

# Probabilistically Plausible Counterfactual Explanations with Normalizing Flows

Patryk Wielopolski <sup>1</sup>, Oleksii Furman <sup>1</sup>, Jerzy Stefanowski <sup>2</sup>, Maciej Zięba <sup>1,3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Wrocław University of Science and Technology

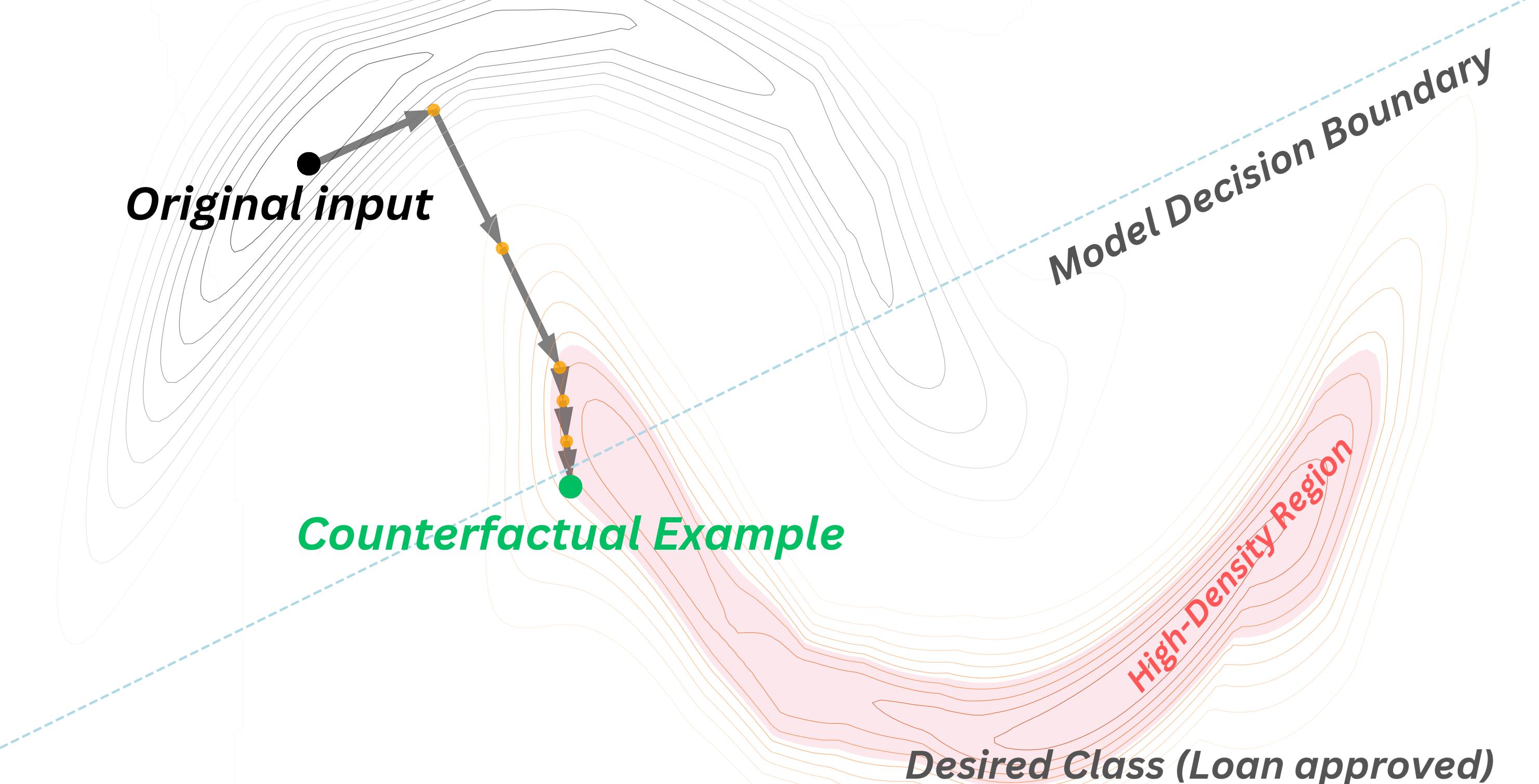
<sup>2</sup>Poznań University of Technology

<sup>3</sup>Tooploox

## Ever Wondered "What If?"

What changes would turn a loan rejection into approval?

