

Image Processing, Retrieval and Analysis

Project 3

Alina Arunova

Alexey Karpov

Maxim Maltsev

Pylyp Matyash

Maksym Radomskyi

Andrei Zhukov

Task 3.1: Interpolation

Implementation of radial basis function interpolation.

$$y(x_i) = y_i = \sum_{j=1}^n w_j \varphi(\|x_i - x_j\|) = \sum_{j=1}^n w_j \Phi_{ij}$$

$$\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{\Phi}^{-1} \mathbf{y}. \quad \text{- the main idea}$$

The Code

```
# Pseudocode
# phi(pairwise distances)
fill_Phi()

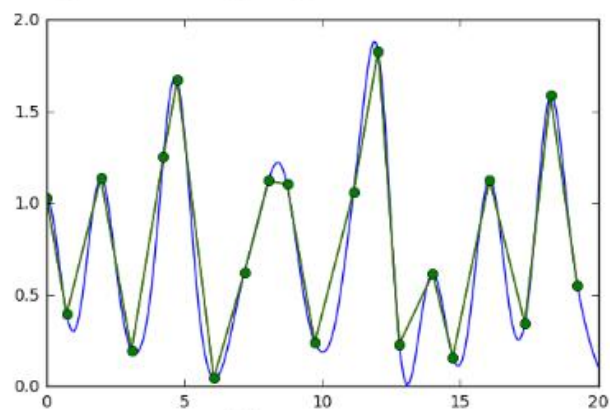
# initialize data set
x = np.arange(n) + np.random.randn(n) * 0.2
y = np.random.rand(n) * 2

# calculating weights
w = np.linalg.inv(Phi).dot(y)

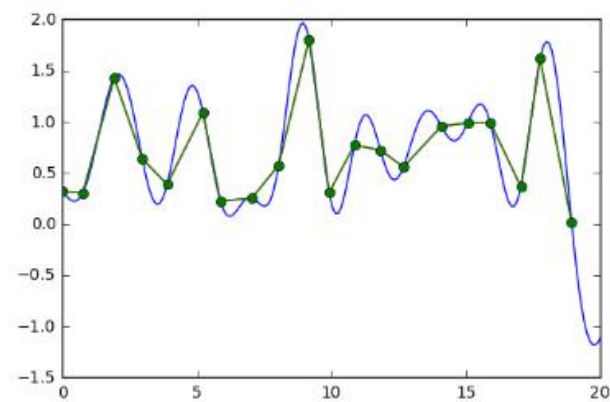
# drawing the results
xs = np.linspace(0, n, 200)
plt.plot(xs, calc_y(xs))
```

