CSI 5138 Homework Exercise 2

Question 1 (25 points) Suppose that $\mathcal{L}(x)$ is a scalar-valued function with variable $x \in \mathbb{R}^K$. The function is defined via the following sequence of function compositions, where A and B are both $K \times K$ matrices:

$$y := Ax \tag{1}$$

$$u := \sigma(y) \tag{2}$$

$$v := Bx \tag{3}$$

$$z := A(u \odot v) \tag{4}$$

$$w := Az \tag{5}$$

$$\mathcal{L} := \|w\|^2 \tag{6}$$

where σ is the sigmoid function and the operation \odot denotes element-wise product.

For a given input vector x and a configuration of (A, B), give the steps of the back-propagation algorithm that computes the gradients $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial A}$ and $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial B}$ evaluated at (x, A, B). Based on these steps, write a program in Python that finds

$$(\widehat{A}, \widehat{B}) := \arg\min_{(A,B)} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \mathcal{L}(x_i; A, B)$$

using gradient descent implemented via back-propagation, for any N points x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_N in \mathbb{R}^K . Note: You are not allowed to use the auto-differentiation libraries in your program. That is, you must implement back-propagation manually.

Question 2 (15 points) For a K-class classification problem, with $X \in \mathbb{R}^m$, suppose that there are two models \mathcal{H}_1 and \mathcal{H}_2 , given below. Each member hypothesis in \mathcal{H}_1 and in \mathcal{H}_2 specifies a $p_{Y|X}$.

$$\mathcal{H}_1 := \{ \mathbf{softmax}(Wx) : W \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times m} \}$$

$$\mathcal{H}_2 := \{ \mathbf{softmax}((A+B)Cx) : A \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times K}, B \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times K}, C \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times m} \}$$

Prove that $\mathcal{H}_1 = \mathcal{H}_2$.

Question 3 (60 points) MNIST dataset is a simple and popular dataset for image classification. You can download the dataset from http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/ and get more information about the dataset. In this exercise, you will need to do the following.

- develop three classifiers for this dataset using three different models: soft-max regression, MLP, and CNN.
- For each model, investigated its behaviour with and without dropout.
- For each model, investigated its behaviour with and without batch normalization.

You may freely explore any design freedom in each model (e.g., width/depth of MLP, kernel size/number of kernels/depth in CNN). You need to submit your code together with a report documenting your observations. In your report, you may feel free to include anything interesting you observe and remark on the lessons learned.