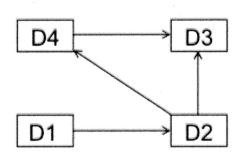
## INFORMATION RETRIEVAL - SHORT EXERCISES III - EVALUATION IN INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND PAGERANK

I. Consider an information need for which there are 4 relevant documents in the collection. A system run on this collection returned the top 10 results for which the relevance is judged as follows (R - relevant;



What is the recall at 6 (R@6)? Answer:  $\frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{9} + \frac{4}{10}) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$ What is the Mean Average Precision? Answer:  $\frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{9} + \frac{4}{10}) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{24}{10} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$ 

II. Consider the web graph presented below to the left. It involves four pages D1-D4 and four links. Fill in the stochastic matrix M given to the right.



	D1	D2	D3	D4
D1	0	0	0	0
D2	1	0	0	0
D3	0	1/2	0	1
D4	0	1/2	0	0

Write the equation for PR(D3) without dumping factor q? Answer: PR(D3) =  $\frac{4}{z}$   $\mathcal{PR}(\mathfrak{D2}) + \mathcal{PR}(\mathfrak{D4})$ 

Which page has the greatest PageRank (without computing the exact PR values)? Answer: 103

An oracle has evaluated D2 as trusted and D4 as spam. What is the starting vector d for TrustRank?

Answer: d = [ 
$$\bigcirc$$
 ,  $4$  ,  $\bigcirc$  ,  $\bigcirc$  ]