

# Statistics and R short course

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## Session 5 - Practical

### Exercise 1

Using the `adolescent_small.csv` data from Session 4, fit a linear model regressing weight (variable `a104wt`) on age (variable `a12age`).

Test if the regression coefficient of age  $\beta_{age} = 0$ .

Note:

- deviance = sum of squares
- residual = error

### Exercise 2

Repeat the ANOVA test from yesterday as a linear regression model. Do you get the same results?

Note: `glm` will have the word *deviance* in its output. This is just another word for sum of squares.

Recall from yesterday:

```
aov(cd41~as.factor(hosp),data=Tbreg)
```

### Exercise 3

Using the `adolescent_small.csv` data, fit the following GLM model:

Weight `a104wt` as a function of + age `a12age` + height `a103ht` + hiv `hiv` + sex `a13sex`

Produce: \* a residuals vs. fitted values graph \* histogram of the residuals \* a QQ plot.

### Exercise 4

You are given the following data:

$$\mathbf{x} = (-6, -6, -4, -1, 0.5, 2, 8, 8, 11, 11.5)^T$$

$$\mathbf{y} = (-3.7, -4.3, -3.9, -4.6, 0.5, -6.9, 10.2, 16.1, 6, 19.5)^T$$

- Fit a linear regression model to these data and show the model output.
- Describe the resulting regression line:
  - What is the relationship between variables  $X$  and  $Y$ ?
  - How much (on average) does  $Y$  change when  $X$  changes by 1?
  - What value does  $Y$  take (on average) when  $X = 0$ ?

- c. Compute the coefficient of determination  $R^2$ , the adjusted  $R^2$ , the likelihood and the AIC. Which of these tell you how good your model fits the data?
- d. Compute the residuals  $r_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i$  and do a normal distribution QQ plot.
- e. What other diagnostic check(s) could you do? Do this and explain whether you think this is a good model.
- f. Re-fit the model, but now including a term for  $X^2$ :  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + \beta_2 X^2 + \epsilon$ . Check and discuss the resulting model and compare it to the previous one. Which model would you recommend for this dataset?

## Exercise 5

Download (from GitHub) and load the dataset `cuse.csv`.

This is a dataset on contraceptive use. `using`, `notUsing` lists how many people in each group implied by combinations of `age`, `education`, `wantsMore` are currently using contraceptives. `age`, `education` are self-explanatory. `wantsMore` lists whether individuals want more children or not.

Model the binary variable specified by the 2 columns `using`, `notUsing` in terms of `age`, `education`, `wantsMore`.

- Discuss your results.
- What can you say about the deviance? Does it look like this is a good model?
- What happens if you include an interaction term between the age variable and the desire for more children variable?