



Building and Maintaining a K8S Client Library

Stories from the trenches

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Me, myself and I



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Previous Tecnotree, Digia, Tieto, Nokia, ...

Bio All-around handyman on technical topics
Working with containers & microservices
for ~5 years
Avid fly-fisher
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Topics

Why another client library?

Authentication is hard

POST vs. PUT vs. PATCH

Merge patching

Higher level constructs

PITFALLS



Word of “wisdom”

Do not build your own client library, unless you really have to.
I mean REALLY!

Background

Pharos - A certified Kubernetes distro
~400 resources managed
Need for something lean&mean

Open source

github.com/kontena/k8s-client

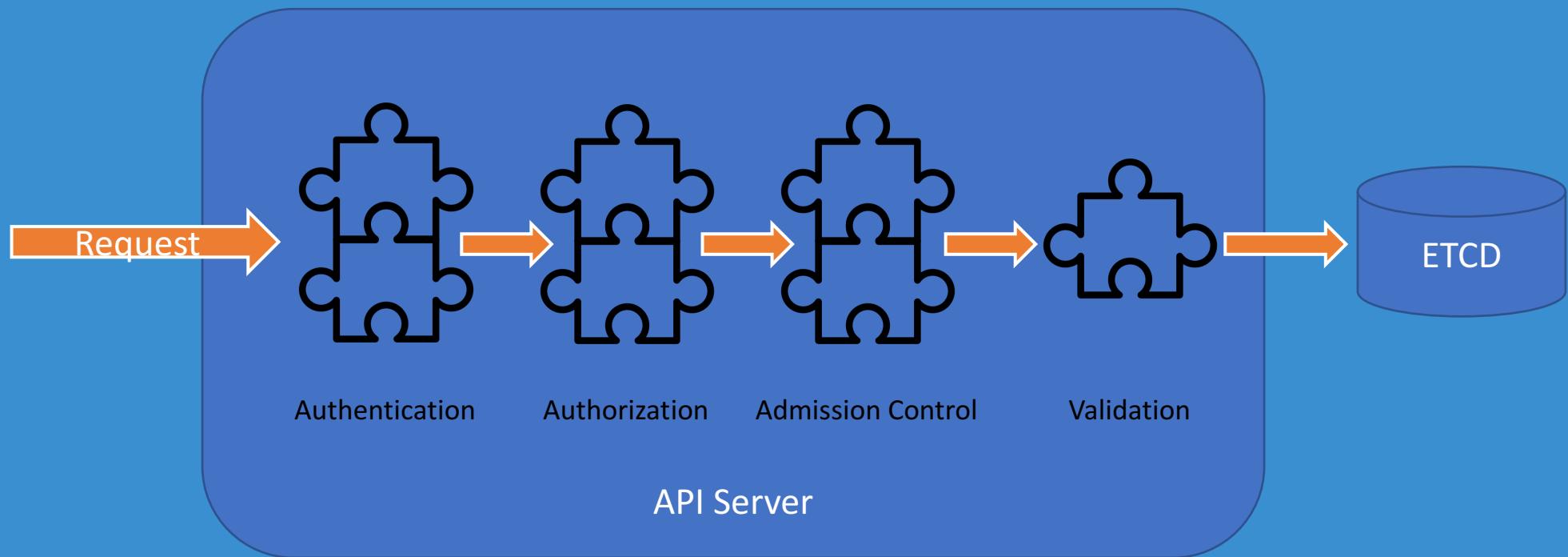
github.com/kontena/pharos-cluster

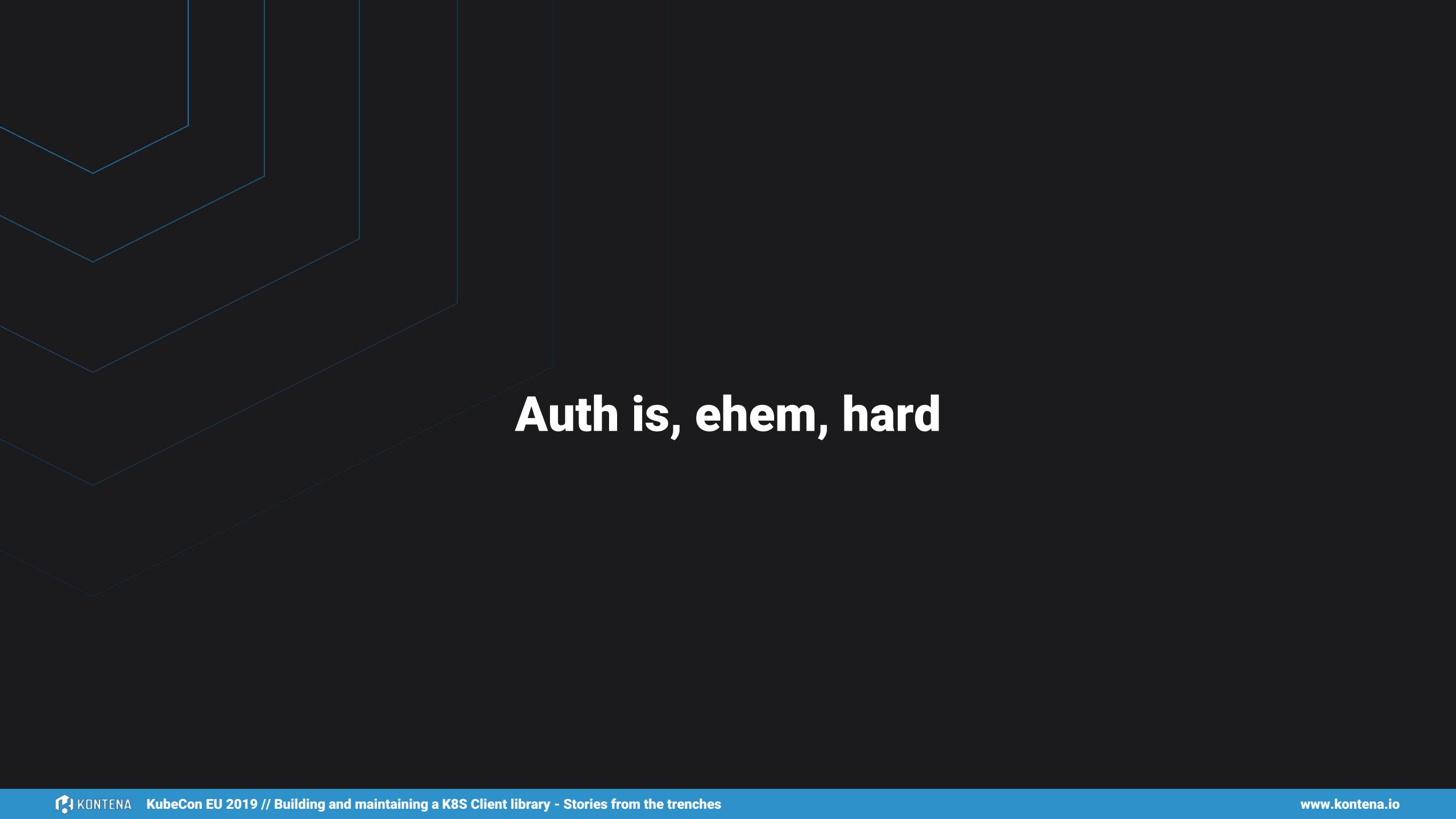
github.com/kontena/mortar



SO IT BEGINS

Request processing stages





Auth is, ehem, hard

Auth is a moving target

API has 3 ways to auth
Kubeconfig has X number of ways
Often need to call external tool

```
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
  ··· certificate-authority-data: LS0tLS1CRUd...
  ··· server: https://35.228.64.213...
  ··· name: gke_kube-trial-224019_europe-north1-a_test-1-10-9
contexts:
- context:
  ··· cluster: gke_kube-trial-224019_europe-north1-a_test-1-10-9
  ··· user: gke_kube-trial-224019_europe-north1-a_test-1-10-9
  ··· name: gke_kube-trial-224019_europe-north1-a_test-1-10-9
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: gke_kube-trial-224019_europe-north1-a_test-1-10-9
  user:
    auth-provider:
      config:
        access-token: ya29.Glxk...
        cmd-args: config config-helper --format=json
        cmd-path: /Users/jussi/Downloads/google-cloud-sdk/bin/gcloud
        expiry: "2018-11-30T12:24:41Z"
