





Security Clearance, Suitability/Fitness, and Credentialing Reform

Goal Leaders

Daniel Coats, Director of National Intelligence, Office of the Director of National Intelligence

Joseph Kernan, Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence, Department of Defense

Jeff Pon, Director, Office of Personnel Management

Margaret Weichert, Deputy Director of Management, Office of Management and Budget

PRESIDENT'S MANAGEMENT A G E N D A Overview



Goal Statement

Promote and protect our Nation's interests by ensuring aligned, effective, efficient, secure, and reciprocal processes to support a trusted Federal workforce.



Urgency

Our world is changing at a pace that requires the security, suitability/fitness, and credentialing community to anticipate, detect, and counter both internal and external threats, such as those posed by trusted insiders who may seek to do harm to the Federal Government's policies, processes, and information systems.



Vision

A Federal workforce entrusted to protect U.S. Government information and property; and to promote a safe and secure work environment, sustained by an enhanced risk management approach supported by:

- Improved early detection enabled by an informed, aware, and responsible Federal workforce
- Quality decisions enabled by improved investigative and adjudicative capabilities
- Optimized government-wide capabilities through enterprise approaches
- Strong partnership with Insider Threat Programs to strengthen the identification, deterrence, and mitigation of problems before they negatively impact the workforce or national security.



Leadership

Goal Leaders:

- Daniel Coats, DNI
- Joseph Kernan, USD(I)
- Jeff Pon, Director OPM
- Margaret Weichert, DDM OMB

Trusted Workforce

Modern
Policies & Processes

Secure & Modern Mission Capable IT

Continuous Performance Improvement

Leadership will come from the Security Clearance, Suitability, and Credentialing Performance Accountability Council (PAC) Principal agencies, which include Office of Management and Budget, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, Office of Personnel Management, and Department of Defense. The PAC* is responsible for driving government-wide implementation of security, suitability, and credentialing reform.

^{*} PAC members are the Office of Management and Budget, Office of the Director of National Intelligence, Office of Personnel Management, Department of Defense; the Departments of State, the Treasury, Justice, Energy, and Homeland Security; the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the General Services Administration, the National Archives and Records Administration, the National Security Council, and the National Background Investigations Bureau.





Goal Structure

Goal

A Federal workforce entrusted to protect Government information and property and to promote a safe and secure work environment, sustained by an enhanced risk management approach.

cor	uild an SSC awareness campaign to reinforce the early identification of reportable behaviors
cor • Tra	incern ain and educate the Federal workforce on their vital role in the early detection of potential issues or ks uild an SSC awareness campaign to reinforce the early identification of reportable behaviors
• Stu	udy other related mission areas for potential information-sharing opportunities to streamline ocesses
Modern Policies & cor	stablish an agile, data-driven, and transparent policy-making process that simplifies traditional overly implex policy development processes eview current end-to-end SSC processes and identify the most cost-effective and efficient methods vet the Federal workforce ofessionalize the SSC workforce through community training, certificate programs, and collaboration th universities
Secure and Modern • Ide pla • Pro	odernize the lifecycle through the use of agency federated systems and shared services entify enhanced security and interoperability standards and capabilities to better inform IT cost and anning decisions ovide agencies with a mechanism to adopt modern technology, automate manual processes, reduce uplicative investments, and decrease the cyber threat footprint
Continuous Performance • De	stablish and implement outcome-based performance metrics and measures evelop a Research and Innovation program to inform policy, process, and technology with empirical sta-driven decisions stablish a Continuous Performance Improvement model that will continuously evaluate the efformance of the SSC policies and processes



