Assignment 2

02429 - Analysis of Correlated Data: Mixed Linear Models

DTU Compute, Autumn 2023

Formalities

In this assignment, you must perform a statistical analysis using the statistical software R (see details below), and present your analysis and conclusions in a written report. The report is to be submitted via DTU Inside no later than Wed 11 October 2023 at 23.59.

The report and all R code must be written individually, and the R code must be included as an appendix to the report. The code should be neat and readable, with a sufficient amount of comments. The report may be no longer than 5 pages excluding the front page, table of contents, figures, references, and appendices. The report must be written in English. All figures and tables included in the report must be referred to and discussed in the text. There should be no R code (or raw R output) in the report other than in the R code appendix. Some additional comments:

- The report should not contain excessive material. The overall presentation of your work including its coherence and the relevance of included material is assessed as well not just the correctness of the statistical analysis.
- Pay special attention to the teaching material from week 1-4.
- Remember that much of statistics is about quantifying and describing variability and uncertainty: When presenting, e.g., parameter estimates and Least-Squares means (LS-means), remember to include confidence intervals.
- Think of yourself as a consulting statistician when writing your report. You should include enough detail and explanation in the body of your report:
 - a. to allow a statistician with no knowledge of R to replicate your analysis and validate your results using other statistical software and
 - b. for someone with little or no knowledge of statistics to understand the overall purpose and conclusions of your report in the context of the data.

Data

In an sensory experiment, televisions from Bang /& Olufsen were evaluated by 8 assessors with respect to the colour saturation. In the experiment, the combinations of 3 different pictures and 3 different television settings were investigated. The experiment was repeated once, meaning that we have 2 replicates. The purpose of the experiment was to compare the pictures, the television settings and the combination of them in terms of the colour saturation.

The variable Assessor indicates the assessor (1-8), TVset the television setting (TV1,TV2,TV3), Picture the picture (1-3), Repeat the replicate (0,1), and Coloursaturation denotes the coloursaturation score given by the assessor. The data is available in the file assignment2.txt.

Statistical analysis and report writting

Using R, perform a statistical analysis in which you investigate the effect picture and television setting on the coloursaturation. The statistical inference should not only be valid for the 8 assessors in our experiment (which we assume were chosen at random from a larger population of possible assessors).

Your report should contain the following elements:

- Front page
- Table of contents
- Introduction
 - Description of the data
- Descriptive/exploratory analysis of the data
- Some sections of your choice
- Discussion and conclusions
- Appendices

The description of the data should include a short description of the experiment and present all relevant variables together with their type (factor or numeric) and values (factor levels or range observed in the data). It should be indicated whether each factor is balanced or unbalanced, considered fixed or random in the analysis, and which factors are nested or crossed.

The descriptive/exploratory analysis of the data should include relevant plots, tables, and summary measures.

The "sections of your choice" should (when applicable) include:

- a relevant factor structure diagram annotated with numbers of levels and degrees of freedom.
- descriptions of relevant statistical models (including their assumptions) using appropriate mathematical notation and accompanying text.
- documentation of hypothesis tests performed in connection with model reduction.
- parameter estimates, documentation of post-hoc analyses/tests of particular interest, and illustrations related to the final model.

The discussion and conclusions section should be used to briefly reflect on the results of the analysis in the context of the experiment and the data.

However it is a good idea

to make sure your model meets basic assumptions, and perform corrections/transformations if necessary.