

**Release Notes xxxx-xx-xx : :** Copper was an early part of my interest in optimization of supplements for dogs and humans. Recent literature has expressed concern about copper so I thought I would get out generally supportive results to date although omitting much of my own personal experiences ( I'm a human not a dog ) that seem similarly beneficial. It seems that often the popular press led by science catches onto incomplete or "close but not quite" ideas and reversals in recommendations are common. Curious to see how attitudes towards copper evolve. It may be worth noting there seems to be a trend to get away from copper plumbing lol.

**ToDo :** Known problems: no refs yet, diettables have unit problems for recent noun additions

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**The release may use an experimental bibliography code that is not designed to achieve a particular format but to allow multiple links to reference works with modifications to the query string to allow identification of the citing work for tracking purposes. This may be useful for a bill-of-materials and purchases later.**

## Utility of Copper Supplementation in Dogs

Mike Marchywka\*

*44 Crosscreek Trail Jasper GA 30143 USA*

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Recent popular news items have suggested a problem with hepatic copper accumulation in dogs thought to relate to increased copper content in some foods. However, that may reflect frustrated attempts to deliver more copper to the heart or other organs as those organs signal to absorb more copper with the intent to deliver it where needed. Consideration of homeostatic mechanisms, feedback loops, is often neglected and that may be the case in the present condundrum. This work describes copper supplementation to a group of dogs over several years with no robust deleterious effect established although some suspicious observations are discussed. Some benefits associated with copper supplementation include reduced coughing likely due to infectious respiratory disease, collapsed trachea, or dilated / hypertrophic heart. Copper in these dogs may be beneficial through accumulation in macrophages and other locations, use by lysyl oxidase to stiffen trachea and other structural organs, and for mitochondrial energy production notably by the heart leading to greater volumetric efficiency. Particular nutrients that may aid transport out of the liver would likely be those which enhance ceruloplasmin quantity or quality or otherwise modify copper handling. Tryptophan and tyrosine are two candidates for being copper toxicity limiting and were generally supplemented in this group of dogs. Both amino acids have unique functions and distribution may be modified by many factors including GI health to overall food chemistry and microbial metabolism.

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\*Electronic address: [marchywka@hotmail.com](mailto:marchywka@hotmail.com); to cite or credit this work, see bibtex in **F**

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Copper has become a concern in dog food over the past few years due to the more common observation of "copper associated hepatitis" [2] [9]. Copper homeostasis is a much larger issue including in human health with regard to such unresolved diseases as Alzheimer's where the decades of work on amyloid beta is becoming more clearly futile.

Over the same time however, concerns about diet linked DCM in dogs have emerged.

Its possible the two concerns are related in more copper is being absorbed as less is transported to target organs such as the heart.

To help with this apparent conundrum, this work describes variable copper supplementation to a group of dogs over several years including one pregnant pit bull with uterine fibroids. Generally beneficial results were associated with copper supplementation in the context of broader rationally designed supplements. Apparent benefits to a group of puppies included infection control. Additional respiratory infections were thought to be modulated in older dogs described here as Cookie( AKA Mixie ) and Trixie. It may have reduced transmission to the larger group in the latter case. Also an association with likely non-infectious coughing was seen in the case of Happy.

Given the varied canine genetics and known copper related diseases, vigilance for adverse reactions was maintained but to date only questionable events, such as reduced appetite, remain.

Copper and vitamin K have both seen literature suggesting a role for liver health under some conditions. Vitamin K is note worthy because of many efforts to antagonize its effects similar to the present concerns with copper.

These cases are described in more detail with the hope of sorting out cause and effect between diet and clinical outcomes as fixation on one nutrient at a time may not be productive.

## 2. CASES AND OBSERVATIONS

A series of rescue dogs were fed food and vitamin supplements in addition to commercial kibble products. Diet and outcomes were recorded after supplemented meals in MUQED format. Most dogs received additional meals of commercial dog food and unfortunately uncontrolled scraps or treats while others routinely ate toys or yard debris. However, some results appear to relate to the vitamin mix and notably this includes copper.

Dog	Dates	Condition	weight(lbs)	Cu	Outcomes
Cookie	21-09-10 22-01-21	Resp infection/azithromycin	13.5		cleared
Happy	18-09-07 24-04-10	several	13.4 - 17.7		
Happy	18-09-07 19-05-30	heartworm/doxycycline	13.4 - 17.2		cough gone
Happy	24-03-26	coughs	15.2 - 15.5		rare coughing
Brownie	21-01-12 23-02-22	pregnant , fibroids	49 - 64		uneventful
puppies	21-03-23 21-06-09	cough	104		cleared
Trixie	23-12-16 24-04-10	resp infection/Clavamox	37.6 44.6		cleared
Rocky	22-02-05 24-04-10		4.4 8.3		subjective better
Hershey	17-04-22 19-08-27	multiple	8.2 9		heart failure

TABLE I: List of dogs most effected by copper supplementation. The puppies were born on 2021-02-14 but only recorded as weaning began. Puppy weight reflects total as they were placed elsewhere and food shares are unknown

### 2.1. Cookie or Mixie

Arrived with diagnosed respiratory infection and azirhthromycin. Copper and other nutirents were added and eventually infection resolved well.

### 2.2. Brownie and puppies

Brownie was determined to be pregnant shortly after arrival and her diet may be notable for inclusion of both copper and vitamin K. Other coniditions indule heartworm positive, treated after weaning with Diroban, and fibroids removed 2021-11-15 well after puppies were gone. She was unevntful until being doganosed with cancer and killed 2023-02-22.

### 2.3. Happy

Happy arrived heartworm positive coughing to varying degrees. She was treated with a slow kill approach including ivermectin and doxycycline as previously described. She later was acting sick but appeared to recover well with B vitamin supplements. But her coughing never returned to the very low levels seen after heart worm recovery until copper doses were increased with elimination of any zinc and care with tryptophan.