Key Highlights

- Seventeen initiatives approved to reduce & mitigate the background investigation backlog. The PAC Principals chartered an interagency effort to identify initiatives to reduce or mitigate the investigative backlog. From August 2017 to December 2017, representatives from the interagency held a series of working group sessions to identify and evaluate initiatives. In December, the Security Executive Agent and Suitability and Credentialing Executive Agent approved seventeen initiatives that will immediately begin to reduce the backlog. Examples include guidance for temporary (interim) authorizations and pre-appointment waiver determinations, expanding the use of video teleconference technology and telephonic reference interviews, clarifying some requirements in the Federal Investigative Standards to improve efficiencies, and expediting the deployment of the newly approved SF-85P.
- DoD and ODNI make progress in developing their Continuous Evaluation Programs. Continuous Evaluation (CE) is a personnel security investigative process to review the background of a covered individual who has been determined to be eligible for access to classified information or hold a sensitive position at any time during the period of eligibility. In September 2017, the DoD's CE program expanded its covered population to 1.1 million personnel, exceeding the target of December 2017. Since attaining Authorization to Operate (ATO) in August 2017, and beginning agency enrollment in September 2017, the ODNI CE system has expanded to provide limited services to four agencies.
- Federal Law Enforcement Liaison Office expands access to criminal history information. Last April, NBIB stood up a new Federal government-wide liaison office to work with state, local, and tribal law enforcement agencies to increase background investigators' access to criminal history information maintained by those agencies. The Law Enforcement Liaison Office (LELO) is also working with non-Federal law enforcement agencies to improve integration of federal, state, and local systems for sharing criminal history record information. Thus far, the LELO has centralized the receipt of criminal histories from 27 state repositories via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS) or direct database linkage and has brought 60 total law enforcement agencies into compliance through education. Electronic receipt of criminal histories eliminates relying on manpower-intensive field work to collect those records by hand, increasing efficiencies and lowering costs.
- Electronic Adjudication shared service coverage expanded to 90% of Tier 3 cases. In November of 2016 the PAC Enterprise Investment Board (EIB) designated and chartered the development of a suite of government-wide end-to-end shared services that will increase consistency and efficiency of processes. One of these shared services capabilities, electronic adjudication (eAdjudication), increases the efficiency and effectiveness of the process by using electronic business rules to adjudicate cases. In September 2017, the eAdjudication shared service was deployed for Tier 1 and Tier 3 investigations and became available for agency subscription. As of December 2017, seven agencies have subscribed, representing over 90% of the Tier 3 cases and approximately 14% of these Tier 3 cases are electronic adjudicated without any manual processes. NBIB is currently establishing the agreements necessary to enroll an additional dozen departments and agencies, and subscriptions are anticipated to grow over the course of FY2018. Additionally, in December 2017, OMB approved the updated SF-85P (Questionnaire for Public Trust Positions). Once the SF-85P is implemented within the electronic application system, eAdjudication business rules will be expanded to cover Tier 2 investigations.





Key Milestones Sub-Goal 1: Trusted Workforce

- Challenge: Information of concern often goes unreported in the Federal Government, which inhibits an agency's ability to address potential issues before escalation.
- **Theory of Change:** The SSC must work toward instilling a sense of shared responsibility by enabling a trusted workforce through consistent reporting requirements, employee and supervisor training, awareness campaigns for reportable behaviors, and identification of gaps in information sharing with sister missions.

Milestone Summary								
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions				
Identify and provide recommendations to improve cross-mission information sharing.	Mar-2018	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM					
Expand reporting requirements to the entire workforce.	Oct-2021	On Track	ОРМ					





Key Milestones Sub-Goal 2: Modern Policies & Processes

- Challenge: The SSC community faces an ever-changing global environment with an increasing mobile workforce, emerging global threats, and advancements in cutting-edge technology and innovations.
- Theory of Change: To successfully modernize our processes, the SSC community must develop agile capabilities that integrate the latest innovative technologies to facilitate continuous vetting of more of our trusted workforce and promote delivery of real-time information to the appropriate SSC professional responsible for making risk-based decisions.

Milestone Summary									
Key Milestones	Milestone Milestone Due Date Status		Owner	Recent Actions					
Issue updated standards for denying, suspending, and revoking Federal credentials.	Jun-2018	On Track	ОРМ						
Establish standards and requirements for Trusted Information Providers to provide shared data with Investigative Service Providers.	Oct-2018	On Track	ODNI, OPM						
Issue Executive branch-wide reciprocity policy for national security/sensitive positions	Dec-2018	On Track	ODNI						
Refine standards and guidelines under the new Federal vetting approach	Dec-2018	On Track	ODNI, OPM						