        expiry-key: '{.credential.token_expiry}'
        token-key: '{.credential.access_token}'
      name: gcp
```

```
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
  ··· certificate-authority-data: LS0tLS1CRUd...
  ··· server: https://xyz.yl4.eu-north-1.eks.amazonaws.com
  ··· name: jussi-test-cluster.eu-north-1.eksctl.io
contexts:
- context:
  ··· cluster: jussi-test-cluster.eu-north-1.eksctl.io
  ··· user: jussi@jussi-test-cluster.eu-north-1.eksctl.io
  ··· name: jussi@jussi-test-cluster.eu-north-1.eksctl.io
current-context: jussi@jussi-test-cluster.eu-north-1.eksctl.io
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: jussi@jussi-test-cluster.eu-north-1.eksctl.io
  user:
    exec:
      apiVersion: client.authentication.k8s.io/v1alpha1
      args:
        - token
        - -i
        - jussi-test-cluster
      command: aws-iam-authenticator
      env: null
```

```
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
  ··· certificate-authority-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBD...Qo=
  ··· server: https://1.2.3.4:6443
  ··· name: kubernetes
contexts:
- context:
  ··· cluster: kubernetes
  ··· user: kubernetes-admin
  ··· name: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
current-context: kubernetes-admin@kubernetes
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: kubernetes-admin
  user:
    client-certificate-data: LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBDRVJU...
    client-key-data: LS0tLS1CR...
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Config
clusters:
- name: cicd-cluster
  cluster:
    ··· server: 'https://1.2.3.4:6443'
    ··· certificate-authority-data: >-->
      ··· LS0tLS1CRUd...
users:
- name: jussi
  user:
    token: 4eb21319fa...
contexts:
- name: cicd-cluster
  context:
    user: jussi
    cluster: cicd-cluster
current-context: cicd-cluster
```