### 2.4. Trixie

Trixie began coughing shortly after arrival and was very low energy. Many other dogs began to cough or hack suggesting that she brought a communicable infectious disease. Nutrient mix was modified to add more copper and most dogs coughing returned to normal quantity and quality although her's did not resolve. Copper stopped for a couple day ( I was gone ) and owner took her to the vet as she began coughing more. Clavamox was prescribed and her coughing stopped within a few days. Her energy level has improved but she still does not run.

### 2.5. Rocky

Rocky will hopefully be the subject of another work as he responded significantly to iodine and sodium benzoate which was attributed to, but never lab confirmed, low thyroid output. His "plastic" body type changed into a more normal "flexible" type and he began to feel like the other dogs when picked up rather than stiff. The addition of copper may have reduced his morning cough but he continued to have apparent congestion after eating sometimes breathing through his mouth and sneezing. Most recently he had notable muscle tone which had been lacking. His overall activity increased but that may be due to social factors such as feeding ritual.

### 2.6. Miscellaneous Observations

Rocky seemed to do better but was also responding to benzoate and iodine.

In initial attempts to formulate a vitamin mix, copper was added but no zinc. There was some possible feeding hesitation that went away when zinc was added. However a causal link was not established although copper was moderated afterwards. Annie may lose some appetite with excessive copper. However, a causal link was not established.

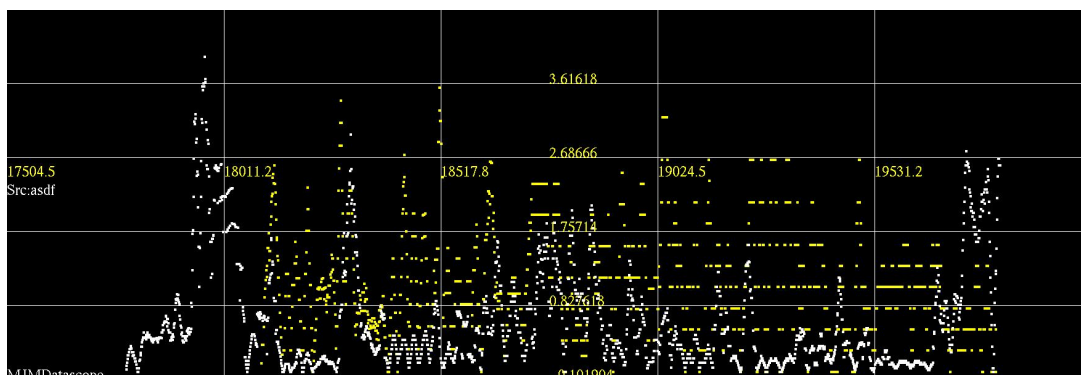


FIG. 1: Copper(white) and Zinc(yellow) dosing per day averaged over prior 10 day period as dosing was highly variable due to rotations of various nutrients. 18046 is 2019-05-30 when the cough was first noted to be gone for a few weeks. 19823 is 2024-04-10 the last date for which data was obtained. The cough stopped prior to the start of the Zinc and gradually increased to a notable background level over most of this interval although notes were incomplete. 19531 2023-06-23 notes the start of Cu depletion and chronic cough was noted by late Fall. During this time Zinc greatly exceeded copper dosing.

## 3. DISCUSSION

Several likely benefits of copper supplementation were observed but no clear robust clinical symptoms got worse. This is contrary to some indications from popular concerns about excessive copper in commercial dog foods. Copper

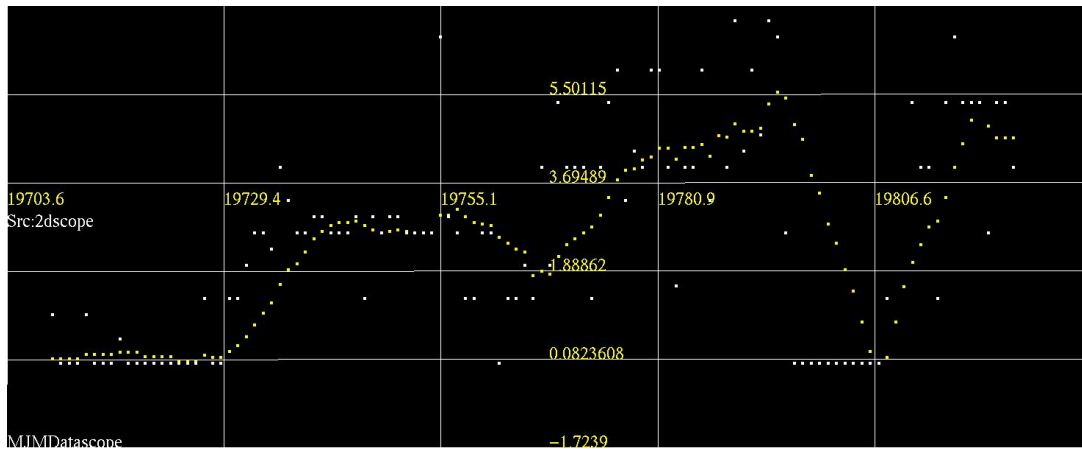


FIG. 2: Trixie copper consumption since arrival. Daily amounts ( white)) and trailing 10 day average( yellow). Copper started to be significant around day 19730 in response to coughing. Day 19807 marked the end of the copper fast as well as the end of Clavamox which was prescribed due to worsening when copper stopped days earlier.

