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18CSC304J/ COMPLIER DESIGN MINI PROJECTREPORT Mini Python Compiler

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter No.	Title	Page No.
1.	INTRODUCTION	01
2.	ARCHITECTURE OF LANGUAGE	03
3.	DIFFERENT MODULES OF PROJECT	04
4.	CONTEXT FREE GRAMMAR	05
5.	DESIGN STRATEGY	07
	SYMBOL TABLE CREATION	
	ABSTRACT SYNTAX TREE	
	INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION	
	CODE OPTIMIZATION	
	• ERROR HANDLING	
	TARGET CODE GENERATION	
6.	IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS	09
	SYMBOL TABLE CREATION	
	ABSTRACT SYNTAX TREE	
	INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION	
	CODE OPTIMIZATION	
	ASSEMBLY CODE GENERATION	
	• ERROR HANDLING	
	BUILD AND RUN THE PROGRAM	
7.	RESULTS AND SHORTCOMINGS	14
8.	SNAPSHOTS	15
9.	CONCLUSIONS	23
10.	FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS	24
REFERENCES		25

1. INTRODUCTION

The Mini-Compiler, contains all phases of compiler has been made for the language Python by using C language (till intermediate code optimisation phase) and we used Python language itself for target code generation as well. The constructs that have been focused on are 'if-else' and 'while' statements. The optimizations handled for the intermediate code are 'packingtemporaries' and 'constant propagation'. Syntax and semantic errors have been handled and syntax error recovery has been implemented using Panic Mode Recovery in the lexer.

The screenshots of the sample input and target code output are as follows:

Sample Input:

```
a=10
     b=9
     c = a + b + 100
     e=10
     f=8
 5
     d=e*f
     if(a>=b):
          a=a+b
 9
          g=e*f*100
10
11
     u=10
12
     i=99
```

Sample Output:

This the target code which is generated after ICG

```
MOV R0, #10
MOV R1, #9
MOV R2, #119
MOV R3, #8
MOV R4, #80
10:
MOV R5, #0
BNEZ R5, 11
MOV R6, #19
MOV R7, #8000
11:
MOV R8, #99
ST b, R1
ST c, R2
ST e, R0
ST f, R3
ST d, R4
ST a, R6
ST g, R7
ST u, R0
ST j, R8
```

2. ARCHITECTURE OF LANGUAGE

For this mini-compiler, the following aspects of the Python language syntax have been covered:

- Constructs like 'if-else' and 'while' and the required indentation for these loops.
- Nested loops
- Integer and float data types

Specific error messages are displayed based on the type of error. Syntax errors are handled using the yyerror() function, while the semantic errors are handled by making a call to a function that searches for a particular identifier in the symbol table. The line number is displayed as part of the error message.

As a part of error recovery, panic mode recovery has been implemented for the lexer. It recovers from errors in variable declaration. In case of identifiers, when the name begins with a digit, the compiler neglects the digit and considers the rest as the identifier name.

Languages used to develop this project:

- (
- YACC
- LEX
- PYTHON

3. DIFFERENT MODULES OF PROJECT

Different Folders:

- 1. **Token_And Symbol_Table**: This folder contains the code that outputs the tokens and the symbol table.
- 2. **Abstract_Syntax_Tree**: This folder contains the code that displays the abstract syntax tree.
- 3. **Intermediate_Code_Generation**: This folder contains the code that generates the symbol table before optimisations and the intermediate code.
- 4. **Optimised_ICG:** This folder contains the code that generates the symbol table after optimisations, the quadruples table and the optimised intermediate code.
- 5. **Target_Code**: This folder contains the code that displays the assembly code/target code.

Different Files:

- 1. **proj.l**: It is the Lexical analyser file which defines all the terminals of the productions stated in the vacc file. It contains regular expressions.
- 2. **proj1.y**: Yacc file is where the productions for the conditional statements like if-else and while and expressions are mentioned. This file also contains the semantic rules defined against every production necessary. Rules for producing three address code is also present.
- 3. **final.py**: It is the python file which converts the ICG to target code using regex.
- 4. **inp.py:** The input python code which will be parsed and checked for semantic correctness by executing the lex and yacc files along with it.

