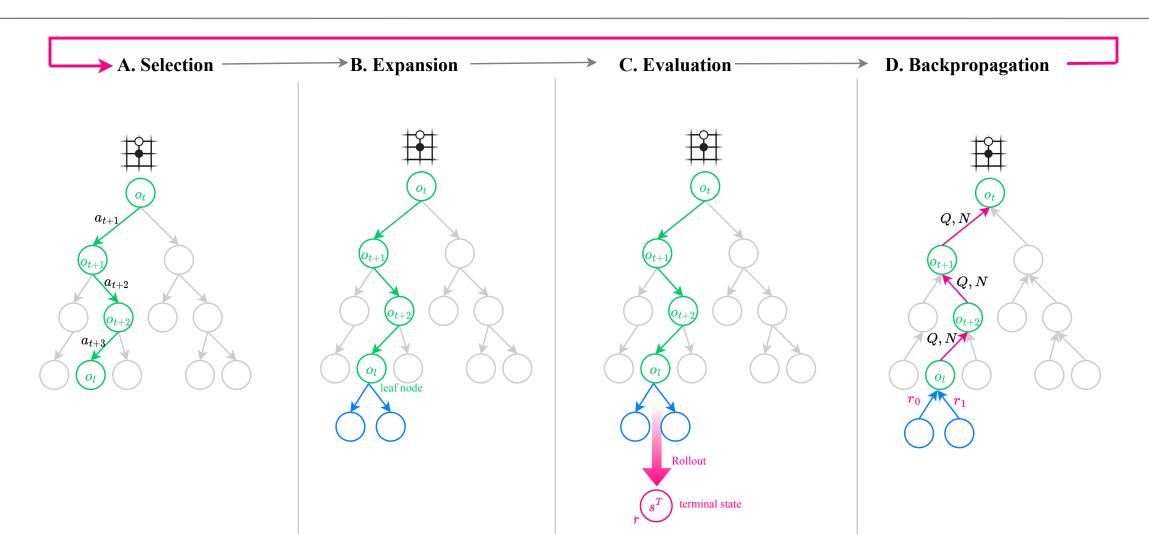
Monte Carlo Tree Search



In each node, select action a_k according to the **UCB** score:

$$a_k = rg \max_a \left[Q(o, a) + c \cdot rac{\sqrt{\sum_b N(o, b)}}{1 + N(o, a)}
ight]$$

The selection function is applied recursively until a **leaf** node is reached.

The **leaf node** o_l is added to the search tree. Each edge (o_l, a) from the newly expanded node is initialized to:

$$\{N(o_l,a)=0, Q(o_l,a)=0\}$$

The leaf node is evaluated by running a rollout to the **end** of the game with the fast **rollout policy** (potentially random), then computing the winner with function r.

Action values Q are updated to track the mean value of all evaluations $\{r\}$ in the subtree below that action. N are updated to track how many times the action has been on the whole MCTS simulations.

NOTE: The MCTS is divided into **four** stages, and **repeated for a number of simulations**. Once the search is complete, we select the action with the **highest** number of visit.