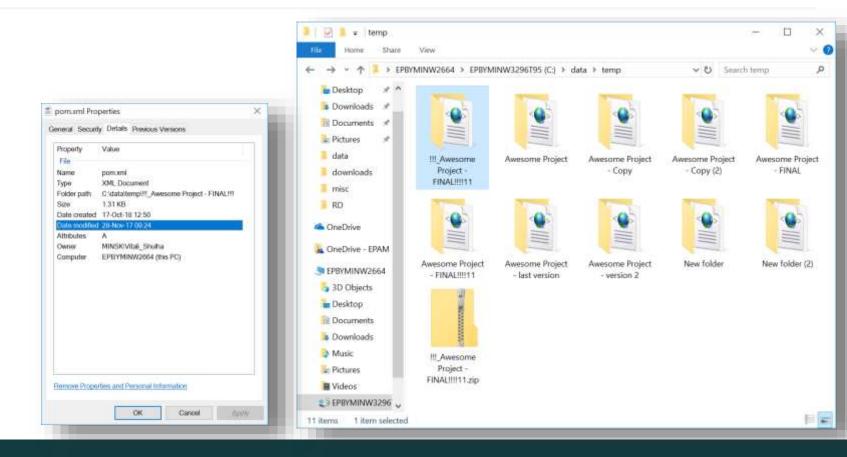
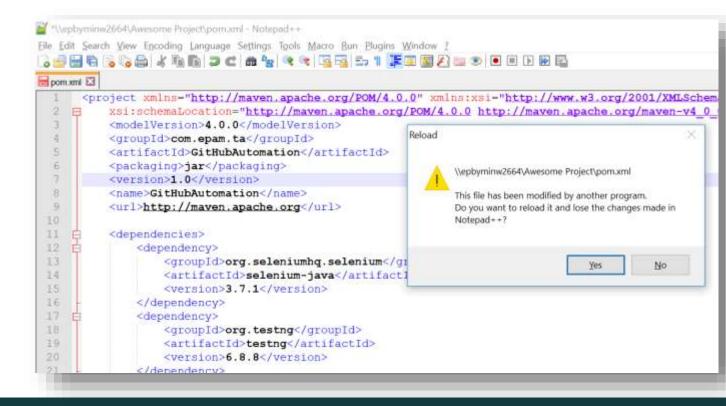
VCS concept



Standalone work. Level 1 - beginner



Team work. Level 2 – network share



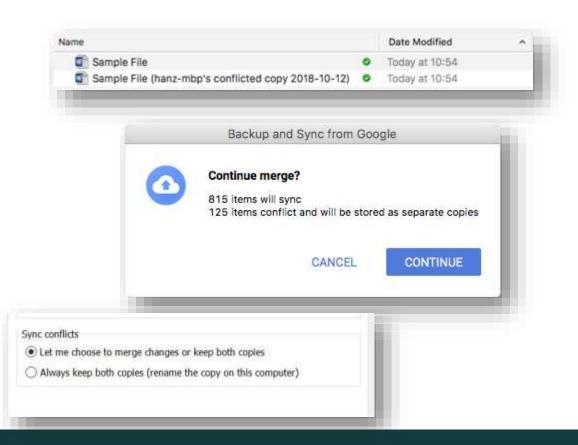
Standalone/Team work. Level 3 - cloud











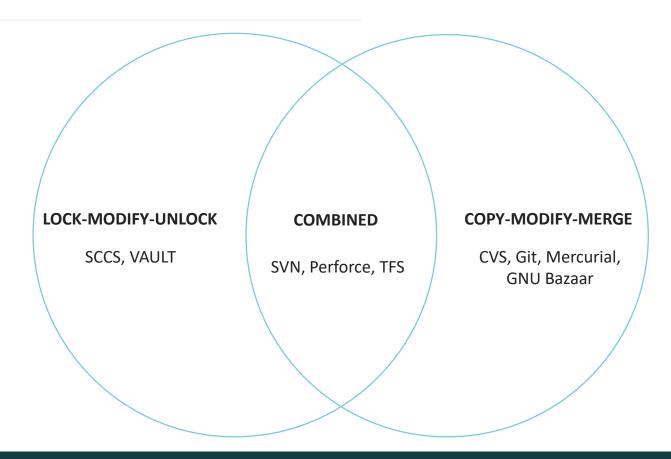
VCS goals

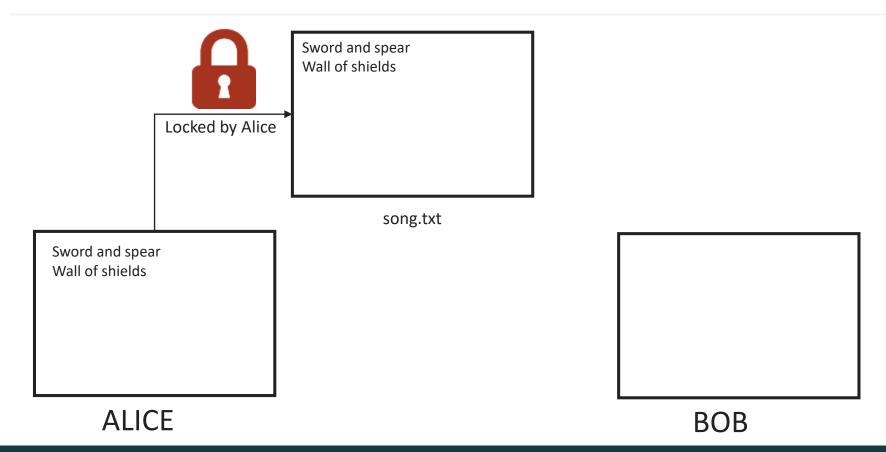
- 1 BACKUP AND RESTORE
- 2 SYNCHRONIZATION
- 3 UNDO
- 4 TRACK CHANGES AND OWNERSHIP
- 5 SANDBOXING
- 6 BRANCHING

