purpose

```
Alaska.Sum = sum((Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "Alaska")%>%data.frame())$FlightCount)

AMWest.Sum = sum((Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "AM West")%>%data.frame())$FlightCount)

Airline.Alaska.Delayed = Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "Alaska")%>%dplyr::mutate(FlightCount)

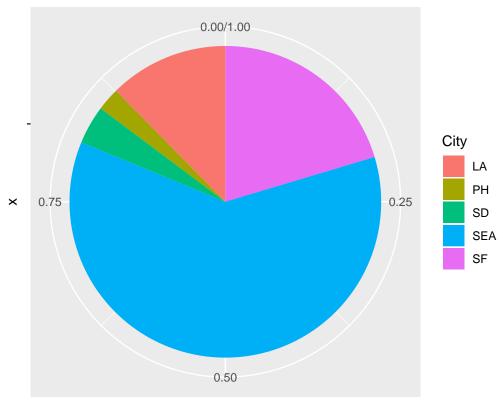
Airline.AMWest.Delayed = Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "AM West")%>%dplyr::mutate(FlightCount)

Airline.Delayed = rbind(Airline.Alaska.Delayed, Airline.AMWest.Delayed)
```

7] Let's visualize proportions with pie chart

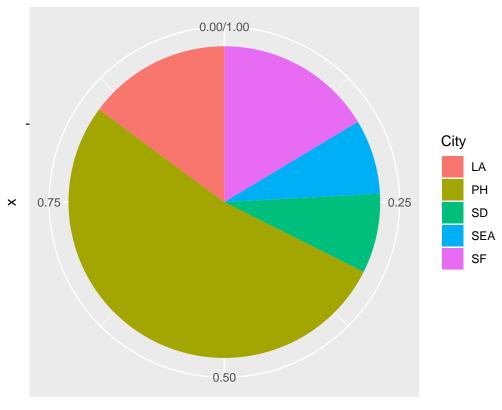
```
DrawPieChart = function(data)
{
  bp<- ggplot(data, aes(x="", y=FlightCount, fill=City))+
  geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity")
  pie <- bp + coord_polar("y", start=0)
  pie</pre>
```

```
}
DrawPieChart(Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "Alaska")%>%data.frame())
```



FlightCount

DrawPieChart(Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "AM West")%>%data.frame())

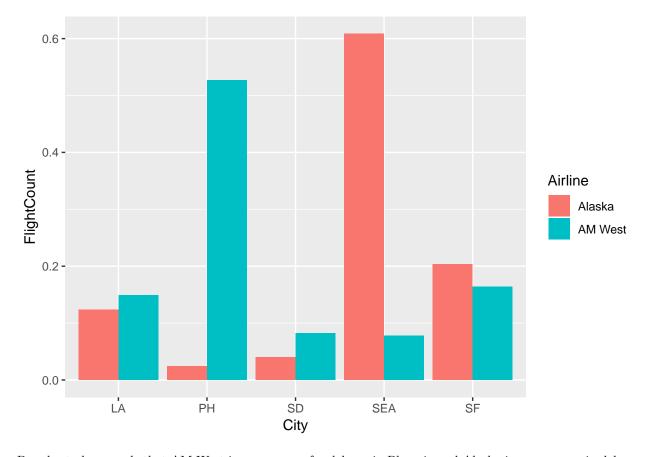


FlightCount

Pie chart suggests that Alaska airline is more prone for delays in Seattle however AM West airline is more prone for delayes in Phoenix

8] Let's visualize proportions with Bar Chart

```
DrawBarChart = function(data)
{
   ggplot(data=data, aes(x=City, y=FlightCount, fill=Airline)) +
   geom_bar(stat="identity", position=position_dodge())
}
DrawBarChart(Airline.Delayed)
```



Bar chart also reveals that AM West is more prone for delayes in Phoenix and Alaska is more prone in delayes in Seattle

9] Is Alaska airline more prone for delayes compared to AM West Airline?

```
Let's see summary stats and boxplot

summary((Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "Alaska")%>%data.frame())$FlightCount)

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.

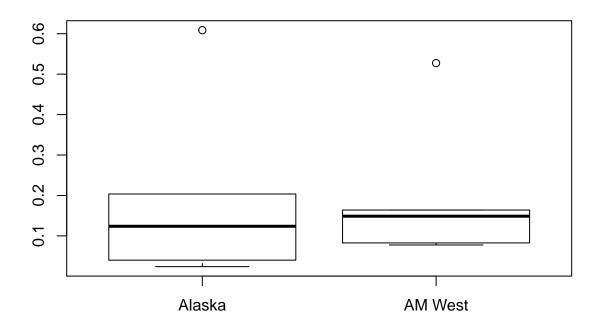
## 0.02395 0.03992 0.12375 0.20000 0.20359 0.60878

summary((Airline.Delayed%>%dplyr::filter(Airline == "AM West")%>%data.frame())$FlightCount)

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.

## 0.07751 0.08259 0.14867 0.20000 0.16391 0.52732

boxplot(Airline.Delayed$FlightCount ~ Airline.Delayed$Airline)
```



Above sumary stats suggests that both Alaska and AM West airline have same avg percentage of filght delay whihe is 20%. From boxplot we can observe that Alaska airline have higher variablity 2% to 20% (18% IQR) in general compared to AM West airline whihe ranges from 7% to 16% (9% IQR)

From the above statistics it is difficult to conclude that one airline is more prone for delayes compared to other airline. Let's perform t test and chisquare test of independence to conclude our findings

```
Chisq.Delayed = Airline.Schedule%>%dplyr::filter(Status=="Delayed")
Alaska.D.Cnt = Airline.Schedule%>%dplyr::filter(Status=="Delayed" & Airline=="Alaska")%>%dplyr::select(
AMWest.D.Cnt = Airline.Schedule%>%dplyr::filter(Status=="Delayed" & Airline=="AM West")%>%dplyr::select
chisqdf = data.frame(Alaska.D.Cnt$City, Alaska.D.Cnt$FlightCount, AMWest.D.Cnt$FlightCount)
names(chisqdf) = c("City", "AlaskaCount", "AMWestCount")
chisq.test(chisqdf[,-1])
##
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: chisqdf[, -1]
## X-squared = 550.53, df = 4, p-value < 2.2e-16
t.test(Airline.Alaska.Delayed$FlightCount, Airline.AMWest.Delayed$FlightCount)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: Airline.Alaska.Delayed$FlightCount and Airline.AMWest.Delayed$FlightCount
## t = -2.0423e-16, df = 7.5547, p-value = 1
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
```

```
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.3166456  0.3166456
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.2  0.2
```

- 1] ChiSquare test above have p value of 2.2e-16. We can reject null hypothesis that Delay in airline is independent of cities. We can conclude that particular city has significant impact on delay in airlines
- 2] Student t test above have p value of 1. We can't reject null hypothesis that difference in mean for flight delayes between two airlines is 0. We can conclude that both alirlines have equal likelihood of flight delays