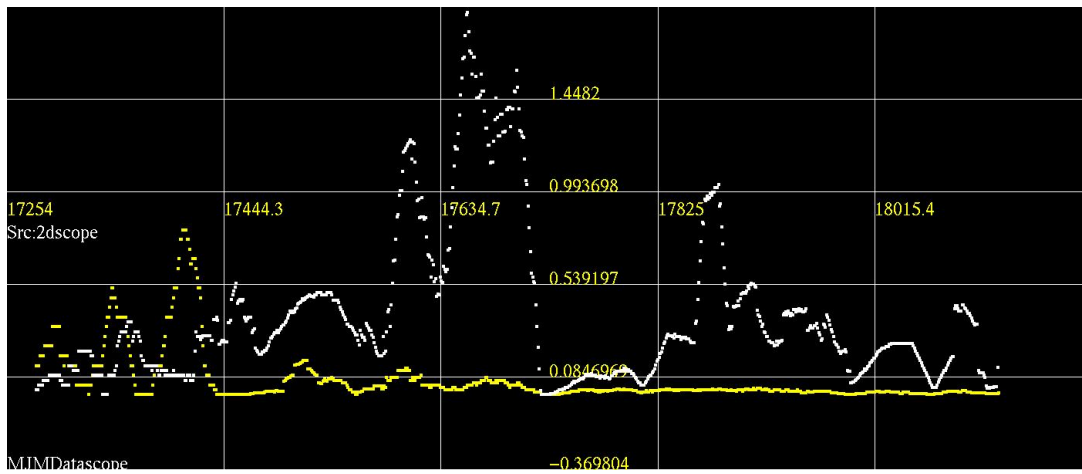


FIG. 3: Herhsey 10 day trailing average copper (white ) and iodine (yellow).

use requires uptake and transportation to various targets. Transport out of the liver can be hindered for reasons such as ceruloplasmin defects.

ver a broad range of genetics, its likely that copper intake can be raised as long as other nutirents are also given to handle the copper beneficially. Candidate nutrients include tryrosine and tryptophan.

Copper in these dogs may be beneficial through accumulation in macrophages and other locations, use by lysyl oxidase to stiffen trachea and other structural organs, and for energy production notably by the heart leading to greater volumetric efficiency.

Some precednce for metal modulated toxicity existed back to 1999 when work with cultured neurons showed a dose dependent reduction in abeta toxicity with Zn [16]. By 2005 toxicity of amyloid beta and the metals zinc, iron, and copper was investigated under conditions that created more toxicity with iron and zinc but not copper while amyloid beta reduced metal toxicity in rats [8].

Copper signalling is such that remote signals may exist from the heart to liver and intestines to make more available [20]. In this scenario, local shortage could induce blood stream excess due to added inputs with struggling cardiac specific uptake as has been suggested for other nutrients such as tryptophan and biotin. Note this work also suggests copper deficiency as an issue for cardiac hypertrophy in animals. Copper uptake may depend on anions such as chloride at least in some animals [10] ,suggesting GI chloride per se rather than pH may be an issue. A series of copper deficient liver patients were notable for "steatohepatitis, iron overload, malnutrition, and recurrent infections." [29] . Its interesting that iron overload occurs along with general malnutrition and sepcific copper deficiency.

**Thinking aloud**

this may not belong here but relevant to other Cu stuff, A recently published work suggests copper delivery is the important part of a new ALS drug but the work also suggests a "hyperreductive state" around hypoxic mito that promote release of Cu from the drug complex [12]/ pointing to a possible more general mechanism. The work goes onto suggest possible role in Parkinson's Disease but does not address AD.

In 2021, Ni was found in important amounts in a commercial abeta40 preparation [5] and was found to mediate dityrosine crosslinks [7] similar to the dityrosine crosslinks induced by copper found in 2004 [3].

A 2013 work found in vitro physiological conditions caused copper to prevent fibril formation [17].

Copper is essential for many growth processes and can activate receptor tyrosine kinases without a ligand making it a target for cancer [11].

Rats fed a copper deficient diet shows neurological symptoms by 7 weeks and had reduced tyrosine hydroxylase and SOD activity [19].

A 2017 study explored the effects of copper and vitamin C as well as other molecules such as clioquinol on abeta and in vitro neurons suggesting abeta could be cleaved by copper in the presence of oxygen as well as an anti-oxidant such as vitamin C although restoration of neuronal functioning was only partial [28]. Interestingly, copper-ascorbate oxidation of tryptophan may be suppressed by Trp chelation of copper at high trp concentrations [18] suggesting reduced amounts may give copper more ability to damage an already low supply. This is interesting in terms of a nutrient interaction hypothesis on copper toxicity. And in fact as early as 2012 it was determined that tryptophan intake could reduce copper toxicity at least in carp [13].

Body stores of copper increases with excess tyrosine in the diet of rats [27].

By 2022, work focusing on moving copper into the cell considered many aspects of copper misallocation and devised a copper specific shuttle peptide [21]. Recognition that the cells need copper is important .

A 2016 study in mice suggested adding copper to water was worse than adding it to food and supplementation at 6,15, and 30 ppm with increases in soluble abeta and decreased growth rate and GSH/SOD activity [26]. With a high dose of about 100 micrograms/day ( from CuSO4) and a body weight of about 30grams, the dose was about 3.3mg/kg.

One work in 2022 addressed AD as a consequence of copper deficiency because [15]

It is hypothesised that copper deficiency is a plausible cause of Alzheimer's disease(Reference Klevay84). Patients are thinner than normal; weight loss precedes dementia and is associated with greater dementia and neurobehavioural symptoms. Nutritional compromise contributes to morbidity. Cytochrome oxidase depends on copper for activity; at least fourteen publications reveal decreased activity in brain of Alzheimer's patients. Brain copper and ceruloplasmin also are decreased. This hypothesis is the only one that explains why Alzheimer's disease occurs earlier and is more common in Down's syndrome. Superoxide dismutase (SOD1) depends on copper for activity; its gene is on chromosome 21. This enzyme is elevated in Down's syndrome (trisomy 21) and is decreased in people with monosomy. It seems likely that people with Down's syndrome have a higher than average requirement for dietary copper because copper is incorporated into superoxide dismutase and is unavailable for other uses. Thus, Alzheimer's disease fulfills the first two of Golden's criteria (above) for deficiency.

Lysyl oxidase bad for vessels [4] calcification. but may be related to metallization issues [23].

Ceruloplasmin contains a chain of W and Y that are thought important for enzyme preservation [24]. As iron accumulation is related to AD, there is a question about the quality of the circulating ceruloplasmin. If there is high-fidelity translation due to W and Y depletion, there is also the question of how feedback mechanisms control the overall amount. Ceruloplasmin KO mice gained weight and showed increased scatter in weight with lipid dysregulation only partially corrected with exogenous replacement [22].

