
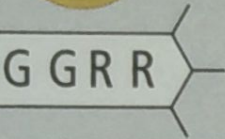

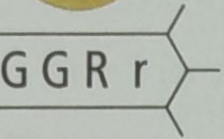

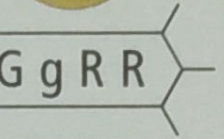

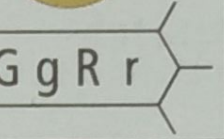

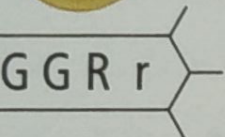

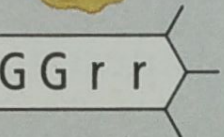

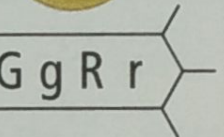

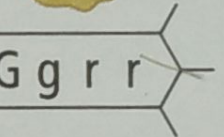

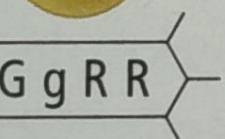

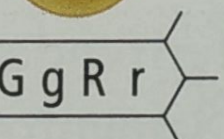

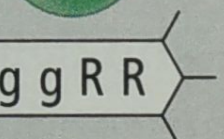

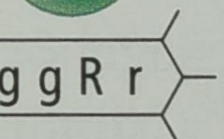

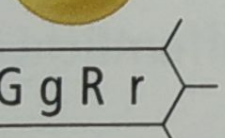

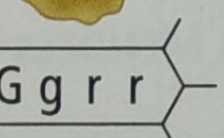

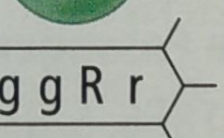

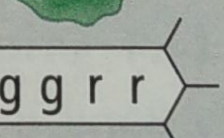


F <sub>2</sub>		Gameten (Spermienzellen)				
Gameten (Eizellen)	♀ \ ♂	GR	Gr	gR	gr	
	GR	 	 	 	 	
	Gr	 	 	 	 	
	gR	 	 	 	 	
	gr	 	 	 	 	
Erbsensamen (Phänotyp), Körperzellen (Genotyp)						

## 23.1 Dihybrider Erbgang bei der Erbsenpflanze