

# High Throughput Phenotyping Methods on Peanuts Fields

*Alain Audebert, A. Diop, M. Sakho, M. Mbaye, B. Sine, I. Faye,  
M. Balota, D. Hoisington and J. Rhoads*



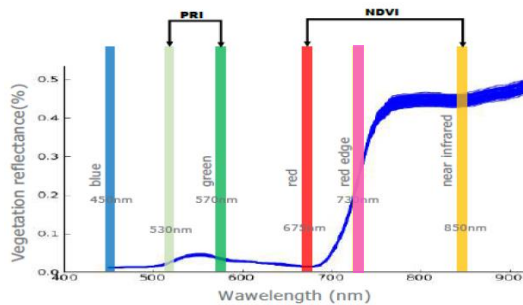
# Objectives

- Feasibility of high-throughput phenotyping using UAV-based imaging and GreenSeeker
- Validation of vegetation indices obtained by UAV onboard images
- Methods comparison



# Ceraas HTP platform

- UAV Hexacoptere (Mikrocopter)
  - Multispectral Camera (Airphen)
    - 6 spectral bandes
    - 450; 530; 570; 675; 730; 850 nm

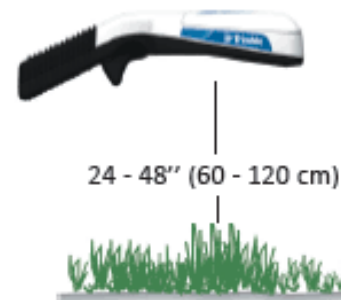
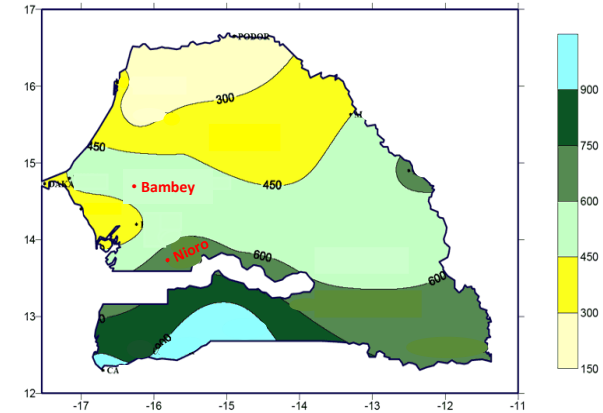


- Handling NDVImeter
  - GreenSeeker (Trimble Inc)
    - 2 spectral bands 660 and 770 nm
  - SunScan (Delta T Device)



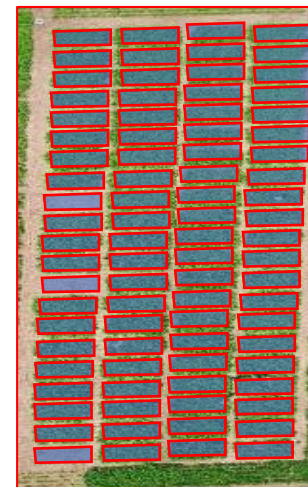
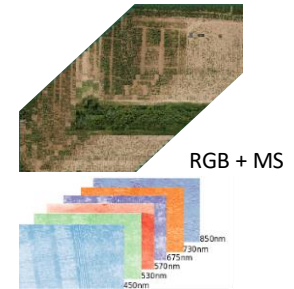
# Material and Method

- 2 experiments (Nioro and Bambey)
  - Inside the groundnut basin
  - Cropping season 2020
- Randomized complete block design
  - 4 blocks
  - 21 peanut varieties
- Dates of measurements
  - 41 DAS
  - 57 DAS
  - 75 DAS
- UAV Flights at 12 am
  - 12 am
  - 25 m above canopy
- Ground measurement at 1 - 3 pm
  - 1-3 pm
  - 0,6 m above canopy
  - 3 rep / plot



# Image treatment pipeline

1. Flight plan definition (Altitude 25 m)
2. Image capture (300 images ; 3-4 Go / flight)
3. Orthomosaic generation and georeferencing
4. 3D Image (Photogrammetry)
5. Plot delimitation (Shapefile)
6. Data extraction (Vegetation indices)
7. Traits of interest (Calibration need)