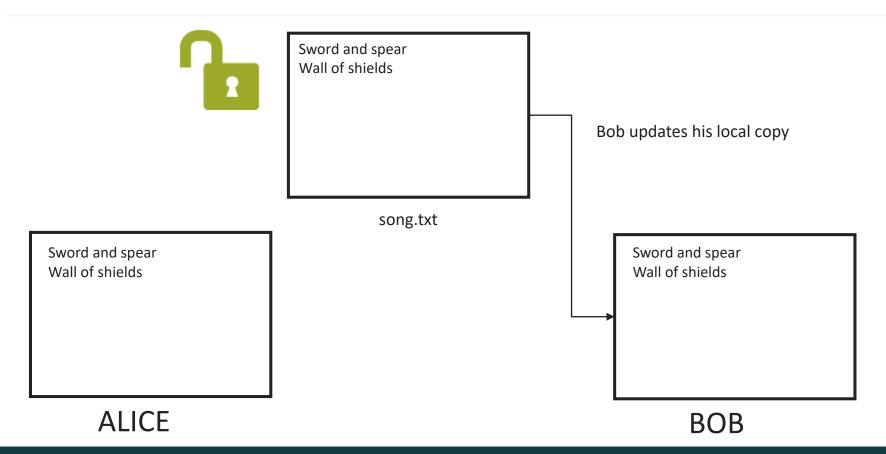
Version control types

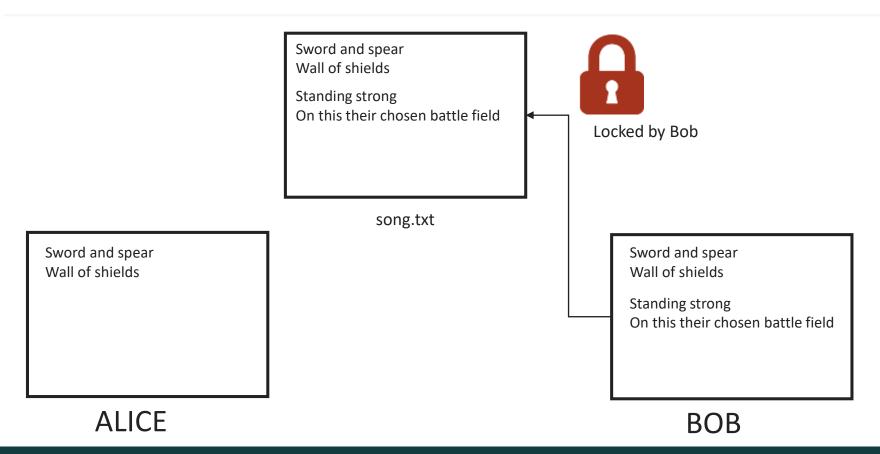


VCS types









Sword and spear Wall of shields

Standing strong
On this their chosen battle field



song.txt

Sword and spear Wall of shields

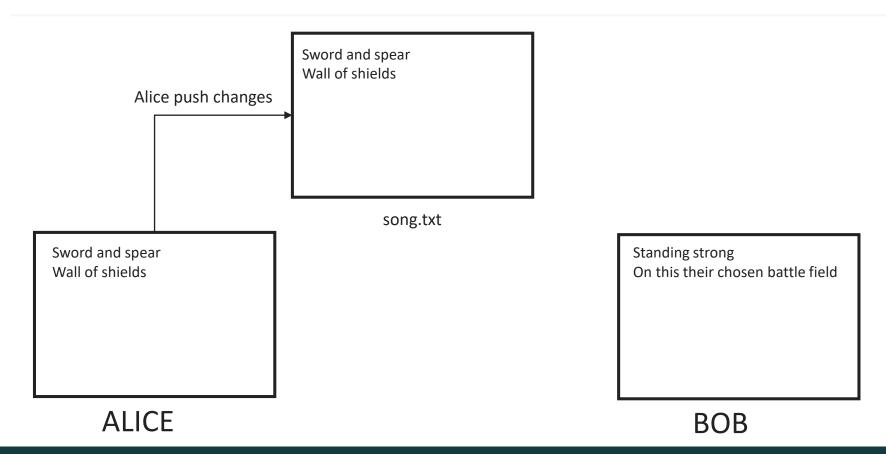
ALICE

Sword and spear Wall of shields

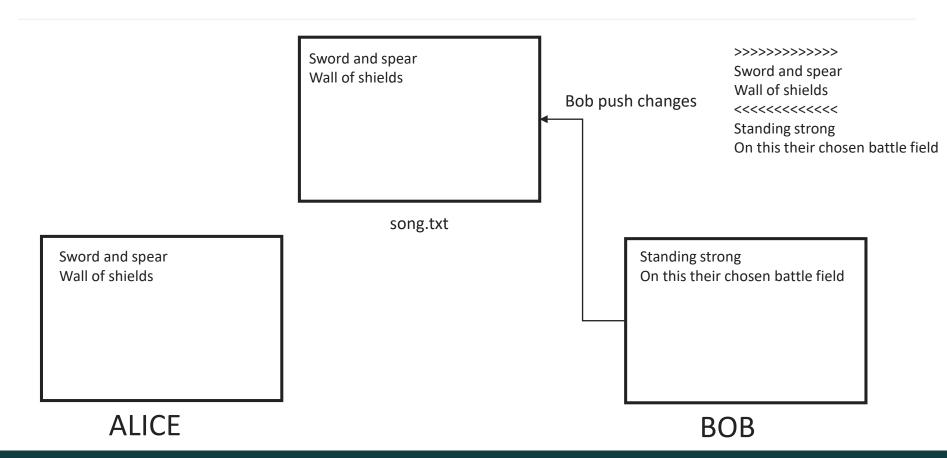
Standing strong
On this their chosen battle field

BOB

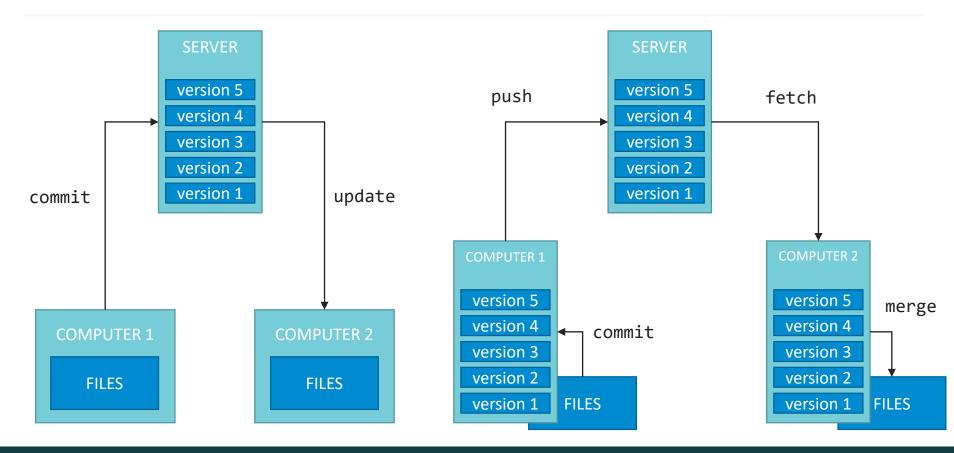
Copy-modify-merge strategy



Copy-modify-merge strategy



Centralized vs Distributed





Why Git





Why Git



Git is released under the GNU General Public License version 2.0, which is an open source license. The Git project chose to use GPLv2 to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software - to make sure the software is free for all its users.

