Kubeconfig is hard

KUBECONFIG can point to many files
Token may or may not be base64
Merging rules are complex
In-cluster vs. out of cluster

```
client = K8s::Client.autoconfig
```

POST vs. PUT vs. PATCH

Naïve approach

POST resource
GET resource
Merge with local (yaml)
PUT resource

*Why not just **PUT** the resource?*

Local yaml is **NOT** a full resource

API does not accept it

API has many admission controllers etc.

Solution

Record “last-applied-config”
“3-way” merge on client side
PATCH as “json-patch” type

Essentially a “kubectl apply -f ...”

Merge patching

More than 1 way to PATCH

Strategic merge patch
JSON patch
JSON Merge patch

Strategic merge patch

Server side merge
Merge strategy decided on server side
So merging is different case-by-case

We use *JSON patch*

Diff "last-applied-config" vs. New
Diff sent as "application/json-patch+json"
RFC6902

```
[  
  ... {  
    ... "op": "remove",  
    ... "path": "/metadata/labels/foo"  
  },  
  ... {  
    ... "op": "add",  
    ... "path": "/metadata/labels/bar",  
    ... "value": "foobar"  
  },  
  ... {  
    ... "op": "add",  
    ... "path": "/spec/containers/0/ports/1",  
    ... "value": {  
      ... "name": "bar",  
      ... "port": 90,  
      ... "targetPort": 90  
    }  
  }]  
]
```

Empty vs. null vs. undefined

They are the same...

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: myapp
spec:
  containers:
    - name: myapp
      image: docker.io/nginx/:1-alpine
      resources:
        limits:
          memory: "10Mi"
          cpu: "100m"
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: myapp
  labels: {}
spec:
  containers:
    - name: myapp
      image: docker.io/nginx/:1-alpine
      resources:
        limits:
          memory: "10Mi"
          cpu: "100m"
      ports: []
```

...until they are not

```
$ kubectl patch deployment myapp --type='json' -p='[{"op": "add",  
"path": "/spec/tolerations", "value": []}]'  
deployment.extensions/myapp patched  
  
$ kubectl patch deployment myapp --type='json' -p='[{"op": "replace",  
"path": "/spec/tolerations", "value": []}]'  
Error from server: jsonpatch replace operation does not apply: doc is missing  
key: /spec/tolerations
```

Empty might be meaningful!?

