अथ समाधिः । $(\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2)$

नमः शिवाय गुरवे नादिबन्दुकलात्मने ।

निरञ्जनपदं याति नित्यं यत्रपरायणः ॥ 4.0*1

अथेदानीं प्रवक्ष्यामि समाधिक्रममुत्तमम् ।
मृत्युग्नं तु सुखोपायं ब्रह्मानन्दकरं परम् ॥ 4.0*2

राजयोगः समाधिश्च उन्मनी च मनोन्मनी ।
अमरौघो लयस्तत्त्वं शून्याशून्यं परं पदम् ॥ (β₂ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ) [← 4.32] 4.0*3

अमनस्कं तथाद्वैतं निरालम्बं निरञ्जनम् ।
जीवन्मुक्तिश्च सहजं तुर्यं चेत्येकवाचकाः ॥ (β₂ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ) [← 4.33]¹ 4.0*4

सिलेले सैन्धवं यद्वत्साम्यं भजित योगतः ।
तथात्ममनसोरैक्यं समाधिः सोऽभिधीयते ॥ 4.0*5

(Eχ have 4.73 yadā saṃkṣīyate prāṇo here²)

0*1a namaḥ cett.] om namaḥ $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{1}\delta_{2}$ 0*1b kalātmane $\beta_{2}\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_{2}\eta_{2}\chi$] layātmane $\beta_{1}\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{1}\zeta_{2}\zeta_{3}$ 0^*1c nirañjanapadaṃ cett.] nirañjanaṃ padaṃ $β_ω$ om. $γ_1$ yāti cett.] yānti $Bε_2ζ_2$ 0*1d nityam $B_{\gamma_2}\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] aharniśam γ_1 yato η_2 yatra δ_2 yatra $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$] yatna $\Gamma \zeta_2$ tatra χ ca yat β_2 yogī η_2 nityam δ_2 parāyaṇah $\beta_{\omega} \Gamma \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] parāyaṇāh $\beta_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2$ 0^*2a athedānīṃ cett.] athodānī $β_ω$ athekṣanīṃ $γ_1$ 0^*2b °m uttamam $Bε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2χ$] lakṣaṇam 0^*2c tu $B\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] ca $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ su δ_1 0^*2d param cett.] sadā ε_2 0^*3a rājayogaḥ $\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] rājayoga $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2$ samādhiś ca $\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] samādhiḥ syād $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 0*3b unmanī cett.] py unmanī ε₁ 0***3c amaraugho** ζ₃η₂] amaraughā ε₁ amaraughi β₂ avaraubhū ζ₂ amaratvaṃ χ aromaro $ε_2$ layas $β_2ε_1ζ_2η_2χ$] layes $ζ_3$ yas tat $ε_2$ tattvam $β_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] tatra $η_2$ tulyaḥ 0^*3d śūnyāśūnyam $\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] śūnyāc chūnyam β_2 śūnyāt śūnya ε_2 $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ sahajā χ om. ζ_3 **0*4d turyam** $\beta_2 \zeta_3$ tulyam ε_2 turyai ζ_2 turyā χ turīyam ε_1 muktiś η_2 cety ekavācakāḥ $\eta_2^{pc}\chi$] °kaḥ η_2^{qc} cety ekavācakam β_2 ϵ_2 cittaikavācakam ζ_3 ciṃtaikavācakam ζ_2 caikavācakam ε_1 **0*5a yadvat** cett.] tadvat ζ_2 **0*5b bhajati** $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\eta_2\chi$] bhajata β_{ω} bhavati $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ ttadgati β_1 **0*5c tathā** cett.] athā β_{ω} yathā η_2 ***tmamanasor** cett.] tmānamanor η_2 **0*5d so** cett.] sā β_1 a° $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ **'bhidhīyate** cett.] 'bhidhīte ζ_2 vidhīyate γ₁

 $^{^{1}}$ β_{2} has these verses on synonyms both here and at 4.32/4.33, but β_{1} has them at the latter place only.

 $^{^2}$ In the following, not all of the differences in the verse order of B and χ are noted. B follow the order of Γ (or of Δ ?) in the beginning and the end (after 4.72). The middle part is a kind of mix of Γ and $\zeta_2\zeta_3$. The verse order of χ is similar to that of $\zeta_2\zeta_3$, but with many small differences.

यत्समत्वं द्वयोरेव जीवात्मपरमात्मनोः। समस्तनष्टसंकल्पः समाधिः सोऽभिधीयते ॥ (६१६०८०८४ १००४)3 4.0*6 राजयोगस्य माहात्म्यं को वा जानाति तत्त्वतः। ज्ञानान्मक्तिः स्थिरा सिद्धिर्गरुवाक्येन लभ्यते ॥ 4.0*7दुर्लभो विषयत्यागो दुर्लभं तत्त्वदर्शनम्। दुर्छभा सहजावस्थासद्भरोः करुणां विना॥ 4.0*8 (ε₁ has 4.56 kāsthagosthīprapañcena here) $(\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \text{ have } 4.57 \text{ } y\bar{a}van \text{ } naiva \text{ } praviśati \text{ } here)$ विविधेरासनैः क्रम्भैविचित्रैः करणैरपि। प्रबुद्धायामादिशक्तौ प्राणः शुन्ये विलीयते ॥ 4.0*9 उत्पन्नशक्तिबोधस्य त्यक्तनिःशेषकर्मणः । (ab om Ba) योगिनः सहजावस्था स्वयमेव प्रकाशते॥ 4.0*10

0*6a yat samatvaṃ dvayor eva $\zeta_2\zeta_3$] tat samatvaṃ dvayor atra $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ tat samaṃ ca dvayor aikyaṃ $\eta_2\chi$ 0*6c samastanaṣṭa $\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] samastaṃ naṣṭa ε_1 pranaṣṭasarva χ saṃkalpaḥ $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] samakalpa $\zeta_2\eta_2$ 0*7a māhātmyaṃ cett.] māhatmyaṃ γ_2 mahā ζ_3 0*7c jñānān cett.] jňāna $\zeta_3\eta_2$ jňānaṃ χ jňān δ_1 muktiḥ $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\chi$] mukti $\beta_1\beta_\omega\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ sthirā $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] sthite $\beta_\omega\zeta_2$ sthitai β_1 sthitiḥ $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\eta_2\chi$ sthiti·«ḥ» δ_1 °s tato ζ_3 siddhir $\beta_1\beta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] siddhi $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ siddhā $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ 0*7d vākyena cett.] vākyāt «pra» γ_1 labhyate cett.] sidhyati η_2 0*9b vicitraiḥ $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\chi$] vicitra $\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ citraiś ca ε_1 karaṇair api $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\chi$] karuṇair api γ_2 kalaṇair api γ_1 karaṇair atha $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 0*9c prabuddhāyām cett.] pradhadhāyām ζ_2 ādi cett.] idaṃ ζ_3 mahā χ śaktau cett.] siaktih γ_1 0*9d vilīyate $\beta_2\gamma_1\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ vidhīyate γ_2 praliyate $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$ 0*10a utpanna cett.] utpannā δ_1 ut «pan»na γ_1 śaktibodhasya cett.] śaktibodhaḥ syāt γ_1 śaktibodhaś ca ζ_3 0*10b tyakta cett.] prakṣā γ_1 0*10c yoginaḥ cett.] yogināṃ β_2 0*10d eva prakāśate $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] eva prakāśayet ζ_2 eva prajāyate $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\chi$

³ η₂ inserts another similar verse here: karpūram salile yadvat saindhavam salile yathā | tathātmamanasor aikyam samādhih so'bhidhīyate || (cf. 4.11*24ab and 4.3cd)

सुषुम्णावाहिनि प्राणे शून्यं विशति मानसे*।
तथा समस्तकर्माणि निर्मूलयित मर्मवित्।।
अमरेश नमस्तुभ्यं सोऽपि कालस्त्वया हतः।
पतितं वदने यस्य जगदेतचराचरम्।। (bc om. ГД)
विते समत्वमापन्ने वायौ वजित मध्यमे।
तदामरौघवज्रोली †तदाशाजीवितेऽपि च†।। (cd om. Г)
4.0*13
शानं कुतो मनसि जीवित देवि यावत्
प्राणोऽपि जीवित मनो म्रियते न तावत्।
प्राणो मनो द्वयमिदं विलयं प्रयाति
मोक्षं स गच्छिति नरो न कथंचिदन्यः।।

 $(\text{E}\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi \text{ have }4.58\text{--}4.71 \text{ }j\tilde{n}\bar{a}tv\bar{a}\text{ }susumn\bar{a}sadbhedam\text{ here})$