Git benefits









Download, install, configure



Download, install, configure

DOWNLOAD & INSTALL

- Download binary from here: http://git-scm.com/downloads
- Follow the steps using the default options



CONFIGURE

• Generate SSH key pair

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "vitali_shulha@epam.com"
```

- Send public key to repository owner or upload to your profile
- Configure username and email

```
git config --global user.name "Vitali Shulha"
git config --global user.email "vitali_Shulha@epam.com"
```

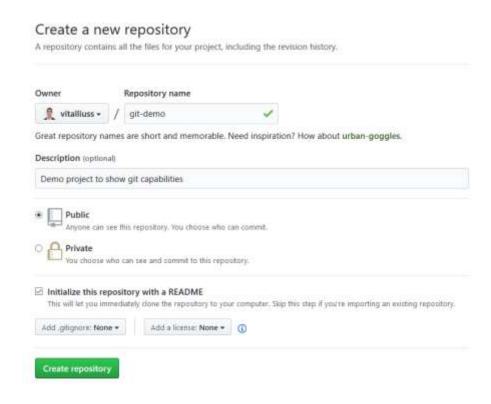
Create a github repo and clone it



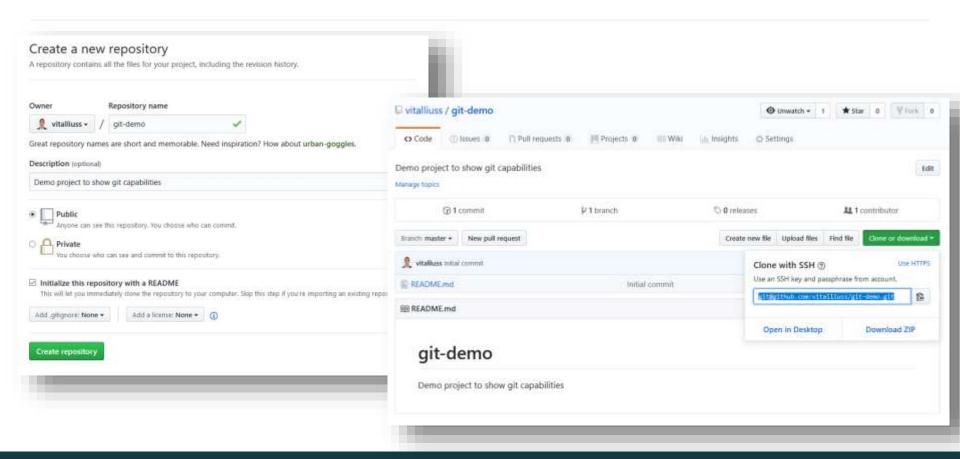


Create github repository and clone it

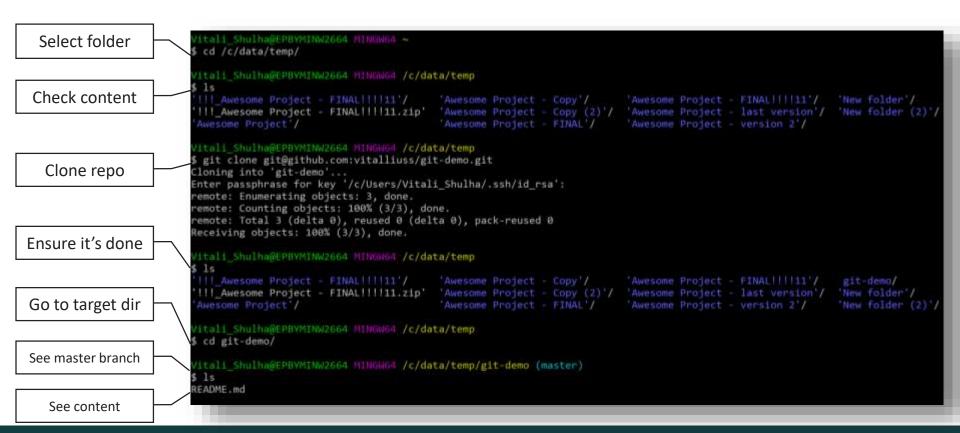
- Simple as it can be
- Don't forget to select "Initialize this repository with a README"



Create github repository



Cloning the repository



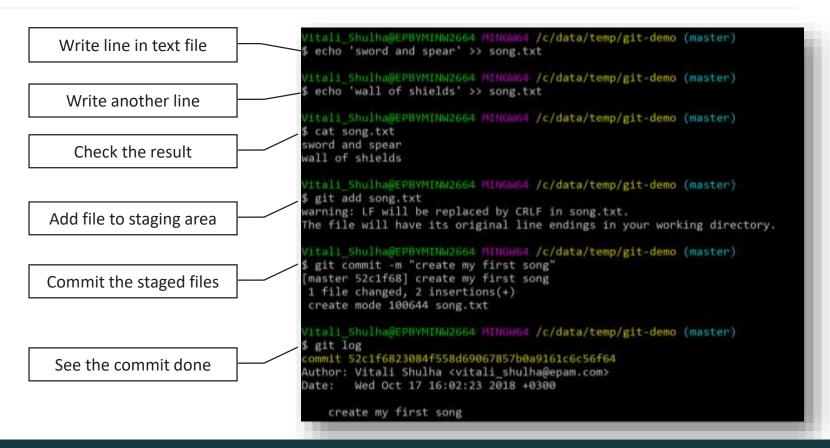
Commit and push



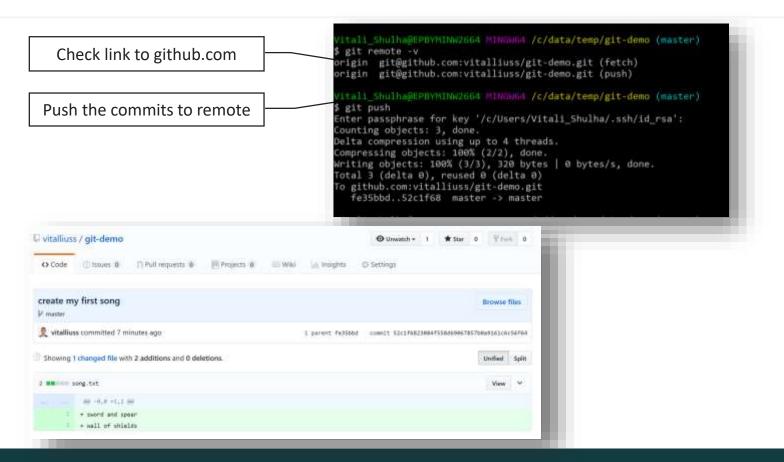




Making a first commit



Push in to github

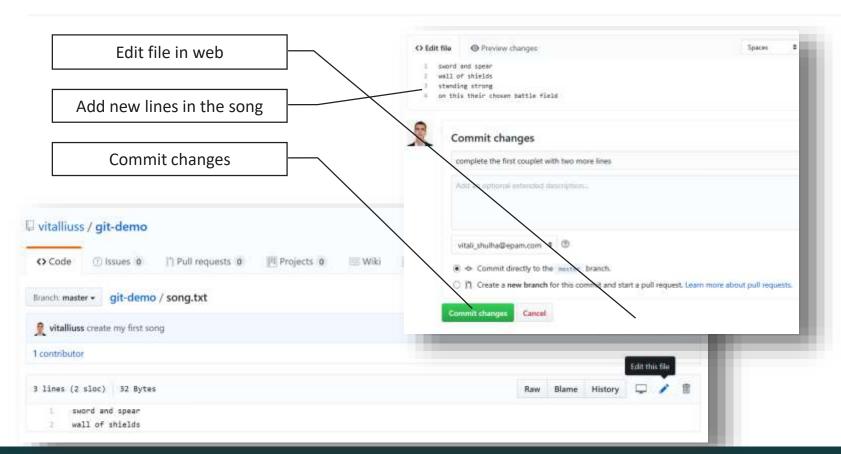


Pull from remote

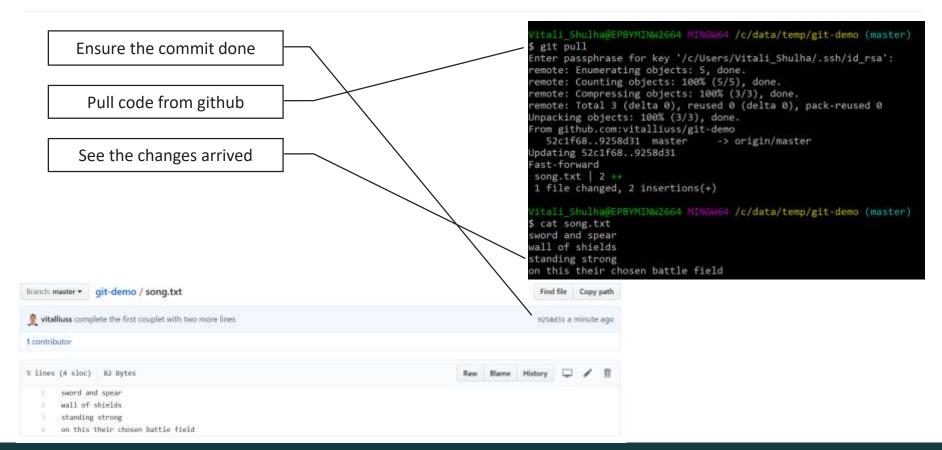




Create commit in github and pull it



Create commit in github and pull it



Git GUI & gitk





Undoing changes

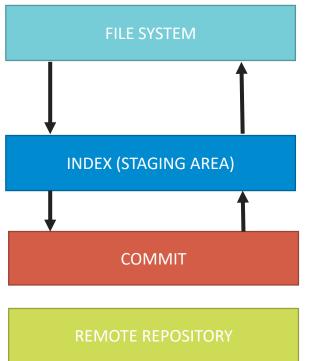






Undoing changes