```
kind: NetworkPolicy
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
metadata:
  name: web-allow-external
spec:
  podSelector:
    matchLabels:
      app: web
  ingress:
  - from: []
```

With JSON patch

Drop "empty" values from original

or

Deal with "empty" values during diff

API Discovery & CRDs

API discovery

Map resource types to API paths
CRDs
Static vs. Dynamic
Caching?

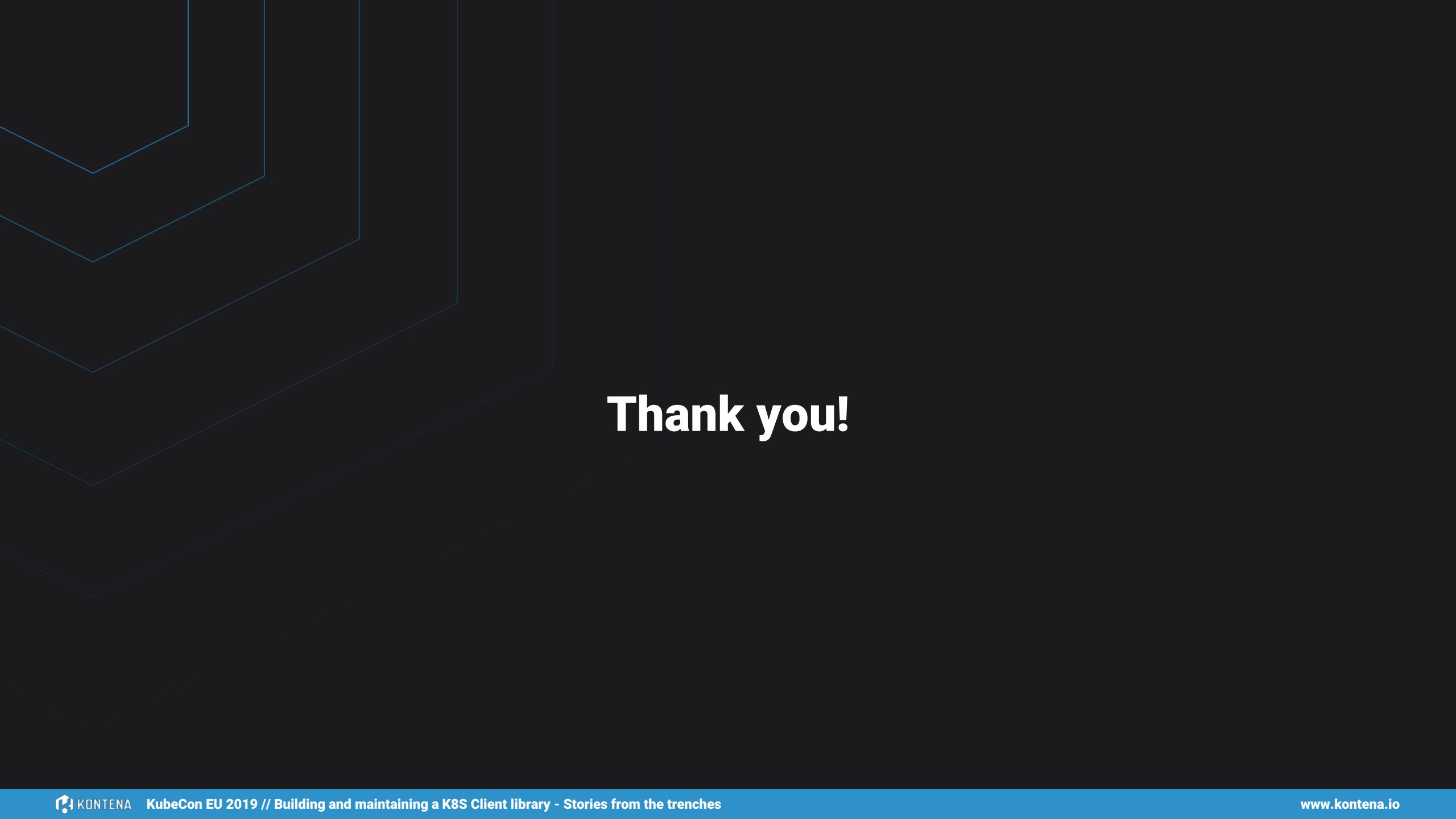
CRDs

CRDs are hard with many libs

Generate resource types?

Un-typed resources → CRDs are easy

```
$ irb -r wirb --inspect wirb
2.5.3 :001 > require 'k8s-client'
=> true
2.5.3 :002 > client = K8s::Client.autoconfig; nil
=> nil
2.5.3 :003 > cluster_info = client.api("crd.projectcalico.org/v1").
2.5.3 :004 >   resource("clusterinformations").
2.5.3 :005 >   get("default"); nil
=> nil
2.5.3 :006 > cluster_info.metadata.name
=> "default"
2.5.3 :007 > cluster_info.metadata.spec.calicoVersion
Traceback (most recent call last):
  2: from /Users/jussi/.rvm/rubies/ruby-2.5.3/bin/irb:11:in `<main>'
  1: from (irb):7
NoMethodError (undefined method `calicoVersion' for nil:NilClass)
2.5.3 :008 > cluster_info.spec.calicoVersion
=> "v3.3.6"
```



Thank you!