0*11a vāhini cett.] vāhinī β_{ω} γ₁ε₂ζ₂ vāhi δ₁ prāņe cett.] prāņa β_{ω} 0*11b śūnyam $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_3$] śūnya η_2 śūnye $\beta_2 \Gamma \Delta \chi$ śūne β_{ω} śūnyā ζ_2 viśati cett.] vasati β_1 mānase $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\chi$] māruta $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ **0*11c tathā** $\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1$] tadā $B\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi_3$ cett.] sarvāņi $\eta_2 \chi$ 0*11d nirmūlayati cett.] nimūlayati $\delta_1 \zeta_3$ nirmūlam yāti γ_1 nirmalam marmavit $Bε_1ζ_2η_2$] karmavit $γ_1ε_2ζ_3$ karmakṛt $γ_2$ yogavit Δχ0*12a amareśa ϵ_1] amaraugha $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_2\zeta_3$ amarogha $\beta_1\zeta_2$ amaraughi β_2 amarāya $\eta_2\chi$ amano nir $^\circ$ Γ amalo nir $^\circ$ namas tubhyam Bε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ] °manāh śūnyam Γ °malah śūnyam Δ 0*12b kālas tvayā $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\chi$ kālam tvayā β_1 kāla tvayā ζ_3 kālantayā η_2 kālasya vā ε_2 om. $\Gamma\Delta$ hatah B $\epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] °hakaḥ ε_2 jitaḥ χ om. $\Gamma\Delta$ 0*12c vadane $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] pavane η_2 om. $\Gamma\Delta$ 0*13a samatvam $B\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] śamatvam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ samatyam γ_1 **0*13b vāyau** $\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] vāyo ζ_3 vāyor $\beta_\omega\gamma_1$ vrajati cett.] javati γ_1 0*13c tadāmaraugha $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$] eṣāmaraugha vāyur $β_2η_2$ vāyu $β_1$ $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ tadāmaroļi ζ_3 tadāmarolī χ tathāmarolī η_2 saivāmarolī β_2 eṣā naulīti δ_1 eṣā naulī ca δ_2 vajrolī $B\delta_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \gamma_2 \chi$] vajrolīs ϵ_1 vajrolis ζ_3 vajrī ca δ_2 0*13d tadāśājīvite'pi ca $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] sadā me bhimateti ca B sadā cābhimateti ca Δ sahajolī mato pi ca η₂ sahajolī prajāyate χ 0*14a kuto cett.] tato ε₁ jīvati devi yāvat ΒΓΔη₂] jīvati devi tāvat ε₁ζ₂ jīvati tepi tāvat ε₂ sambhavatīha tāvat χ jīvati durvikalpe ζ_3 0*14b prāņo'pi cett.] prāņe pi $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ prāņeha ε_2 mriyate cett.] mṛyate $\gamma_2 \delta_1$ miyata ζ_3 priyate ε_2 na cett.] ca ζ_2 tāvat B] yāvat cett. 0*14c prāno cett.] prāṇaṃ Δ mano cett.] 'pi ca $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ vilayaṃ cett.] na vilī $^\circ$ ζ_3 prayāti $\beta_1\beta_2$] prajāti $β_ω$ na yāti $η_2$ na yāvat $ζ_2$ na yattat $ε_2$ nayed yo Δχ naved yo $γ_2$ jayed yo $γ_1$ nayet tam ε_1 °yate tra ζ_3 **0*** **14d sa** cett.] na ζ_3 ca β_2 **anyaḥ** cett.] anyam ε_2 anyat η_2 anya β_ω

रसस्य मनसश्चैव चञ्चलत्वं स्वभावतः । रसबन्धे मनोबन्धे किं न सिध्यति भूतले ॥

4.0*15

मूर्छितो हरते व्याधिं मृतो जीवयति स्वयम् । बद्धः खेचरतां धत्ते रसो वायुश्च भैरवि ॥

4.0*16

 $(\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \text{ have } 4.72 \text{ } v\bar{a}yum\bar{a}rge \text{ } tv \text{ } asamc\bar{a}re \text{ here})$

 $(\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi \text{ have 4.74 } manaḥsthairye \text{ here})$

0*15a rasasya cett.] rasaś ca $\gamma_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ manasaś caiva cett.] manaś caiva β_ω manasaiva caṃ° γ_1 0*15b cañcalatvaṃ cett.] °calatvaṃ ca γ_1 vaṃcatvaṃ ca ζ_2 0*15c rasa $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$] rase $\gamma_1\zeta_2$ raso $B\gamma_2\Delta\eta_2\chi$ bandhe $\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] baddhe ε_1 baddho cett. bandhe ζ_3] baddhe ε_1 baddho β_2 bandhe cett. bandhaḥ β_1 dhatte ε_2 0*15d kiṃ cett.] tan ζ_2 0*16a harate $\Gamma\Delta\beta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi_1$] harati $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ vyādhiṃ cett.] vyādhi $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ vyādhin β_1 vyādhin $\varepsilon_2\chi$ 0*16b jīvayati cett.] jīvayate ζ_3 0*16c khecaratāṃ cett.] khacatāṃ δ_1 dhatte cett.] dhartte $\gamma_1\zeta_2$ yāti β_ω 0*16d raso vāyuś ca cett.] vāyuś ca β_ω sa jīveśvara γ_2 bhairavī $\beta_2\Delta$] bhairavī $\Gamma\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ bhairavī tathā (tathā for missing raso) β_ω tad dvayaṃ β_1 pārvati χ seśvaraḥ γ_2

इन्द्रियाणां मनो नाथो मनोनाथस्तु मारुतः । मारुतस्य लयो नाथस्तं नाथं लयमाश्रयेत् ॥	4.1
सोऽयमेवास्तु मोक्षाख्यो मास्तु वापि मतान्तरे । मनःप्राणलयानन्दो मयि कश्चित्प्रवर्तते ॥ (от. А)	4.1*
प्रणष्टोच्छ्वासनिश्वासः प्रध्वस्तविषयग्रहः। निश्चेष्टो निर्विकारश्च लयो जयति योगिनाम्॥	4.2
उच्छिन्नसर्वसंकल्पो निःशेषाशेषचेष्टितः । स्वावगम्यो लयः कोऽपि जयतां वागगोचरः ॥ (от. δ_2)	4.3
यत्र दृष्टिर्रुयस्तत्र भूतेन्द्रियसनातनः । स्याच्छक्तिर्जीवभूतानां दृष्टिरुक्ष्ये लयं गता ॥ (om. δ2)	4.4

1a indriyāṇāṃ cett.] indriyāṇi ζ₂ **1b manonāthas tu** α₁α₂Βε₁χ] manonāthasu α₃ manonāthaḥ su ζ_2 manonāthaś ca $\gamma_1 \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ manaso nātha γ_2 **1c nāthas/nāthaḥ/nātho** cett.] nāthāḥ **1d** tam nātham layam āśrayet $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] tan nātho laya + + + α_3 sa layo nādam āśritaḥ $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\chi$ laya nātha niraṃjanāṃ β_1 layo dasamāśrayaḥ unm. δ_1 1*1a so'yam evāstu Bε₁ε₂ζ₃χ] soyamo vāstu ζ₂ svayam evāstu η₂ ayam eva tu $\Gamma\Delta$ **mokṣākhyo** cett.] vā mokṣah **1*1b māstu vāpi** B $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] māstu kapi ζ_2 sosti vāpi η_2 'stu vāpi sa γ_2 yas tu vāpi δ_1 yas **1*1c layānando** $\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] layānanda ζ_2 layāna β_ω layo nādo Δ tu vyāpi δ_2 aya vāpi γ_1 laye kaścid χ °m apānaṃ vā η₂ **1*1d mayi** $β_1β_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3$] māpi $β_ω$ nāpi ΓΔ bhuvi $ε_2$ layaḥ $η_2$ āna° χ kaścit/°cid cett.] kviṃcid δ_1 °ndaḥ saṃ° χ pravartate $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] pravartate na β_{ω} pravartatām ϵ_2 vibhedyate γ_1 vibhidyate $\gamma_2\Delta$ **2a praņaṣṭocchvāsa** $\Delta\epsilon_1$] pranaṣṭocchvāsa $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ pranastosvāsa β_1 pranastausvāsa ζ_2 prabhrsto sa γ_1 pranastasvāsa $\alpha_1\chi$ pranastabhyāsa α₂ pranaṣṭaḥ svā«sa» β₂ niśvāsaḥ $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] niśvāsa $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega}$ niḥśvāsaḥ $\beta_1 \beta_2^{pc} \zeta_2 \eta_2$ niḥśvāsa $\beta_2^{ac} \Delta$ **2b** pradhvasta cett.] prabhṛṣṭa ε_1 pranaṣṭa η_2 niśvāsāḥ γ₂ niśvāsā γ₁ **vişaya** cett.] vişayā ε_1 **grahaḥ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\varepsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] grahāḥ $\Gamma\delta_2$ grataḥ β_1 jvaraḥ ζ_3 hvaraḥ ζ_2 (niḥś° α_1) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] niścestā $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_3$ niḥśresto β_1 nidyesto ζ_2 niścalo η_2 $B_{\gamma_1} \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] nirvikārāś ca $\gamma_2 \Delta$ nirvikāras tu α_1 nivikalpas tu α_2 **2d layo** $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \mathrm{B} \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ laye δ_1 layam $\Gamma \delta_2$ jayati $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] yānti ca $\Gamma \Delta$ yoginām $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] yoginah **3a ucchinna** cett.] ucchinnah $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ ucchūna δ_1 **samkalpo** cett.] samkalpe δ_1 3b niḥśeṣāśeṣa cett.] niḥśeṣagata Γ niḥśeṣoṣeṣa $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$ **cestitah** cett.] cestitam β₂ varjitah ζ₃ **3c svāvagamyo** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\eta_2\chi$] svāvagamya $\alpha_3\beta_1\epsilon_1$ sovagamyo β_2 svāgamyo ζ_2 svānugamyo ζ_3 svāgate cā Γ **3d jayatāṃ vāgagocaraḥ** $A\beta_2\varepsilon_1$] japatāṃ vāgagocara ζ_2 jāyatāṃ vāgagocaraḥ ζ_3 jāyatām cāpi gaucarah β_1 jāyate vāgagocarah $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ manovācām agocarah $\Gamma\delta_1$ dṛṣṭi $\alpha_1\zeta_3\eta_2$ vṛṣṭir β_2 4b sanātanaḥ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] sanātana β_1 sanātanaṃ ζ_2 sanātanī $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\eta_2\chi$ 4c syāc chaktir/°tiḥ $\alpha_1\Gamma\delta_1$] syāt saktir α_2 sā śaktir $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$ sa śaktir ζ_3 jīva $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] sarva $\Gamma \delta_1$ bhāva $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ **bhūtānāṃ** cett.] bhūtānī γ_1 bhūnāṃ ζ_2 **4d dṛṣṭir** $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \eta_2$] dṛṣṭi $\alpha_2\beta_1\delta_1\epsilon_1$ dṛṣṭe $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ dve a° χ lakṣ(y)e layaṃ gatā $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_2$] lakṣe la(!) gatā α_2 lakṣe layam gatāḥ α_1 lakṣy[e] layam gataḥ α_3 lakṣye layam gate $\eta_2\chi$ lakṣam layam gatau ζ_3 lakṣe na saṃgatā γ_2 lakṣana saṃgatā γ_1 lakṣeṇa saṃgatā δ_1 gacchel layaṃ gate β_2

