



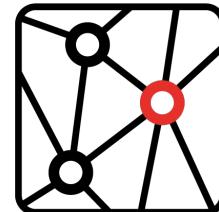
Global Counterfactual Directions

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EUROPEAN CONFERENCE ON COMPUTER VISION

MILANO
2024



MLinPL
CONFERENCE 2024

Outline

1. Visual Counterfactual Explanations
2. Diffusion Autoencoders
3. Global Counterfactual Directions for Black-Box Models
4. Conclusions

Visual Counterfactual Explanations

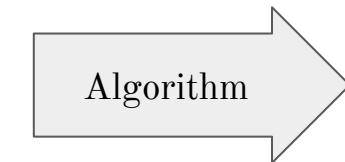
What are Visual Counterfactual Explanations (VCEs)?

For a given **classifier**, what is the **minimal semantic modification** of the **image** that **flips** the model's **decision**?

$$f(\text{smile} \mid \mathbf{x}) = 0.97$$



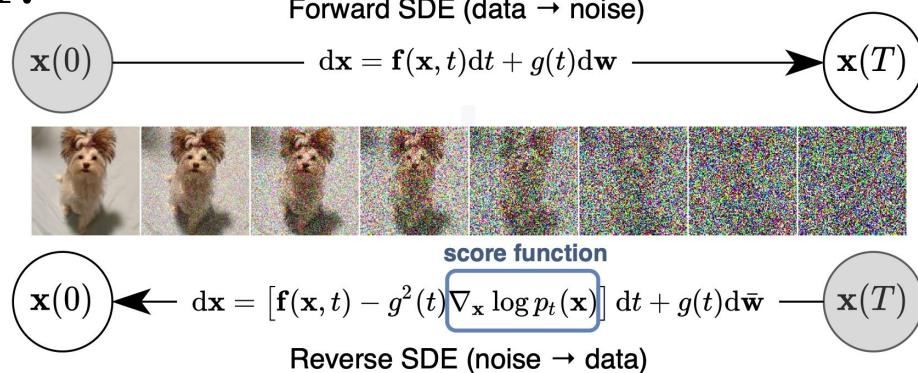
$$f(\text{smile} \mid \mathbf{x}') = 0.12$$



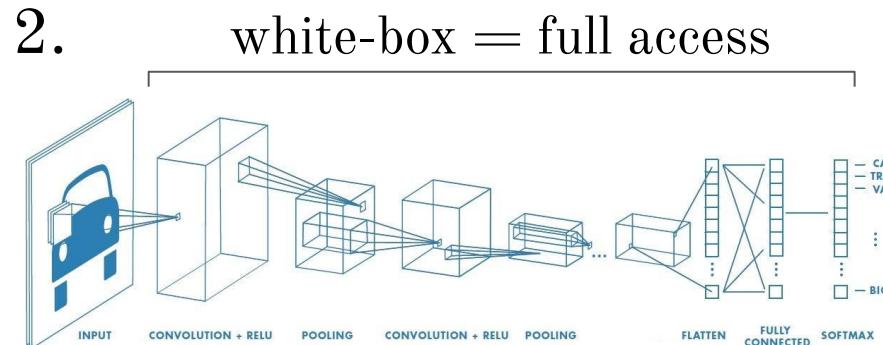
Previous works

1. utilize *diffusion models* as generative priors
2. assume *white-box* access to the explained classifier

1.



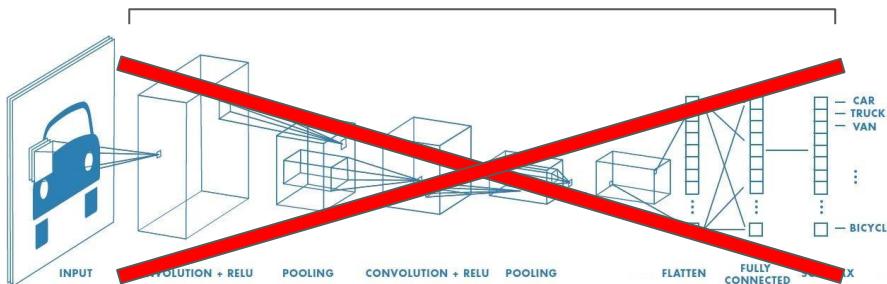
2.