```
Working directory
         git checkout -- file.txt
         git checkout .
         git clean -xdf
Staging area (Index)
         git reset -- file.txt
Local branch
         git reset HEAD^^ (HEAD~2)
         git commit --amend -m "commit message"
Remote repository
         git revert <sha1>
```



Git revert





Undoing changes

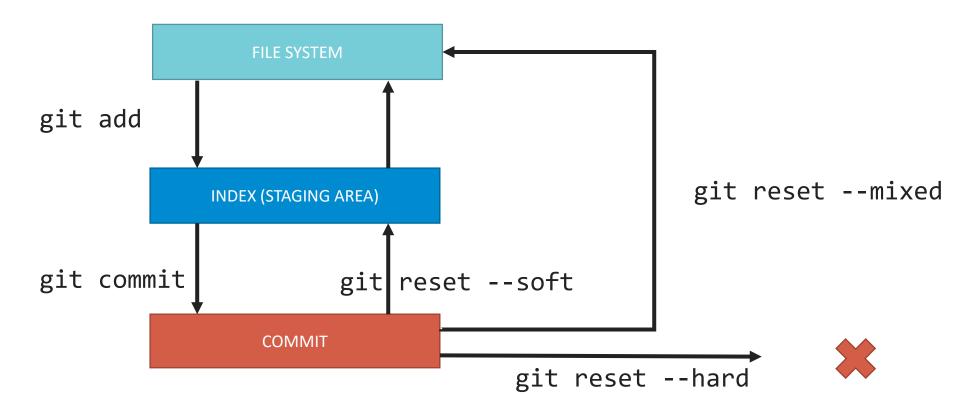
```
Working directory
                                                                  FILE SYSTEM
         git checkout -- file.txt
         git checkout .
         git clean -xdf
Staging area (Index)
                                                              INDEX (STAGING AREA)
         git reset -- file.txt
Local branch
         git reset HEAD^^ (HEAD~2)
                                                                    COMMIT
         git commit --amend -m "commit message"
Remote repository
         git revert <sha1>
```

Git reset





Git reset



.gitignore





.gitignore