Key Milestones Sub-Goal 2: Modern Policies & Processes

Milestone Summary									
Key Milestones	Milestone Milestone Due Date Status		Owner	Recent Actions					
Develop quality standards for adjudicative determinations and expand quality tools to include adjudications	Jul-2019	On Track	ODNI, OPM						
Provide the PAC a recommendation for the expansion of continuous vetting across the entire Federal workforce to regularly review their backgrounds to determine whether they continue to meet applicable requirements.	Sep-2019	On Track	ОРМ						
Reduce the inventory of background investigations to a steady and sustainable state	Mar-2021	On Track	NBIB, ODNI, OPM						
Stand up DoD background investigation capability and complete phased transition of cases from NBIB to DoD	Oct-2021	On Track	DoD						
Implement business transformation efforts to reengineer the process, enhance customer engagement, and support policy and process transformation and transition efforts.	Oct-2021	On Track	DoD						





Key Milestones Sub-Goal 3: Secure & Modern Mission-Capable IT

- Challenge: The end-to-end SSC process relies heavily on data sharing and information technology (IT) to operate efficiently, effectively, and securely.
- **Theory of Change:** The SSC mission must develop and deploy a modern, secure, and mission-capable, end-to-end digital environment that builds on a foundation of government-wide standards, promotes interoperability and information sharing, and collaboration across the SSC community.

Milestone Summary								
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions				
Implement a shared unclassified record repository to store background investigation and adjudication history.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM					
Implement a new electronic Application shared service capability and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM					
Implement a shared service to provide an unclassified information exchange for ready and efficient access to data, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM					



Key Milestones Sub-Goal 3: Secure & Modern Mission-Capable IT

Milestone Summary									
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date Milestone Status		Owner	Recent Actions					
Implement a shared service capability that leverages automation to determine the sensitivity and risk level of a position, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM						
Implement a shared service capability that supports the development of background investigation reports, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM						
Implement a shared service capability that supports the adjudication of background investigations, and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM						
Implement a shared service capability that supports security or suitability manager functions that take place after adjudication (e.g. reciprocity, visit requests), and continue to make iterative improvements.	Oct-2019	On Track	DoD, NBIB, ODNI, OPM						





Key Milestones Sub-Goal 4: Continuous Performance Improvement

- Challenge: The SSC has faced challenges in monitoring performance and identifying and driving enterprise-level enhancements to policy, oversight, and operational processes.
- **Theory of Change:** To initiate the necessary culture shift across the enterprise, the SSC community must institutionalize and integrate a continuous performance improvement model that will establish outcome-based performance metrics and measures; inform policy, process, and technology with empirical-based decisions; and continuously evaluate its performance and identify efficient and effective ways to perform its mission.

Milestone Summary									
Key Milestones	Milestone Due Date	Milestone Status	Owner	Recent Actions					
Improve public transparency of progress and performance.	Apr-2019	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM						
Improve decision-making by increasing access to research findings across the Executive Branch.	May-2019	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM						
Continue to mature the research & innovation program to support SSC priorities.	Oct-2019	On Track	PAC PMO, ODNI, OPM						