Deficiency seems to effect preferentially proteins involved in neuronal projection and diabetes and iron handling [25].

Copper may antagonize many pathogens including H pylori [6] and clostridium

Combined with vitamin C literature is confusing. It may be bad [14] although alternatives with copper gluconate instead of sulfate

Pulmonary hypertension may be controlled by serotonin [1] and therefore tryptophan intake.

#### 4. LIMITATIONS

While the other components were mentioned as important, it needs to be reiterated that the the other snack components could have effected copper handling significantly and supplementation with another diet lacking these

components may not be beneficial but copper restriction may not be either. Most food ingredient interact with metals to varying degrees and this notably contained citric acid and spinach along with amino acids.

The residential setting made it difficult to control or monitor all of the factors which could effect health. Besides the main kibble meals not being recorded for some dogs, intake of food and foreign objects was common and unpredictable. Supplement quantities were often measured by volume using kitchen utensils known to be poorly calibrated. Completely unknown experiences or factors may be involved in their subjective behaviors. Cigarette smoke exposure was common but variable. As is always the case, despite MUQED's ability to keep structured outcome notes on things like cough, the resulting outcome data was very sparse and relies on memory in some cases. The lesson remains that notes and data always need to be more complete.

## 5. CONCLUSIONS

Copper has to be suspected of being important in dogs for functions that likely include strengthening of structural elements such as the trachea, volumetric energy efficiency of the heart, and infection control. In the GI tract, it may moderate pathogenic phenotypes and change community structure of microbiome. Accumulation in the liver may reflect export problems rather than too much intake as signalling exists to regulate uptake and disposal. Defects may be due to other nutrients and particularly anything that interferes with ceruloplasmin synthesis or quality.

Internal transport and uptake however may both rely on GI defects which limit nutrient availability. Low stomach acid may be one common problem.

Zinc excess may also interfere with copper deployment. Dog genetics are varied and specifics likely vary too. Similar considerations may apply to humans.

Liver pathology that includes atypical amounts of copper may not reflect excess dietary intake but some other problem that needs to be fixed.

## 6. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Dog diet data files are available online at <https://github.com/mmarchywka/dogdata> or other locations as may be required. The author may also be contacted if online sources are not available. Raw MUQED format as well as parsed text formats are available although MUQED software availability is in the works.

### 6.1. Computer Code

note anything using "snacks\_Collated.ssv" is obsolete as it messed up adjectives etc. use "linc\_graph -dt-mo" NB : the "datealias" entries need to be updated not just datemin and datemax and the latter may not even do anything lol. A note also "reporting units" for many new nouns are not right as tsp has replaced mg etc.

```
2766 ./run_linc_graph -dt-mo txt/happy2cu.txt
2767 texfrag -include xxtable
2768 mv xxtable /home/documents/latex/proj/copper/keep/monthly.tex
```

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2. Free software including Linux, R, LaTeX etc.
3. Thanks everyone who contributed incidental support.

### **Appendix A: Statement of Conflicts**

No specific funding was used in this effort and there are no relationships with others that could create a conflict of interest. I would like to develop these ideas further and have obvious bias towards making them appear successful. Barbara Cade, the dog owner, has worked in the pet food industry but this does not likely create a conflict. We have no interest in the makers of any of the products named in this work.

### **Appendix B: About the Authors and Facility**

This work was performed at a dog rescue run by Barbara Cade and housed in rural Georgia. The author of this report ,Mike Marchywka, has a background in electrical engineering and has done extensive research using free online literature sources. I hope to find additional people interested in critically examining the results and verify that they can be reproduced effectively to treat other dogs.