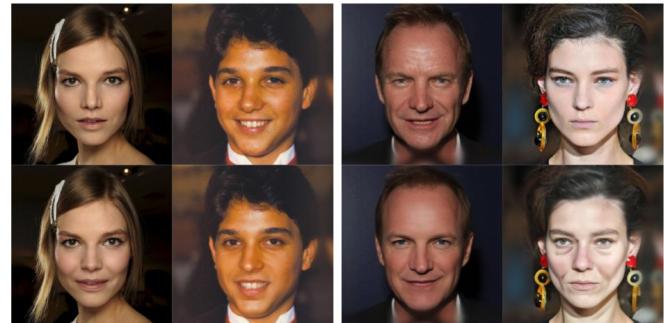
Limitations

1. white-box access is often not realistic, think ChatGPT
2. VCEs are considered independently for each image

1. black-box = no access



2. Optimized independently



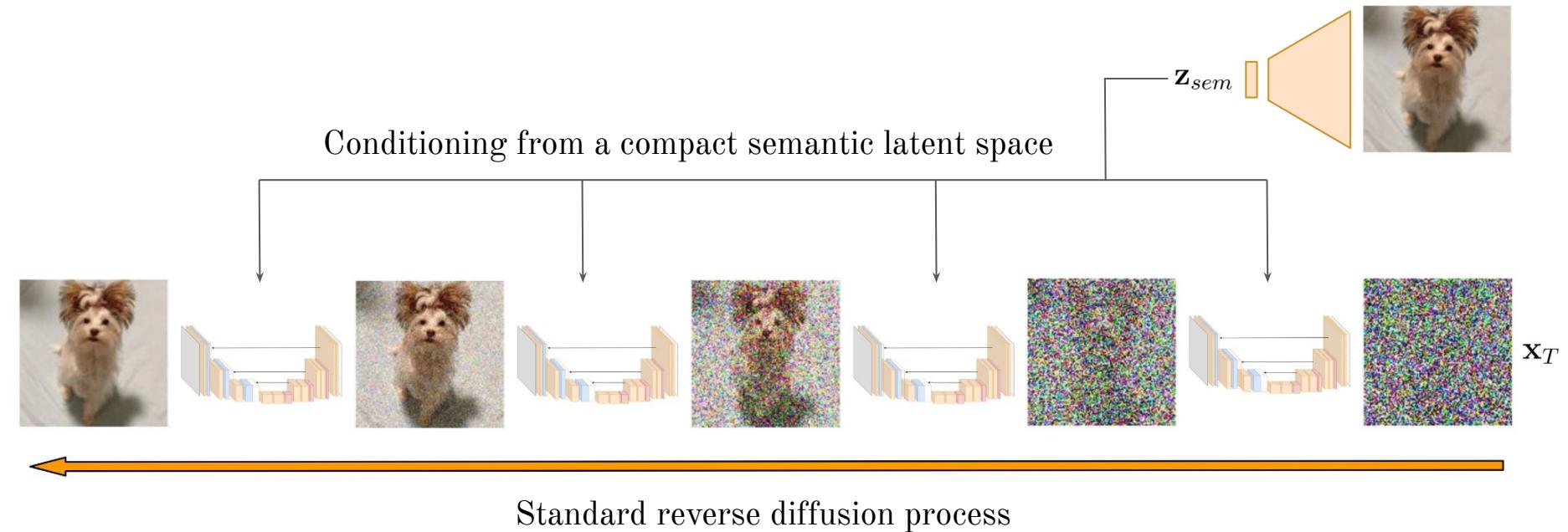
Central question

Can we simultaneously

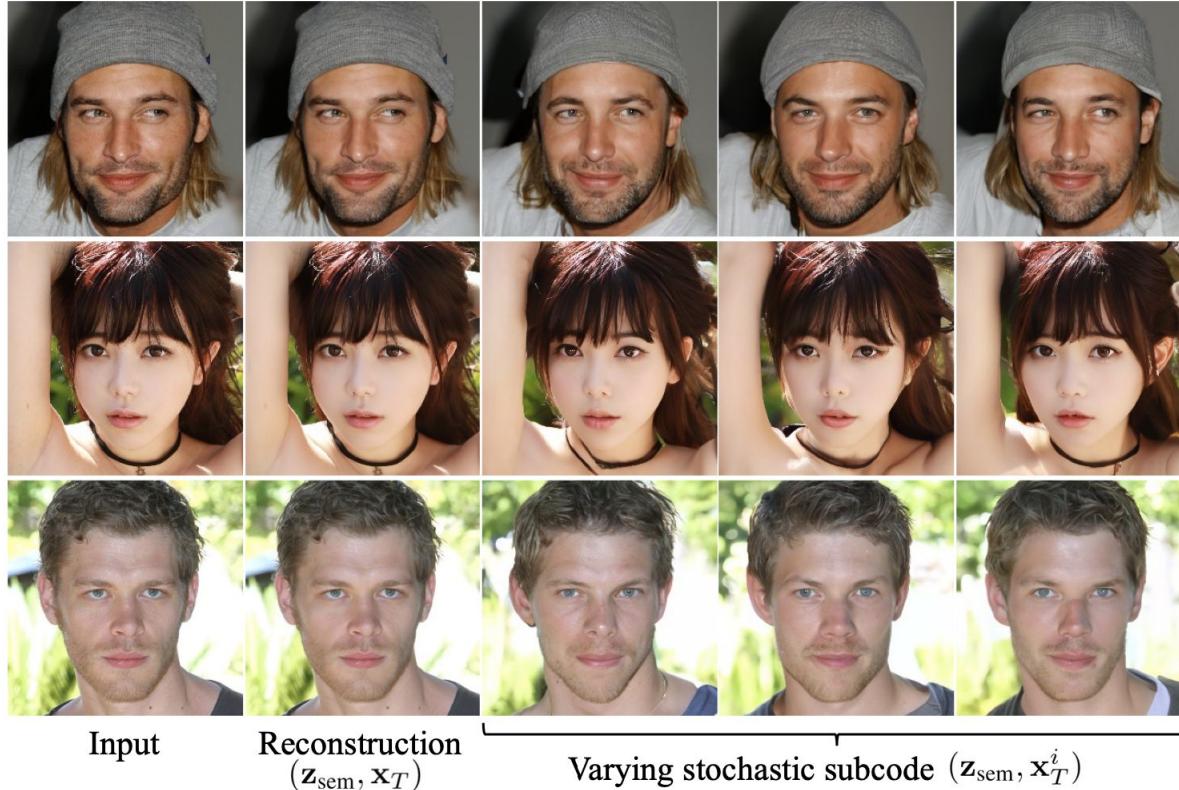
1. synthesize VCEs in a black-box setting using diffusion models
and
2. find any possible links between the explanations?

