Package 'mmease'

Type Package

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Title a unique online service of whole analytical workflow of single-cell metabolomics

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Depends R (>= 3.5)

Imports multtest, mixOmics, e1071, adabag, C50, pROC, kknn, MASS, AUC, multiROC, caret, mlbench, dummies, randomForest, metabolomics, ropls, varSelRF, magrittr.

Description mmease provides entire analytical workflow of single-cell metabolomics from bulk metabolomics. Specifically, mmease can (a) provide the most comprehensive workflow for enabling data processing, (b) realize systematical analytical functions for both metabolic heterogeneity and functional heterogeneity

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URL https://github.com/mmease2025/mmease

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filtering

Data filtering for single-cell metabolomics data matrix

Description

Data filtering for single-cell metabolomics data matrix depend on the tolerable percent of missing values in each metabolite.

Usage

filtering(data, Percent of Missing Values)

#Percent of Missing Values must be between 0 and 1

Arguments

data

Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

Percent of Missing Values Percent of Missing Values is a key metric in single-cell metabolomics data analysis, used to assess data quality by quantifying the proportion of absent data points, which can influence decisions on data filtering and impact downstream analyses.

Value

Filtered single-cell metabolomics data matrix is returned.

Examples

filted_data <- filtering(data,0.2)

head(filted data)

imputation

Data imputation for single-cell metabolomics data matrix

Description

Imputation fills missing values in single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

Usage

imputation(data, method = "KNN")

Arguments

data Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

method The method for data imputation. The method can be 1/5 of minimum positive

value or KNN.

Value

Imputed single-cell metabolomics data matrix is returned.

Examples

imputed data <- imputation(data, method = "KNN")

head(imputed data)

transformation

Data transformation for single-cell metabolomics data matrix

Description

Transform data formats of single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

Usage

transformation(data, method = "G-log")

Arguments

data Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

method The method for data transformation. The method can be G-log, log2, or

log10.

Value

Transformed single-cell metabolomics data matrix is returned.

Examples

transformed_data <- transformation(data, method = "G-log")
head(transformed_data)</pre>

normalization

Data normalization for single-cell metabolomics data matrix

Description

Data normalization for single-cell metabolomics data matrix adjusts metabolite abundances across cells to a common scale

Usage

normalization(data, method = "Auto Scaling")

Arguments

data Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

method The method for data normalization. The method can be Auto Scaling, Mean,

Median, MSTUS or SIS.

Value

Normalized single-cell metabolomics data matrix is returned.

Examples

normalized_data <- normalization(data, method = "Auto Scaling")

head(normalized data)

batch_correction

Remove batch effects for the integrated dataset

Description

Remove batch effects among different analytical experiments for the integrated dataset

Usage

batch correction(data, method = "ComBat")

Arguments

data Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

method The method used for Remove batch effects. The method can be ComBat or

Limma.

Value

Corrected single-cell metabolomics data matrix is returned.

Examples

```
corrected\_data <-\ batch\_correction(data,\ method = "ComBat")
```

head(corrected data)

differential

Identifying differences between groups

Description

Identifying differences between groups defined by a label column.

Usage

table <- differential(data, label col = 3, method = "t test")

Arguments

data Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

label col label col specifies the column in the data matrix representing group labels.

method The method used for identifying differences between groups. The method

can be t test, ANOVA, FC, PLS-DA, OPLS-DA, RF RFE, Kruskal Wallis

or symrfeFeatureRanking.

Value

Results such as feature rankings, statistical test values, or p-values in a formatted data frame are returned.

Examples

table <- differential(data, label col = 3, method = "t test")

Constructing classification models by classification methods

classification

Description

Constructing classification models by classification methods

Usage

```
classification(data,label_col = 3,method = "AdaBoost")
classification plots(class)
```

Arguments

data Single-cell metabolomics data matrix.

label col label col specifies the column in the data matrix representing group labels.

method The method used for constructing classification models. The method can be

AdaBoost, Bagging, Decision Trees, K-Nearest Neighbor, Naive Bayes, Linear Discriminat Analysis, Random Forest or Support Vector Machine.

Value

Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) and Precision - Recall (PR) curves. It also outputs the Area Under the Curve (AUC) values for both the ROC and PR curves are returned.

Examples

```
class <- classification(data,label_col = 3,method = "AdaBoost")
plots <- classification_plots(class)</pre>
```