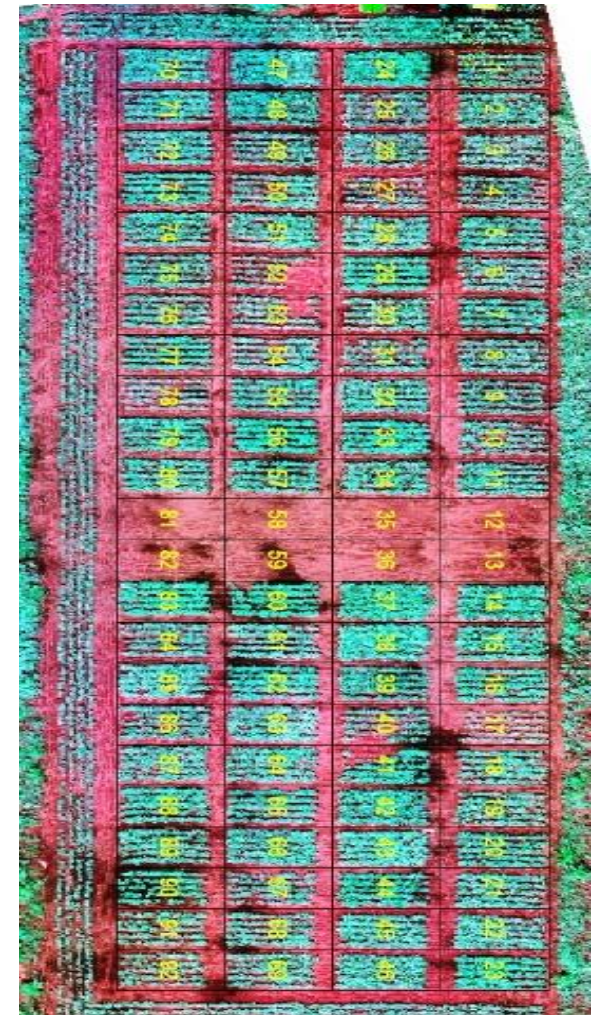


ID	bloc	Plot	Gen	NGRDI	VARI	NDVI	G
1	1	1	1	0.210	0.244	0.223	
2	1	2	30	0.119	0.143	0.128	
3	1	3	37	0.135	0.165	0.144	
4	1	4	13	0.133	0.162	0.133	
5	1	5	28	0.139	0.164	0.146	
6	1	6	27	0.098	0.115	0.115	
7	1	7	26	0.018	0.022	0.022	
8	1	8	11	0.196	0.224	0.208	
9	1	9	9	0.159	0.194	0.170	
10	1	10	12	0.173	0.208	0.180	