4. CONTEXT-FREE GRAMMAR

REGEX

```
digits \rightarrow [0-9]
```

num -> digits+(\.digits+)?([Ee][+|-]?digits+)?

id -> [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*

integer -> [0-9]+

string \rightarrow [a-z | A-Z | 0-9 | special]*

special $-> [!" # \% \& \land () * +, - . / : ; <=> ? @ [\land \land] ^ ` { | } ~]$

GRAMMAR

P ->S

S ->Simple S | Compound S | epsilon

Simple ->Assignment LB | Cond LB | Print LB | break | pass | continue Assignment -> id opassgn E1 | id opassgn cond | id listassgn

Arr

| id strassgn Str

$$-= op1 -> + | -$$

LB
$$\rightarrow n$$

_=

mat -> [listnum] | [liststr]

list -> listnum | liststr | Range

listnum -> num,listnum | epsilon | num liststr -> Str,liststr | epsilon | Str

```
-> * integer
mul
add
             \rightarrow + Arr
             -> range ( start , stop , step )
Range
             -> integer | epsilon
start
             -> integer
stop
             -> integer | epsilon
step
             -> string | string mul | string addstr
Str
addstr
             \rightarrow + string
Compound -> if else LB | while loop LB
             -> if condition : LB IND else | if condition : LB IND
if else
                | if condition : S | if condition : S else
else
             -> else : LB IND | else : S
while loop -> while condition : LB IND | while condition : S
             -> cond | (cond)
condition
cond
             -> cond opor cond1 | cond1
             -> cond1 opand cond2 |
cond1
cond2 cond2-> opnot cond2 | cond3
cond3
             -> (cond) | relexp | bool
             -> relexp relop E1 | E1 | id | num
relexp
relop
             -> < | > | <= | >= | != | in | not
in bool
             -> True | False
             -> || | or
opor
             -> && | and
opand
             -> not | ~
opnot
IND
             -> indent S dedent
indent
             -> \t
dedent
             -> -\t
             -> print (toprint) | print (toprint, sep) | print (toprint, sep, end)
Print
                | print (toprint,end)
             -> X | X,toprint |
toprint
epsilon X
             -> Str | Arr | id | num
             -> sep = Str
sep
```

 \rightarrow end = Str

end

5. DESIGN STRATEGY

1) SYMBOL TABLE CREATION

Linked list is being used to create the symbol table. The final output shows the label, value, scope, line number and type. We have created three functions to generate the symbol table. They are:

- Insert: It pushes the node onto the linked list.
- Display: It displays the symbol table.
- Search: It searches for a particular label in the linked list.

2) ABSTRACT SYNTAX TREE

This is being implemented using a structure that has three members which hold the data, left pointer and right pointer respectively. The functions that aid in creating and displaying this tree are:

- BuildTree: It is used to create a node of this structure and add it to the existing tree.
- printTree: This function displays the abstract syntax tree using pre-order traversal.

3) INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION

We have used the stack data structure to generate the intermediate code that uses some functions, which are called based on some conditions.

4) CODE OPTIMIZATION

A data structure known as quadruple is used to optimize the code. This data structure holds the details of each of the assignment, label and goto statements.

5) ERROR HANDLING

• Syntax Error:

If the token returned does not satisfy the grammar, then yyerror() is used to display the syntax error along with the line number.

Semantic Error:

If there is an identifier in the RHS of an assignment statement, the symbol table is searched for that variable. If the variable does not exist in the symbol table, this is identified as a semantic error and is displayed.

• Error Recovery:

Panic Mode Recovery is used as the error recovery technique, where if the variable declaration has been done with a number at the start, it ignores the number and considers the rest as the variable name. This has been implemented using regex.

6) TARGET CODE GENERATION

The optimised intermediate code is read from a text file, line after line, and goes through a series of if-else loops to generate the target code. A hypothetical target machine model has been used as the target machine and the limit on the number of reusable registers has been set to 13, numbered from R0 to R12. A hypothetical machine model has been used that follows the following instruction set architecture:

- Load/Store Operations: ST <loc>, R LD R, <loc>
 Move Operations: MOV R_d, #<num>
 Arithmetic Operations: <ADD/SUB/MUL/DIV> R_d, R₁, R₂
 Compare Operations: CMP<cond> R_d, R₁, R₂
- (<cond>: E for ==, NE for !=, G for >.
 L for <, GE for >= or LE for <=)

