Liditavantin - 43

1) 
$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \frac{c}{h} = \frac{ch}{9u} = \frac{3.10^8 + 6,62.10^{-34}JS}{1,602.10^{-12}C.0,65V} = 1.91.10^{-6}m$$

wt 1,91 um - mall sidlifar

2) Evot = 
$$\frac{1}{f_R} = \frac{1}{100} \cdot \frac{1}{100} \cdot \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} \cdot \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} \cdot \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{1$$

4) 
$$P = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{\Delta P}{A} \cdot \frac{1}{A} = \frac{2E}{C} \cdot \frac{1}{A + A} = \frac{2I}{C \cdot A + A} = \frac{2I$$

5) IONISICTED -1 C VON NIVEAU N cuf NIVEAU M -300 (Vollständige Entferung)
$$\Delta E = -\frac{m}{85c^2h^2} \left( \frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{m^2} \right) - \frac{me^4}{85c^2h^2n^2}$$

bun H-Atom 1st n=1 -> 
$$\lambda = \frac{ch}{se} = \frac{c \cdot h \cdot 8 \cdot 8^{2} h^{2} n^{2}}{m \cdot e^{4}} = 91,2 \text{ nm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{ch}{oE} = \frac{ch}{|E_m - E_n|} = \frac{ch}{|E_n|} \cdot \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{h^2}} = \frac{ch^3.860^8}{\frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{ch^3.860^8}{\frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{4}}$$
Glissian

$$M=3$$
  $\lambda = 656,8$  nm  $M=4$   $\lambda = 486,5$  nm

$$M=5$$
  $A=434,4$  nm  $M=6$   $A=410,5$  nm

$$m = 7$$
  $\lambda = 397,3$  nm  $m = 8$   $\lambda = 389,2$  nm

$$m = 9$$
  $\lambda = 383,8$  nm  $m = 10$   $\lambda = 380,1$  nm

$$F_{1} = -\frac{Z^{2} m e^{4}}{8 \cdot 6^{2} h^{2} n^{2}} = 0 \quad F_{1} = -\frac{2^{2} (9,109382.10^{-3} h) (1,602176.10^{-19} c)^{4}}{8. (8.854188.10^{-12} c)^{2}, (6,620669.10^{-34}05)^{2}}$$

De louisations energie des thet ist in Bitay Past gleich der Grund zirstandserzigte nach Bohr.

$$\lambda_{\text{max}} = \frac{c}{4^{1/2}} = \frac{-\frac{ch}{E_2 - E_1}}{\frac{ch}{60}} = \frac{-\frac{860^2 h^3}{2^2 m e^4}}{\frac{ch}{3}} \left( \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2^2 - 1}} \right)^{-1} = \frac{ch}{60}$$

$$\Gamma_h = \frac{\xi_0 h^2 n^2}{\pi c^2 m} = \Gamma_1 \cdot n^2 = 0,0529 \text{ Hm} \cdot n^2$$

TM = 0,0529 , 121 MM = 6,401 MM

$$E_{11} = \frac{e^4 m}{8 \cdot 60^3 h^2 \eta^2} = E_1 \cdot \frac{1}{h^2} = -13,598 eV \cdot \frac{1}{121} = -0,112 eV$$

9) Bourscher modell 1st get Akonen / lonen mt ner einem Euchon (Kernladury Ze) -s H, Het, Lizt, Be 2+ KN

$$V_{n,2} = \frac{c^2 z}{2 \xi_0 h_1 h} = 2,2,10 \frac{6m}{5}, \frac{Z}{h}$$

Grandzust: n=1.

$$E_{n_12} = \frac{e^4 m^2}{8 \sin^2 h^2 n^2} = -13,598 \text{ eV}. \frac{Z^2}{m^2}$$

10) 
$$E_2 - E_1 = h_1^4 = 6,62606957.10^{-34} JS. 9192631770 H_2 = 6,09110176.10^{-24} J = 38,0176694 MeV$$