# MEMS 0051 - Introduction to Thermodynamics Quiz #4

Name: Solution

### Problem 1

Determine the change of specific internal energy of air undergoing a process from 300 to 1,200 K using Table A.7.1.

$$du = u_2(1, 200 \,[\text{K}]) - u_1(300 \,[\text{K}]) = (933.37 - 214.36) \,[\text{kJ/kg}] = 719.01 \,[\text{kJ/kg}]$$

## Problem 2

Determine the change of specific internal energy of air undergoing a process from 300 to 1,200 K using Table A.5.

$$du = C_{\forall 0} dT = (0.717 [kJ/kg-K])(1,200 - 300) [K] = 645.3 [kJ/kg]$$

### Problem 3

Determine the change of specific enthalpy of air undergoing a process from 300 to 1,200 K using Table A.7.1.

$$dh = h_2(1, 200 \, [K]) - h_1(300 \, [K]) = (1, 277.81 - 300.47) \, [kJ/kg] = 977.34 \, [kJ/kg]$$

#### Problem 4

Determine the change of specific enthalpy of air undergoing a process from 300 to 1,200 K using Table A.5.

$$du = C_{P0} dT = (1.004 [kJ/kg-K])(1,200 - 300) [K] = 903.6 [kJ/kg]$$

#### Problem 5

Determine the change of specific enthalpy of air undergoing a process from 300 to 1,200 K using Table A.6.

There are multiple ways to approach. The most accurate would is using the integral average of the constant pressure specific heat between the two temperature bounds:

$$dh = h_2 - h_1 = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} C_{P0} dT = \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} C_{P0}(\theta) \cdot 1,000 d\theta$$

$$dh = 1,000 \left( 1.05 \theta - \frac{0.365 \theta^2}{2} + \frac{0.85 \theta^3}{3} - \frac{0.39 \theta^4}{4} \right) \Big|_{\theta=0.3}^{\theta=1.2} = 979.19 \left[ \text{kJ/kg} \right]$$

The next most accurate method is evaluating  $C_{P0}$  at the average temperature:

$$dh = C_{P0} dT = C_{P0}(750 \,[\text{K}]) dT = (1.09 \,[\text{kJ/kg-K}])(900 \,[\text{K}]) = 981 \,[\text{kJ/kg}]$$