वेदशास्त्रपुराणानि सामान्यगणिका इव । (ab om. $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$)	
एकैव शांभवी मुद्रा गुप्ता कुलवधूरिव II $({ m cd}\ { m om}.\ eta_{\omega})$	4.5
अन्तर्रुक्ष्यं बहिर्दृष्टिर्निमेषोन्मेषवर्जिता ।	
एषा सा शांभवी मुद्रा सर्वतन्त्रेषु गोपिता ॥ (от. ८२८३) [eye-skip?]	4.6
अन्तर्रुक्ष्यविलीनचित्तपवनो योगी यदा वर्तते	
दृष्ट्या निश्चलतारया बहिरधः पश्यन्नपश्यन्नपि ।	
मुद्रेयं खलु खेचरी भवति सा युष्मत्प्रसादाद्भुरो	
शून्याशून्यविवर्जितं स्फुरित यत्तत्त्वं पदं शांभवम् ॥	4.7
श्रीशांभव्याश्च खेचर्या अवस्थायामभेदता* l⁴ (om. ζ₂ζ₃η₂)	4.8

5a purāṇāni $α_1α_3β_1β_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3η_2χ]$ purāṇādyāḥ $γ_1$ puraṇādyāḥ $γ_2$ purāṇaughāḥ $δ_2$ purāṇaiś ca **5b** sāmānya cett.] samāni β₂ ganikā cett.] ganivā δ_1 5c ekaiva cett.] idam mudrā $A\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\chi$] māyā ζ_3 vidyā η_2 5d guptā kulavadhūr iva $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\chi$] gopyā kulavadhūr iva η_2 sarvatantresu gopitā (cf. 4.6d) $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ sarvatantresu gopitā rakṣaṇīyā prayatnena guptā kulavadhūr iva Δ **6a lakṣ(y)aṃ** $\alpha_2\beta_2^{ac}\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\eta_2\chi$] lakṣā δ_1 lakṣyo δ_2 lakṣ(y)a **bahir** $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_1 \chi$] mano η_2 **drstir** cett.] drsti $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \eta_2$ 6b nimesonmesa $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] nirmişonmeşa $\beta_1\gamma_1$ varjitā cett. varjitah $\beta_1\delta_2$ 6c esā sā $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\chi$ eṣāsau α_2 eṣā hi β_ω eṣā tu η_2 eṣā vai δ_2 saiṣā tu $\Gamma\delta_1$ 6d sarvatantreṣu $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\delta_2\epsilon_1\eta_2$] sarvatantreşu śastreşu δ_1 vedaśāstreşu χ 7a lakşya $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] lakşa $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\zeta_2\zeta_3$ yadā cett.] yathā η_2 sadā $A\zeta_2$ **7b drṣṭyā** cett.] drṣṭvā η_2 drṣyā β_1 drṣyā β_{ω} tārayā cett.] tālayā β₁ tāra **bahir** cett.] hir γ_1 adhah $AB\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] adhrah ζ_2 asau $\Gamma\Delta$ paśyann apaśyann api $\alpha_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] paśyann apaśyann ivā α_1 paśyan na paśyaty api Γ paśyann api η_2 paśyan na paśyet tata
ḥ $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ paśyen na paśyet tata
ḥ β_2 **7c mudreyam** cett.] mudre ζ_3 khecarī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ śāṃbhavī $β_2ΓΔε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$ **bhavati sā** cett.] bhavati $β_ω$ °ti kathitā $ε_1$ yuşmat $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3$] «yu»ṣmat γ_2 yuṣmān η_2 puṣpat γ_1 yasya $\beta_2 \epsilon_1$ yāsya β_1 labdhā χ **guro** $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \delta_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2^{3c}$] guroḥ $\beta_2 \delta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2^{pc} \chi$ gurau α_1 gure α_2 7d śūnyāśūnya cett.] śūnyāc chūnya β₂ vivarjitam cett.] vivarjite γ_1 vivarjiti δ_1 vivarjito α_2 vilakṣaṇaṃ χ **sphurati** cett.] spharati δ_1 padam cett.] om. $\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2$ 8a °vyāś ca khecaryā $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \chi$] ya β_{ω} [pta]t δ_1 tat $\alpha_1 \chi$ ttat α_2 °vāś ca khecaryā ϵ_1 °vyāḥ khecaryā $_$ γ_1 °vyā(ḥ) khecaryāś ca $\, {
m B} \,$ °vyā khecaryā $\, lpha_2 \,$ °vavyā khe-8b avasthāyām abhedatā β₁] hy avasthāyām abhedataḥ β₂ avasthāyām na bhedataḥ $\alpha_1 \epsilon_1$ avasthāyā na bhedatah α_3 avasthāyasya bhedatah α_2 avasthādhāmabhedatah χ avasthāyām ca bhedatā β_{ω} avasthā ca na bhedataḥ (bhedanaḥ γ_1) Γ avasthā balabhedataḥ Δ

⁴ In χ this half verse is followed by another half verse: भवेचित्तलयानन्दः शून्ये चित्सुखरूपिणि.

पाताले यद्वितयसुषिरं मेरुमूले तदस्मिन् तत्त्वं चैतत्प्रवदित सुधीस्तन्सुखं निम्नगानाम् । चन्द्रात्सारः स्रवित वपुषस्तेन मृत्युर्नराणां तं बधीयात्सुकरणमृदा नान्यथा कायसिद्धिः ॥ $(A\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3)^5 \ [\rightarrow 3.49^*2]$ 4.9 यित्किंचित्स्रवते चन्द्रादमृतं दिव्यरूपिणः । तत्सर्वं ग्रसते सूर्यस्तेन पिण्डं जरायुतम् ॥ $(A) \ [\rightarrow 3.73^*1]$ 4.10 तत्रास्ति करणं दिव्यं सूर्यस्य मुखबन्धनम् । गुरूपदेशतो ज्ञेयं न तु शास्त्रार्थकोटिभिः ॥ $(A) \ [\rightarrow 3.73^*2]$ 4.11

9a pātāle yadvitaya $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ pātāle yadvita.. α_3 pātālād yad viśati Γ pātālād vā viyati $\delta_1\delta_3$ **ram** α_2] suśiram α_1 śikhiram γ_1 śikharam γ_2 śikhare $\delta_1\delta_3$ tad asmin α_1] yadismi α_2 tasti γ_1 tad asti γ_2 tadāstā δ_1 tad āste δ_3 **9b** sudhīs tan mukham $\alpha_1\Gamma$ sudhīh sammukham δ_3 sudhī sanmukham α_2 susammukham δ_1 **9c sāraḥ** Γ] srāvaḥ $\delta_1\delta_3$ sāro $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ sravati $\gamma_1\delta_3$ śravati δ_1 savati γ_2 grasati α_1 om. α_2 **vapuṣas** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\gamma_1\delta_1\delta_3$] puruṣas γ_2 9d tam badhnīvāt $A\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3$] tadvahmampāt γ_1 **sukaranamrdā** $\alpha_1\alpha_2$] sukaranāmudā α_3 svakaranamrdā $\gamma_2\delta_3$ svakaranaimṛdā γ_1 svakaranamṛjā δ_1 **11b mukhabandhanam** (cf. 3.73*2) *em.*] paribandhanam $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ *illeg.* α_3 $\alpha_2\alpha_3\delta_1$

⁵ This verse is found after 4.11*2 in $\Gamma\delta_1$.

