M11.11. 3 punkty. Włącz komputer i uzasadnij odpowiedź. Obliczyć z dokładnością do  $\varepsilon=10^{-4}$  wartość całki  $I(f)=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\cos^2(x)e^{-x}=3/5$ 

$$I(f) = \int_0^\infty \cos^2(x)e^{-x} = 3/5.$$

In numerical analysis **Gauss–Laguerre quadrature** (named after Carl Friedrich Gauss and Edmond Laguerre) is an extension of the Gaussian quadrature method for approximating the value of integrals of the following kind:

$$\int_0^{+\infty} e^{-x} f(x) \, dx.$$

In this case

$$\int_0^{+\infty} e^{-x} f(x) \, dx pprox \sum_{i=1}^n w_i f(x_i)$$

where  $x_i$  is the i-th root of Laguerre polynomial  $L_n(x)$  and the weight  $w_i$  is given by [1]

$$w_i = rac{x_i}{\left(n+1
ight)^2 \left[L_{n+1}\left(x_i
ight)
ight]^2}.$$

The closed form is

$$L_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n inom{n}{k} rac{(-1)^k}{k!} x^k.$$

```
♦ zad11.py > ...

      from sympy import *
      def gauss_laguerre(n, func):
          x = Symbol("x")
          poly = Poly(laguerre(n, x))
           roots = poly.all_roots()
          x_i = [r.evalf(20) \text{ for } r \text{ in roots}]
          wi = [(r/(((n+1) * laguerre(n+1, r))**2)).evalf(20) for r in roots]
           for (w, x) in zip(w_i, x_i):
               res = res + w * func(x)
           return res
           return cos(x)**2
       print(gauss laguerre(18, f))
           OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                 TERMINAL
• mluczynski@mluczynski:~/Desktop/kochane studia$ python3 zad11.py
 0.60000565882260595957
 mluczynski@mluczynski:~/Desktop/kochane studia$
```