 5) Logical Operations:
 NOT R_d, R
 <AND/OR> R_d, R₁, R₂

 6) Conditional Branch:
 BNEZ R_d, label

 7) Unconditional Branch:
 BR label

6. IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

1) SYMBOL TABLE CREATION

The following snapshot shows the structure declaration for symbol table:

```
struct symbtab
{
        char label[20];
        char type[20];
        int value;
        char scope[20];
        int lineno;
        struct symbtab *next;
};
```

These are the functions used to generate the symbol table:

```
void insert(char* l,char* t,int v,char* s,int ln);
struct symbtab* search(char lab[]);
void display();
```

These snapshots are taken from proj1.y file in Token and Symbol table folder.

2) ABSTRACT SYNTAX TREE

The following data structure is used to represent the abstract syntax tree:

```
typedef struct Abstract_syntax_tree
{
         char *name;
         struct Abstract_syntax_tree *left;
         struct Abstract_syntax_tree *right;
}node;
```

The following functions build and display the syntax tree:

```
node* buildTree(char *,node *,node *);
void printTree(node *);
```

These snapshots are taken from proj1.y file in Abstract syntax tree folder.

3) INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION

The following arrays act as stacks and are used for the generation of intermediate code:

The following functions push onto the stack and generate the intermediate code, when called based on various conditions:

```
void push(char*);
void codegen(int val,char* aeval_);
void codegen_assign();
void codegen2();
void codegen3();
```

These snapshots are taken from proj1.y file in ICG folder.

4) CODE OPTIMISATION

The data structure quadruple declaration has been shown below:

```
typedef struct quadruples
{
    char *op;
    char *arg1;
    char *arg2;
    char *res;
}quad;
```

The following functions are used to add to the quadruples table and display it onto the terminal:

```
void displayquad();
char addquad(char*,char*,char*,char*);
```

These snapshots are taken from proj1.y file in Optimised_ICG folder.

5) TARGET CODE GENERATION

A global dictionary holds the mapping between each constant/identifier and the corresponding register that holds that constant/identifier. There also is a global list that holds the identifiers that need to be stored towards the end of the program.

There are two functions which are used for register allocation. The 'getreg()' function gets the next free/unallocated register and uses the 'fifo()' function in cases when all the registers are used up. The 'fifo()' function uses the 'First In First Out' method to free a register and return it to the 'getreg()' function. These functions are as follows:

```
def getreg():
    for i in range(0,13):
        if reg[i]==0:
            reg[i]=1
            return 'R'+str(i)
    register = fifo()
    return register
```

```
def fifo():
    global fifo_reg
    global fifo_return_reg
    for k,v in var.copy().items():
        if(v == 'R'+str(fifo_reg) ):
            fifo_return_reg = v
                var.pop(k)
            if(k in store_seq):
                store_seq.remove(k)
                print("ST ", k, ', ', v, sep='')
    fifo_reg = int(fifo_return_reg[1:]) + 1
    return fifo_return_reg
```

These snapshots are taken from final.py file in Target_Code folder.

6) ERROR HANDLING

The following snapshot shows the error handling function for

```
int yyerron(){
    printf("\n-----------------\n",yylineno-1);
    error = 1;
    v=0;
    return 0;
}
```

syntaxerrors:

The following snapshot shows semantic error handling functionality:

```
t_ptr=search($1);
if(t_ptr==NULL)
{
         printf("\n-----\n",$1);
         error = 1;
}
```

These above snapshots are taken from proj1.y file in Symbol table folder.

```
[0-9;!,@#]*/(({alpha}|"_")({alpha}|{digits}|"_")*)
```

The regex for panic mode recovery implemented in the lexer is as follows:

The above snapshots are taken from proj.l file in Symbol table folder.

BUILD AND RUN THE PROGRAM:

The following screenshot displays what commands need to be executed to build and run the program:

```
lex proj.l
yacc -d -v proj1.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -lm -w
a.exe
```

The above commands need to be executed on the terminal which is inside the project folder that contains the code for the compiler.