तारे ज्योतिषि संयोज्य किंचिदुन्नमयेद्भुवौ । (ab om. A)
पूर्वयोगस्य मार्गोऽयमुन्मनीकारकः क्षणात् ॥ (cd om. AГ)

केचिदागमजालेन केचिन्निगमसंकुलैः ।
केचित्तर्कण मुह्यन्ति नैव जानन्ति तारकम् ॥ (om. АГ)

4.11*1

अर्थोद्धाटितलोचनः स्थिरमना नासाग्रदत्तेक्षणः
चन्द्राकीविप लीनतामुपनयन्निष्पन्दभावान्तरे ।
ज्योतीरूपमशेषबाह्यरहितं देदीप्यमानं परं
तत्त्वं तत्पदमेति वस्तु परमं वाच्यं किमन्नाधिकम् ॥ (om. Аб2) [after 4.7 Гб1]

4.11*3

(The following verses are not found in AF Δ , but in B $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)

दिवा न पूजयेश्लिङ्गं रात्रौ नैव च पूजयेत्। सततं पूजयेश्लिङ्गं दिवारात्रिनिरोधतः॥ 4.11*4

11*1a tāre $\beta_1 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] tāra $\beta_\omega \delta_1$ tārām β_2 tārā η_2 tāvad ζ_2 vāre γ_1 kalām ϵ_1 kalā ϵ_2 $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] jyotişīm β_1 jyotīşa β_ω jyotiso δ_1 yotişi ζ_2 jyotişu η_2 samyojya cett.] samy-11*1b unnamayed B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] uccālayed $\gamma_1\delta_2$ uccalayed γ_2 ojyā η_2 samojyam γ_1 jojya δ_1 uccārayed η_2 uccācayed δ_1 uṣṭānnama ζ_2 bhruvau cett.] bhūvo«h» γ_1 11*1c pūrvayogasya mārgo'yam $β_1β_ωδ_2ε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3$] pūrvayogasya mārgena $β_2$ sūryayogasya mārge ca $η_2$ pūrvayogasya māhātmyam δ_1 pūrvayogam mano yunjann χ om. Γ 11*1d unmanī $\beta_1\beta_\omega\Delta\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] hy unmanī β_2 yunmanī η_2 kiṃcid un° ϵ_1 om. Γ kārakaḥ kṣaṇāt $\beta_1\epsilon_1\chi$] kārakakṣaṇāt β_2 kārakaṃ kṣaṇāt ζ_2 kāraṇaḥ kṣaṇāt β_ω kāraṇaṃ kṣaṇāt ϵ_2 karaṇaṃ kṣaṇāt $\Delta\zeta_3$ kāralakṣaṇam η_2 om. Γ 11*2a āgama cett.] nigama $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ jālena cett.] yogena η_2 om. Γ 11*2b nigama $\beta_1 \beta_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] niyama $\beta_{\omega}\Delta$ nima ζ_3 āgama $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ om. Γ saṃkulaiḥ $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] saṃkule $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3$ saṃkulāḥ δ_2 samkulā δ_1 om. Γ 11*3a ardhodghātita cett.] arddhoghātita β_1 arddhocchā[d]ita γ_1 ardhonmīlita χ locana $\dot{\beta}$ $\delta_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] locana B $\Gamma \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ sthira cett.] sthila γ_1 cett.] °kṣaṇāś $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{1}$ °kṣaṇaṃ ζ_{2} 11°3b candrārkāv cett.] cāndrārkāv β_{ω} candrārkau η_{2} api $B\gamma_1\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] avi γ_2 aca ζ_2 ca vi° η_2 **upanayan** $\varepsilon_1 \chi$] apanayan ε_2 upanayen $\Gamma \delta_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ upagatau B gatau η₂ niṣpanda cett.] nirvyaṃda β₁ diṣyanda ε₂ nikṣipya η₂ bhāvāntare $ε_1ε_2$] bhāvo'ntare $γ_1δ_1$ bhāvotare $γ_2$ bhāsoṃtare $η_2$ bāṣpaṃ tataḥ $ζ_3$ vāpyaṃ tataḥ $ζ_2$ rūpaṃ tataḥ $β_2$ rūpam tanu $β_1$ rūpatanu $β_ω$ bhāvena yaḥ χ 11*3c rūpam cett.] rūpa $ζ_2ζ_3$ yatsyam $γ_2$ aśeşa cett.] viśeṣa ζ₂ζ₃ bāhyarahitaṃ cett.] bījam akhilaṃ χ dedīpya cett.] devadīpya 11*3d tat cett.] yac η_2 padam eti $\Gamma \delta_1 \chi$] param eti $B \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ param asti $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ carama η_2 vastu cett.] vasta γ_1 yastu $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ yat tu β_2 vācyam cett.] vāpyam γ_1 atrādhikam cett.] andrādhikam γ_1 atrāsanam δ_1 11*4a divā na $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] vāsare η_2 11*4b rātrau naiva ca **pūjayet** $\beta_1\zeta_2$] rātrau naiva prapūjayet $\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1$ rātrau caiva na pūjayet $\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ rātrau liṃgaṃ na pūjayet ζ_3 11*4c satataṃ Bε₁ε₂ $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] sarvadā χ 11*4d divārātrinirodhataḥ χ] divārātraṃ na pūjayet $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ divārātrau na pūjayet $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ divārātrau ca pūjayet β_2

अथ खेचरी Ι (β₁β₂χ)

सुषिरो ज्ञानजनकः पश्चस्रोतःसमन्वितः। तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तस्मिन्शून्ये निरञ्जने॥ (от. х) [=3.49*1]	4.11*5
सव्यदक्षिणनाडीस्थो मध्ये चलति मारुतः । तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तस्मिन्स्थाने न संशयः ॥	4.11*6
चित्तं चरति खे यस्माज्जिह्वा चरति खे गता। तेनैषा खेचरी नाम मुद्रा सिद्धैर्नमस्कृता।। $(\text{om. }\eta_2\chi)$ [= 3.38]	4.11*7
इडापिङ्गलयोर्योगे शून्यं चैवानिलं ग्रसेत्। तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तत्र सत्यं न संशयः॥ (от. ८३७२)	4.11*8
सोमसूर्यद्वयोर्मध्ये निरालम्बे तले पुनः । संस्थिता व्योमचके या सा मुद्रा नाम खेचरी॥	4.11*9
सा मयोद्भेदिता वामा साक्षाच शिववल्लभा । पूरयेन्मारुतं दिव्यं सुषुम्णा पश्चिमे मुखे ॥ (от. β2)	4.11*10

heading: khecarī $\beta_2\chi$] khecarīsamādhiḥ β_1 11*5a suṣiro $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] sukhiro β_2 susthiro β_1 sukhiraṃ $β_ω η_2$ dṛṅmukhaṃ $ζ_3$ janakaḥ $β_1 β_2 ε_1 ε_2 ζ_2$] janakaṃ $β_ω η_2$ jaṃnakaṃ $ζ_3$ 11*5b samanvita $\dot{\mu}$ $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$] samanvita β_ω samanvitam ζ_3 samanvite η_2 11*5d tasmin śūnye η_2] tasmāc chūnye $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$ satyam tatra ζ_2 om. (eye-skip?) β_{ω} nirañjane $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] na samśayah (cf. Pāda d of the next verse) ζ_2 om. β_{ω} 11*6a savyadakṣiṇanāḍīstho (nādi $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \gamma_2$) $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] om. β_{ω} 11*6b madhye calati māruta $\hat{\mu}$ $\epsilon_1\zeta_2$] madhye carati māruta $\hat{\mu}$ (madhyam β_1) $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2\chi$ madhye vahati mārutah η_2 madhyacaritamārutah ζ_3 om. β_{ω} khecarī mudrā $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] om. β_ω 11*6d tasmin sthāne $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] satyam tatra ζ_2 **11*7b** khe gatā $B\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$] khe yadā ε_1 vegatah ζ_3 11*7c tenaisā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\zeta_3$ tatra satyam η_2 teneyam β_2 tenaiva ζ_2 iyam ca ε_2 **nāma** $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$] mudrā $\beta_2\zeta_3$ 11*7d mudrā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ satyam ζ_3 sarva β_2 namaskṛtā $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] nigadyate ζ_3 11*8a yoge $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] madhye **11*8b** śūnyam $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \chi$] śūnye $\beta_1 \zeta_2$ śūne β_{ω} caivānilam $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \chi$ caiva bilam $\beta_1 \beta_2$ graset $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] viśet β_2 11*8c tişthate $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] tişthati β_1 11*8d tatra satyam na saṃśayaḥ $β_1ε_1ε_2$] satyaṃ tatra na saṃśayaḥ $ζ_2$ tatra satyaṃ punaḥ punaḥ $β_2β_ωχ$ 11*9a so**masūryadvayo** $ε_1ε_2ζ_2η_2$] candrasūryadvayor $ζ_3$ sūryācandramasor Bχ11*9b nirālambe tale $\beta_2\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3$] nirālambatale $\beta_1\epsilon_2$ nirālambe kale ϵ_1 nirālambo'ntarā η_2 nirālambāntare χ 11*10a sā mayodbheditā vāmā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$] sā māyodbhedikā vāmā ϵ_1 sā māyābhedito vāmā ϵ_2 sā mayodve $_{-}$ tā vāmā ζ_2 sā mayodve[dh]itā vāmā ζ_3 somayodbheditā dhāma η_2 somād yatroditā dhārā 11*10b sākṣāc ca $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3$] sākṣād vai η_2 sā sākṣāt $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ sākṣāt sā χ 11*10c pūrayen $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] pūrayed χ pūjayed η_2 **mārutaṃ divyaṃ** $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3$] na tu tad divyaṃ ϵ_1 satataṃ divyaṃ ε₂ atulāṃ divyāṃ η₂χ 11*10d suşumṇā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂] suşumṇāṃ χ $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] paścimā β_{ω}