```
# no .log files
*.log
# but do track error.log, even though you're
ignoring .log files above
!error.log
# only ignore the TODO file in the current
directory, not subdir/TODO
/TODO
# ignore all files in the build/ directory
build/
# ignore doc/notes.txt, but not doc/server/arch.txt
doc/*.txt
# ignore all .pdf files in the doc/ directory
doc/**/*.pdf
```

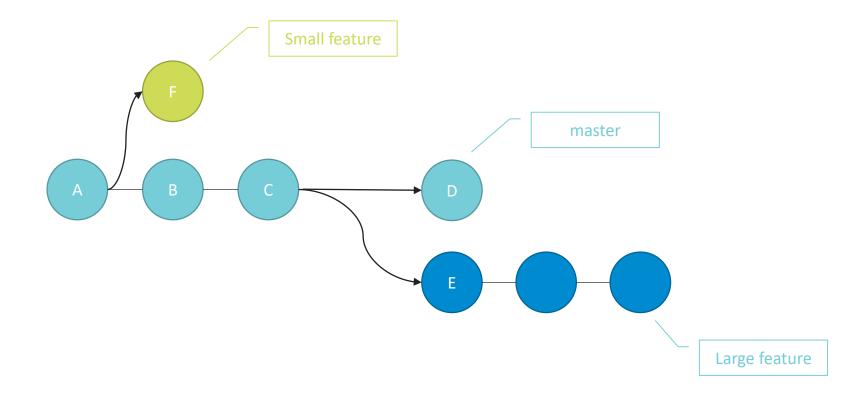
Branching and merge



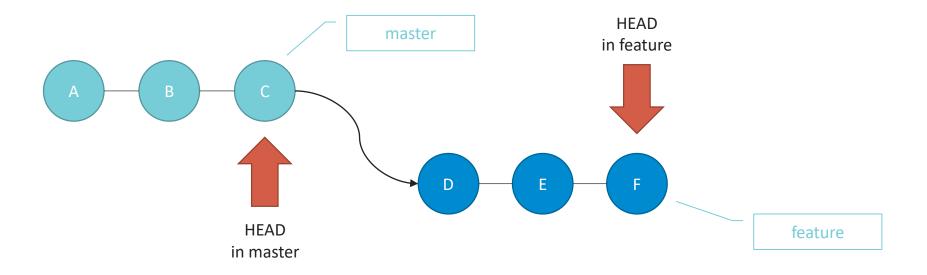




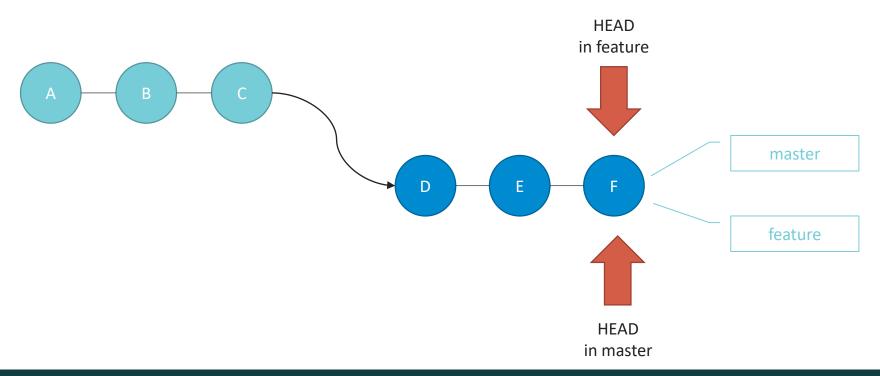
Branch concept



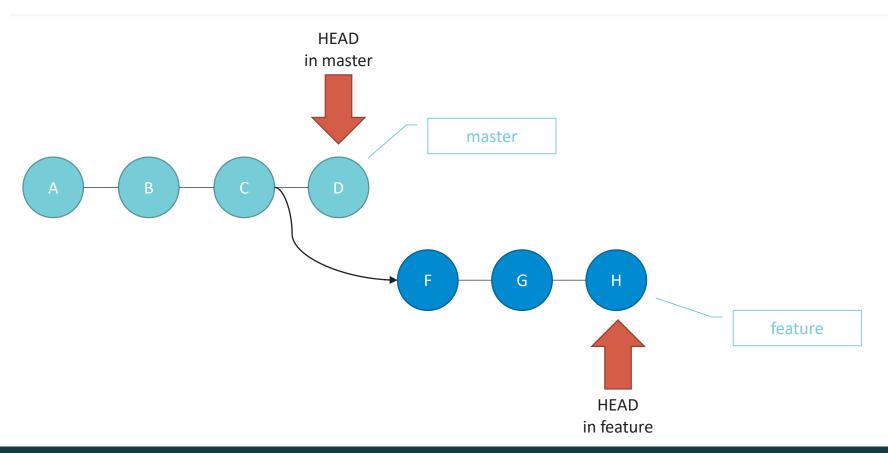
Fast-forward merge



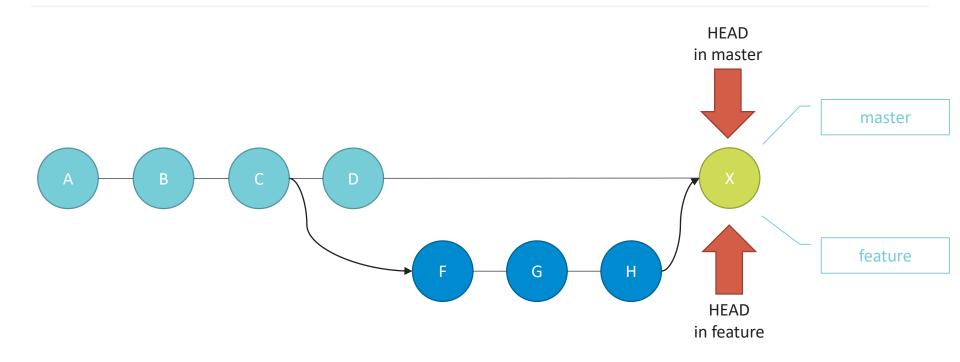
Fast-forward merge



Non fast-forward merge



Non fast-forward merge



Conflict solving





Conflicts solving

SOLVE CONFLICT

