

Pipelines & Azure

Agenda

- Concept of pipelines
- Hello world pipeline
- Service connections
- Deploying Infrastructure as Code
- Stages and other Azure DevOps pipeline concepts

Learning objectives

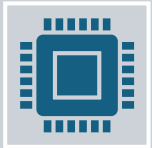
Understand concept of pipelines

Capability to read and modify
pipeline files

Deploy first IaC pipeline

Understand Azure DevOps yaml
pipeline basics

Concept of pipelines



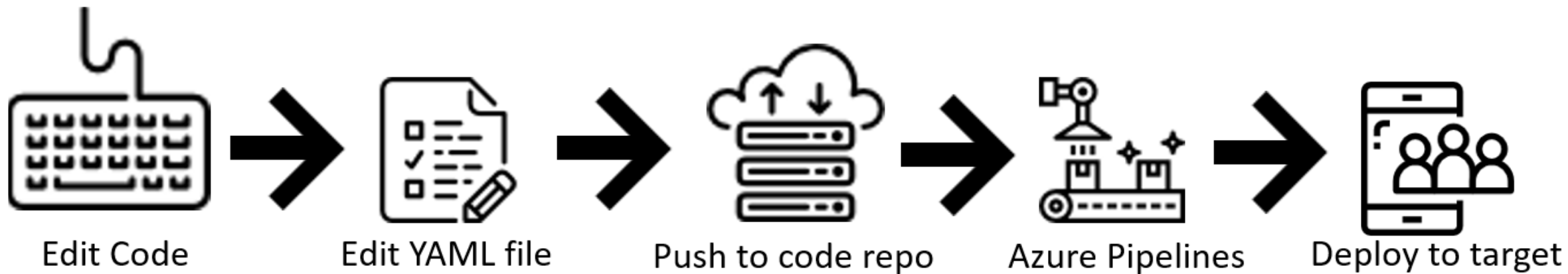
Continuous integration (CI) and Continuous deployment (CD) pipelines are used to build, test and deploy software automatically from code to working product or service



Pipelines can be triggered automatically for example by events, schedules, or git repository updates



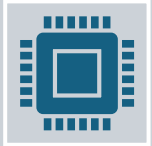
Automated software build, test and deployment reduces risks of software deployment by forcing computer to do all boring and repetitive work



Azure DevOps YAML pipeline process

[Use Azure Pipelines - Azure Pipelines | Microsoft Learn](#)

Agents



Device, where the pipeline code runs on



Microsoft managed agents or self-hosted agents



Self-hosted can be almost any device; RaspberryPi, VM, Container, Scaleset...



Jenkins

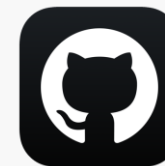


Azure DevOps



GitLab

Pipeline engines



Azure DevOps pipeline schema

```
trigger:  
parameters:  
variables:  
pool:  
steps/jobs/stages:
```

[Iac.yaml](#)

Lab 1

Deploy Hello World pipeline

Service connections

Service account to
target service

Pipeline uses service
connection (recognized
with name) if it has
permissions to use it

In pipeline, chosen task
uses the service
connection during
connecting to the
service

Deploying Azure IaC with pipeline

Azure DevOps has several tasks to connect to Azure such as AzureCLI@ and AzurePowerShell@

Both tasks connects to Azure with provided service connection and runs a script either inline or from file

Prefer using AzurePowerShell@ task and windows-based agent to avoid caveouts of AzureCLI@ task (such as usage of user-assigned managed identities)

Deploying Azure IaC with pipeline

jobs:

- job: 'DeployToAzure'

displayName: 'Deploy to Azure'

steps:

- task: AzurePowerShell@5

name: DeployAzureIac

displayName: 'Deploy Azure IaC'

inputs:

azurePowerShellVersion: LatestVersion

azureSubscription: 'AzureIacTraining'

scriptType: 'InlineScript'

