

# **CLASS IX ENGLISH COURSE BOOK** UNIT I - THE LAND LESSONC - SEVEN SISTER STATES

#### **SOLUTIONS**

A. Answer the following questions in a sentence each:

01. Why is the location of Seven-Sister States strategically important?

Ans: It is important because it shares International borders with Bangladesh, China and Myanmar.

**O2.** How are the beauty and exotic flora and fauna of the north-east valuable to the Seven-**Sister States?** 

Ans: They are invaluable resources for the development of Eco-Tourism.

How is the North-East council important to the Seven Sister States? 03.

Ans: The North-East Council (NEC) is important because the unified and collective developmental programmes of the seven states region are looked after by them.

Why is Arunachal Pradesh called the "Land of the Rising sun"? **Q4.** 

Ans: It is so called in reference to its position as the easternmost state in India.

What feeds the rivers of Arunachal Pradesh? Q5.

Ans: The rivers are fed by snow from the Himalayas and countless rivers and rivulets.

**Q6.** 

Ans: Yes, Itanagar is easily accessible by air.



#### B. Complete the following statements with information from the text:

- 1. The term "Paradise Unexplored" is applied to the whole area of the Seven Sister States.
- 2. The Seven Sister States are characterized by rich biodiversity and heavy precipitation.
- 3. The Seven Sister States need to thrive and work together.
- **4.** Apart from the natives, a large number of <u>migrants from various parts of India have</u> <u>settled.</u>
- 5. The Tsangpo river in Tibet is known as **Siang in Arunachal Pradesh.**
- **6.** There are two National Highways that connect Arunachal Pradesh by road with the rest of India.

## C. Answer the following questions briefly:

Q1. What is the significance of Seven Sister States having common borders with some foreign countries?

Ans: The significance is that the locations of the region become strategically important.

Q2. Why are the Seven Sister States suitable for the development of eco-tourism?

Ans: It is because the rich natural beauty, serenity and exotic flora and fauna of the area are invaluable resources for the development of Eco-Tourism.

Q3. Why was the formation of North-East Council (NEC) necessary?

Ans: It is because they look after the unified and collective developmental programmes of the seven states region.

Q4. Explain the significance of Arunachal Pradesh being called "Land of the dawn-lit mountains".

**Ans:** Literally it means the "Land of the Rising Sun" in reference to its position as the eastern most state in India.

Q5. What role does the Himalayan ranges running north south play in the topography of Arunachal Pradesh?

Ans: The state is mostly mountainous with the Himalayan ranges running North South. These divide the state into five river valleys. All these rivers are fed by snow from the Himalayas.



### Q6. How do you know that Arunachal Pradesh is a multi-religious state?

**Ans:** According to the **2001 Indian Census**, the religions of Arunachal Pradesh includes Hindu, Christian, Buddhist, Muslim, Sikh, Jain and others (mostly Danni Polo).

#### Q7. Explain how literacy-wise Arunachal Pradesh has made progress.

**Ans: Literacy** has risen in official figures to 66.95% in 2011 from 54.74% in 2001. The number of literate males is 4,54,532 (73.69%) and that of female is 3,35,411 (59.57%).

#### Q8. How has time affected the fabric of Mizo social life?

**Ans:** The fabric of Mizo social life has undergone tremendous changes over the years. Before the British moved into the hills, for all practical purposes the village and the clan became units of the Mizo society.

#### Q9. What does "Tlawmngaihna" require of everyone in Mizo society?

**Ans:** In Mizo society "*Tlawmngaihna*" requires everyone to be hospitable, kind, unselfish and helpful to others. It stands for selfless service for others.

#### Q10. What, according to *Hnatlang*, is every Mizo family expected to do?

**Ans:** Every family is expected to contribute labour for the welfare of the community and participate in *Hnatlang*.

#### Q11. Around what does the life of a Mizo revolve?

**Ans:** The life of a Mizo revolves around their village, set on top of a hill with the chief's house at the center and the bachelor's dormitory prominently located in a central place.

# Q12. Where does a Mizo youth learn social responsibility?

Ans: A Mizo youth learns the social responsibility from the training ground called Zwalbuk.

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