```
Abort merge git merge --abort
```

Resolve by selecting version

git checkout --Xours --Xtheirs

Resolve manually git diff

Undo merge git revert 09fe472

User merge tool

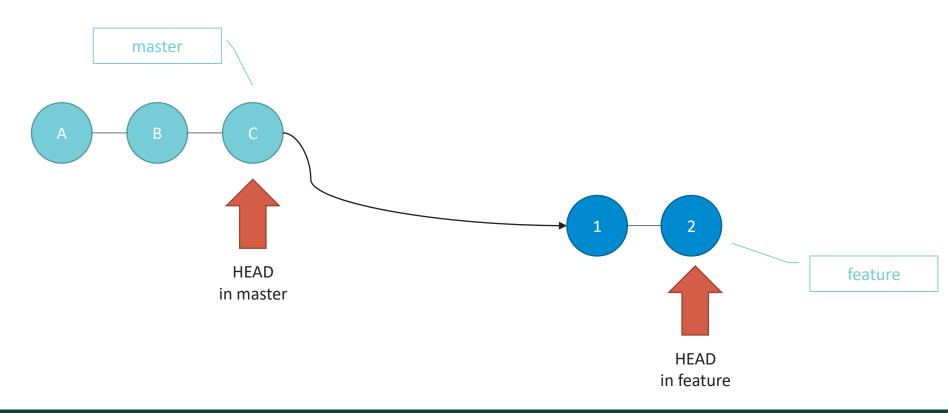
AVOID CONFLICT

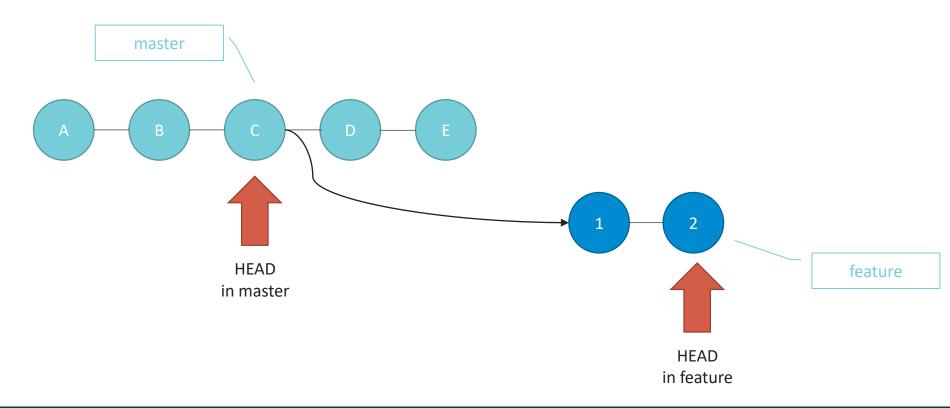
- Short commits
- No edits to whitespaces
- Merge often

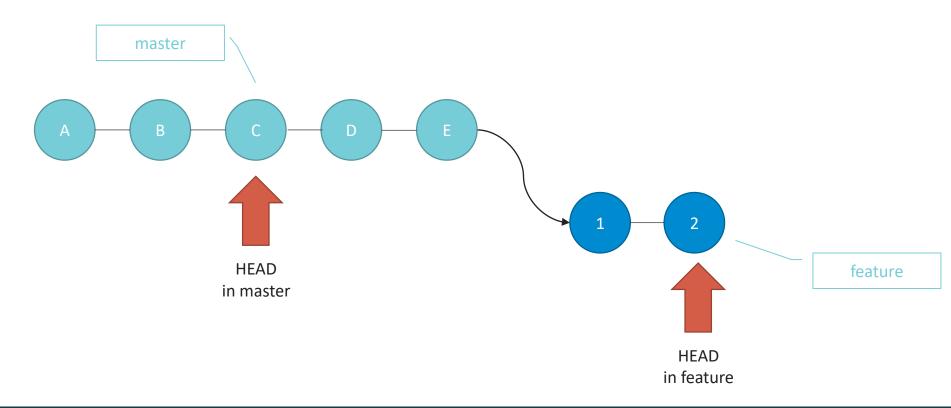




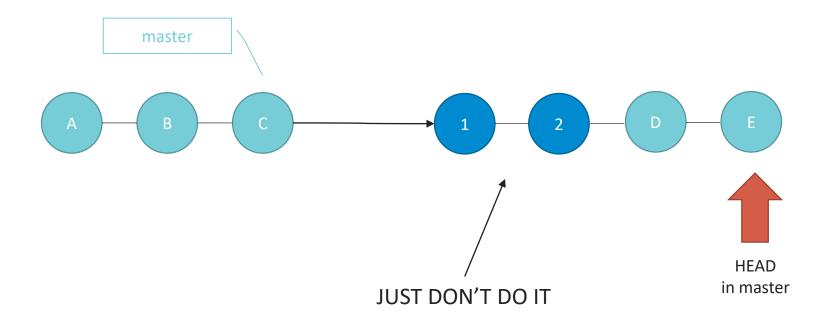








Golden rule of Rebase

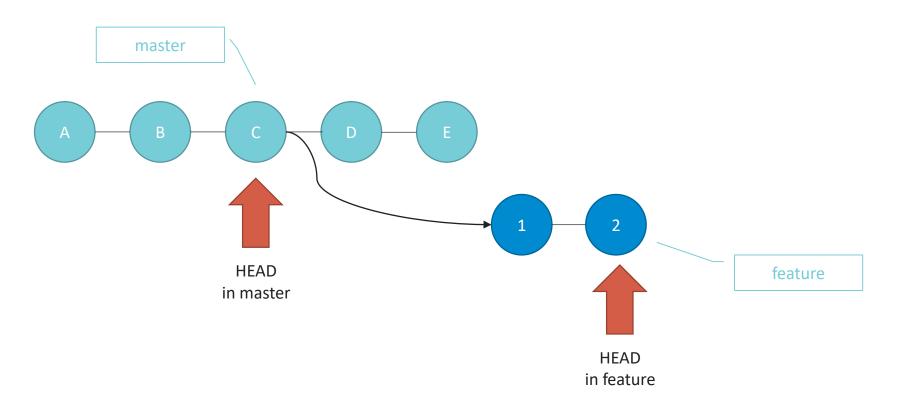


Cherry-pick

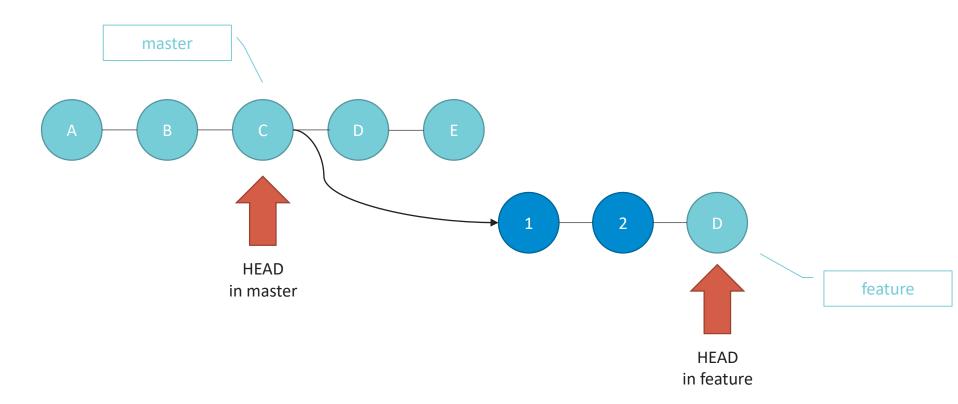




Cherry pick



Cherry-pick

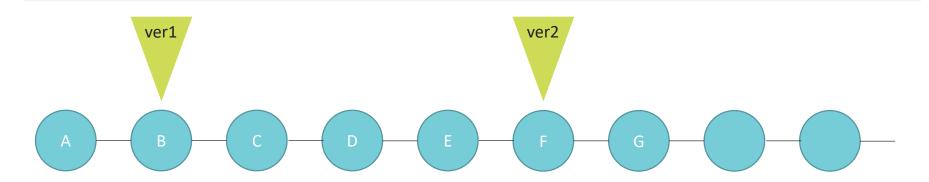


Tags





Tags