The Results

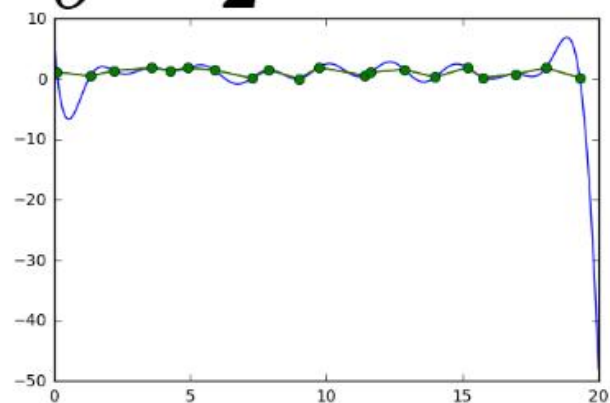
$$\sigma = 0.5$$



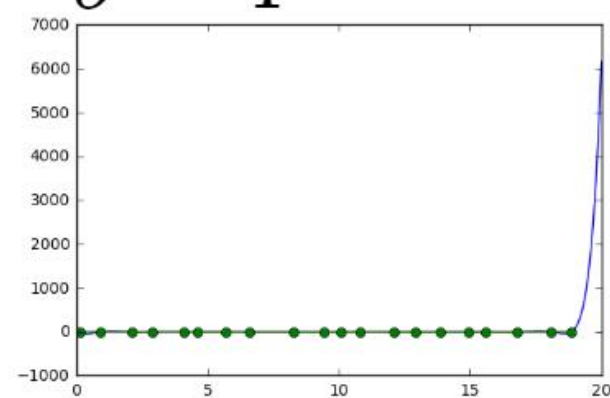
$$\sigma = 1$$



$$\sigma = 2$$

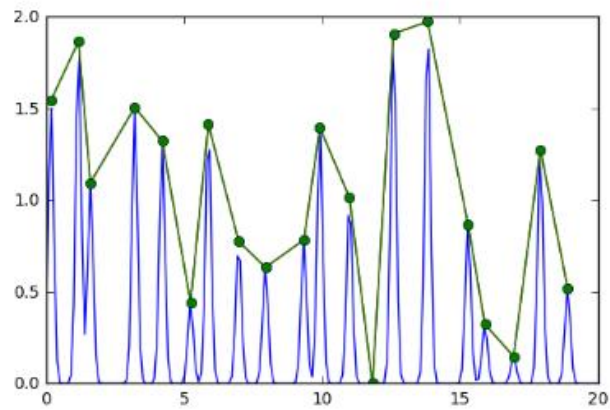


$$\sigma = 4$$

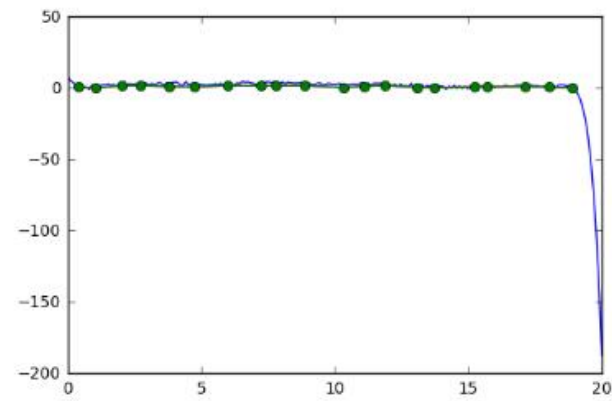


The Results: bonus

$$\sigma = 0.1$$



$$\sigma = 6$$



Task 3.2: Wave Warps

$$T(x) = x + \alpha \cdot \sin(\nu x - \phi)$$

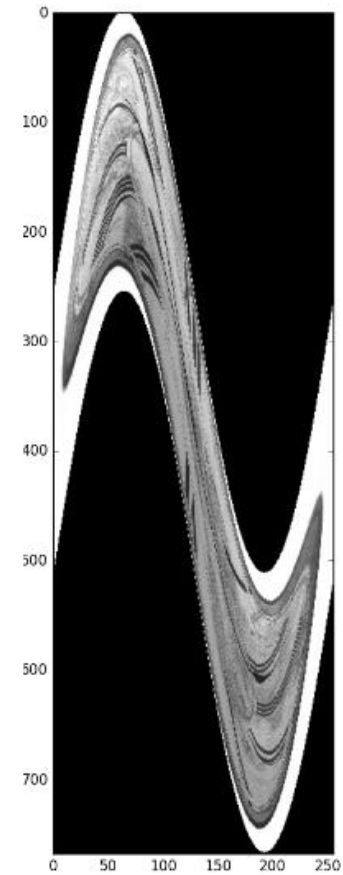
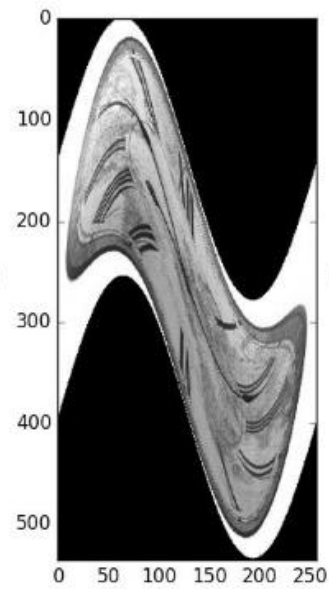
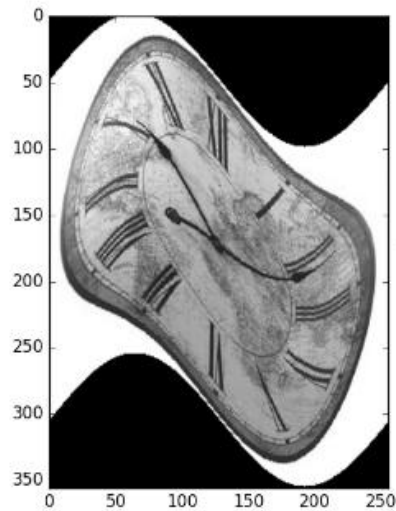
α – *amplitude*