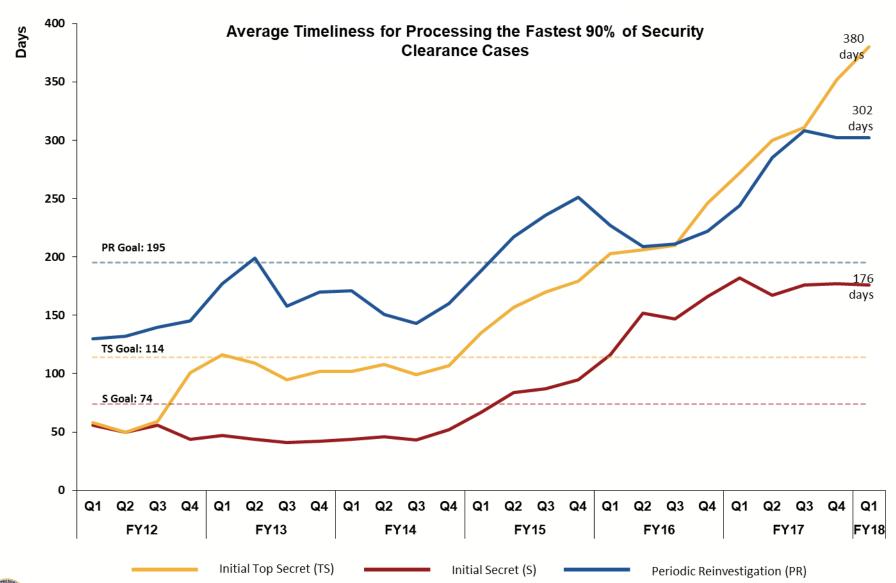
Key Indicator: Portfolio

Focus Area	Key Indicator Title	Description					
Timeliness	End-to-End Process Timeliness (2 slides)	Average number of days to complete end-to-end processing for the national security population					
	NBIB Investigations Inventory	Total inventory of pending NBIB investigations by anticipated workload effort					
Volume	NBIB Investigations Case Flow	Total number of cases closed and scheduled per month, which drives changes to the Investigations Inventory					
	NBIB Investigator Headcount	Total number of investigators performing investigations for NBIB per year by both federal and contractor population					
	DoD National Security Population Eligibility and Access	Total number of federal, military, and contractor personnel eligible for a national security position and personnel currently in access for the Defense Department					
Risk	DoD Continuous Evaluation Enrollment	Total number of DoD personnel enrolled in the Department's Continuous Evaluation (CE) Program					
	Out-of-Scope National Security Population (2 slides)	Total number of Federal workforce eligible for a national security position with out-of-scope (outdated) investigations by security clearance level					





Key Indicator: End-to-End Process Timeliness







Key Indicator: End-to-End Process Timeliness

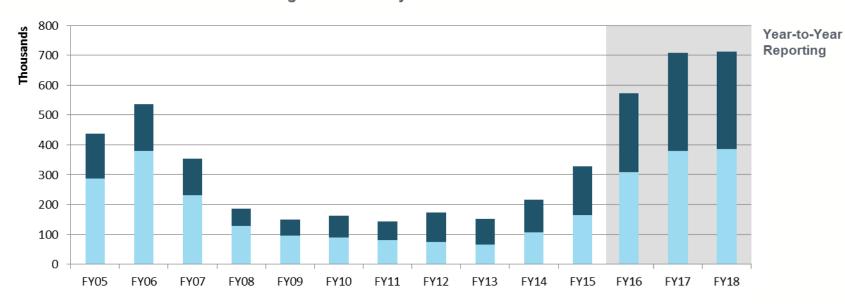
Average number of days to complete end-to-end processes at the 90th percentile, by case type as defined under IRTPA

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							Faste	st 90%									
			Init	iate			Inves	tigate		Adjudicate				End-to-End (Initiate + Inv. + Ad			
			Averag	e Days	5	Average Days			3	Average Days				Average Days			;
		Q2 17	Q3 17	Q4 17	Q1 18	Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 17 17 17 18			Q2 17	Q3 17	Q4 17	Q1 18				Q1 18	
Initial	Average		14 [Days			40 [Days			20 🗆	Days			74 [Days	
Secret Cases	309,814	12	15	13	11	127	137	141	142	28	24	23	23	167	176	177	176
Initial	Average		14 [Days			80 [Days		20 Days			114 Days				
Top Secret Cases	81,048	19	18	18	21	255	272	306	333	26	21	28	26	300	311	352	380
	· ·																
Periodic	Average		15 [Days			150	Days			30 E	Days			1951	Days	
Reinvestigations	179,256	21	21	24	26	232	249	243	247	32	38	35	29	285	308	302	302
				Red	Text: G	oal No	t Met					Gre	en Tex	t: Goal	Met		



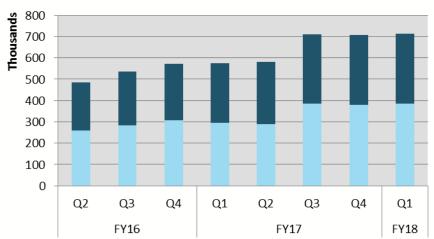
Key Indicator: NBIB Investigations Inventory

Investigative Cases by Fieldwork Intensiveness



High Fieldwork Intensive - Cases that typically require investigators to do more extensive work in the field (i.e. case issues that require manual follow-up). These are used for higher risk positions.

Less Fieldwork Intensive/Special Agreement Checks - Cases that typically require little to no work in the field (i.e. automated fingerprint checks or clean cases). These are used for lower risk positions.