```
Mark commit with tag git tag ver1
```

View tags git tag -list

Push git push --tags

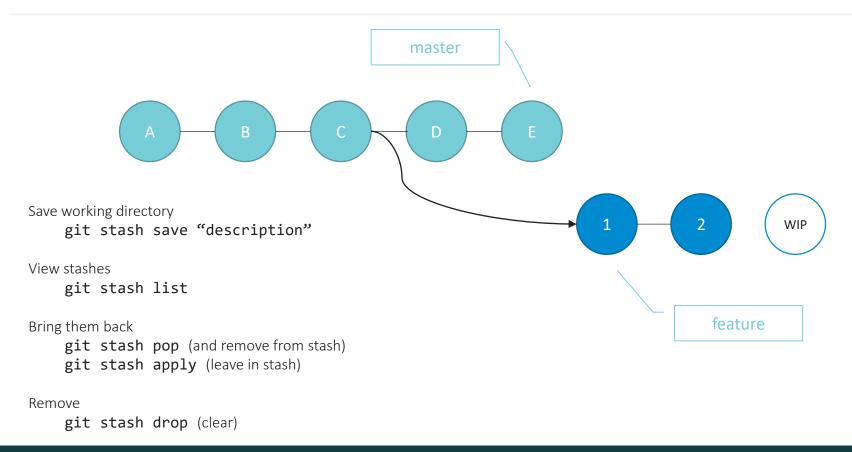
Check it out git checkout ver1

Stashing





Stash



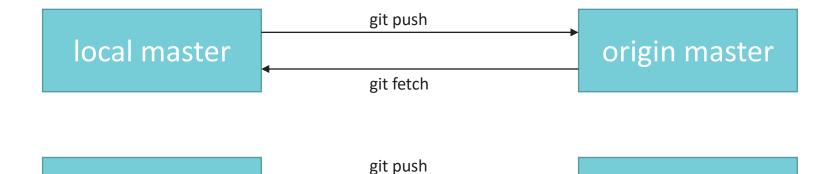


Remotes





Remotes



git fetch

```
Add
    git remote add <name> <url>
    git remote add origin git@github.com:user/repo.git