## Appendix C: Background Diet Summary

Name	2023-10 Oct	2023-11 Nov	2023-12 Dec	2024-01 Jan	2024-02 Feb
<b>FOOD</b>					
KCl(tsp kcl)	0.045 ;0.031;23/23	0.047 ;0.031;30/30	0.085 ;0.062;24/24	0.094 ;0.062;31/31	0.093 ;0.062;29/29
KibbleAmJrLaPo	0.036 ;0.037;22/23	0.065 ;0.075;30/30	0.07 ;0.075;23/24	0.075 ;0.075;31/31	0.071 ;0.098;29/29
KibbleLogic	0.024 ;0.025;22/23	0.043 ;0.05;30/30	0.047 ;0.05;23/24	0.05 ;0.05;31/31	0.047 ;0.065;29/29
b10ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>	0.019 ;0.25;1/23	0.11 ;0.25;9/30	0.047 ;0.25;3/24	0.11 ;1;7/31	0.067 ;0.25;5/29
b15ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>		0.044 ;0.25;5/30	0.021 ;0.25;1/24	0.06 ;0.25;4/31	
b20ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>	0.18 ;0.25;14/23	0.13 ;0.25;10/30	0.25 ;0.25;14/24	0.14 ;0.25;11/31	0.28 ;0.25;19/29
b25ngnc	0.11 ;0.25;9/23	0.067 ;0.25;6/30	0.026 ;0.25;2/24	0.02 ;0.25;2/31	0.039 ;0.25;4/29
b7ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>	0.1 ;0.25;8/23	0.14 ;0.25;11/30	0.14 ;0.25;9/24	0.2 ;0.25;17/31	0.11 ;0.25;7/29
blackberry		0.058 ;0.25;5/30	0.3 ;0.25;20/24		
blueberry	2.4 ;3.8;23/23	2.4 ;2.2;30/30	1.9 ;2;20/24	0.71 ;1.5;13/31	1.2 ;1.5;29/29
carrot	0.35 ;0.25;23/23	0.36 ;0.25;30/30	0.36 ;0.25;24/24	0.38 ;0.25;31/31	0.38 ;0.25;29/29
cbbrothbs					0.022 ;0.25;3/29
cbbroth	0.16 ;0.25;10/23	0.071 ;0.25;6/30		0.21 ;0.25;15/31	0.25 ;0.25;16/29
citrate(tsp citrate)	0.045 ;0.031;23/23	0.047 ;0.031;30/30	0.048 ;0.062;24/24	0.058 ;0.062;31/31	0.092 ;0.062;29/29
ctbrothbs	0.082 ;0.25;5/23	0.4 ;0.25;25/30	0.48 ;0.25;24/24	0.29 ;0.25;19/31	0.22 ;0.25;14/29
ctbroth	0.17 ;0.25;11/23			0.032 ;1;1/31	
eggo3	0.065 ;0.12;23/23	0.062 ;0.062;30/30	0.055 ;0.12;20/24	0.062 ;0.062;31/31	0.062 ;0.062;29/29
eggo			0.01 ;0.062;4/24		
eggshell	0.13 ;0.25;23/23	0.12 ;0.12;30/30	0.11 ;0.25;21/24		
garlic	0.022 ;0.25;2/23	0.22 ;0.25;26/30	0.083 ;0.25;8/24	1.2 ;1;27/31	0.99 ;1;22/29
marrow	0.19 ;0.25;12/23	0.37 ;0.25;30/30	0.083 ;0.25;6/24		0.078 ;0.25;7/29
oliveoil(tsp)	0.035 ;0.12;8/23	0.014 ;0.12;4/30			0.039 ;0.12;9/29
pepper	0.36 ;0.25;23/23	0.38 ;0.25;30/30	0.35 ;0.25;24/24	0.36 ;0.25;31/31	0.38 ;0.25;29/29
pineapple			0.021 ;0.25;2/24		
raspberry	0.32 ;0.25;23/23	0.28 ;0.25;24/30			
salmon		0.043 ;0.25;8/30		0.025 ;0.25;3/31	
shrimp(grams)		3 ;38;5/30	4.9 ;16;9/24	2.8 ;16;8/31	1.8 ;13;4/29
spinach		0.15 ;0.25;12/30	0.36 ;0.25;24/24	0.38 ;0.25;31/31	0.36 ;0.25;28/29
sunflowerseed	0.23 ;0.25;21/23	0.25 ;0.25;30/30	0.21 ;0.25;20/24		0.034 ;0.25;4/29
tomato	0.36 ;0.25;23/23	0.23 ;0.25;19/30	0.18 ;0.25;12/24	0.17 ;0.25;15/31	0.19 ;0.25;29/29
tuna(oz)					
turkey	0.34 ;0.25;23/23	0.37 ;0.25;30/30	0.35 ;0.25;24/24	0.36 ;0.25;31/31	0.36 ;0.25;29/29
vinegar(tsp)	0.09 ;0.062;23/23	0.094 ;0.062;30/30	0.09 ;0.062;24/24	0.068 ;0.062;24/31	2.16e-03 ;0.062;1/29
<b>VITAMIN</b>					
B-1(mg)	4.09e-03 ;0.012;15/23	5.87e-03 ;0.0059;30/30	6.12e-03 ;0.012;24/24	5.69e-03 ;0.0059;30/31	5.87e-03 ;0.0059;29/29
B-12(mg)	0.033 ;0.25;5/23	0.029 ;0.25;5/30	0.047 ;0.25;6/24	0.024 ;0.25;5/31	0.034 ;0.12;8/29
B-2(mg)	5.7 ;16;15/23	7.9 ;8.1;29/30	8.1 ;16;23/24	21 ;32;30/31	43 ;65;29/29
B-2			1.63e-04 ;0.0039;1/24		
B-3(mg)	8.3 ;24;15/23	12 ;12;30/30	12 ;24;23/24	31 ;48;30/31	60 ;48;29/29
B-6(mg)	6 ;12;11/23	12 ;12;28/30	11 ;12;21/24	8.9 ;12;29/31	5.8 ;12;26/29
B-multi(count)	0.022 ;0.062;8/23			2.02e-03 ;0.062;1/31	
Cu(mg)	0.11 ;0.25;10/23	0.76 ;2;19/30	0.86 ;2;19/24	1.9 ;2;30/31	1.9 ;2;28/29
D-3(iu)	91 ;300;7/23	60 ;300;6/30	62 ;300;5/24	58 ;300;6/31	52 ;300;5/29
Iodine(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	2.3 ;12;8/23	0.1 ;0.78;4/30	0.065 ;0.78;2/24	0.1 ;0.78;4/31	0.13 ;0.78;5/29
K1(mg)	0.38 ;1.2;7/23	0.92 ;1.2;22/30	1.1 ;1.2;22/24	1.1 ;1.2;27/31	1.2 ;1.2;28/29
K2(mg)	1 ;1.6;15/23	0.3 ;1.9;7/30	0.47 ;3.8;3/24	0.91 ;3.8;8/31	0.81 ;3.8;8/29
K2MK7(mg)	1.63e-03 ;0.025;2/23	5.83e-03 ;0.025;7/30	2.08e-03 ;0.025;2/24		
MgCitrate(mg)	96 ;200;21/23	100 ;100;30/30	92 ;100;22/24	31 ;100;10/31	76 ;100;22/29
Mn(mg)			0.042 ;1;1/24	0.21 ;0.62;12/31	0.12 ;1;6/29

TABLE II: Part 1 of 2. Events Summary for Happy from 2023-10-01 to 2024-04-10A summary of most dietary components and events for selected months between 2023-10-01and 2024-04-10. Format is average daily amount ;maximum; days given/ days in interval . Units are arbitrary except where noted. Any superscripts are defined as follows: **a)** SMVT substrate. Biotin, Pantothenate, Lipoic Acid, and Iodine known to compete.**c)** hamburger with varying fat percentages- 7,10,15,20, etc. ..

