Modeling Intervention Strategies for TB Control in the United States

Jessica Ginepro, Emma Hartman, Ryo Kimura, Matthew McDermott, Colin Pawlowski, & Dylan Shepardson Mathematical Modeling Group, Mount Holyoke College, South Hadley, MA, USA





Introduction

Compartmental models are often used to model disease spread in the population. The canonical example of such a model is the SIR model, which has three compartments: Susceptible, Infected, and Recovered. The dynamics of a population modeled by this framework are shown in figure 1, with associated system of differential equations 2.

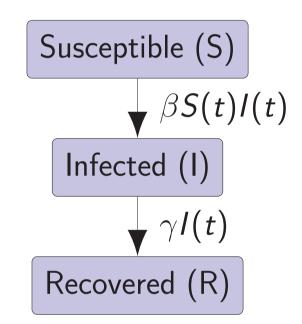


Figure: This flowchart depicts the standard SIR epidemiological model. It is accomponanied by the system of differential equations 2.

$$egin{aligned} rac{dS}{dt} &= -eta S(t)I(t) \ rac{dI}{dt} &= eta S(t)I(t) - \gamma I(t) \ rac{dR}{dt} &= \gamma I(t) \end{aligned}$$

Figure: The system of differential equations governing the SIR model.

Intervention Analysis

An Agent Based Implementation Intervention Analysis Implementing an Agent Based Framework