पुरस्ताचैव पूर्येत निश्चिता खेचरी भवेत्। अभ्यसेत्खेचरीमुद्रामुन्मनी संप्रजायते॥	4.11*11
अभ्यसेत्खेचरीं तावद्यावत्स्याद्योगनिद्रितः । संप्राप्तयोगनिद्रस्य कालो नास्ति कदाचन॥ ⁶	4.11*12
भ्रुवोर्मध्ये शिवस्थानं मनस्तत्र विलीयते । (ab om. $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$) ज्ञातव्यं तत्पदं तुर्यं तत्र कालो न विद्यते ॥	4.11*13
चन्द्रसूर्यद्वयोर्मध्ये मुद्रां दद्याच खेचरीम् । निरालम्बे महाशून्ये व्योमचक्रे व्यवस्थिताम् ॥ (от. χ)	4.11*14
निरालम्बं मनः कृत्वा न किंचिदिप चिन्तयेत्। सबाह्याभ्यन्तरे व्योम्नि घटवत्तिष्ठते ध्रुवम्॥	4.11*15
बाह्यवायुर्यथा लीनः खस्य मध्ये न संशयः। स्वस्थानं गच्छति प्राणः †सूर्याङ्गे मनसा तथा†॥	4.11*16

11*11b niścitā B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] niśritā η_2 11*11c abhyaset $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] abhyase β_ω abhyastā $\eta_2\chi$ om. (eye-skip?) ζ_3 **khecarīmudrām** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] khecarīm mudrām β_1 khecarīmudrā $\eta_2 \chi$ om. ζ_3 11*11d unmanī B $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$] py unmanī χ om. ζ_3 samprajāyate $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] sāṃdrajāyate β_1 sā prajāyate $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ om. ζ_3 11*12a abhyaset $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\chi]$ abhyasat ζ_3 abhyasya ϵ_2 abhyaste η_2 **khecarī** χ] khecarī B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ **tāvad** B χ] mudrām $\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2$ mudrā $\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ 11*12b yāvat Βχ] tāvat ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂ yoganidritāḥ β₂ε₁ζ₂ζ₃χ] yoganidritāḥ β₁ yoganidratāḥ $η_2$ yoganimdratah $β_ω$ coramudritā $ε_2$ 11*13a śiva $β_2β_ωζ_2ζ_3η_2χ$] bhavet $β_1$ 11*13d tatra $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] yatra ζ_3 kālo $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kopi ζ_2 11*14b mudrām $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] mudrā ζ_2 dadyāc ca $\text{Be}_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] dadyāt tu e_1 divyā ca ζ_2 khecarīm β_2 e $_1$ e $_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] khecarī $\beta_\omega\zeta_2$ khecare β_1 11*14c nirālambe $β_2ε_1η_2$] nirālambam $β_ωζ_2ζ_3$ nirālambas $β_1$ nirālamba $ε_2$ mahāśūnye $\beta_2 \eta_2$ mahāśūnya
m $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ mahacchūnye ϵ_1 mahāśūnya
 $\beta_\omega\epsilon_2$ tadā śūnya β_1 11*14d cakre $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2$] cakram ζ_3 vyavasthitām $\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\eta_2$] vyavasthitam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ vyavasthitā $\beta_1\varepsilon_2$ 11*15c °bhyantare $Bε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] bhyantaraṃ $ε_2η_2$ 11*15d ghaṭavat $Bζ_3η_2χ$] paṭavat $ζ_2$ aṭavat $ε_1$ maghaṭat $ε_2$ tiṣṭhate $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] tiṣṭhati $B\eta_2 \chi$ 11*16a yathā $B\eta_2 \chi$] tathā $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ yadā $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ līnaḥ $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$] līna $\beta_1\zeta_2$ līnam β_ω līnā ε_2 līnas $\eta_2\chi$ 11*16b khasya madhye $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] khamadhye tu β_2 khamadhye ca ζ_3 khamadhya ζ_2 tathā madhye η_2 tathā madhyo χ na saṃśayaḥ $\mathrm{Be}_1 \mathrm{e}_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi]$ __sayaḥ ζ_2 11*16c svasthānaṃ gacchati prāṇaḥ $B\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] saṃsthānaṃ gacchati prāṇaḥ ε_2 11*16d sūryānge manasā tathā $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] sūryānge pavane tathā svasthāne sthiratām eti χ η₂ pavano manasā saha χ

 $^{^{6}}$ This verse and the next one are transposed in χ .

एवमभ्यस्यमानस्य वायुमार्गे दिवानिशम् । अभ्यासाज्जीर्यते वायुर्मनस्तत्र विलीयते ॥ 4.11*17 अमृतं प्रावयेद्देहमा पादतलमस्तकम्। सिध्यत्येव सदा कायो महाबलपराऋमः॥ 4.11*18 इति खेचरी। 🕢 अथ शांभवी । (८,८०) शक्तिमध्ये मनः कृत्वा शक्तिं च मनमध्यगाम्। मनसा मन आलोक्य तद्ध्यायेत्परमं पदम ॥ 4.11*19 खमध्ये करु चात्मानमात्ममध्ये च खं करु। आत्मानं खमयं कत्वा न किंचिदपि चिन्तयेत ॥ 4.11*20अन्तःशन्यो बहिःशुन्यः शुन्यकुम्भ इवाम्बरे। अन्तः पूर्णो बहिः पूर्णेः पूर्णकुम्भ इवार्णवे ॥ $(cd om. \epsilon_1) (om. \beta_\omega \zeta_2 \zeta_3)$ 4.11*21

11*17a abhyasyamānasya $B_{\epsilon_1\epsilon_2}\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ abhyasyatas tasya χ 11*17b vāyumārge $B_{\epsilon_1\epsilon_2}\eta_2\chi$ vāyor mārge $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ **divāniśam** $\beta_2 \chi$] divā niśi β_1 divādisam β_{ω} sadāniśam $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_2$ sadānilam $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ 11*17c abhyāsāj jīryate $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] abhyāsāl līyate ζ_3 11*17d tatra vilīyate $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] tatraiva līyate Bx 11*18a amṛtaṃ plāvayed deham $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2$] amṛtāt plāvayed deham $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ (amṛtā ϵ_1) amṛte plāvayed deham ζ_3 amṛtaṃ plavate $_$ β_2 amṛtaiḥ plāvayed deham χ ajaratvaṃ 11*18b ā pādatala cett.] apādapala η_2 lac. β_2 mastakam $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] bhaved dehe η_2 mastake η_2 mastakān ζ_2 lac. β_2 11*18c sidhyaty eva $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \chi$] siddhaty eva ζ_2 siddhyaty evam ζ_3 sidhyate ca η_2 siddhadeho β_2 siddhideho β_1 sadā kāyo $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$ mahākāyo $β_2χ$ mahākāryo $β_1$ mahāyogo $η_2$ tadā kāyo $ζ_3$ heading: atha $ζ_2$] om. $β_1$ β_1] śāmbhavī śaktih ζ_2 11*19b śaktim ca manamadhyagām $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$] śaktim ca svāmtamadhyagām ζ_3 śaktiṃ mānasamadhyagām χ śaktiṃ manasi madhyataḥ η_2 sumadhyagaṃ β_1 manaḥ śaktes tu madhyagam $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ 11*19c mana ālokya $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] mana ārokya ζ_2 manam ālokya β_ω 11*19d tad dhyāyet $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] tam dhyāyet ε_2 tam dhātam β_1 vaddhyāyait β_{ω} dhārayet $\eta_2\chi$ 11*20a khamadhye $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] khammadhye β_1 11*20b ātmamadhye $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] ātmāmadhye $\beta_1 \beta_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ 11*20c ātmānam $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1$] sarvam ca $\epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ evam kr° $β_1$ khamayam kṛtvā $β_ωζ_2ζ_3χ$] khammayam kṛtvā $β_2ε_1ε_2η_2$ °tvā tayoś cāpi $β_1$ 11*21b śūnya $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ śūnyaḥ χ 11*21d pūrņa $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ pūrņah χ ivārņave $\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ ivāmbare β_1 ivāmbudhau β₂