7. RESULTS AND SHORTCOMINGS

The mini-compiler built in this project works perfectly for the 'if-else' and 'while' constructs of Python language. Our compiler can be executed in different phases by building and running the code separated in the various folders. The final code displays the output of all the phases on the terminal, one after the other. First, the tokens are displayed, followed by a 'PARSE SUCCESSFUL' message. Then abstract syntax tree is printed. Next, the symbol table along with the intermediate code is printed without optimisation. Finally, the symbol table and the intermediate code after optimisation is displayed after the quadruples table. The final output is the target code, written in the instruction set architecture followed by the hypothetical machine model introduced in this project. This is for inputs with no errors. But in case of erroneous inputs, the token generation is stopped on error encounter and the corresponding error message is displayed.

This mini-compiler has the following shortcomings:

- User defined functions are not handled.
- Importing libraries and calling library functions is not taken care of.
- Datatypes other than integer and float, example strings, lists, tuples, dictionaries, etc have not been considered.
- Constructs other than 'while' and 'if-else' have not been added in the compiler program.

SNAPSHOTS

TEST CASE 1 (Correct input):

Input:

```
1 a=10

2 b=9

3 c=a+b+100

4 e=10

5 f=8

6 d=e*f

7 if(a>=b):

8 a=a+b

9 g=e*f*100

10

11 u=10

12 j=99
```

Tokens and Symbol Table:

```
:\Users\Ashish\Downloads\Python-Compiler-master\Python-Compiler-master\Project Code\1-Token_and_Symbol_Table>a.exe
ID equal int
ID equal int
ID equal ID plus ID plus int
ID equal int
ID equal int
ID equal ID mul ID
if special_start ID greaterthanequal ID special_end colon
indent ID equal ID plus ID
indent ID equal ID mul ID mul int
ID equal int
ID equal int
              -----PARSE SUCCESSFUL-----
    -----SYMBOL TABLE-----
                     VALUE SCOPE LINENO
LABEL TYPE
       IDENTIFIER
                   19 local 8
       IDENTIFIER
                            global 2
       IDENTIFIER
                   119
                            global 3
                    10
                            global 4
       IDENTIFIER
       IDENTIFIER
                     8
                            global 5
                            global
       IDENTIFIER
                     80
       IDENTIFIER
                     8000
                            local
                            global 11
                     10
       IDENTIFIER
       IDENTIFIER
                            global 12
```

Abstract Syntax Tree:

Symbol Table and Unoptimized Intermediate Code:

```
C:\Users\Ashish\Downloads\Python-Compiler-master\Python-Compiler-master\Project Code\3-Intermediate_Code_Generation>a.exe
         -----SYMBOL TABLE before Optimisations-----
LABEL TYPE
                     VALUE SCOPE LINENO
       identifier
                             local 8
                             global
       identifier
      identifier
t0
t1
       identifier
                             global 3
       identifier
       identifier
                     10
                             global
       identifier
                             global
       identifier
t2
                    80
                           global 6
       identifier
t3
       identifier
t4
       identifier
                                     8
t5
      identifier
                     80
t6
       identifier
                     8000
                             local 9
local 11
       identifier
                     8000
       identifier
                     10
                             local 12
       identifier
 -----ICG without optimisation-----
a=10
b=9
t0=a+b
t1=t0+100
c=t1
e=10
f=8
t2=e*f
d=t2
10 : t3=a>=b
if not t3 goto l1
t4=a+b
a=t4
t5=e*f
t6=t5*100
g=t6
11 : u=10
j=99
```

Symbol Table, Quadruples Table and Optimised Intermediate Code:

```
------SYMBOL TABLE after Optimisations-----
LABEL
        TYPE
                          VALUE
                                   SCOPE
                                            LINENO
        identifier
                          19
                                   local
                                            8
                                   global
                                            2
        identifier
                          9
                                            2
to
         identifier
                          19
t1
        identifier
                          119
                                            3
        identifier
                          119
                                   global
                                            3
                                   global
                                            4
        identifier
                          10
                                            5
         identifier
                          8
                                   global
t2
        identifier
                          80
         identifier
                                   global
                          80
t3
         identifier
                          1
t4
         identifier
                          0
                                            6
t5
         identifier
                          8000
                                            8
         identifier
                                            9
                          8000
                                    local
         identifier
                                            11
                          10
                                    local
        identifier
                          99
                                    local
                                            12
             QUADRUPLES - -
                 arg1
                          arg2
                                   result
        op
                  10
        811
                                   a
                  9
                                   ь
        81
                          Ь
                                   to
                  a
                  to
                          100
                                   t1
                  t1
                                   c
                                   e
f
                  10
                  8
                          f
                                   t2
                  e
                  t2
                                   d
                                   10
        Label
                          Ь
                                   t3
        >=
                  a
                                   11
        goto
                  tΘ
                                   a
                                   t5
                  t2
                          100
                  t5
                                   g
l1
        Label
                  10
                                   u
                  99
                                    j
```

```
ICG with optimisations(Packing temporaries & Constant Propagation)
a = 10
b = 9
t0 = 10 + 9
t1 = 19 + 100
c = 119
e = 10
f = 8
t2 = 10 * 8
d = 80
10:
t3 = 10 >= 9
t4 = not 1
if 0 goto l1
a = 19
t5 = 80 * 100
g = 8000
11:
u = 10
j = 99
```