ν – *frequency*

ϕ – *phase*

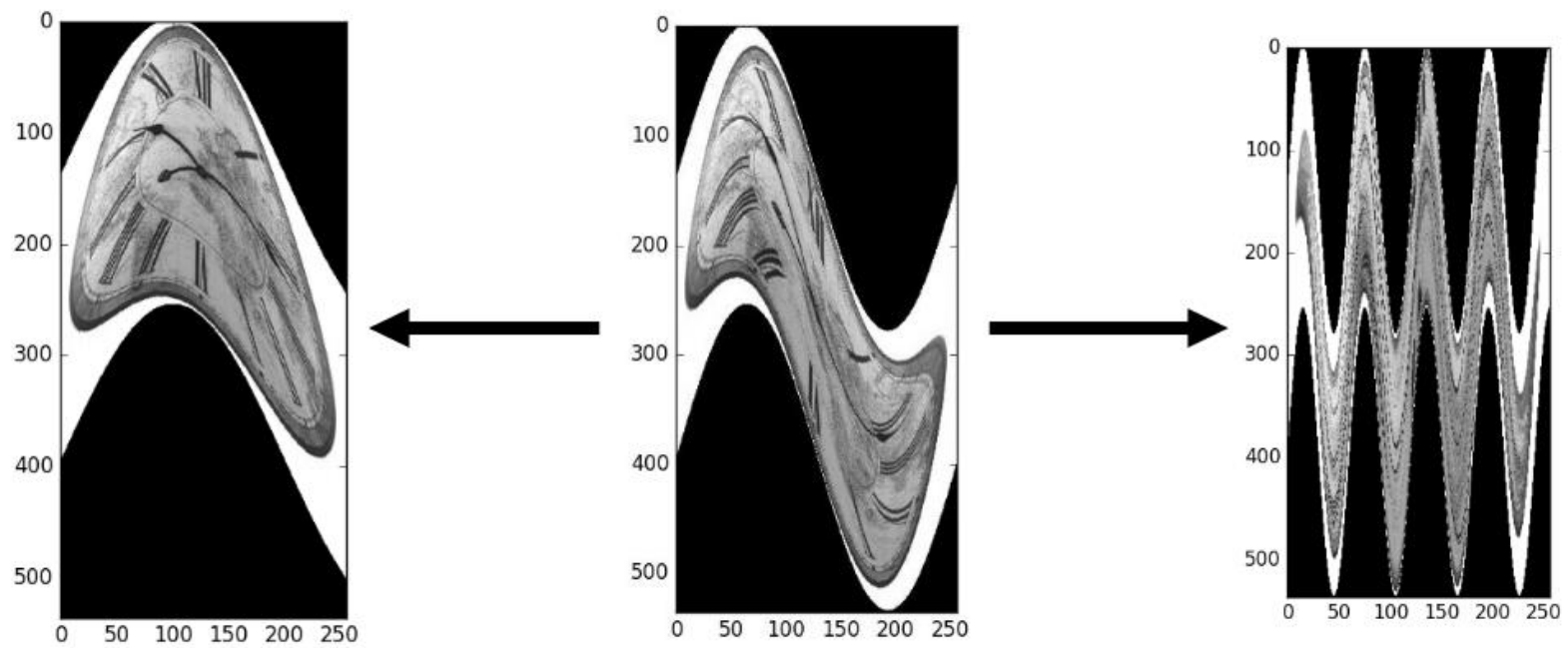
Task 3.2: Wave Warps

α – amplitude



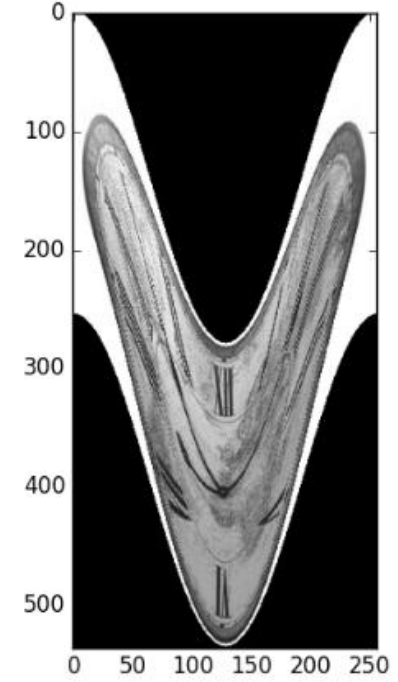
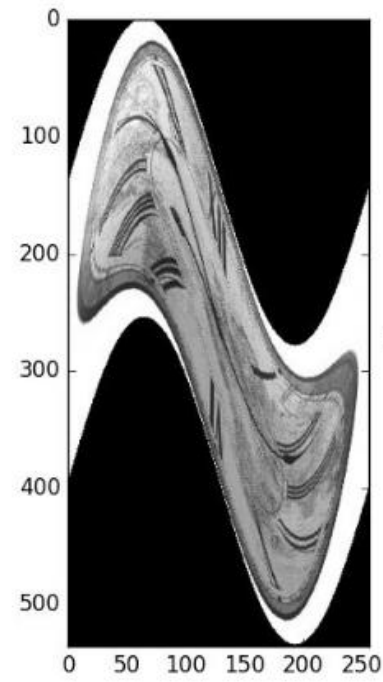
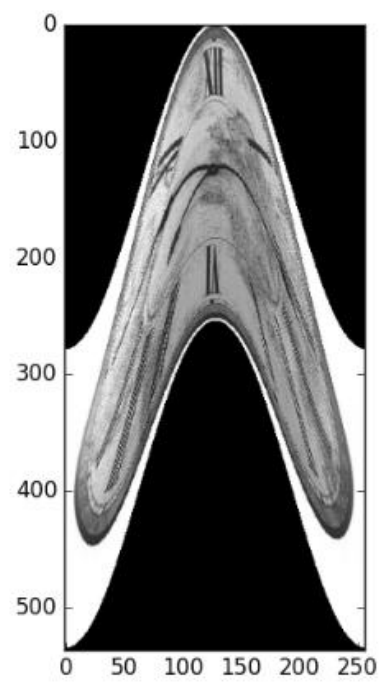
Task 3.2: Wave Warps

