

# Going beyond the Final Linear Layer: Enhancing Decision Boundaries

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## Abstract

Semi-Supervised image classification has become a playground for exploring new ideas in extracting signal from unannotated image datasets. This paper presents a novel extension to any image classification architecture which improves accuracy in low-label regimes. We extend the FixMatch [1] training scheme with our novel last layers and demonstrate test accuracy improvement. The novelty consists of 2 elements, first we replace the last linear layer with a GMM trained via backprop, and impose class-wise constraints on the embedding space the GMM operates on. These methods match published SOTA 250 label Cifar10 [2] results and come close to matching SOTA in the 40 label regime without the significant model complexity of methods like SimMatchV2 [3]. Our method achieves 94.8% and 94.2% accuracy with 250 and 40 Cifar10 labels respectively.

## 1 Introduction

Semi-Supervised learning attempts to leverage the abundance of unlabeled image data to improve deep learning based model performance under limited training data regimes [4, 5].

## 2 Related Work

### 2.1 Pseudo-Labeling

### 2.2 Consistency Regularization

### 2.3 Contrastive Learning

## 3 Methodology

## 4 Experiments

### 4.1 Ablation Study

## 5 Conclusions

## References

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