Name	2023-10 Oct	2023-11 Nov	2023-12 Dec	2024-01 Jan	2024-02 Feb
Se(mcg)		0.42 ;12;1/30			0.43 ;12;1/29
Zn(mg zn)	1.3 ;5.9;9/23	1.1 ;5.9;10/30	0.73 ;2.9;6/24	0.47 ;2.9;5/31	0.61 ;5.9;5/29
arginine(mg)	68 ;175;9/23	82 ;350;10/30	51 ;175;7/24	79 ;350;12/31	275 ;350;15/29
biotin(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	2.4 ;5;11/23	4.3 ;5;26/30	4 ;5;19/24	3.5 ;5;22/31	3.6 ;5;21/29
folate(mg)	0.022 ;0.12;5/23	0.019 ;0.12;6/30	0.018 ;0.12;4/24	0.016 ;0.12;5/31	0.011 ;0.12;3/29
histidine(tsp)					2.42e-03 ;0.016;7/29
histidinehcl(mg)	3.7 ;85;1/23	1.4 ;42;1/30	1.6 ;38;1/24		
iron(mg)		1 ;4;8/30	1.8 ;4;11/24	1.3 ;4;10/31	2.2 ;4;18/29
isoleucine(mg)	30 ;200;5/23	47 ;200;8/30	17 ;200;2/24	48 ;200;9/31	45 ;200;8/29
lecithin(mg)	215 ;225;22/23	225 ;225;30/30	281 ;225;22/24	330 ;225;31/31	338 ;225;29/29
lecithin(tsp)	0.046 ;0.062;22/23	0.036 ;0.042;30/30	0.012 ;0.062;8/24		
leucine(mg)	74 ;162;20/23	76 ;81;28/30	85 ;162;24/24	66 ;81;25/31	67 ;81;24/29
leucine					
lipoicacid(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	3.1 ;25;5/23	7.6 ;25;16/30	24 ;25;21/24	18 ;25;22/31	31 ;25;28/29
lysinehcl(mg)	170 ;162;23/23	203 ;162;30/30	186 ;162;24/24	218 ;325;30/31	235 ;325;14/29
methionine(mg)	57 ;62;21/23	46 ;62;22/30	38 ;125;20/24	4 ;62;3/31	9.7 ;62;7/29
pantothenate(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	22 ;78;12/23	20 ;39;15/30	21 ;39;13/24	32 ;39;25/31	30 ;39;22/29
phenylalanine(mg)	38 ;125;7/23	23 ;125;6/30	18 ;125;4/24	8.1 ;125;2/31	15 ;125;4/29
proline(mg)	143 ;100;23/23	35 ;100;7/30			
taurine(mg)	323 ;225;23/23	338 ;225;30/30	323 ;225;24/24	345 ;225;31/31	338 ;225;29/29
threonine(mg)	95 ;162;23/23	374 ;325;30/30	467 ;325;24/24	488 ;325;31/31	487 ;325;29/29
tryptophan(mg)	52 ;150;14/23	40 ;150;14/30	25 ;150;6/24	17 ;150;6/31	24 ;75;10/29
tyrosine(mg)	17 ;100;4/23	6.7 ;100;2/30	12 ;100;3/24	19 ;100;6/31	19 ;100;6/29
valine(mg)	165 ;200;19/23	160 ;200;24/30	133 ;200;16/24	135 ;200;21/31	159 ;200;23/29
vitamina(iu)	489 ;2250;5/23	600 ;2250;8/30	656 ;4500;6/24	435 ;2250;6/31	466 ;2250;6/29
vitaminc(tsp)	3.23e-03 ;0.0078;11/23	3.39e-03 ;0.0078;13/30	8.14e-04 ;0.0039;5/24	5.04e-04 ;0.0039;4/31	5.39e-04 ;0.0078;2/29
vitamine(iu)	8.2 ;38;5/23	8.8 ;38;7/30	9.4 ;38;6/24	7.3 ;38;6/31	6.5 ;38;5/29
<b>MEDICINE</b>					
SnAg				1.1 ;1;13/31	0.66 ;1;12/29
sodiumbenzoate(tsp)	0.011 ;0.016;12/23	8.85e-03 ;0.016;12/30	0.012 ;0.031;15/24	0.017 ;0.016;25/31	0.018 ;0.016;24/29
sodiumbenzoate				5.04e-04 ;0.016;1/31	
wormer					
<b>RESULT</b>					
weight(lbs)			0.63 ;15;1/24		1.1 ;16;2/29
sorbitol(tsp)	0.045 ;0.031;23/23	0.047 ;0.031;30/30	0.045 ;0.031;24/24	0.046 ;0.062;31/31	0.047 ;0.031;29/29
sorbitol					

TABLE III: Part 2 of 2. Events Summary for Happy from 2023-10-01 to 2024-04-10A summary of most dietary components and events for selected months between 2023-10-01and 2024-04-10. Format is average daily amount ;maximum; days given/ days in interval . Units are arbitrary except where noted. Any superscripts are defined as follows: **a)** SMVT substrate. Biotin, Pantothenate, Lipoic Acid, and Iodine known to compete..**c)** hamburger with varying fat percentages- 7,10,15,20, etc. ..