Diffusion Autoencoders (DiffAE)

Diffusion Autoencoders (Preechakul et al., CVPR 2022)



Disentangled properties



Global semantic directions

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{z}_{sem} & \xrightarrow{\alpha_1 \mathbf{d}} \mathbf{z}_{sem} + \alpha_1 \mathbf{d} \\ & \xrightarrow{\alpha_2 \mathbf{d}} \mathbf{z}_{sem} + \alpha_2 \mathbf{d} \\ & \xrightarrow{\alpha_3 \mathbf{d}} \mathbf{z}_{sem} + \alpha_3 \mathbf{d} \end{aligned}$$



- Wavy Hair



Real image



+ Wavy Hair



- Male



Real image



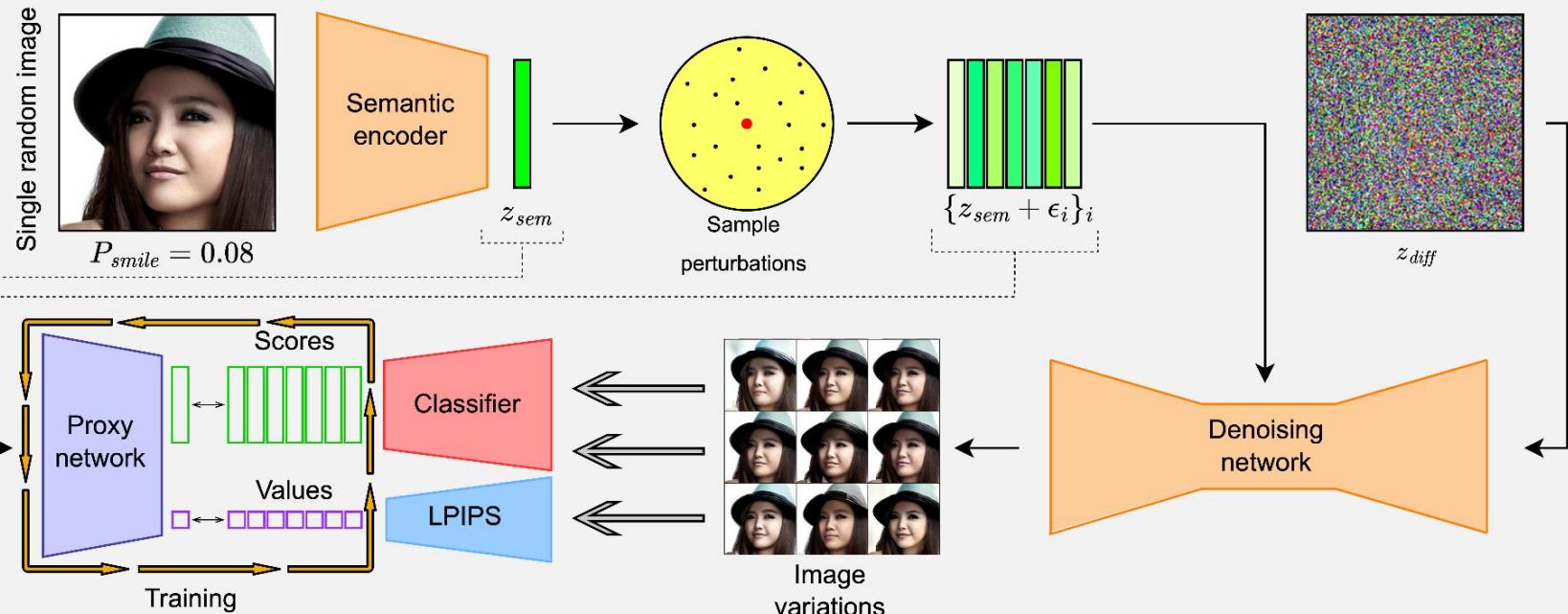
+ Male

Global Counterfactual Directions for Black-Box Models

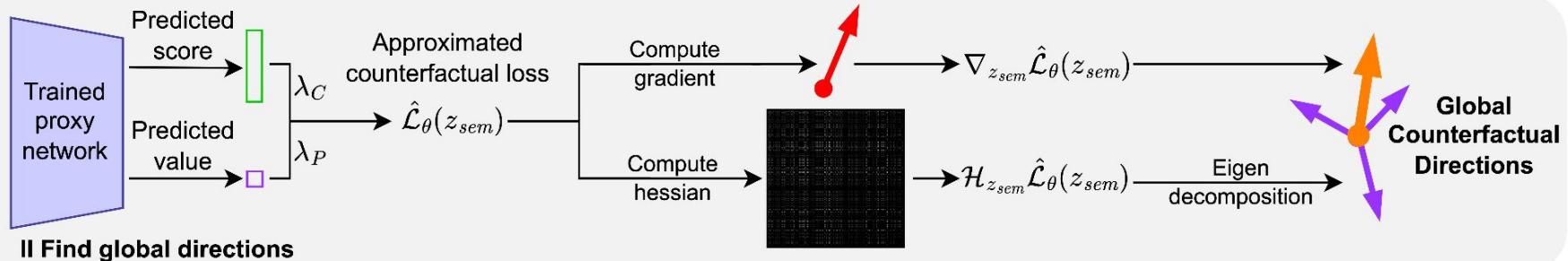


Local approximation of the classifier

I Gather data and train proxy



Extracting influential directions



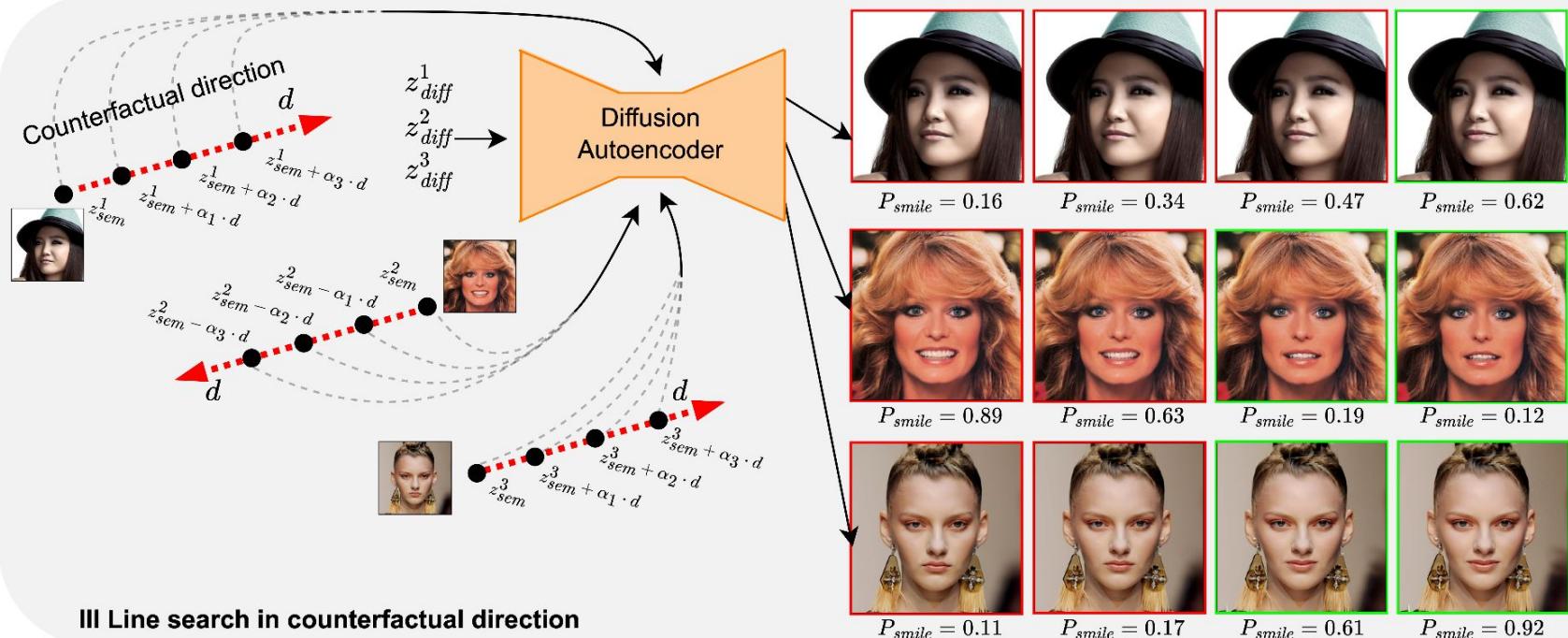
g-direction