Original Class (Loan rejected)



## Motivation and Problem Statement

- Ensuring **validity**: change the model's prediction to the desired class.
- Maintaining **plausibility**: reside in a high-density region of the target class distribution.
- Balancing **closeness**: achieving minimal changes from the original input.

## Method Overview

- Unconstrained Optimization**: balances validity, plausibility, and proximity.
- Direct Density Estimation with Normalizing Flows**: models complex data distributions for realistic counterfactuals.
- Batch Processing Capability**: efficient generation for multiple data points simultaneously.

## Experimental Results

Dataset	Method	Validity ↑	Prob. Plaus. ↑	L1 ↓	L2 ↓	Time (s) ↓
Moons	CBCE	1.00	0.10	0.62	0.48	<b>0.07</b>
	CEGP	1.00	0.09	0.36	<b>0.28</b>	904.11
	CEM	1.00	0.14	0.55	0.50	211.56
	WACH	1.00	0.11	0.49	0.36	198.29
	ARTELT	1.00	0.08	<b>0.32</b>	0.32	4.15
	PPCEF	1.00	<b>1.00</b>	0.45	0.36	1.85
Law	CBCE	1.00	0.49	0.61	0.40	<b>0.23</b>
	CEGP	1.00	0.49	0.23	0.18	1973.76
	CEM	1.00	0.26	0.33	0.31	368.10
	WACH	1.00	0.39	0.45	0.35	359.00
	ARTELT	1.00	0.40	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.20</b>	4.02
	PPCEF	1.00	<b>1.00</b>	0.37	0.23	2.42
Audit	CBCE	1.00	0.79	2.55	1.24	<b>0.04</b>
	CEGP	1.00	0.02	1.56	0.57	561.04
	CEM	1.00	0.00	1.20	<b>0.37</b>	105.92
	WACH	1.00	0.02	1.78	0.80	101.27
	ARTELT	0.97	0.00	<b>0.90</b>	0.88	43.84
	PPCEF	0.99	<b>0.99</b>	2.04	0.79	7.01
Heloc	CBCE	1.00	0.54	2.84	0.82	<b>5.71</b>
	CEGP	1.00	0.29	<b>0.26</b>	<b>0.10</b>	9654.60
	CEM	1.00	0.07	0.35	0.20	1639.16
	WACH	1.00	0.00	0.74	0.37	1600.28
	ARTELT	-	-	-	-	-
	PPCEF	1.00	<b>1.00</b>	0.90	0.23	12.44

## Mathematical Formulation

Given an input  $x_0$  and target class  $y'$ , PPCEF solves:

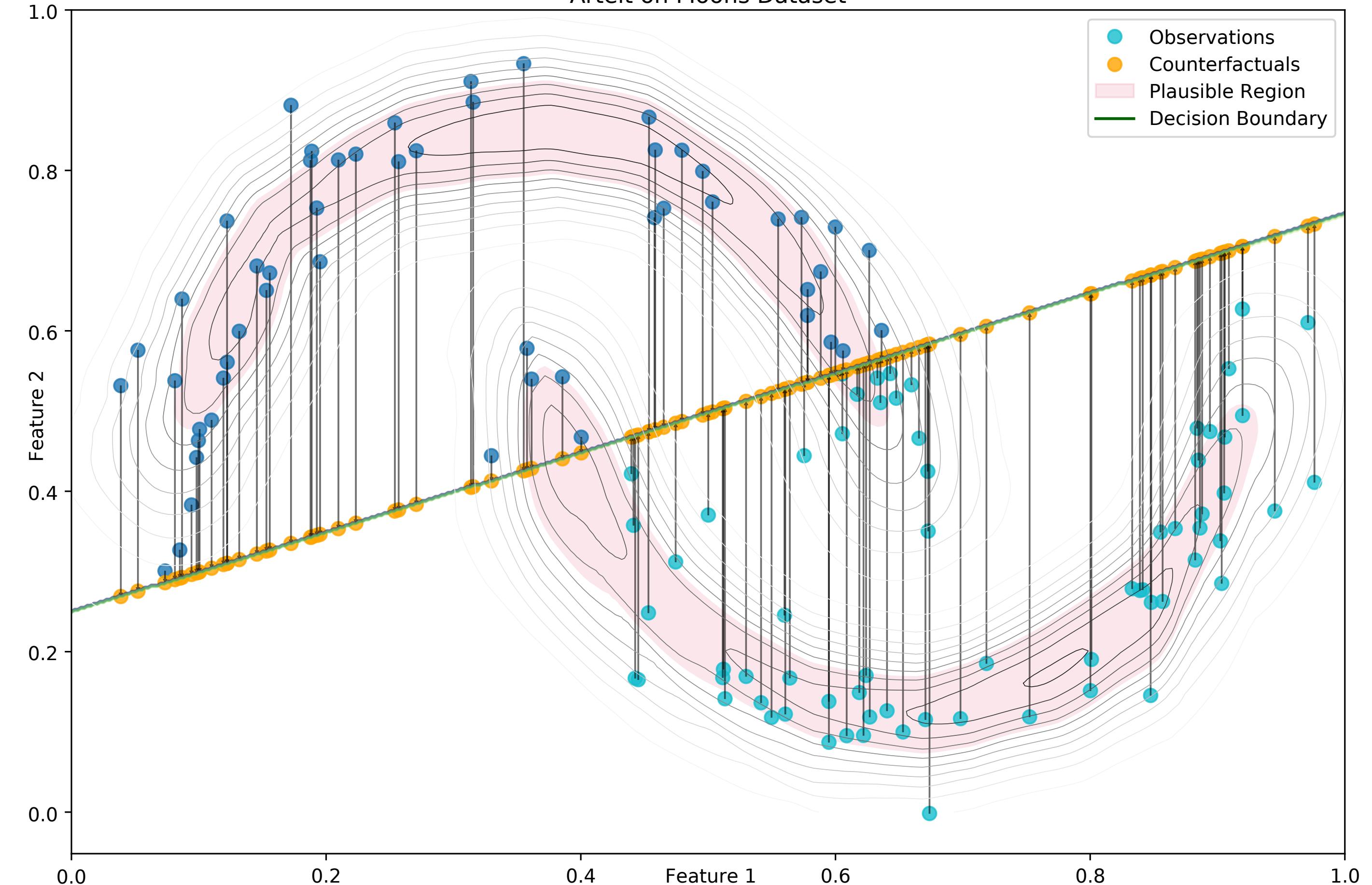
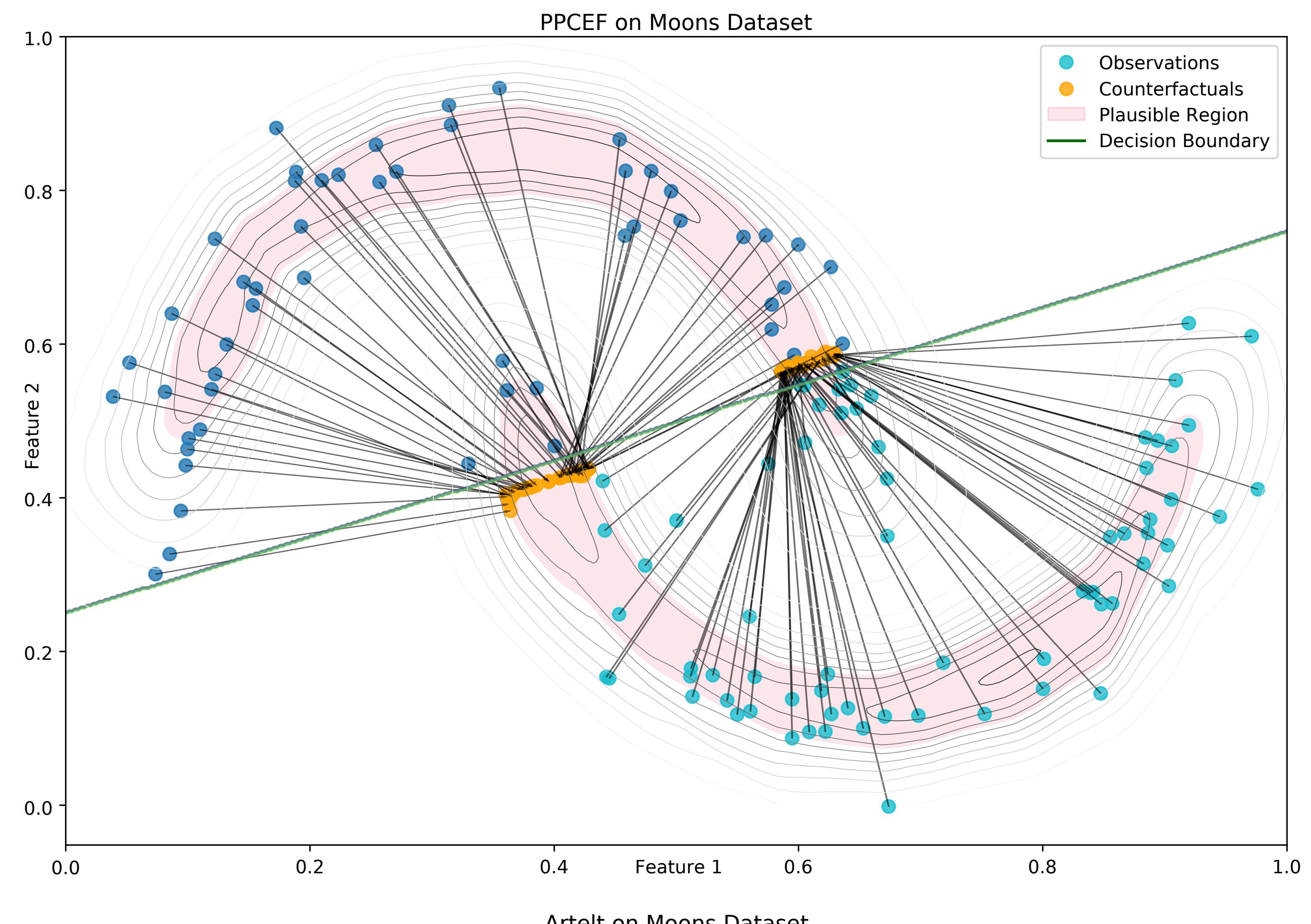
$$\arg \min_{x' \in \mathbb{R}^d} d(x_0, x') + \lambda (\ell_v(x', y') + \ell_p(x', y'))$$

where  $x'$  is the counterfactual,  $d(x_0, x')$  is the proximity term,  $\lambda$  balances the trade-off.

$$\text{Validity Loss } (\ell_v): \ell_v(x', y') = \max(0.5 + \epsilon - p_d(y'|x'), 0)$$

$$\text{Plausibility Loss } (\ell_p): \ell_p(x', y') = \max(\delta - p(x'|y'), 0)$$

## Visual Example



## Contributions

- Unified Framework**: Combines validity, proximity, and plausibility in counterfactual generation.
- Normalizing Flows**: Estimates complex data distributions for realistic outcomes.
- Efficient Generation**: Achieves fast counterfactuals via gradient-based optimization and batch processing.
- Wide Applicability**: Outperforms prior methods across diverse datasets and models.

## Contact Information



Paper



Github Repository



Contact