Kernel-Based Learning & Multivariate Modeling MIRI Master

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Use the R language with the package kernlab. You have to download the package, install it (once) and load it into R (every time you use it):

- > install.packages('kernlab')
- > library(kernlab)

Notes:

- 1. For hyper-parameter selection (e.g., C, ε , ...), you should use standard resampling methods, like cross-validation.
- 2. Many times it is helpful to standardize the data prior to doing anything. I suggest to do it as a preprocess, using the scale function in R)—then you have to "deactivate" automatic scaling in the ksvm method by doing ksvm (..., scaled=c(), ...).

Problem 1 The SVM for regression in action

Use the ksvm method to perform SVM regression on some data set of your choice (as typical examples, use the Concrete Compressive Strength data set¹ or the Yacht Hydrodynamics data set²).

If you wish, you can also use standard multivariate regression methods, like (ridge) regression (lm.ridge in R); you can also use kernel (ridge) regression for a comparison against linear methods.

The SVM regression is found in the ksvm method (be sure to specify eps-svr) for the 'type' parameter). Draw conclusions on your results.

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Problem 2 The SVM for classification in action

Use the ksvm method to perform SVM classification on some data set of your choice (as typical examples, use the Ionosphere data set³ or the Breast Cancer Wisconsin (Diagnostic) data set⁴).

¹http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Concrete+Compressive+Strength

²http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Yacht+Hydrodynamics

 $^{^3} http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Ionosphere$

⁴http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Breast+Cancer+Wisconsin+(Diagnostic)

Problem 2

As less typical (and more challenging) examples, you can use the Pen-Based Recognition of Handwritten Digits data set⁵ or the Splice (DNA sequences) data set⁶.

If you wish, you can also use standard multivariate classification methods, like discriminant analysis (lda/qda methods in R); you can also use logistic regression (glm method in R, for two classes) or multinomial regression (multinom (nnet) method, for more than two) for a comparison against linear methods. Draw conclusions on your results.

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⁵http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Pen-Based+Recognition+of+Handwritten+Digits

 $^{^6}$ http://www.cs.toronto.edu/ \sim delve/data/splice/desc.html