बाह्यचिन्ता न कर्तव्या तथैवान्तरचिन्तनम् । सर्वचिन्तां परित्यज्य न किंचिदिप चिन्तयेत् ॥ $(om. \zeta_2\zeta_3)$	4.11*22
संकल्पमात्रकलनैव जगत्समग्रं (a om. $\beta_1\beta_2$) संकल्पमात्रकलना हि मनोविलासः I (b om. $\beta_1\beta_2$) संकल्पमेतमत उत्सृज निर्विकल्पं (c om. β_2) आश्रित्य निश्चयमवाप्रुहि राम शान्तिम् II (d om. β_2)	4.11*23
कर्पूरमनले यद्वत्सैन्धवं सलिले यथा। तथा संधीयमानं च मनस्तत्त्वे विलीयते॥ (om. η2)	4.11*24
ज्ञेयं सर्वं प्रतीतं च तज्ज्ञानं मन उच्यते । ज्ञानं ज्ञेयं समं नष्टं नान्यः पन्था द्वितीयकः ॥	4.11*25
मनोदृश्यमिदं सर्वं यत्किंचित्सचराचरं। मनसो ह्युन्मनीभावे द्वैताभावं प्रचक्षते॥	4.11*26
ज्ञेयवस्तुपरित्यागाद्विलयं याति मानसम् । मानसे विलयं याते कैवल्यमवशिष्यते ॥	4.11*27

11*22b cintanam $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \eta_2 \chi$] cintanā $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega}$ cimtamān β_1 11*22c sarvacintām parityajya $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \chi$] sarvacintā parityajya $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ sarvacintā parityājyā η_2 11*23a kalanaiva $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] samagram $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] samastam η_2 11*23b kalanā hi $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ kalanam ca βω kalanaiva $\eta_2\chi$ vilāsa $\dot{\mu}$ $\epsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] vilāsā β_ω vivāsa $\dot{\mu}$ ϵ_1 vilīnā ζ_2 valīnā ζ_3 11*23c saṃkalpam etam ata ε_1] saṃkalpamātramatam ζ_3 °mātramata ζ_2 °mātramanam ε_2 °mātramatim χ °mātrami[m] β_1 °mātram idam β_ω °mātrakalanaiva η_2 utsrja $\beta_1\beta_\omega \epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] utsrjya χ tsrja ζ_2 nirvikalpam $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] nityam η_2 11*23d āśritya $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] āśrita ζ_3 samkalpa η_2 niścayam $ε_1η_2χ$] niścalam $β_1ε_2$ niścalayam $β_ω$ niścitam $ζ_2ζ_3$ nuhi $β_ωε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3χ$] avāpnudhi $η_2$ anāpnuhi $β_1$ rāma $β_1β_ωε_1η_2χ$] kāma $ε_2$ rāga $ζ_3$ roga ζ_2 11*24a anale $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ ε₁ε₂ $\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] anile β_2 11*24c tathā Bε₁ε₂ $\zeta_3\chi$] yathā ζ_2 saṃdhiyamānaṃ ca Bε₁ε₂ χ] saṃdipamānaṃ ca $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 11*24d tattve β_2 ε₁ $\zeta_3\chi$] tātva β_1 tatva β_ω tatra $\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$ vilīyate $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] valīyate ζ_3 11*25a sarvam pratītam $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\chi$] sarvapratītaṃ $β_ω ζ_2 ζ_3$ sarvam atītaṃ $η_2$ 11*25b tajjñānaṃ $ε_1 ζ_2 ζ_3$] tat jñātaṃ $ε_2$ jñānaṃ ca $η_2 χ$ jñānaṃ tu B 11*25c samam nastam B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] manaś caiva η_2 11*25d nānyah cett.] mānyah β_1 **panthā** $β_2 ε_1 ε_2 ζ_2 η_2 χ$] paṃtha $ζ_3$ paṃthyā $β_1$ pathā $β_ω$ **dvitīyaka** $\hat{\mu}$ $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] dvitīyaka $\hat{\mu}$ $β_1 ζ_2$ dvitiyaka $β_ω$ 11*26c manaso hy unmanī $η_2 χ$] manaso hy amanī $ε_1$ manasopy unmanī Bε₂ ζ_3 mano sopy unmanī ζ_2 °bhāve $\beta_\omega \zeta_3 \eta_2^{pc}$] bhāvai β_1 bhāvo $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ bhāvavo η_2^{qc} bhāvād χ om. (eye-skip?) ζ_2 11*26d dvaitābhāvaṃ $\beta_1\beta_2\zeta_3$] dvaitābhā + ϵ_1 dvaitābhāvaḥ ϵ_2 dvaitābhāva $β_ω$ bhāvaṃ $ζ_2$ dvaitaṃ naivo° $η_2χ$ **pracakṣate** $β_2β_ωε_1ε_2ζ_3$] pracakṣyate $β_1ζ_2$ °palabhyate $η_2χ$ 11*27b mānasam $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] mārutam ζ_2 11*27c mānase $B\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] manaso $\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ vilayam $\beta_1\beta_\omega \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$ vilaye $\beta_2 \chi$ yāte $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ yāti ε_2 jāte $\beta_2\beta_\omega \eta_2 \chi$ 11*27d avašisyate $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] anasīṣyate ζ_2 api kalpate η_2

लयो लय इति पाहुः कीदृशं लयलक्षणम् ।	
अपुनर्वासनोत्थानात् लयो विषयविस्मृतिः ॥ ^७	4.11*28
एवं नानाविधोपायाः सम्यवस्वान्जभवान्विताः। समाधिमार्गाः कथिताः पूर्वाचार्येर्महात्मभिः॥	4.11*29
अथ विश्रान्तिः । $(om. \beta_\omega \chi)$	
सुषुम्णायै कुण्डलिन्यै सुधायै चन्द्रमण्डले । मनोन्मन्यै नमस्तुभ्यं महाशक्तिचिदात्मने ॥ (от. 1/2)	4.11*30
अशक्यतत्त्वबोधानां मूढानामपि संमतम् । [cf. 4.35ab] प्रोक्तं गोरक्षनाथेन नादोपासनमुच्यते ॥	4.11*31
श्रीआदिनाथेन सपादकोटि- लयप्रकाराः कथिता जयन्ते । नादान्जसंधानकमेकमेव	
मन्यामहे मान्यतमं ल्यानाम् ॥	4.12
(BΕ $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ have 4.55 śravaṇamukhanayana here)	
मुक्तासनस्थितो योगी मुद्रां संधाय शांभवीम् । (ab om. $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$)	
शृणुयाद्दक्षिणे कर्णे नादमन्तःस्थमेकधीः ॥ $(cd\ om.\ eta_1eta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)\ [cf.\ 4.36^*1]$	4.13

11*28b kīdṛśaṃ $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] īdṛśaṃ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 11*28c °tthānāt $\beta_1\beta_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] °tthānā $\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$ °tthāna ϵ_2 11*28d layo vişaya $B\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] yalo vişaya ϵ_1 vrttyayā viśva η_2 11*29b bhavānvitāḥ $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] bhavānyuta ϵ_2 bhavātmikāḥ ζ_3 11*29c mārgāḥ $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] mārge η_2 ilheading: atha $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] iti $\beta_1 \beta_2$ 11*30a susumnāyai $B\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] sukhayaih ζ_2 11*30b maṇḍale $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$] maṇḍalāt $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ janmane $B\chi$ 11*30d śakti $\beta_1 \beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] śakte β_ω śakcidātmane cett.] cidātmani β_1 cidātmike ϵ_1 cidātmine ϵ_2 11*31a aśakya $\beta_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] aśakyam $\varepsilon_1\eta_2$ aśakta $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ 11*31b mūḍhānām $\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] gūḍhānām β_1 matam $Bε_1ε_2η_2χ$] api samtatam $ζ_3$ atisamtatam $ζ_2$ 11*31c gorakşa cett.] śrīśambhu $ε_1ε_2$ 11*31d ucyate $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] uttamam β_2 12a śrīādināthena cett.] śrīśambhunāthena **12b laya** cett.] layaḥ $\alpha_1\Gamma\zeta_2$ laṣa α_2 **jayante** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$] jayanti $\mathrm{B}\Gamma\delta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ yayaṃti E1 E2 12c ekam eva $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\chi$] eva $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$ eva nānyaṃ $\zeta_2\eta_2$ eva mānyaṃ ζ_3 eva kāryaṃ $\Gamma\Delta$ **12d manyāmahe** cett.] gaṃyāmahe $β_2$ **mānyatamaṃ** $α_1β_1β_ωζ_2ζ_3$] nānyatamaṃ $α_2ΓΔε_1ε_2$ nānyamatam β_2 tātarasam η_2 mukhyatamam χ 13a muktāsana $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\delta_2$] muktāsane $\delta_1\chi$ 13d m antaḥstham ekadhīḥ em.] antastham ekadhīḥ $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\Gamma\chi$ atastham ekadhā α_2 ekāntake sudhīḥ δ_1 ekāntike sudhīḥ δ_2 atam sadā β_2

⁷ x has this verse between 4.4 and 4.5.