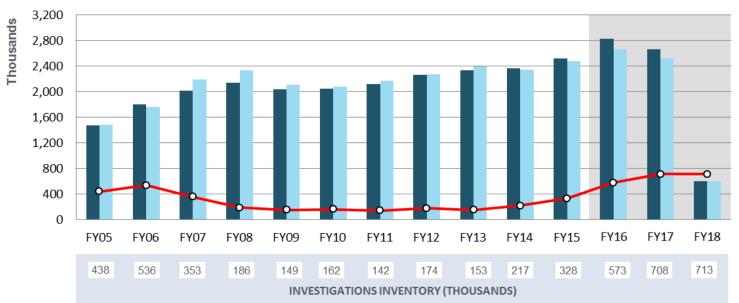
Recent Quarterly Reporting





Key Indicator: NBIB Investigations Case Flow



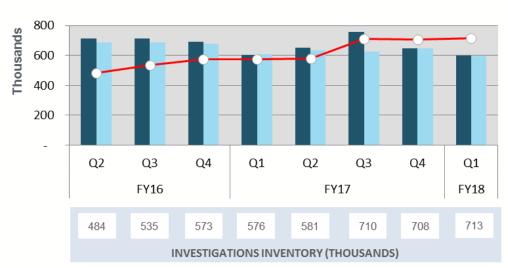


Year-to-Year Reporting

Scheduled

Closed

Total Inventory



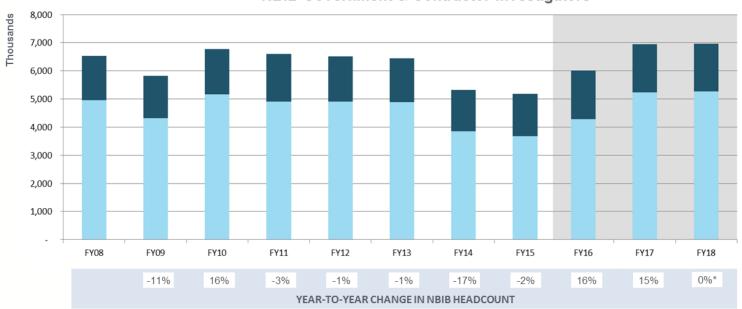
Recent Quarterly Reporting



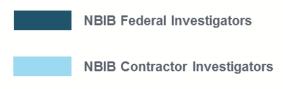


Key Indicator: NBIB Investigator Headcount





Year-to-Year Reporting



8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 FY18 FY17 3% 6% 2% 0% 7% 6% 0% QUARTER-TO-QUARTER CHANGE IN NBIB HEADCOUNT

Recent Quarterly Reporting

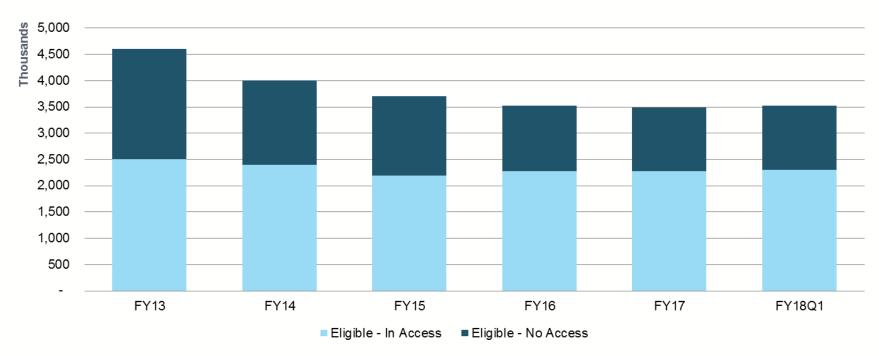
^{*}FY2018 through Q1. Numbers reflect level at the end of each reporting period.





Key Indicator: <u>DoD National</u> Security Population Eligibility & Access

DoD National Security Population Eligibility/Access*



Decrease in DoD Clearances FY13-FY18 (in Thousands)												
	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18Q1	Number Decreased	FY13-FY18Q1				
	(Baseline)	F1 14	FIIJ	FIIU	FTII	FIIOQI	(from baseline)	% Change				
Eligible - In Access	2,500	2,400	2,200	2,280	2,280	2,300	-200	-8.0%				
Eligible - No Access	2,100	1,600	1,500	1,250	1,210	1,230	-870	-41.4%				
Total	4,600	4,000	3,700	3,530	3,490	3,530	-1,070	-23.3%				

