M8.1. 2 punkty Niech  $\{P_k\}$  będzie ciągiem standardowych wielomianów ortogonalnych w przedziale [a, b], z wagą p(x). Wykazać, że zachodzi związek rekurencyjny

$$P_0(x) = 1, \quad P_1(x) = x - c_1,$$
  
 $P_k(x) = (x - c_k)P_{k-1}(x) - d_kP_{k-2}(x) \qquad (k = 2, 3, ...),$ 

gdzie

$$c_k = \langle x P_{k-1}, P_{k-1} \rangle / \langle P_{k-1}, P_{k-1} \rangle \quad (k \geqslant 1),$$
  
$$d_k = \langle P_{k-1}, P_{k-1} \rangle / \langle P_{k-2}, P_{k-2} \rangle \quad (k \geqslant 2).$$

// se wzorów na
// dazyn skalamy)

POW=1 PI(X)=X-C1 chierry xeby

$$\langle P_{0}, P_{1} \rangle = 0 \Rightarrow \langle 1, x - c_{1} \rangle = 0$$
 $\langle 1, x - c_{1} \rangle = \langle 1, x \rangle - \langle 1, c_{1} \rangle = \langle x, 1 \rangle - c_{1} \langle 1, 1 \rangle = 0$ 
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krok indukajny. Zalitadamy, že Po,P1, ..., Pn-1 ortogonalne i spetniajoz zależność z zadania. (standardowe)

change 
$$zeby \forall i=0.-n-1 < P_n, P_i>=0$$

Po, P1,..., Pn-1 sor bazor TIN-1. many zatem

$$P_{n} = \times P_{n-1} + \sum_{l=0}^{n-2} \alpha_{l} P_{l}.$$

$$T_{n} \qquad T_{n} \qquad T_{n-1}$$

many dla j=0... r-3

$$0 = \langle P_{n}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1} + \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \alpha_{i} P_{i}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \alpha_{i} P_{i}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \alpha_{i} P_{i}, P_{i} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \alpha_{i} P_{i}, P_{i} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{n-1}, P_{n-1} \rangle + \langle x P_{n-1}, P_{n-1}, P_{n-1}, P$$

$$= \langle P_{n-1}, xP_{j} \rangle + \langle y \rangle \langle P_{j}, P_{j} \rangle = \langle y \rangle \langle P_{j}, P_{j} \rangle$$

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$$= \langle P_{n-1}, xP_{j} \rangle + \langle y \rangle \langle P_{j}, P_{j} \rangle + \langle y \rangle \langle P_{$$

many wife 
$$P_n = \times P_{n-1} + \alpha_{n-2} P_{n-2} + \alpha_{n-1} P_{n-1} = (\times + \alpha_{n-1}) P_{n-1} + \alpha_{n-2} P_{n-2}$$

<sub>//</sub>O

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