Target Code:

```
MOV R0, #10
MOV R1, #9
MOV R2, #119
MOV R3, #8
MOV R4, #80
10:
MOV R5, #0
BNEZ R5, 11
MOV R6, #19
MOV R7, #8000
11:
MOV R8, #99
ST b, R1
ST c, R2
ST e, R0
ST f, R3
ST d, R4
ST a, R6
ST g, R7
ST u, R0
ST j, R8
```

TEST CASE 2 (Syntax Error):

Input:

```
1 a=10

2 b=9

3 c=a+b+100

4 e+10 // error

5 f=8

6 d=e*f

7 if(a>=b):

8 a=a+b

9 g=e*f*100

10

11 u=10

12 j=99
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Ashish\Downloads\Python-Compiler-master\Python-Compiler-master\Project Code\1-Token_and_Symbol_Table>a.exe
ID equal int
ID equal int
ID equal ID plus ID plus int
ID plus
ID plus
ID plus
ID plus
```

TEST CASE 3 (Semantic Error):

Input:

```
1 a=10
2 b=b+9 //error
3 c=a+b+100
4 e=10
5 f=8
6 d=e*f
7 if(a>=b):
8 a=a+b
9 g=e*f*100
10
11 u=10
12 j=99
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Ashish\Downloads\Python-Compiler-master\Python-Compiler-master\Project Code\1-Token_and_Symbol_Table>a.exe
ID equal int
ID equal ID
------ERROR : b Undeclared at line number 2------
```

TEST CASE 4 (Error Recovery):

Input:

```
1 a=10
2 b=b+9 //error
3 c=a+b+100
4 e=10
5 f=8
6 d=e*f
7 if(a>=b):
8 a=a+b
9 g=e*f*100
10
11 u=10
12 j=99
```

Output:

```
plus int
ID equal ID plus ID plus int
ID equal int
ID equal int
ID equal ID mul ID
if special_start ID greaterthanequal ID special_end colon
indent ID equal ID mul ID mul ID
indent ID equal ID mul ID mul int

ID equal int
ID equal int
ID equal int
```

9. CONCLUSIONS

- Making a full complete compiler is a very difficult task and it takes lots of time to make it. So, we have successfully made a mini compiler which performs following operations:
 - 1. This is a mini-compiler for python using lex and yacc files which takes in a python program and according to the context free grammar written, the program is validated.
 - 2. Regular Expressions are written to generate the tokens.
 - 3. Symbol table is created to store the information about the identifiers.
 - 4. Abstract syntax tree is generated and displayed according to the pre-order tree traversal.
 - 5. Intermediate code is generated, and the data structure used for optimisation is Quadruples. The optimisation techniques used are constant propagation and packing temporaries.
 - 6. The optimised intermediate code is then converted to the Target code using a hypothetical machine model.
 - 7. Error handling and recovery implemented take care of erroneous inputs.

10. FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

This mini-compiler can be enhanced to a complete compiler for the Python language by making a few improvements. User defined functions can be handled and the functionality of importing libraries and calling library functions can be taken care of. Datatypes other than integer, example strings, lists, tuples, dictionaries, etc can be included and constructs other than 'while' and 'if-else', like 'for' can be added in the compiler program. The output can be made to look more enhanced and beautiful. The overall efficiency and speed of the program can be improved by using some other data structures, functions or approaches.

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