

Hyperparameter Tuning with mlr3tuning::CHEAT SHEET

Class Overview

The package provides a set of R6 classes which allow to (a) define general hyperparameter (HP) tuning instances, i.e., the black-box objective that maps HP configurations (HPCs) to resampled performance values; (b) run black-box optimizers; (c) combine learners with tuners (for nested resampling).



[NB: In many table prints we suppress cols for readability.]

ParamSet - Parameters and Ranges

Scalar doubles, integers, factors or logicals are combined to define a multivariate search space (SS).

```
ss = ps(
  <id> = p_int(lower, upper),
  <id> = p_dbl(lower, upper),
  <id> = p_dct(levels),
  <id> = p_lgl())
```

id is identifier. lower/upper ranges, levels categories.

```
learner = lrn("classif.rpart",
  cp = to_tune(0.001, 0.1, logscale = TRUE))
learner$param_set$search_space() # for inspection
```

Or, use to_tune() to set SS for each param in Learner. SS is auto-generated when learner is tuned. Params can be arbitrarily transformed by setting a global trafo in SS, or p_* shortforms, logscale = TRUE is short for most common choice.

Terminators - When to stop

Construction: trm(.key, ...)

- evals (n_evals)
After iterations.
- run_time (secs)
After training time.
- clock_time (stop_time)
At given timepoint.
- perf_reached (level)
After performance was reached.
- stagnation (iters, threshold)
After performance stagnated.
- combo (list_of_terms, any=TRUE)
Combine terminators with AND or OR.

```
as.data.table(mlr_terminators) # list all
```

TuningInstance* - Search Scenario

Evaluator and container for resampled performances of HPCs. The (internal) eval_batch(xdt) calls benchmark() to eval a table of HPCs. Stores archive of all evaluated experiments and final result.

```
instance = TuningInstanceSingleCrit$new(task,
  learner, resampling, measure, terminator, ss)
```

store_benchmark_result = TRUE to store resampled evals and store_models = TRUE for fitted models.

Example

```
# optimize HPs of RBF SVM on logscale
learner = lrn("classif.svm", kernel = "radial", type = "C-classification")
ss = ps(cost = p_dbl(1e-4, 1e4, logscale = TRUE),
  gamma = p_dbl(1e-4, 1e4, logscale = TRUE))
evals = trm("evals", n_evals = 20)
instance = TuningInstanceSingleCrit$new(task, learner, resampling, measure, evals,
  ss)
tuner = tnr("random_search")
tuner$optimize(instance)
instance$result
#>      cost      gamma learner_param_vals x_domain classif.ce
#> 1: 5.852743 -7.281365      <list[4]> <list[2]>      0.04
```

Use TuningInstanceMultiCrit for multi-criteria tuning.

Tuner - Search Strategy

Generates HPCs and passes to tuning instance for evaluation until termination. Creation: tnr(.key, ...)

- grid_search (resolution, batch_size)
Grid search.
- random_search (batch_size)
Random search.
- design_points (design)
Search at predefined points.
- random_search (batch_size)
Random search.
- nloptr (algorithm)
Non-linear optimization.
- gensa (smooth, temperature)
Generalized Simulated Annealing.
- irace
Iterated racing.

```
as.data.table(mlr_tuners) # list all
```

Logging and Parallelization

```
lgr::get_logger("bbotk")$set_threshold("<level>")
```

Change log-level only for mlr3tuning.

```
future::plan(strategy)
```

Sets the parallelization backend. Speeds up tuning by running iterations in parallel.

Execute Tuning and Access Results

```
tuner$optimize(instance)
as.data.table(instance$archive)
##>      cost gamma classif.ce      uhash x_domain cost x_domain gamma
##> 1: 3.13 5.55      0.56 b8744...      3.13      5.55
##> 2: -1.94 1.32      0.10 f5623...     -1.94      1.32
instance$result # datatable row with optimal HPC and estimated perf
```

Get evaluated HPCs and performances; and result. x_domain_* cols contain HP values after trafo (if any).

```
learner$param_set$values =
instance$result_learner_param_vals
```

Set optimal HPC in Learner.

Example

```
learner = lrn("classif.svm", type = "C-classification", kernel = "radial",
  cost = to_tune(1e-4, 1e4, logscale = TRUE),
  gamma = to_tune(1e-4, 1e4, logscale = TRUE))
instance = tune(method = "grid_search", task = tsk("iris"), learner = learner,
  resampling = rsm("holdout"), measure = msr("classif.ce"), resolution = 5)
```

Use tune() -shortcut.

AutoTuner - Tune before Train

Wraps learner and performs integrated tuning.

```
at = AutoTuner$new(learner, resampling, measure,
  terminator, tuner)
```

Inherits from class Learner. Training starts tuning on the training set. After completion the learner is trained with the "optimal" configuration on the given task.

```
at$train(task)
at$predict(task, row_ids)
```

```
at$learner
```

Returns tuned learner trained on full data set.

```
at$tuning_result
#>      cost      gamma learner_param_vals x_domain classif.ce
#> 1: 5.278814 -4.414869      <list[4]> <list[2]>      0.08
```

Access tuning result.

```
at = auto_tuner(method = "grid_search", learner,
  resampling, measure, term_evals = 20)
```

Use shortcut to create AutoTuner.

Nested Resampling

Just resample AutoTuner; now has inner and outer loop.

Example

```
inner = rsm("holdout")
at = auto_tuner(method = "gensa", learner, inner, measure, term_evals = 20)
outer = rsm("cv", folds = 2)
rr = resample(task, at, outer, store_models = TRUE)

as.data.table(rr)
##>      learner      resampling iteration
##> 1: <AutoTuner[37]> <ResamplingCV[19]>      1
##> 2: <AutoTuner[37]> <ResamplingCV[19]>      2
```

```
extract_inner_tuning_results(rr)
#>      iteration      cost      gamma classif.ce learner_param_vals x_domain
#> 1:      1 1.222198 -0.4974749      0.08      <list[4]> <list[2]>
#> 2:      2 2.616557 -3.1440839      0.08      <list[4]> <list[2]>
```

Check inner tuning results for stable HPs.

```
rr$score()
#>      learner iteration      prediction classif.ce
#> 1: <AutoTuner[40]>      1 <PredictionClassif[19]> 0.05333333
#> 2: <AutoTuner[40]>      2 <PredictionClassif[19]> 0.02666667
```

Predictive performances estimated on the outer resampling.

```
extract_inner_tuning_archives(rr)
#>      iteration      cost      gamma classif.ce runtime      resample_result
#> 1:      1 -7.4572 4.1506      0.68      0.013 <ResampleResult[20]>
#> 21:      2 1.0856 0.4003      0.12      0.014 <ResampleResult[20]>
```

All evaluated HP configurations.

```
rr$aggregate()
#>      classif.ce
#>      0.04
```

Aggregates performances of outer resampling iterations.

```
rr = tune_nested(method = "grid_search", task,
  learner, inner, outer, measure, term_evals = 20)
```

Use shortcut to execute nested resampling.