## Homework 1

```
#Create vector "height"
height <- c(59,60,61,58,67,72,70)
#Create vector "weight"
weight <- c(150,140,180,220,160,140,130)
#Create variable "a <- 150"
a <- 150
#STEP ONE
#1. Compute average of "height"
mean(height)
[1] 63.85714
#2. Computer average of "weight"
mean(weight)
[1] 160
#3. Calculate the length of the vector "height" and "weight"
> length(height)
[1] 7
> length(weight)
[1] 7
#4. Calculate the sum of "height"
sum(height)
[1] 447
```

#5. Computer the average of both "height" and "weight" by dividing the sum by the length

```
sum(height)/length(height)
[1] 63.85714
sum(weight)/length(weight)
[1] 160
#How does this compare to the "mean" function?
#The results are the same, 63.86 for height and 160 for weight.
#STEP TWO
#6. Compute the max height, store the result in "maxH"
max(height)
[1] 72
maxH <- max(height)
#7. Compute the min weight, store the result in "minW"
min(weight)
[1] 130
minW <- min(weight)
#STEP 3
#8. Create a new vector, which is the weight + 5 [every person gained 5 lbs]
newW <- weight +5
#9. Computer the weight/height for each person, using the new weight just created
newW/height
[1]\ 2.627119\ 2.416667\ 3.032787\ 3.879310\ 2.462687\ 2.013889\ 1.928571
#STEP FOUR
```

```
#10. Write the R code to test if max height is greater than 60 (output "yes" or "no")
if(maxH > 60) print("yes") else print("no")
[1] "yes"

#11. Write the R code to if min weight is greater than the variable 'a' (output "yes" or "no")
if(minW > a) print("yes") else print("no")
[1] "no"
```