$$\mathbf{d}_g = \nabla_{\mathbf{z}_{sem}} (p_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^f(\mathbf{z}_{sem}) + \lambda p_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^s(\mathbf{z}_{sem}))$$

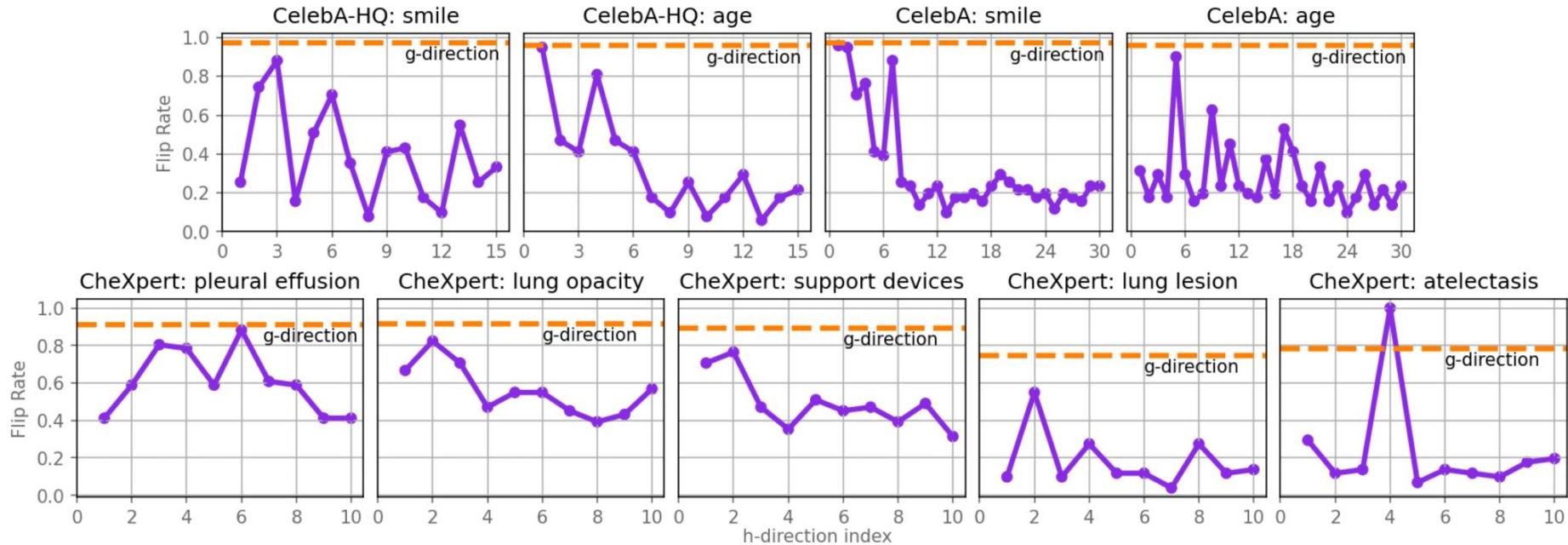
h-directions

$$\mathbf{H} = \nabla_{\mathbf{z}_{sem}}^2 (p_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^f(\mathbf{z}_{sem}) + \lambda p_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^s(\mathbf{z}_{sem})) \rightarrow \{\mathbf{d}_h^i\}_i$$