 $(\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)$ have the following 5 verses after 4.45, and B after 4.36*1)

काष्ठे प्रवर्तितो विह्नः काष्ठेन सह शाम्यित । नादे प्रवर्तितं चित्तं नादेन सह लीयते ॥

4.14

विस्मृत्य सकलं बाह्यं नादे दुग्धाम्बुवन्मनः। एकीभूयाथ सहसा चिदाकाशे विलीयते॥ (от. ७२४)

4.15

औदासीन्यपरो भूत्वा सदाभ्यासेन संयमी । उन्मनीकरणं सद्यो नादमेवावधारयेत ॥ (om. x)

4.16

कीदृशमौदासीन्यम् । (om. x)

शीते काले चौपटी वा पटी वा पथ्याहारे गोपयो वा पयो वा। भोज्ये भिक्षावृन्दमारण्यकन्दं पाणी द्रोणी कापि वा भोज्यपात्रे॥ (om. x)

4.17

14a kāsthe cett.] kāṣṭhaiḥ $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta$ kaṣṭaiḥ γ_1 **pravartito** cett. pravartate $\zeta_3 \eta_2$ **14b** kāṣṭhena cett.] kaṣṭena γ_1 saha cett.] sa ζ_3 śāmyati cett.] sāmyati $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1$ līyate **14c nāde** cett.] nā γ_1 **pravartitaṃ** cett.] pravartite ζ_3 pravartate η_2 cittam cett.] **15a vismṛtya** cett.] niḥsṛtya δ₂ **15b** nāde $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \Delta \zeta_3$] nādo ϵ_1 nāda ζ_2 na_ γ_1 dugdhāmbu cett.] gugyāṃbu $γ_1$ manaḥ cett.] mana $β_ω$ naraḥ $γ_1Δ$ 15c ekībhūyātha $\alpha_3\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] ekībhūyotha α_2 ekībhūyādya β_1 ekībhūyāya δ_1 ekībhūyā β_ω ekībhūtvātha α_1 sahasā cett.] sahasā ca β_{ω} manasā α_2 15d cidākāse cett. incl. α_3] cidāse α_2 vidāktose γ_1 vilīyate cett.] valīyate α_1 na lipyate α_3 16a audāsīnya $\beta_1 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \eta_2$] audāsinya ζ_3 audāśinya $lpha_3$ audāsīna eta_2 odāsīnya γ_1 udāsīnya $eta_{\omega}\gamma_2$ udāsinya $lpha_2$ udāsonya $lpha_1$ ṛdāsīnya **16c karaṇam** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$] karaṇa β_{ω} karaṇe α_2 kārakaṃ $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ 16d nādam cett.] evāvadhārayet cett.] evāvadhārayan α_2 eva sadābhyaset ζ_3 bhāda ζ_2 heading: kīdrśam (ki° α_1) $\alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_1\varepsilon_1$] kīdṛśīm $\alpha_2\gamma_2$ kīdṛśyam $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ idṛśam $\zeta_2\eta_2$ kim δ_1 om. $\delta_2\zeta_3$ cett.] audāsinyam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ audasīnyam α_1 audāsinyā α_2 athaudāsīnyam δ_2 17a śīte cett.] śīti ζ_3 šīta α_2 jītāte η_2 **kāle** cett.] kāla γ_2 kā η_2 rakṣa° α_2 om. α_1 caupaṭī vā paṭī vā α_1] copatī vā patī vā ζ_2 cāpatī vā patī vā $\gamma_2\delta_2$ cāpatī vā patīkā δ_1 cāpatī cāpatī vā γ_1 caupatī vā kutī vā $β_ωη_2$ copațī vā kuțī vā $β_1$ cāpațī vā kuțī vā $β_2$ dvaupațī vā kuțī vā $ε_1$ pațī vā $ζ_3$ °ņe kathā vā 17b pathyāhāre $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\delta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2$] pathyāhāro $\beta_2\gamma_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ yathāhārā γ_1 «mi»thyāhāro gopayo cett.] gopatho δ_1 vā cett.] co η_2 om. γ_1 payo vā cett.] «payo» vā γ_1 patho vā δ_1 °tha pānaṃ β_2 **17c bhojye** $A\beta_1\beta_0$ ε $_1$] bhojyaṃ ζ_3 η $_2$ bhojya ζ_2 bhakṣe Γ bhakṣyaṃ $\beta_2\delta_1$ bhiksye δ_2 **bhiksā** cett.] bhuktam η_2 **vrndam** cett.] mrdam β_1 kandam E cānnam **āraņyakandaṃ** $A_{\gamma_2}\Delta\zeta_3$] °kaṃda $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_2\eta_2$ °kaṃdā β_1 āramyakaṃdaṃ γ_1 āraṇyakaṃ vā Eāpaṇyakaṃ vā $β_2$ 17d pāṇī droṇī $α_1β_1γ_2Δε_1$] pāṇi droṇī $α_2ζ_3η_2$ pāṇi droṇi $α_3$ pāṇī drāṇi $ζ_2$ pāṇīndrāṇī γ_1 pāṇiṃ droṇe β_2 pāṇi β_ω **kāpi vā** $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] kāpivāṃ β_ω kāthivā η_2 vā kapī α_2 karparā δ_2 karpatam β_2 kāpato γ_2 khapadā γ_1 kharparo δ_1 **bhojyapātre** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2$ bhojyapātram $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega} \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ bhojapatram β_2 bhājapatram γ_1 bhūrjapatram γ_2

4.21

संपूर्णहृदयः शन्ये त्वारम्भे योगवान्भवेत् ॥

18a sarvacintām $\gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_2$] sarvacintā $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \zeta_3 \eta_2$ om. γ_1 samutsrjya $\alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_\omega \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] samrtsrjya ϵ_1 samutyajya α_1 parityajya $\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta$ om. γ_1 18b ceştām $\alpha_1 B\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] ceştā α_2 ceştāś η_2 cestī ζ_2 kāle $\Gamma\Delta$ **18c saṃdhānān** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2$] saṃdhānā β_ω saṃdadhyān $\alpha_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ saṃdhatte ghaṭaś cett.] gha_ś γ₁ **18d nāde** cett.] devi β_2 **19a ca** cett.] ca δ_1 19b paricayas $\alpha_1\alpha_3 B \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2$] paricas ζ_3 paricayo $\alpha_2 \gamma_1 \Delta \chi$ pariyo γ_2 cett.] caivas η_2 ca δ_1 $tath\bar{a} \ \alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3$] $tatah \ \alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2$ $pi\ v\bar{a}\ \delta_1$ 'pi $ca\ \alpha_2\Gamma\delta_2\chi$ 19c $sarvayogeşu\ cett.$] sarvayoge19d yogāvasthā bhavanti tā $\dot{\mathbf{p}}$ $\alpha_1\alpha_3$] yogāvasthā bhavanti te α_2 yogāca δ₂ ceti yogeşu B vasthā prakīrtitā $\Gamma\Delta$ syād avasthācatustayam $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ heading: tatrārambhāvasthā em.] tatra ārambhaḥ $\alpha_3\zeta_2\zeta_3$ tatrārambhaḥ ϵ_1 tatra cārambhaḥ η_2 athārambhāvasthā $\gamma_1\chi$ athārambharakṣā δ_1 athārambhadīkṣā δ_2 ārambhāvasthātha γ_2 om. $\alpha_1\alpha_2B$ **20a granther** $\alpha_1 \chi$] granthe β_1 granthau δ_2 granthir $\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1\zeta_3$ granthi $\beta_2\gamma_1$ granthim η_2 granthid α_2 gra+ ϵ_1 ramidhre ζ_2 **bhedād** $\alpha_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\beta_{\omega}$] bhedā $\alpha_2\beta_1$ bhinna $\Gamma\delta_1$ bhinne δ_2 bhinnā η_2 bhinnād ζ_3 bhedo hy χ bhed ζ_2 **20b ānandaḥ** cett.] ānaṃda $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_1$ nanādaḥ β_1 nādaḥ η_2 saṃbhavaḥ cett.] samaṃbhavaḥ η_2 **20c kvaṇako** δ_2 ε₁] kvana*ko α_1 kvaṇiko ζ_3 kaṇako $\beta_\omega \zeta_2$ kanako α_2 kuṇako η_2 kuṇape β_2 °ḥ kvaṇako χ °ṣkāṇako β_1 kṣike δ_1 °s tatkṣaṇād Γ **dehe** cett.] deho α_2 caivā β_2 20d 'nāhataḥ **śrūyate** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] sarvataḥ śrūyate Γ śrūyate (')nāhata Δ 21a divyadehaś ca tejasvī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\chi$ divyadehasya tejasvī ϵ_1 ādityatejaś ca tejasvī unm. ζ_2 tejasvī divyagandhaś ca ζ_3 divyagandho divyacakṣuś ca η_2 om. $\beta_{\omega}\Delta$ 21b divyagandhas tv arogavān $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\chi$] divyagandho py arogavān ε₁ζ₂ divyadeho py arogavān ζ₃ divyadeham arogavān α₂ tejasvī ārogavān $η_2$ om. $β_ω Δ$ **21c saṃpūrņa** cett.] saṃpūrṇe ζ_3 **hṛdayaḥ** $A\beta_1\zeta_2\chi$] hṛdaya $\gamma_2\varepsilon_1$ hṛdaye $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1\delta_1\zeta_3\eta_2$ **śūnye tv** $A\zeta_2\zeta_3$] śūnye $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\eta_2$ śūnya $\beta_\omega\chi$ śūra β_1 **21d ārambhe** cett.] ārambha βω āraṃbho η2 yogavān cett.] bhogavān γ1