ν – frequency

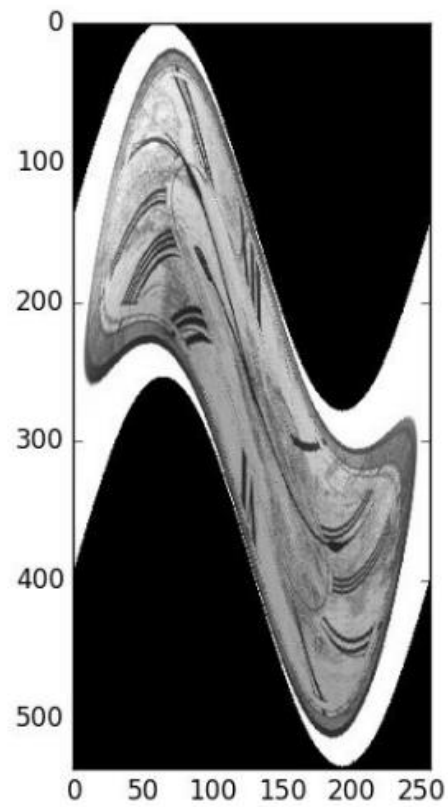


Task 3.2: Wave Warps

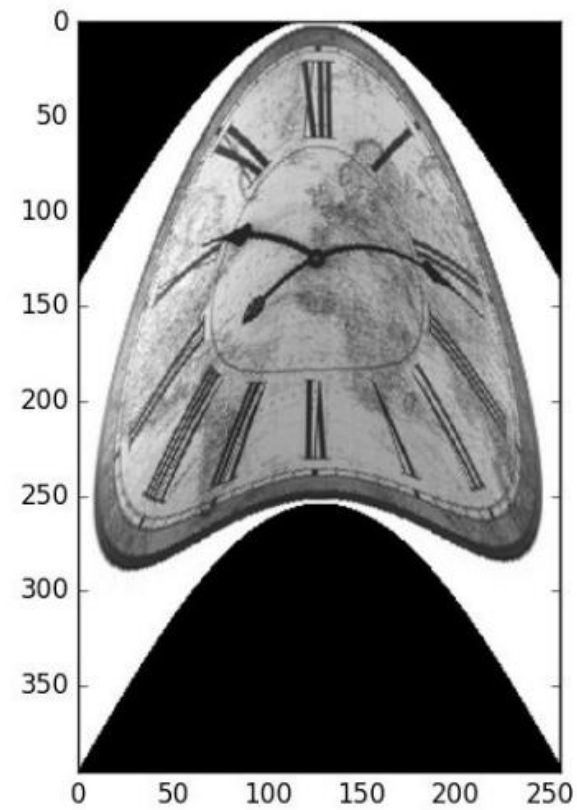
ϕ – *phase*



Task 3.2: Wave Warps

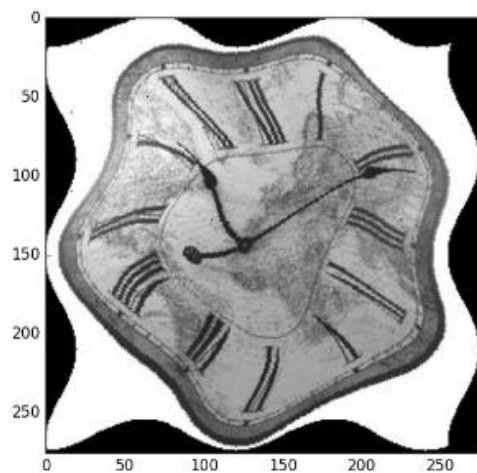


$$\alpha = 140, \nu = 256, \phi = \pi$$



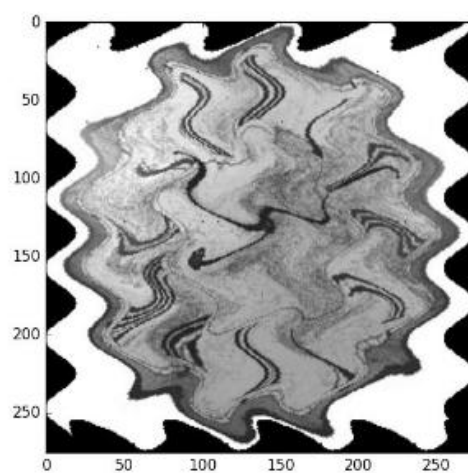
$$\alpha = 140, \nu = 512, \phi = \pi$$

Task 3.2: Wave Warps



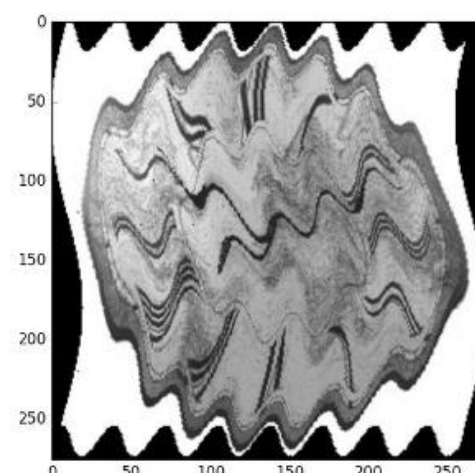