Name	2024-03 Mar	2024-04 Apr
<b>FOOD</b>		
KCl(tsp kcl)	0.084 ;0.062;20/20	0.087 ;0.062;10/10
KibbleAmJrLaPo	0.034 ;0.037;18/20	0.034 ;0.037;9/10
KibbleLogic	0.023 ;0.025;18/20	0.022 ;0.025;9/10
b10ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>	0.069 ;0.25;4/20	0.056 ;0.25;2/10
b15ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>	0.022 ;0.25;2/20	
b20ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>	0.33 ;0.25;17/20	0.19 ;0.25;6/10
b25ngnc		
b7ngnc <sup>(c)</sup>		0.16 ;0.25;4/10
blackberry		
blueberry	0.75 ;0.75;20/20	0.9 ;1;10/10
carrot	0.35 ;0.25;20/20	0.35 ;0.25;10/10
cbbrothbs		
cbbroth	0.1 ;0.25;5/20	
citrate(tsp citrate)	0.081 ;0.062;20/20	0.086 ;0.062;10/10
ctbrothbs	0.33 ;0.25;17/20	0.41 ;0.25;10/10
ctbroth		
eggo3	0.025 ;0.062;8/20	0.062 ;0.062;10/10
eggo	0.037 ;0.062;12/20	
eggshell		
garlic	1.4 ;1;18/20	1.1 ;1;10/10
marrow		
oliveoil(tsp)	0.042 ;0.12;6/20	
pepper	0.36 ;0.25;20/20	0.35 ;0.25;10/10
pineapple		
raspberry		
salmon		
shrimp(grams)		
spinach	0.35 ;0.25;20/20	0.35 ;0.25;10/10
sunflowerseed	0.037 ;0.25;3/20	0.2 ;0.25;8/10
tomato	0.12 ;0.12;20/20	0.12 ;0.12;10/10
tuna(oz)	0.062 ;0.25;5/20	0.075 ;0.25;3/10
turkey	0.33 ;0.25;20/20	0.35 ;0.25;10/10
vinegar(tsp)	6.25e-03 ;0.062;3/20	3.13e-03 ;0.031;1/10
<b>VITAMIN</b>		
B-1(mg)	5.58e-03 ;0.012;18/20	5.87e-03 ;0.0059;10/10
B-12(mg)	0.05 ;0.25;6/20	0.025 ;0.12;2/10
B-2(mg)	47 ;16;20/20	37 ;16;10/10
B-2		
B-3(mg)	69 ;24;20/20	55 ;24;10/10
B-6(mg)	4.7 ;6.2;15/20	3.8 ;6.2;6/10
B-multi(count)	3.13e-03 ;0.062;1/20	
Cu(mg)	2.2 ;2;20/20	2.6 ;2;10/10
D-3(iu)	62 ;350;4/20	60 ;300;2/10
Iodine(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	0.19 ;0.78;5/20	0.16 ;0.78;2/10
K1(mg)	1.1 ;1.2;17/20	1.2 ;1.2;10/10
K2(mg)	0.75 ;3.1;6/20	
K2MK7(mg)		
MgCitrate(mg)	88 ;100;18/20	90 ;100;9/10
Mn(mg)	0.14 ;1.2;3/20	

TABLE IV: Part 1 of 2. Events Summary for Happy from 2023-10-01 to 2024-04-10A summary of most dietary components and events for selected months between 2023-10-01and 2024-04-10. Format is average daily amount ;maximum; days given/ days in interval . Units are arbitrary except where noted. Any superscripts are defined as follows: **a)** SMVT substrate. Biotin, Pantothenate, Lipic Acid, and Iodine known to compete..**c)** hamburger with varying fat percentages- 7,10,15,20, etc. ..

Name	2024-03 Mar	2024-04 Apr
Se(mcg)		
Zn(mg zn)	0.73 ;5.9;3/20	0.59 ;5.9;1/10
arginine(mg)	245 ;350;10/20	228 ;350;5/10
biotin(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	3.4 ;5;14/20	3.5 ;5;7/10
folate(mg)	0.013 ;0.12;3/20	
histidine(tsp)	0.021 ;0.016;19/20	0.02 ;0.031;8/10
histidinehcl(mg)		
iron(mg)	2.4 ;5.3;17/20	5.3 ;5.3;8/10
isoleucine(mg)	25 ;200;3/20	20 ;200;1/10
lecithin(mg)	315 ;225;20/20	315 ;225;10/10
lecithin(tsp)		
leucine(mg)	73 ;81;18/20	81 ;81;10/10
leucine		
lipoicacid(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	16 ;25;12/20	20 ;25;8/10
lysinehcl(mg)	228 ;325;10/20	244 ;325;5/10
methionine(mg)	12 ;62;8/20	25 ;62;4/10
pantothenate(mg) <sup>(a)</sup>	33 ;39;17/20	35 ;39;9/10
phenylalanine(mg)	28 ;125;5/20	12 ;125;1/10
proline(mg)		
taurine(mg)	315 ;225;20/20	315 ;225;10/10
threonine(mg)	455 ;325;20/20	422 ;325;10/10
tryptophan(mg)	26 ;75;7/20	22 ;75;4/10
tyrosine(mg)	22 ;100;6/20	30 ;100;3/10
valine(mg)	160 ;200;16/20	160 ;200;8/10
vitamina(iu)	506 ;2250;5/20	675 ;2250;3/10
vitaminc(tsp)	8.79e-04 ;0.0039;5/20	1.95e-03 ;0.0039;5/10
vitamine(iu)	7.5 ;38;4/20	7.5 ;38;2/10
<b>MEDICINE</b>		
SnAg		
sodiumbenzoate(tsp)	0.015 ;0.016;14/20	7.81e-04 ;0.0078;1/10
sodiumbenzoate	7.81e-04 ;0.016;1/20	
wormer	0.075 ;1.5;1/20	
<b>RESULT</b>		
weight(lbs)		
sorbitol(tsp)	0.043 ;0.031;20/20	0.039 ;0.031;9/10
sorbitol	7.81e-04 ;0.016;1/20	1.56e-03 ;0.016;1/10

TABLE V: Part 2 of 2. Events Summary for Happy from 2023-10-01 to 2024-04-10A summary of most dietary components and events for selected months between 2023-10-01and 2024-04-10. Format is average daily amount ;maximum; days given/ days in interval . Units are arbitrary except where noted. Any superscripts are defined as follows: **a)** SMVT substrate. Biotin, Pantothenate, Lipoic Acid, and Iodine known to compete..**c)** hamburger with varying fat percentages- 7,10,15,20, etc. ..

#### Appendix D: Symbols, Abbreviations and Colloquialisms

##### TERM definition and meaning

#### Appendix E: General caveats and disclaimer

This document was created in the hope it will be interesting to someone including me by providing information about some topic that may include personal experience or a literature review or description of a speculative theory or idea. There is no assurance that the content of this work will be useful for any particular purpose.