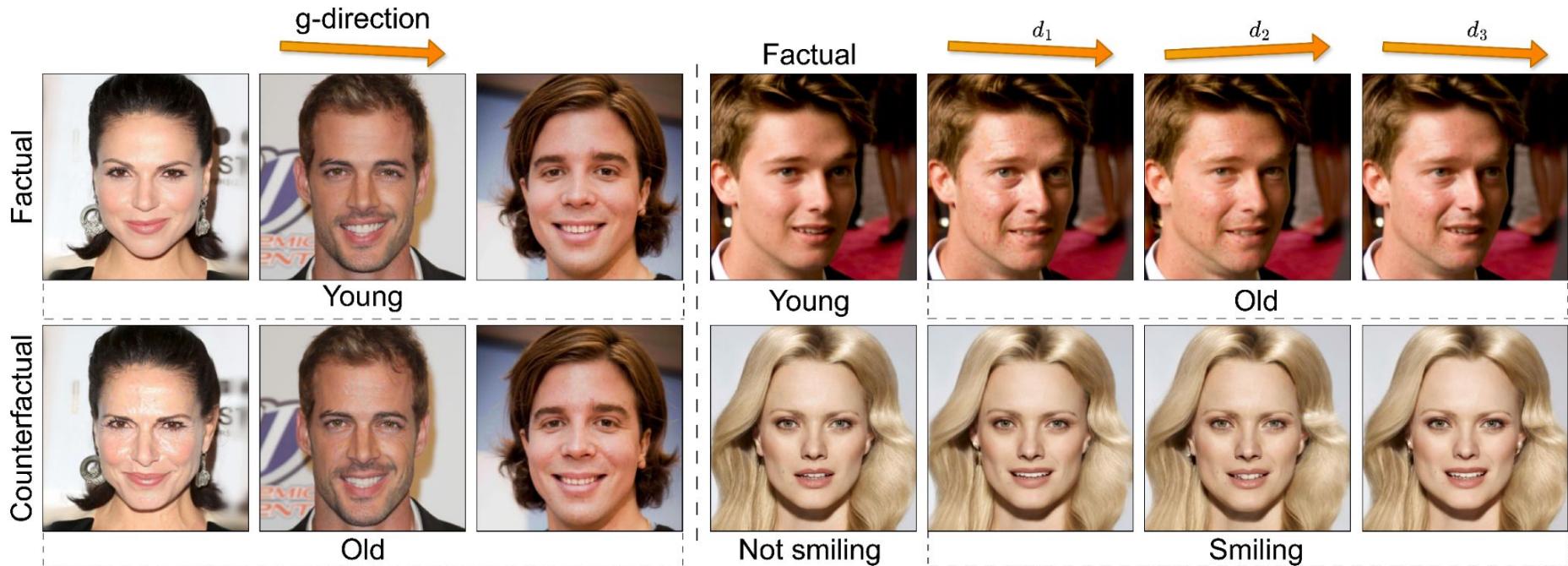
Directions from a single image are global!