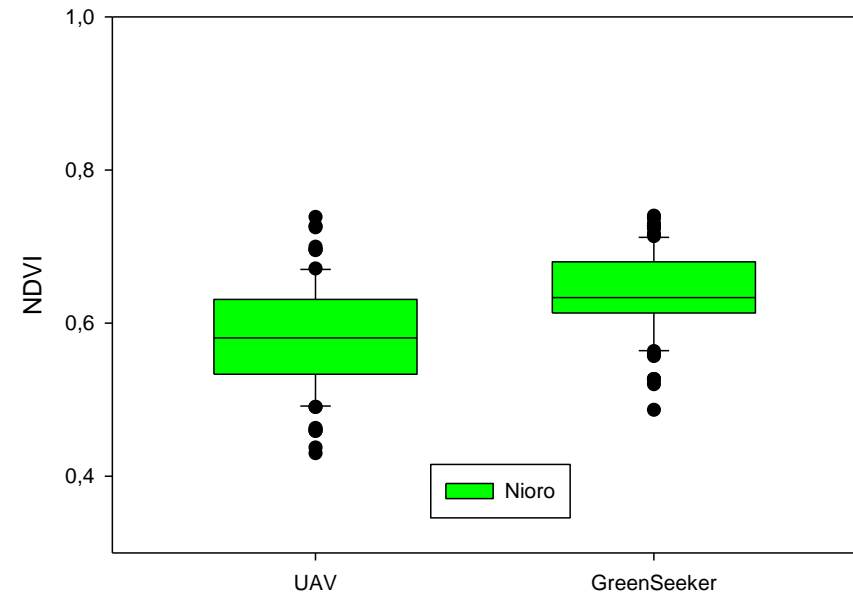
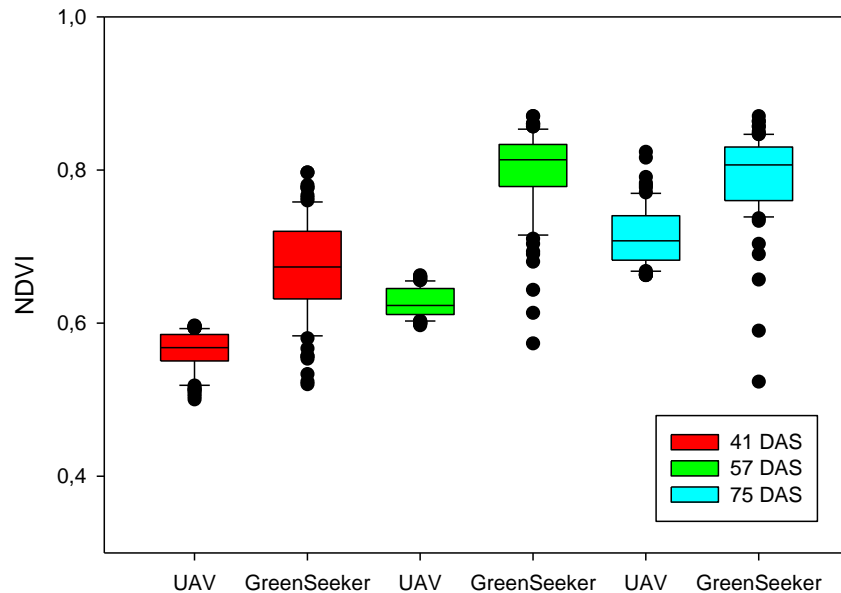


# Results: ANOVA

	NDVI UAV	NDVI GreenSeeker	LAI
Site	**	ns	**
Date	***	**	***
Bloc	*	ns	ns
Varieties	***	***	***
Interactions	ns	ns	ns

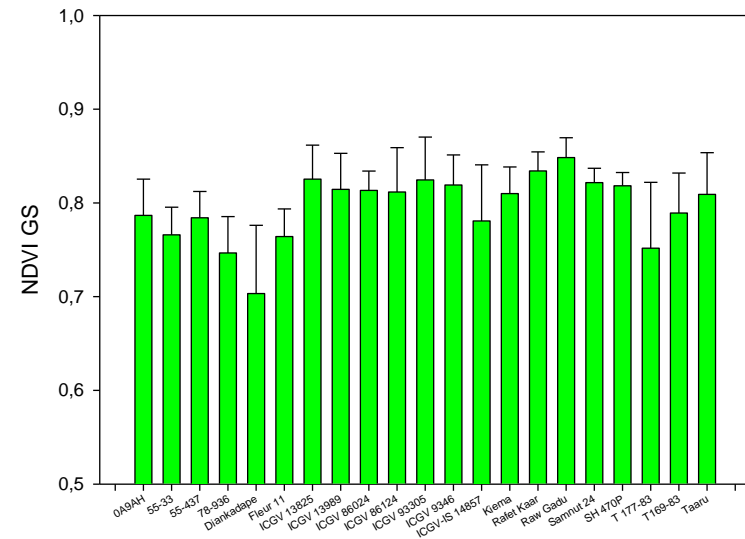
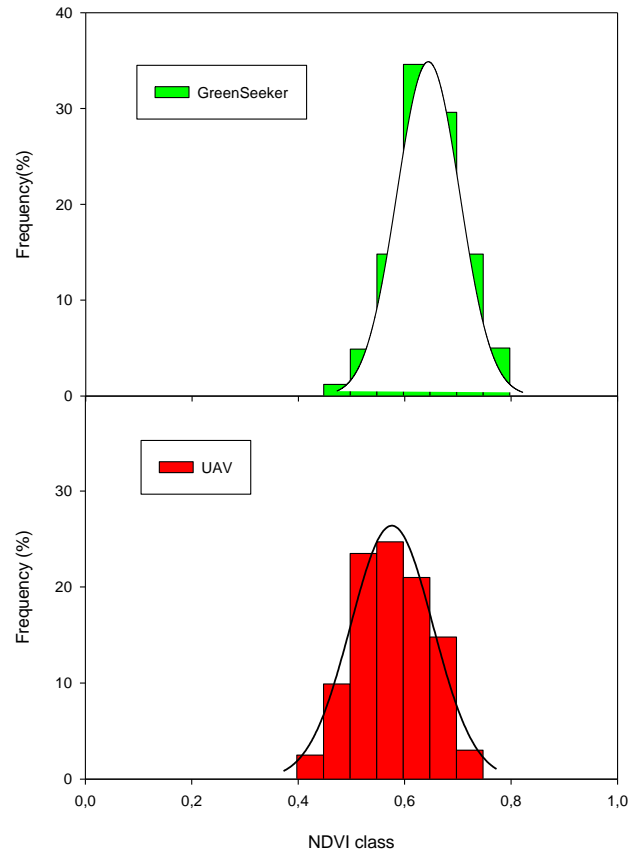