As of Jan 1, 2018

- · Reduce period reinvestigation backlog using a risk-based approach
- Reduce total population of 5.1 M Secret and TS/SCI clearance holders across the Executive Branch (of which DoD made up 4.6M) to minimize risk of access to sensitive information and reduce costs



^{*}Responsive to the following Major Actions:

Key Indicator: DoD Continuous Evaluation Enrollment

DOD Continuous Evaluation Program Enrollment

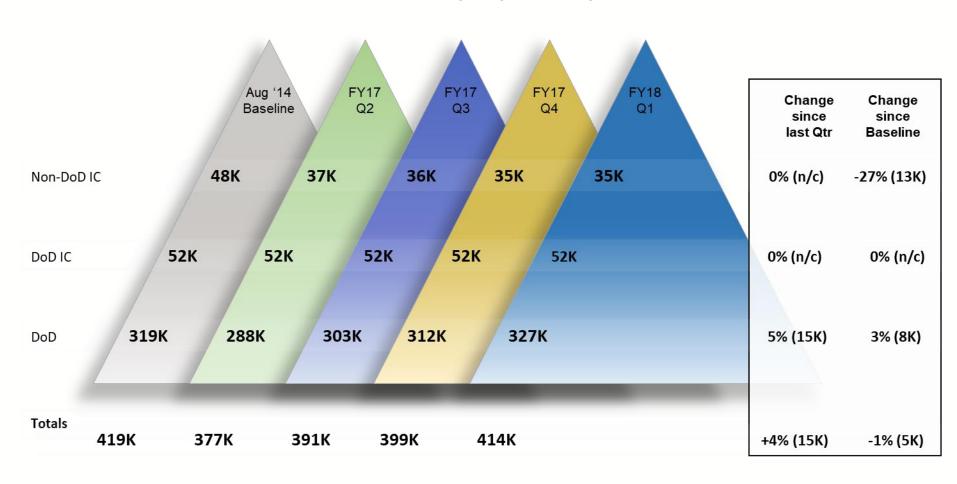






Key Indicator: Out-of-Scope National Security Population

DoD & IC Out of Scope Top Secret Population



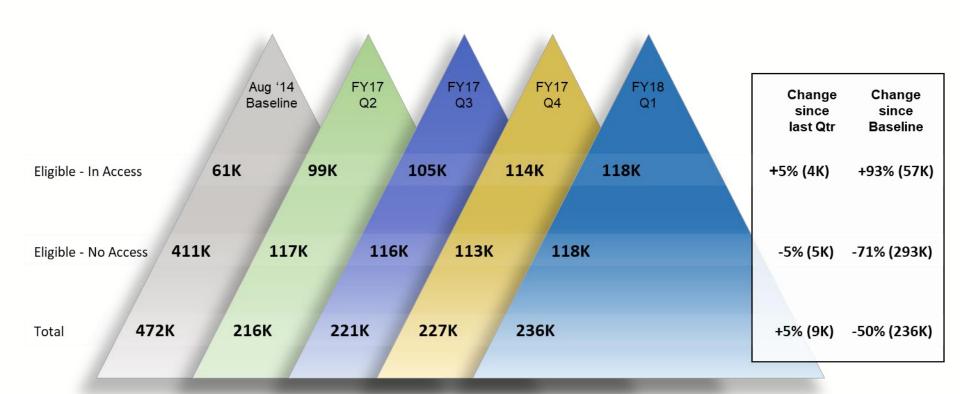
Overall change -1% (5K) since baseline:





Key Indicator: Out-of-Scope National Security Population

DoD Out of Scope Secret Population



Overall change -50% (236K) since baseline:

Acronyms

- **CE** Continuous Evaluation
- **DDM** Deputy Director of Management
- **DNI** Director of National Intelligence
- **DoD** Department of Defense
- **EA** Executive Agent
- **EIB** Enterprise Investment Board
- IRTPA Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004
- **IT** Information Technology
- NBIB National Background Investigative Bureau
- **ODNI** Office of the Director of National Intelligence
- **OMB** Office of Management and Budget
- **OPM** Office of Personnel Management
- PAC Performance Accountability Council
- PMO Program Management Office
- SSC Security, Suitability/Fitness, and Credentialing
- **SecEA** Security Executive Agent
- Suit & CredEA Suitability & Credentialing Executive Agent
- **USD(I)** Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence