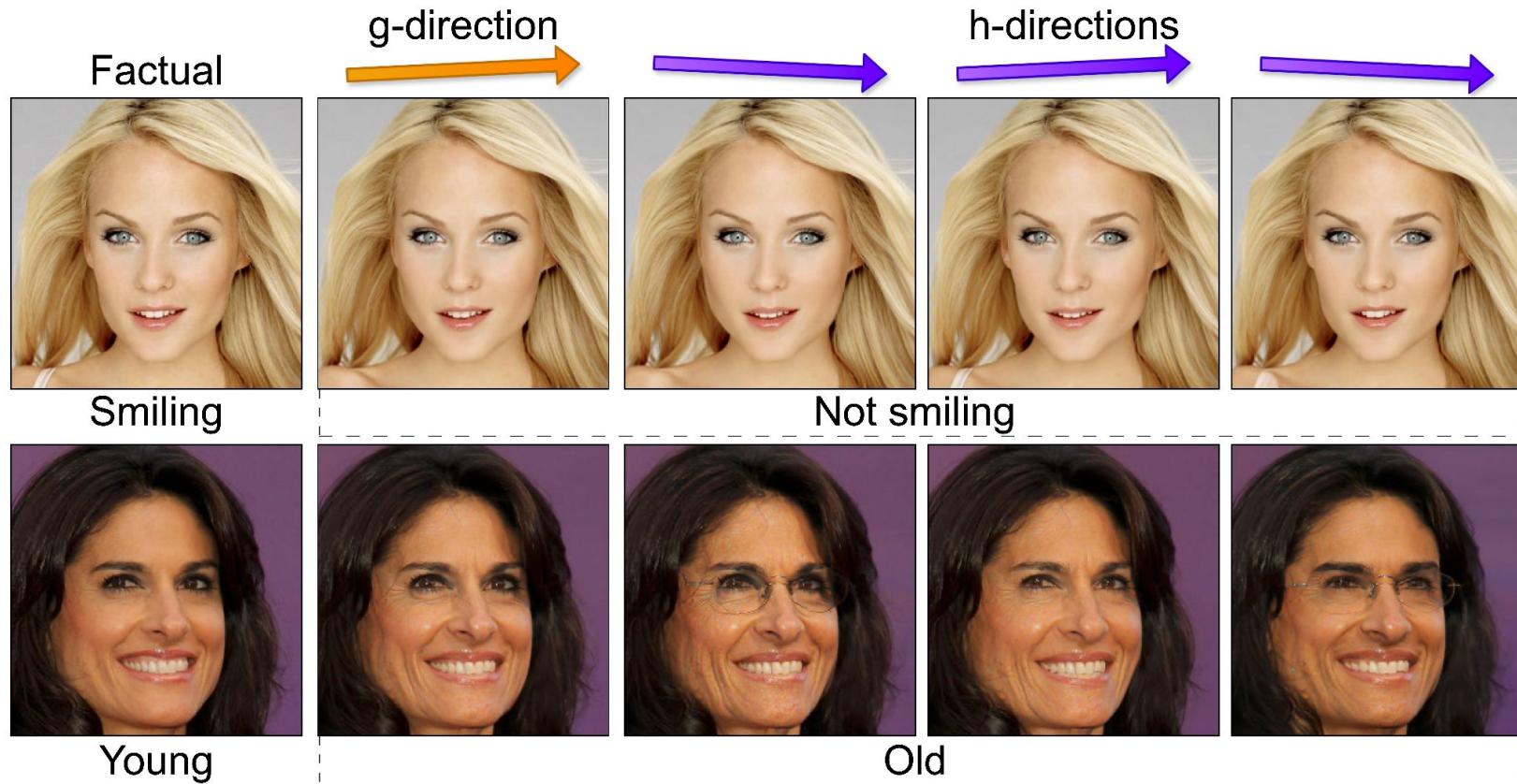
Quantitative assessment of globality



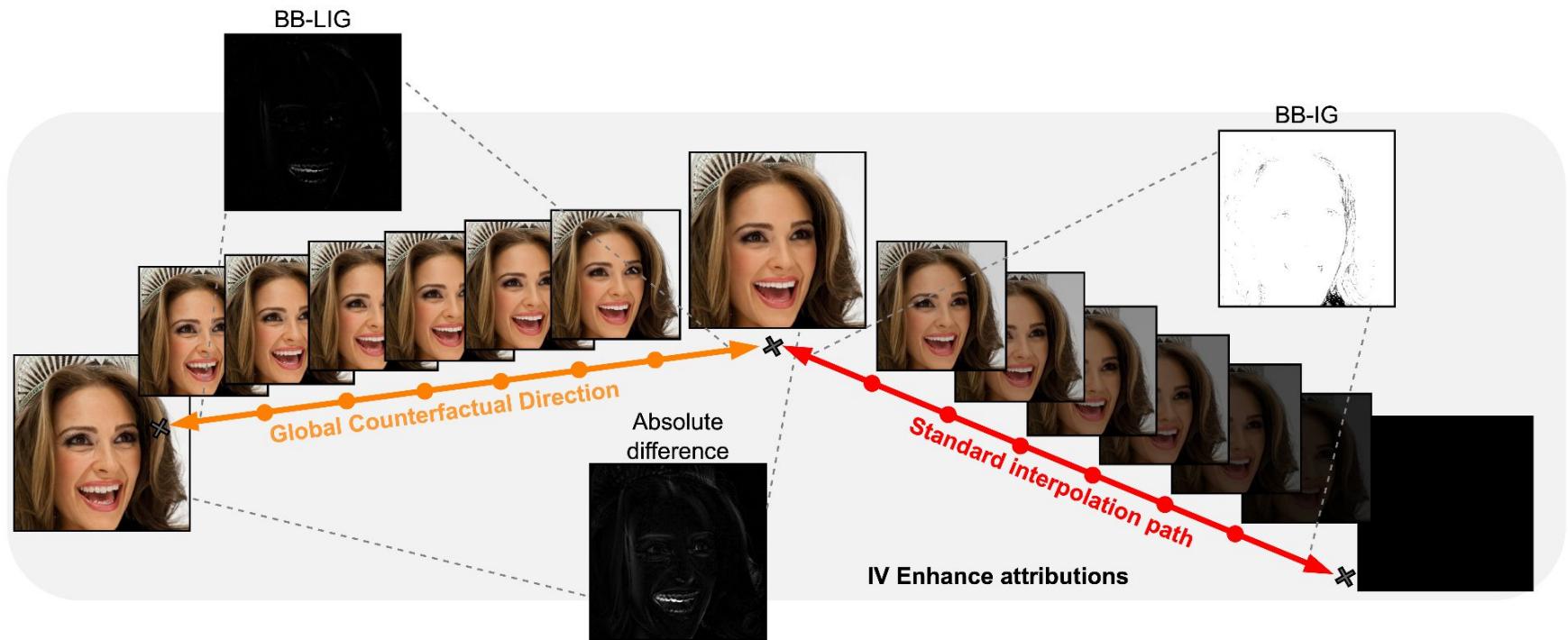
g -directions from different images differ



h -directions increase diversity

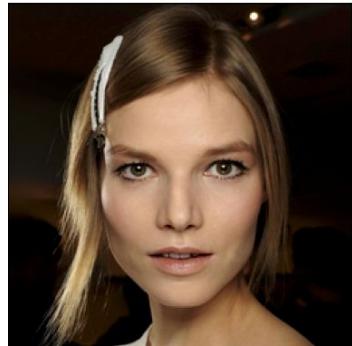


Black-box Latent Integrated Gradients

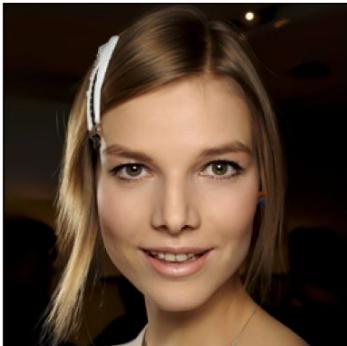


Enhanced explanation evaluation with GCD

Factual



Baseline



Difference



BB-IG



BB-LIG



$$BB\text{-}LIG_i(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{m-1} (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}'_i) \sum_{k=1}^{m-1} \frac{f(y \mid \tilde{\mathbf{x}}^{k+1}) - f(y \mid \tilde{\mathbf{x}}^k)}{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_i^{k+1} - \tilde{\mathbf{x}}_i^k}$$

Conclusions

Takeaways

1. Black-box VCEs are possible but can they scale to very large datasets like ImageNet?
2. Extensions of standard generative frameworks offer highly non-trivial applications to XAI!

Follow-up

arXiv

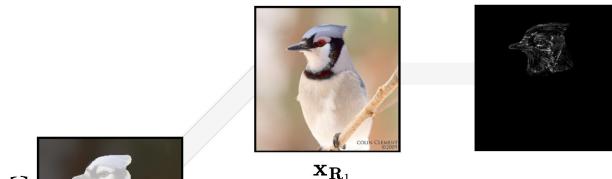


Rethinking Visual Counterfactual Explanations Through Region Constraint

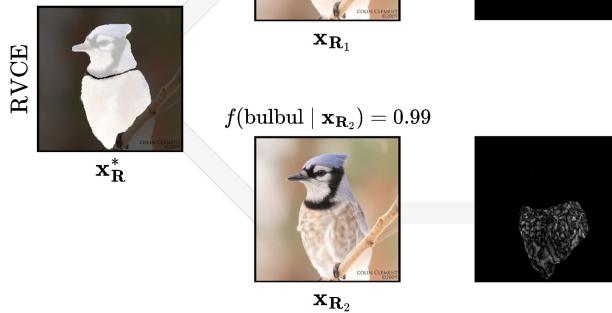
$$f(\text{jay} \mid \mathbf{x}^*) = 0.98 \quad f(\text{bulbul} \mid \mathbf{x}_{\text{VCE}}) = 0.97 \quad \text{Absolute difference}$$



$$f(\text{bulbul} \mid \mathbf{x}_{R_1}) = 0.99$$



$$f(\text{bulbul} \mid \mathbf{x}_{R_2}) = 0.99$$



Want more?

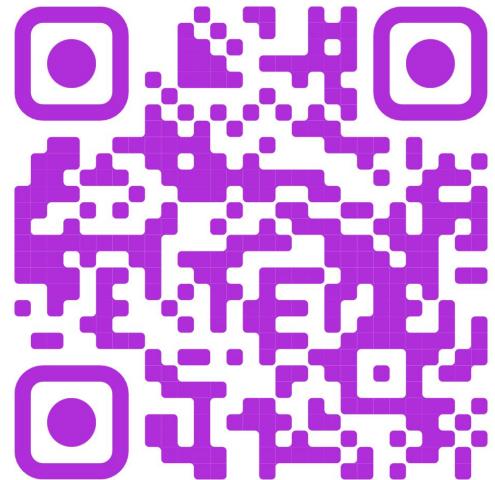
GCD on arXiv



My LinkedIn



Our research group



Let's grab a coffee/beer and catch for a chat about (X)AI!

Thank you for attention

References

1. Song et al., *Score-based Generative Modeling Through Stochastic Differential Equations*, ICLR 2021,
2. Liu et al., *I2SB: Image-to-Image Schrödinger Bridge*, ICML 2023,
3. Sobieski and Biecek, *Global Counterfactual Directions*, ECCV 2024,
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5. Saha, S., *A Comprehensive Guide to Convolutional Neural Networks — the ELI5 way*, Medium 2018,
6. Preechakul et al., *Diffusion Autoencoders: Toward a Meaningful and Decodable Representation*, CVPR 2022
7. Jeanneret et al., *Adversarial Visual Counterfactual Explanations*, CVPR 2023