All statements in this document were true to the best of my knowledge at the time they were made and every attempt is made to assure they are not misleading or confusing. However, information provided by others and observations that can be manipulated by unknown causes ( "gaslighting" ) may be misleading. Any use of this information should



be preceded by validation including replication where feasible. Errors may enter into the final work at every step from conception and research to final editing.

Documents labelled "NOTES" or "not public" contain substantial informal or speculative content that may be terse and poorly edited or even sarcastic or profane. Documents labelled as "public" have generally been edited to be more coherent but probably have not been reviewed or proof read.

Generally non-public documents are labelled as such to avoid confusion and embarrassment and should be read with that understanding.

Appendix F: Citing this as a tech report or white paper

Note: This is mostly manually entered and not assured to be error free.  
This is tech report MJM-2024-010.

Version	Date	Comments
0.01	2024-04-12	Create from empty.tex template
-	April 15, 2024	version 0.00 MJM-2024-010
1.0	20xx-xx-xx	First revision for distribution

Released versions,  
build script needs to include empty releases.tex

Version	Date	URL

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author1email ={marchywka@hotmail.com} ,
contact ={marchywka@hotmail.com} ,
author1id ={orcid.org/0000-0001-9237-455X} ,
pages ={ 16}
}
```

Supporting files. Note that some dates,sizes, and md5's will change as this is rebuilt.  
This really needs to include the data analysis code but right now it is auto generated picking up things from prior build in many cases

```
2732 Apr 15 18:07 comment.cut 51a7880f0f367c97acd3c9d9f756c080
11754 Apr 15 18:07 copper.aux ec324c3b20d6f0a36185fed942fdc5c4
14718 Apr 15 18:07 copper.bbl 8531c1dc19450e5041a90762c10c7f91
287940 Apr 15 18:07 copper.bib f94b341a1cd165ccd04363bcd76bf1
1431 Apr 15 18:07 copper.blg 669f017766ba8a5607f40fd9f2f997db
0 Apr 15 18:08 copper.bundle_checksums d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e
31841 Apr 15 18:07 copper.flx acc8b0b56cc4b3f3f66af6e13b18ea2e
```

```

3 Apr 15 18:07 copper.last_page 8c9eb686bf3eb5bd83d9373eadf6504b
52076 Apr 15 18:07 copper.log 72d22bf62e3bbb1050f6a2ce81d3abf3
3317 Apr 15 18:07 copper.out 69730755e690eb8979f5ffe500da4ec5
436227 Apr 15 18:07 copper.pdf 85c09b0b4ab565c100a372d8f9007275
33163 Apr 15 18:07 copper.tex 295d6122cdd7a28327f792f08014a15f
1829 Apr 15 18:07 copper.toc 8261d7b94cb469666eede8dcd7f73c19
45447 Apr 12 08:46 /home/documents/latex/bib/mjm_tr.bib 88d23ba2a97e78a96743e38d095a2b8e
46905 Oct 31 08:39 /home/documents/latex/bib/releases.bib 6312c37f3f52915692464bb77750d464
7331 Jan 24 2019 /home/documents/latex/pkg/fltpage.sty 73b3a2493ca297ef0d59d6c1b921684b
7434 Oct 21 1999 /home/documents/latex/pkg/lgrind.sty ea74beead1aa2b711ec2669ba60562c3
1069 Oct 15 2021 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/disclaimer-gaslight.tex 94142
    bbe063984d082bff3b400abe0fb
425 Oct 11 2020 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/disclaimer-status.tex b276f09e06a3a9114f927e4199f379f7
3717 Aug 18 2023 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/mjmaddbib.tex 3715beeb1216a8e9c3178477af732808
117 Oct 16 15:35 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/mjmlistings.tex c1c3bd564b7fb321b4d8f223c7d3cde3
4351 Mar 26 16:38 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/mycommands.tex 8970c9fcbd1d3961c6b774d03462cce
2883 Oct 16 16:01 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/myskeletonpackages.tex
    ba7541965f073c211dc9e8fbd3231afd
29313 Jan 27 2019 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/plainurl.bst dfacbf6e6df173afc674ca07e6b8dad42
1538 Aug 14 2021 /home/documents/latex/share/includes/recent_template.tex 49763d2c29f74e4b54fa53b25c2cc439
7217 May 15 2023 /home/documents/latex/share/overrides/mol2chemfig.sty 5aa81c197d462c2153a794ccee9881ef
77648 Oct 28 16:05 /home/marchywka/.texlive2019/texmf-var/luatex-cache/generic-dev/fonts/otl/lmmono10-
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124254 May 20 2023 /home/marchywka/.texlive2019/texmf-var/luatex-cache/generic-dev/fonts/otl/lmroman9-bold.
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131665 May 20 2023 /home/marchywka/.texlive2019/texmf-var/luatex-cache/generic-dev/fonts/otl/lmroman9-
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130311 Apr 14 14:17 keep/happy2seeyou.jpg 1bf34e471e34d5924ec77a056c39755f
75419 Apr 15 14:54 keep/hershey_cu_i.jpg 0de9f65cf86e4425d1030bb260661c5f
13727 Apr 15 18:00 keep/monthly.tex 74673d22316bd8e8aab9cb3d6f760a08
61731 Apr 14 17:53 keep/trixie_cu.jpg 0f3294b2513b37ea673b7b18c327b2fe
223569 Apr 14 10:38 non_pmc_copper.bib 6bc62f14b080fb308703885b20346227
63970 Apr 14 10:42 pmc_copper.bib d85f9d8f540b8d28b4e2717fbf2ba3ba
413 Apr 12 08:46 releases.tex 56213b8bd7e164dd6e668b62f5acf868
15 May 20 2023 /var/lib/texmf/fonts/map/pdftex/updmap/pdftex.map -> pdftex_dl14.map
    f177baa1c39a3ebd2c3096a43521a0d
2639651 Mar 16 09:02 /var/lib/texmf/web2c/luatex/lualatex.fmt dc6e497e977effcd6b888a0f2c9952dc
436227 Apr 15 18:07 copper.pdf 85c09b0b4ab565c100a372d8f9007275

```