$$\alpha = 10, \nu = 120, \phi = 2.5 \cdot \pi$$

$$\alpha = 10, \nu = 120, \phi = \pi$$



$$\alpha = 10, \nu = 60, \phi = \pi$$

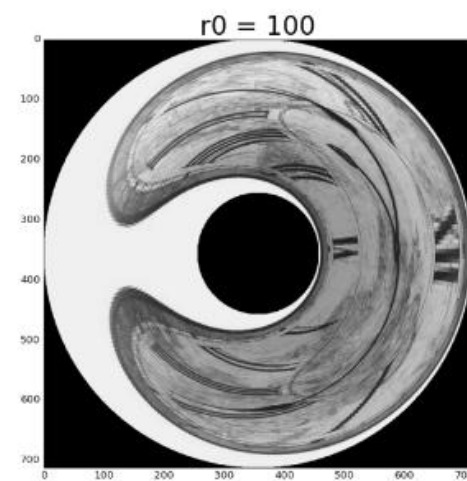
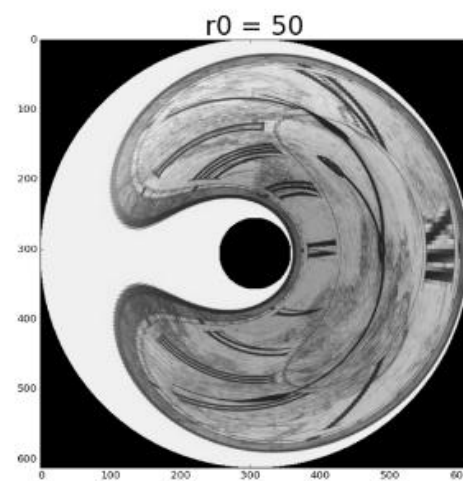
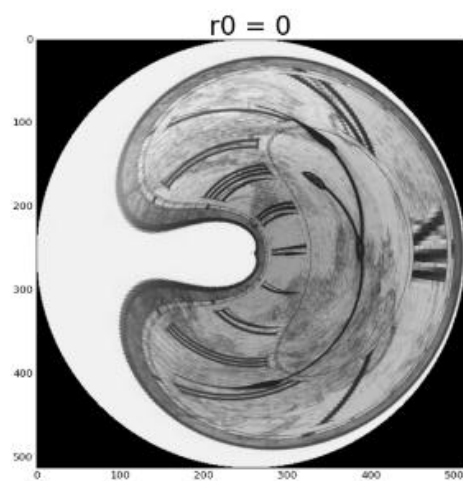
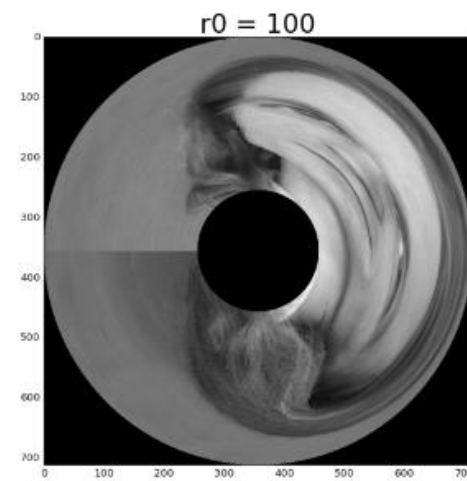
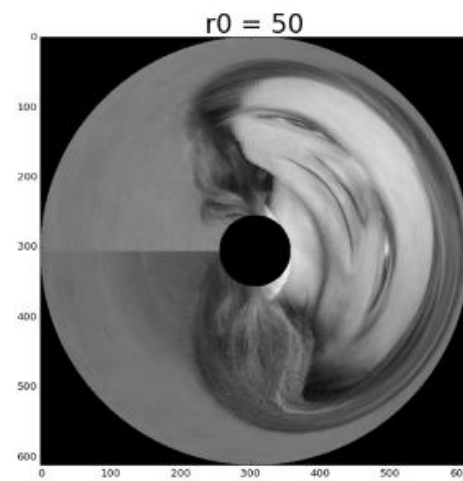
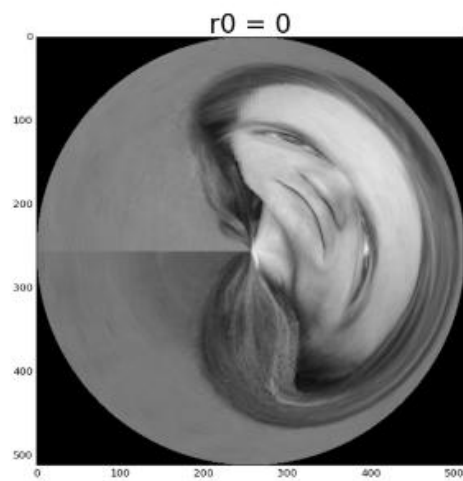
$$\alpha = 10, \nu = 45, \phi = 0.5 \cdot \pi$$