# Results : Green Seeker vs UAV



- NDVI from UAV always < Green-Seeker
  - Differences could be explain by
    - High intra plot heterogeneity
    - Green-seeker operator use
- NDVI (UAV and GS) follow the plant growth evolution

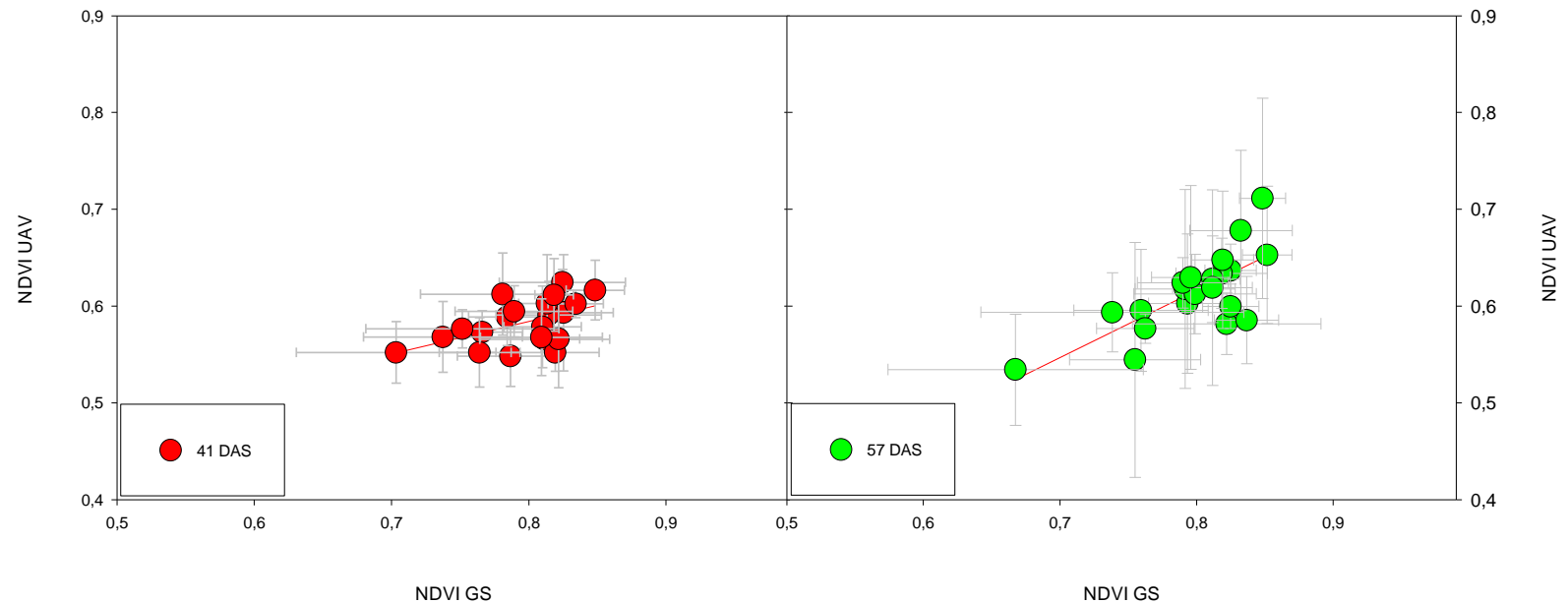
# Results: Varietal diversity



- The two methods present similar diversity
- Sufficient for breeding programs



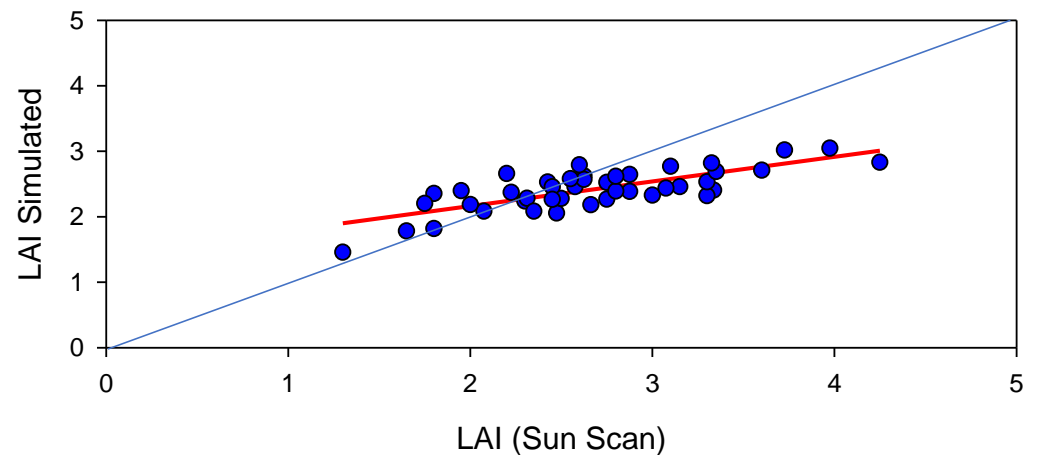
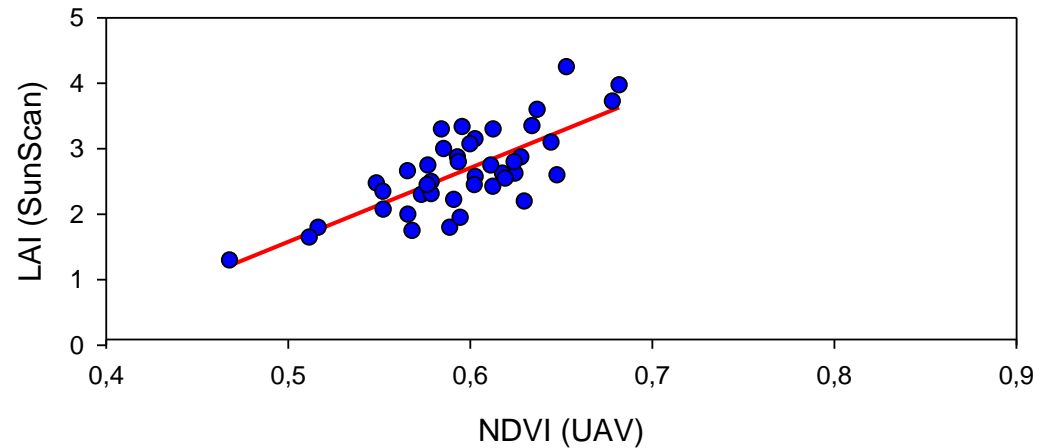
# Results



- Not a global relation across date
- But correlation by date / plant stage
- Confirm result from Adeel Hassan et al. 2019

# LAI simulation

- Calibration using Bambey trial
- Validation with Nioro data
- Calibration is not well adapted for different environment
- -> need more environment sites for improving calibration



# Tools comparaison

	GreenSeeker	UAV (MS camera)
Time in field	2h	10 min
Data treatment	1h	2h
Plot representativity	☹	😊
LAI proxy	☹	☹





# Conclusion

- The two methods could be use for Hight Throughput Phenotyping
- Need more data for calibration across experimental site
- Improve GreenSeeker measurement protocol to integrate the intra-plot diversity



# Aknowlegment



Moussa Sakho  
Assane Diop



Maria Balota



UNIVERSITY OF  
**GEORGIA**

Dave Hoisington  
James Rhoads



Bassirou Sine (CERAAS)  
Modou Mbaye (CERAAS)  
Issa Faye (CNRA)



Alain Audebert