View
    git remote -v
    git remote show <name>
```

local feature

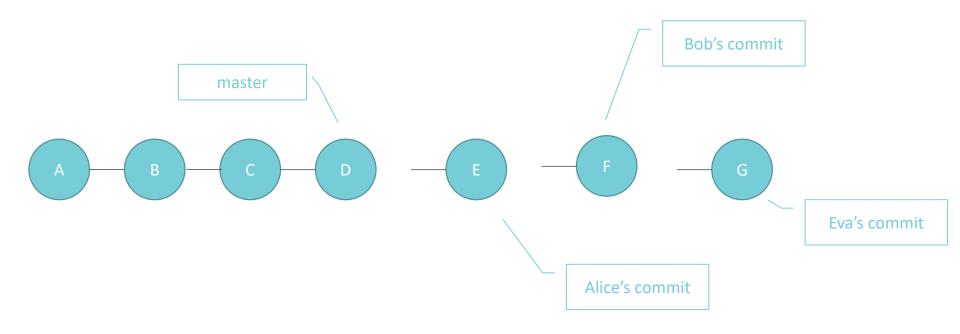
origin feature

Branching strategies

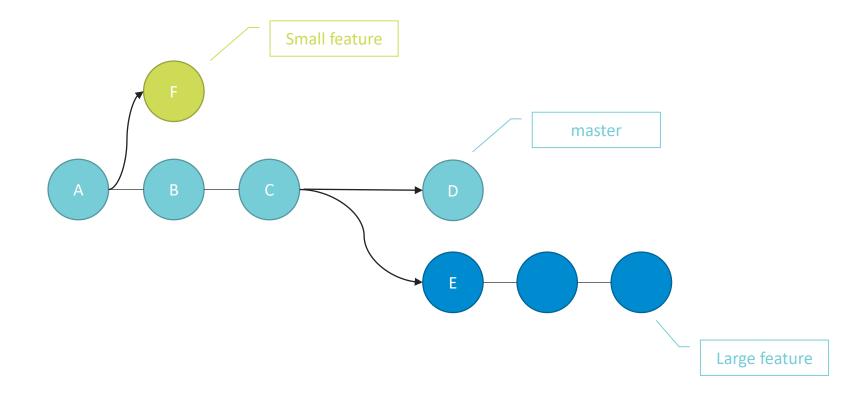




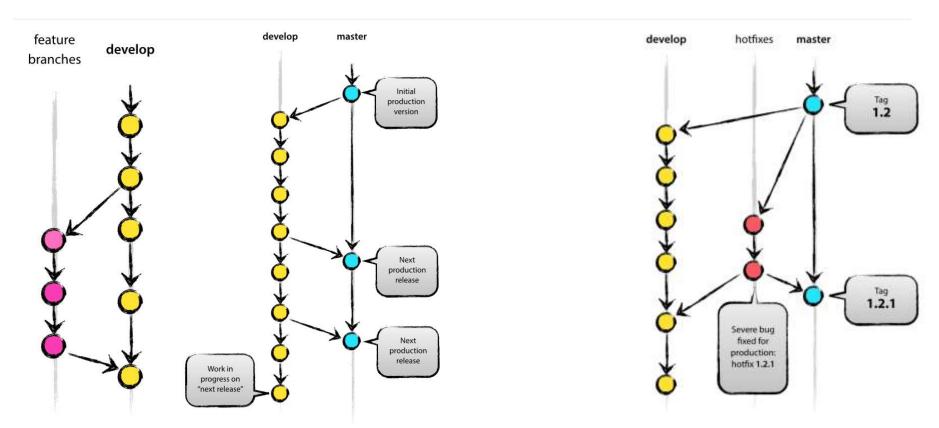
Centralized strategy



Feature-branch workflow

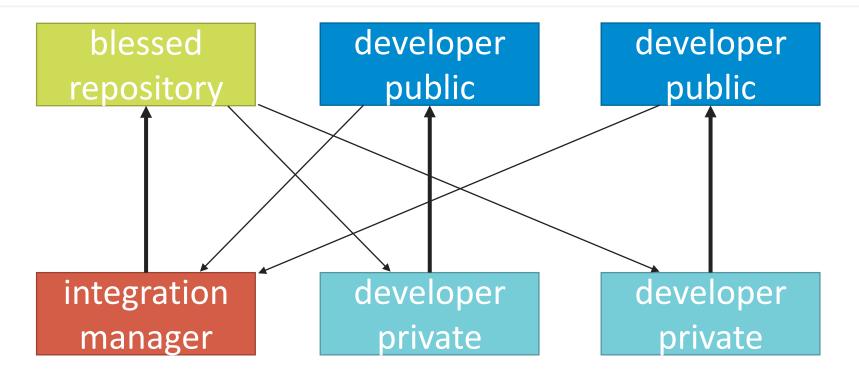


Gitflow

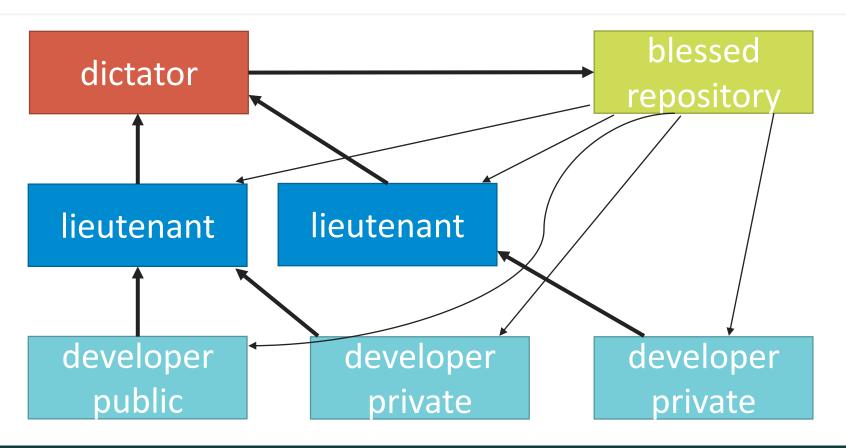


Original post by Vincent Driessen: https://nvie.com/posts/a-successful-git-branching-model/

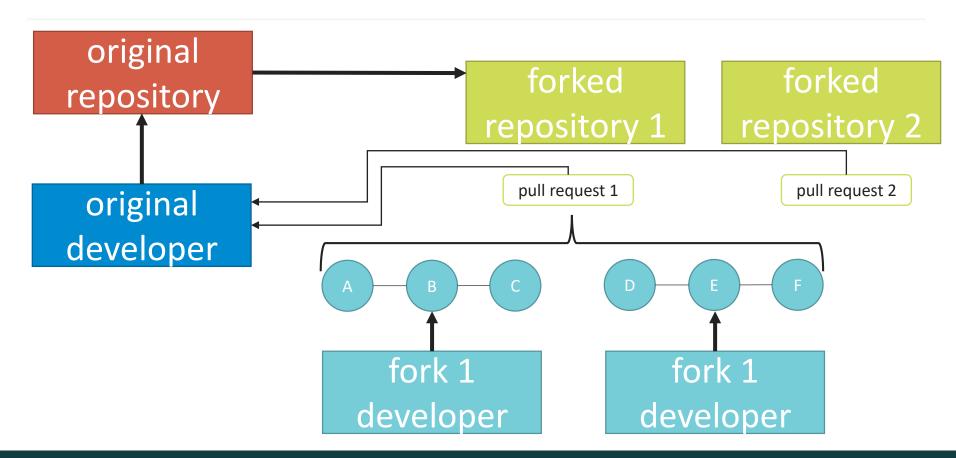
Integration manager workflow



Dictator and Lieutenants workflow



Forking workflow

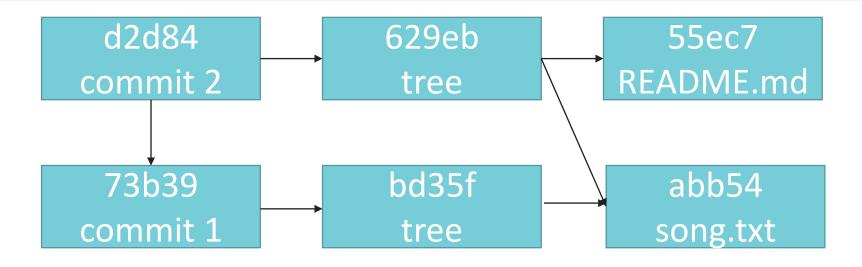


Inside .git folder





Commit, tree, blob



- git show -s --pretty=raw d2d84
- git ls-tree 629eb
- git show abb54



Extras





Extras

EXTRAS

- git config -- global user.name "Vitali Shulha"
- git config -- global user.email
 "vitali_shulha@epam.com"
- git config --global core.editor "'C:/Program Files (x86)/Notepad++/notepad++.exe'"
- git blame
- git bisect
- git log --pretty=oneline
- git log --pretty=format:"%h %s" -graph
- git config --global alias.last 'log -1 HEAD'
- git last
- git log master..experiment
- git filter-branch --tree-filter 'rm -f passwords.txt' HEAD
- git rerere
- git submodule

READ MORE

- Pro Git by Scott Chacon and Ben Straub
- Version Control with Git by Jon Loeliger, Matthew McCullough