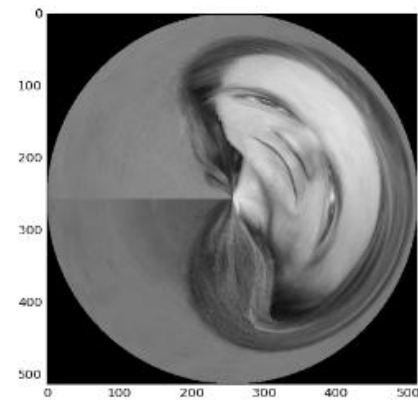
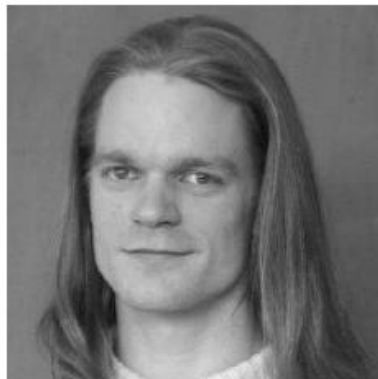
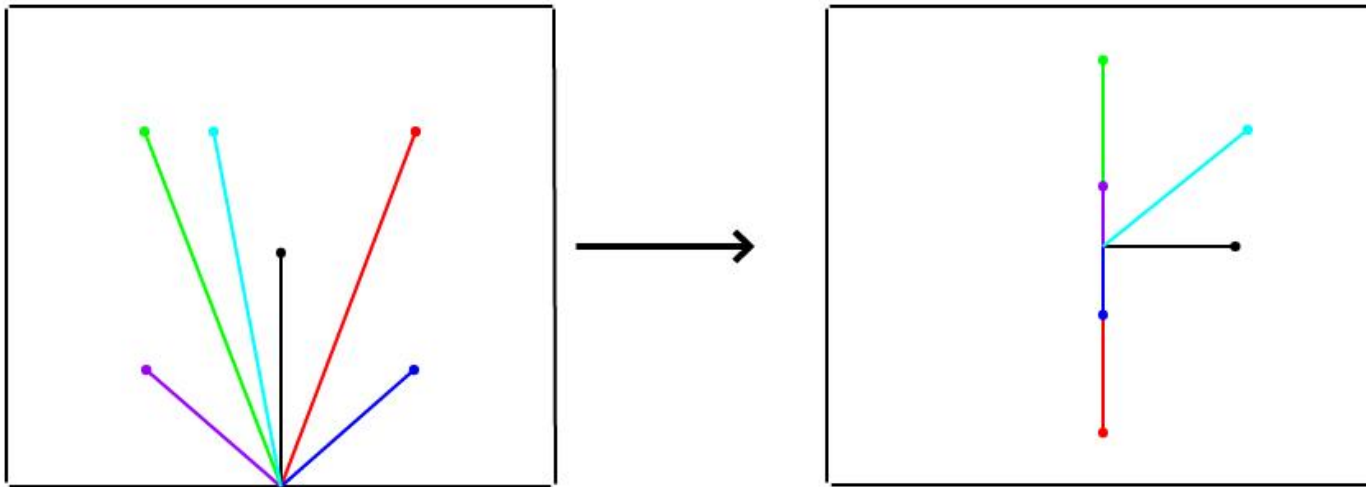
$$\alpha = 10, \nu = 33, \phi = 1.5 \cdot \pi$$

