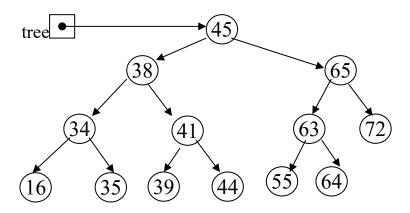
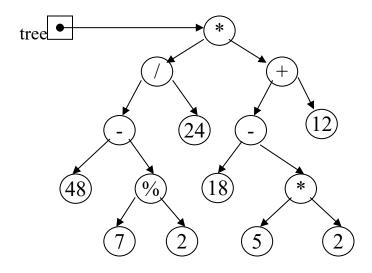
## 1. Given the following binary tree:



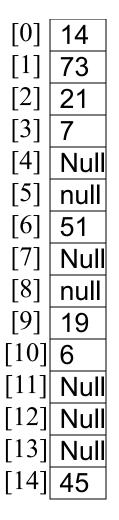
- (a) What is the inorder traversal of the tree? 16,34,35,38,39,41,44,45,55,63,64,65,72
- (b) What is the preorder traversal of the tree? 45,38,34,16,35,41,39,44,65,63,55,64,72
- (c) What is the postorder traversal of the tree? 16,35,34,39,44,41,38,55,64,63,72,65,45
- (d) What is the height of the tree? Height = 3
- (d) What nodes are on level 2? 34, 41, 63, 72

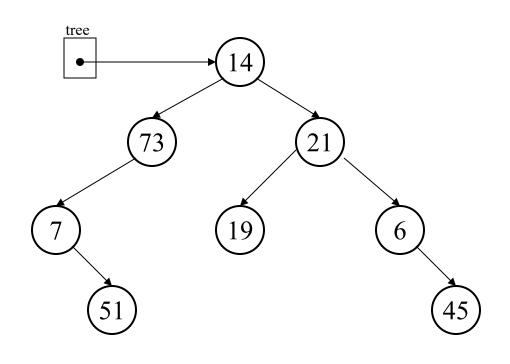
## 2. Given the following binary expression tree:



- (a) What is the inorder traversal of the tree?
- 48,-,7,%,2, /, 24, \*, 18, -, 5, \*, 2, +, 12
- (b) What is the postorder traversal of the tree?
- 48, 7, 2, %, -, 24, /, 18, 5,2,\*, -, 12, +, \*
- (c) What does it evaluate to if using integer division? = 20
- (d) What does it evaluate to if using float division?
  - = 39.16666666666664

- 3. The elements in a binary tree area to be stored in an array. Each element is a nonnegative int value.
- a. What value can you use as a dummy value, if the binary tree is not complete? null
- b. Show the contents of the array, given the tree illustrated below





4. Given the array pictured below, draw the binary tree that can be created from its elements.

[0]	35
[1]	20
[2]	71
[3]	40
[4]	52
[5]	63
[6]	null
[7]	17
[8]	25
[9]	null
[10]	7
[11]	null
[12]	45