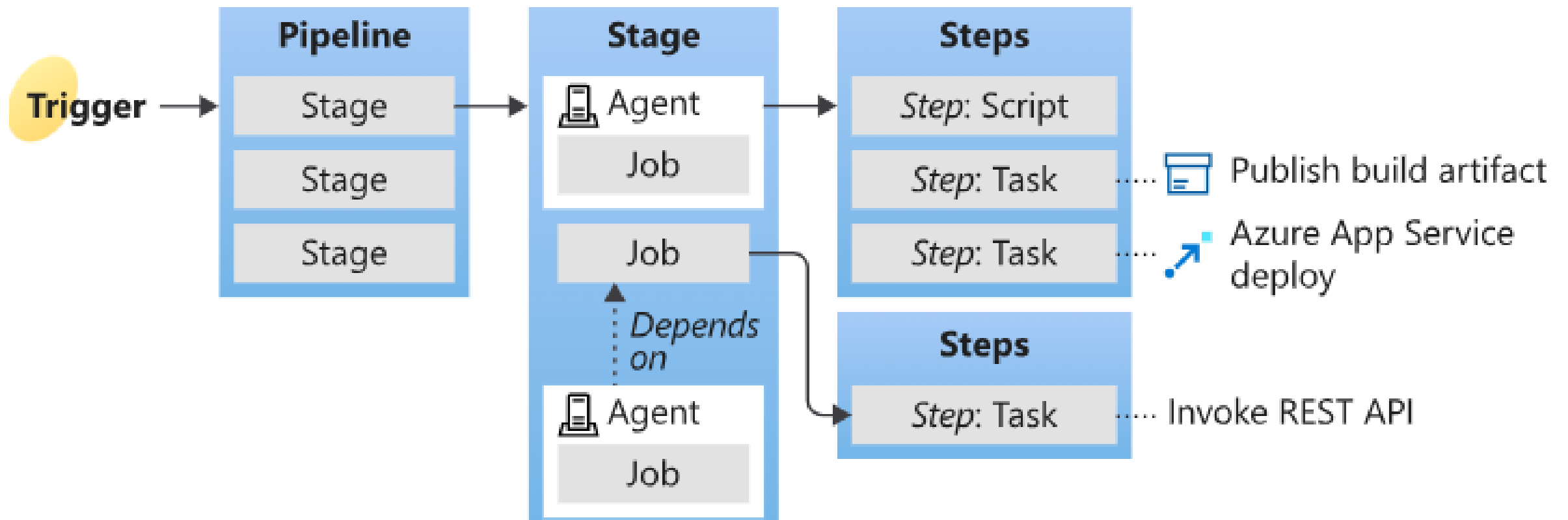
errorActionPreference: 'stop'

Inline: |

New-AzDeployment -Location 'swedencentral'...

Lab 2

Deploy Azure IaC pipeline



Azure DevOps pipeline phases

[Pipeline phases](#)

Approvals and checks

Branch control enables to ensure the source branch

Approvals enables manual approvals to continue

Ensure that source branch, business hours are correct, or Azure monitor does not have any active alerts

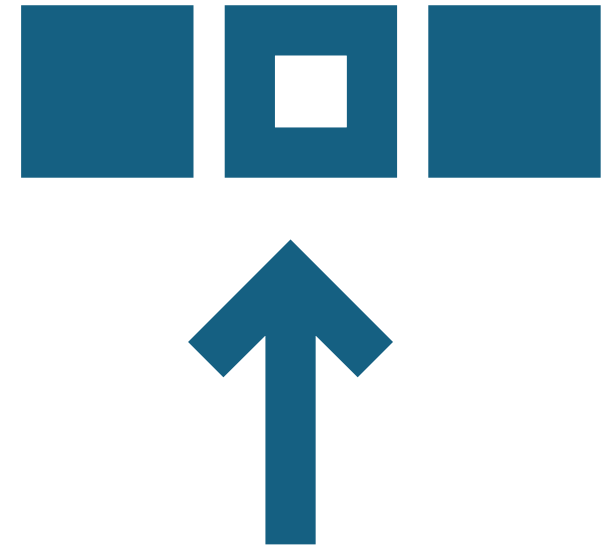
Make internal or external checks or runs before the pipeline runs by using REST requests or Azure Function

Environments and libraries

- Logical group to manage pipeline run controls
- Target VM, App Service, or other services can be added to group all actions in one place
- Variable groups and secure files can be stored in library and used during the pipeline runs

Release pipelines and artifacts

- Release pipelines are meant to be used in continuous deployment and can be configured only through graphical interface
- Release pipelines has more run actions for release management than *Azure DevOps Build-pipelines*
- Artifacts is collection of files or packages published by a pipeline run
- Azure DevOps provides also artifact feed to publish new packages



Azure DevOps tasks for Azure

- [AzurePowerShell@5 - Azure PowerShell v5 task | Microsoft Learn](#)
- [AzureCLI@2 - Azure CLI v2 task | Microsoft Learn](#)
- [Azure Pipelines task reference | Microsoft Learn](#)