$$\alpha = 10, \nu = 240, \phi = \pi$$

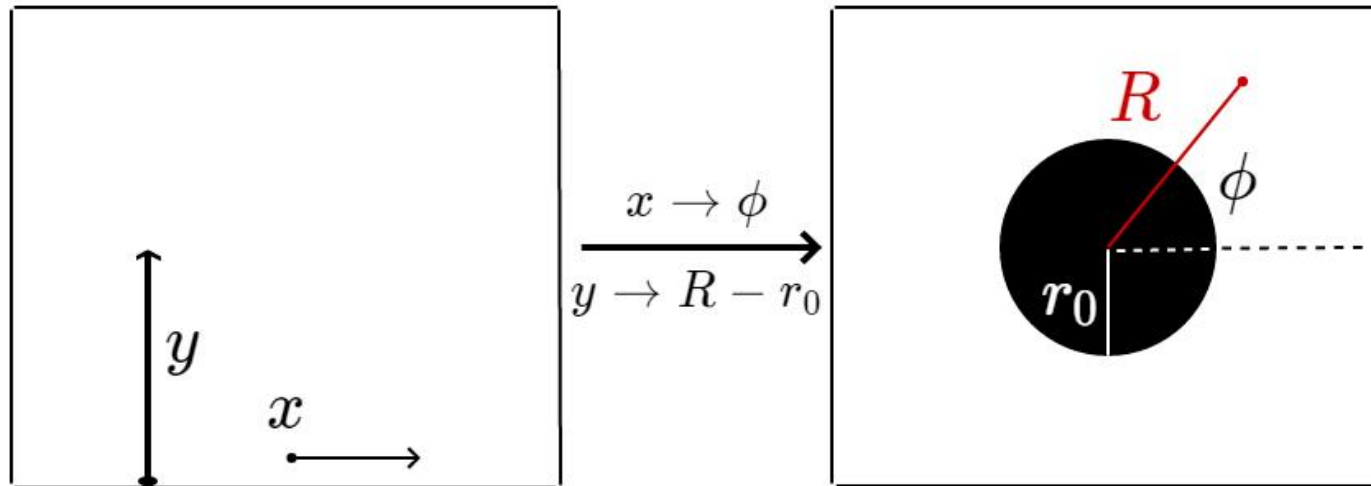
Task 3.3: Cylinder Anamorphosis



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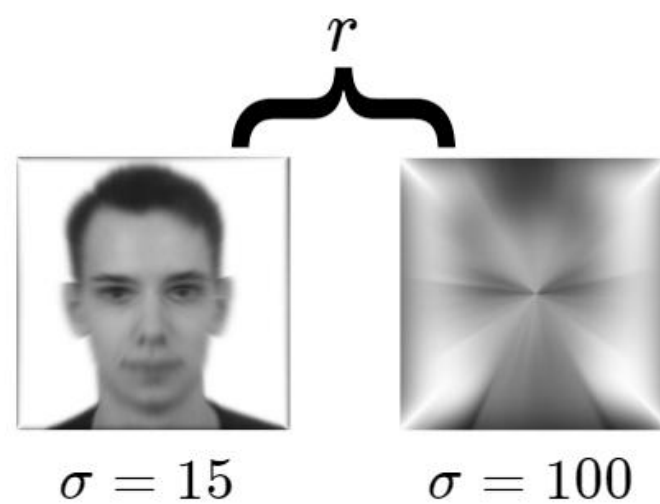
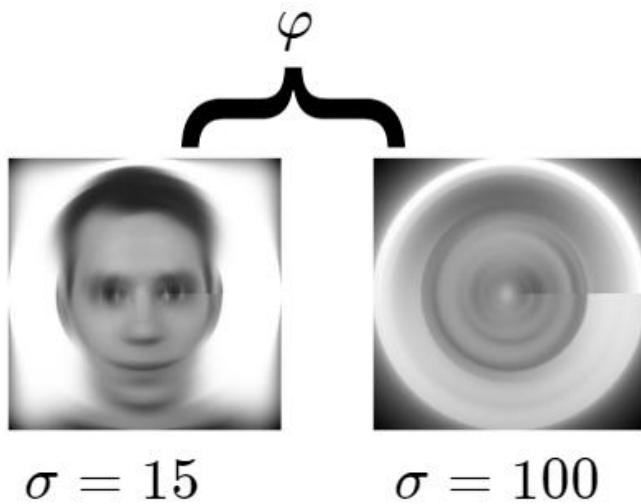
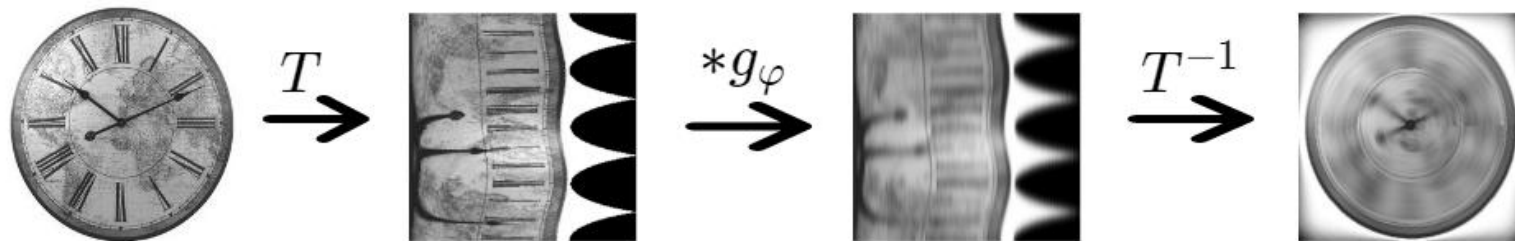
Direct mapping:

$$\begin{cases} x' = \frac{W'}{2} + R \cos \phi \\ y' = \frac{H'}{2} - R \sin \phi \end{cases}$$

Inverse mapping:

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{W}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\phi}{\pi}\right) \\ y = H - (R - r_0) \end{cases}$$

Task 3.4: Smoothing in Polar Coordinates



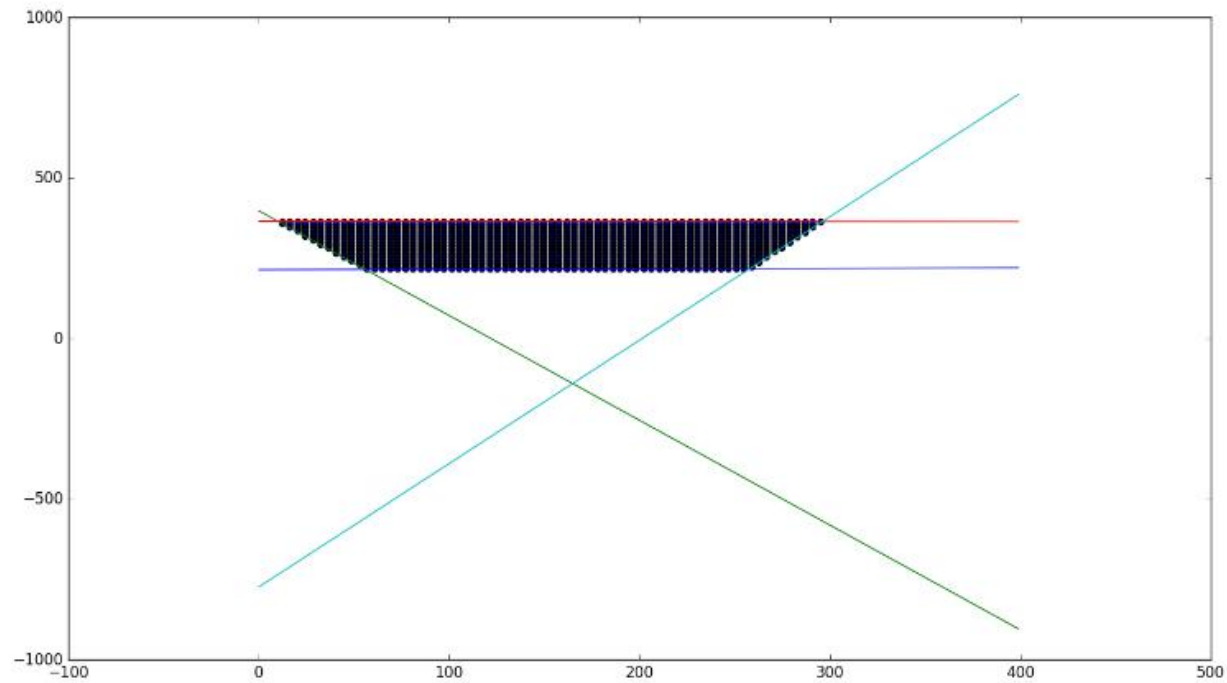
Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings



Given 4 vertices,
allocate the projection.

Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings

First step - define the affected area



Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings



Next steps:
Solve a system of
linear equations,
do transform,
do PULL warp
using scipy image
interpolation.

Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings



And again, and again..

Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings

Another application example

Take the clock..



..and a cup



Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings

Apply Canny filter for edges detection, use Hough Vouting to fit an ellipse, get the biggest and the smallest horde (for 4 points)



Task 3.5: Perspective Mappings

Put the clock into a cup