अथ घटावस्था।

द्वितीयायां घटीकृत्य वायुर्भवति मध्यगः। दृदासनो भवेद्योगी ज्ञानी देवसमस्तदा॥

विष्णुग्रन्थेस्तदा भेदात्परमानन्दसूचकः । अतिशून्ये विमर्दश्च भेरीशब्दस्तदा भवेत् ॥ 4.23

अथ परिचयावस्था । (om. x)

तृतीयायां ततो भित्त्वा विहायोमर्दलध्विनः ।* महाशून्यं तदा याति सर्वसिद्धिसमाश्रयम् ॥ $_{[P\bar{a}da\ b-4.36d\ lost\ \alpha_1]}$ 4.24 $_{-\alpha_1}$

चित्तानन्दं ततो जित्वा सहजानन्दसंभवः। दोषदुःस्वजरामृत्युक्षुधानिद्राविवर्जितः॥ 4.25 - α_1

heading: ghaṭāvasthā cett.] khaṭavasthā α_3 ghaṭā arthaḥ α_2 ghaṭarakṣā Δ ghaṭaḥ β_1 **22a dvitīyāyāṃ** $\alpha_1 B \Gamma \delta_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta g^c \chi$] dvitīyā $\delta_1 \zeta_3^{gc}$ dvitīye η_2 dvitī α_2 **ghaṭī** cett.] ghaṃṭi ζ_3 ghaṭāṃ ζ_2 ghaṭikā α_2 sphuṭī \to bheda η_2 **kṛtya** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 BΓΔε_1\zeta_2\chi$] kṛtvā ζ_3 mukte tu η_2 **22c dṛḍhāsano** cett.] haṭhāsano η₂ **22d deva** cett.] devah β_{ω} deha $\beta_1\beta_2\delta_2\eta_2$ tadā $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\chi$] tathā $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ 23a granthes tadā $\alpha_1\beta_1$] granthis tadā β_ω granthe sadā ζ_2 granthes tathā $\alpha_2 \eta_2$ granthe tathā ϵ_1 granther yadā β_2 granthir yadā $\Gamma \Delta \zeta_3$ granthes tato χ **bhedāt** $\alpha_1 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$ bhidā α_2 bhinnaḥ $\Gamma\Delta$ bhinnā ζ_3 23b paramānanda cett.] sadānandasya ζ_2 sūcakaḥ cett.] sūcakā«ḥ» ζ_3 kārakaḥ β_2 23c atiśūnye $A\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] atiśūnya $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_3\eta_2$ amtyaśūnye β_2 api śūnyo vimardas ca $\alpha_1\alpha_3$ Bx] vimardas ya α_2 'sammarda ζ_2 visammarde ε_1 visammardo η_2 vibhedaś ca $\Gamma \Delta \zeta_3$ 23d tadā $\alpha_1 B \zeta_3 \chi$] tathā $\alpha_3 \Gamma \Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ tatho α_2 heading: atha cett. tathā β_2 om. $\delta_2 \chi$ paricayāvasthā cett.] paricayah $\beta_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ om. χ 24a trtīyāyām tato bhittvā $\alpha_1 B \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$] tṛtīyāyāṃ tathā bhitvā α_2 karṇikāṃ tu tato bhittvā Γ karttikāyāṃ tato bhittvā ζ_2 atha granthitrayam bhittvā η_2 tṛtīyāyām tu vijñeyo χ **24b vihāyo** $\alpha_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \chi$] vihāya $\Gamma \zeta_3$ vikāryo β_1 vimalo Δ vimāyo β_{ω} visphāro β_2 jāyate η_2 mardala $\alpha_2 \mathrm{B} \Gamma \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] maddala ϵ_1 mandala Δ **dhvani** cett.] dhvani γ_2 dhvani $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ 24c mahāśūnyam cett.] mahāśūnya $\beta_1 \zeta_3$ mahāśūnyas ϵ_1 $tad\bar{a} \alpha_2 B\epsilon_1 \chi$] tathā $\Gamma \zeta_2$ tato Δ tayā ζ_3 samā η_2 **yāti** cett.] jāti **24d** sarvasiddhi cett.] mahāsiddhi β_{ω} siddhisādha° β_2 sarva ζ_2 samāśrayam cett.] samāśriyam β_1 matāśrayāt α_2 kam āśrayam β_2 25a cittānandam $\alpha_3\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\chi$] cidānaṃda $α_2β_ωζ_3$ vivarttānaṃdaṃ $β_1$ ciṃtāmanas $η_2$ virāmānaṃ $ζ_2$ tato cett.] tadā χ jitvā $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] bhittvā $\Gamma \Delta$ **25b saṃbhavaḥ** cett.] saṃbhava $\beta_1 \zeta_2$ 25c doşaduhkha cett.] doşaduhkham β_1 dokhaduhkhe γ_1 **jarāmṛtyu** $\alpha_3 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] jarāmṛtyuh $\alpha_2 \zeta_2$ jarāvyādhi χ kṣudhānidrā $\Gamma\Delta$ **25d kṣudhānidrā** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kṣudhātṛṣā β_ω jarāmṛtyu $\Gamma\Delta$ **vivarjitaḥ** cett.] °tāḥ β_2 °taṃ β_ω tṛṣā tathā η_2

अथ निष्पत्त्यवस्था |8 (om. χ)

रुद्रग्रन्थिं ततो भित्त्वा सर्वपीठगतोऽनिलः । निष्पत्तौ वैणवः शब्दः क्रणद्वीणाक्रणोः भवेत ॥

 $4.26 - \alpha_1$

एकीभृतं तदा चित्तं राजयोगाभिधायकम् । सिष्टसंहारकर्तासौ योगीश्वरसमो भवेत् ॥ (bcd om. β1) (om. ζ2ζ3)

 $4.27 - \alpha_1$

अथ नादानुसंधानम् । (E)

राजयोगपदप्राप्तौ सुखोपायोऽल्पचेतसाम् । सद्यःप्रत्ययसंधायी जायते नादजो लयः ॥ (Вɛ₁ɛ₂ζ₂ζʒη₂χ) [after 4.28 B] [cf. 4.35] 4.27*1

(Verses 4.28–4.35*8 are found before 4.75 in $\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$)

अस्तु वा मास्तु वा मुक्तिरत्रैवाखण्डितं महत्। लयामृतमयं सौख्यं राजयोगादवाप्यते ॥⁹ (om. β1)

heading: nispattyavasthā $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma$] nihpatti-avasthā α_2 nisthāvasthā Δ nispattih $\beta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ 26a tato cett.] yadā χ **bhittvā** cett.] bhūtvā ζ_2 **26b** sarva cett.] śarva χ satva β_1 gato'nilah cett.] gatonalah γ_2 gatānilah ϵ_1 gatānila $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega}$ 26c nispattau $\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \chi$] nispannau $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ nişpanno $\varepsilon_1\eta_2$ nişpatto γ_1 nişthāto Δ vaiņavaḥ śabdaḥ cett.] vaiņavaśabdaḥ γ_2 vauņāvat sado α_2 venacašabdam γ_1 **26d kvaņadvīņākvaņo** $\zeta_3\chi$] kvaņan vīņakvaņo ε_1 kanatvītakvaņo ζ_2 kvanadvīņotvaņo γ_2 kvaņan vītah kvaņo β_1 kvacid vīņākvaņo β_2 kvaņatuvītakvaņo $β_ω$ kvaṇantenākvuņo $η_2$ kvaṇadvīṇāsamo Δ karṇavīṇādgato $γ_1$ kṛṇanityakṛṇo $α_2$ cett.] °dayah β_2 27a tadā $\alpha_2 B \epsilon_1 \chi$] tathā $\alpha_3 \Gamma \Delta \eta_2$ 27b rājayogā cett.] rājayoga η_2 rā**bhidhāyakam** $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\varepsilon_{1}$] vidhāyakaḥ α_{2} bhidhāyanaṃ γ_{1} bhidhānakaṃ $\alpha_{3}\beta_{2}\Delta\eta_{2}\chi$ **27c kartāsau** cett.] karttasau γ₁ karttāso β_ω **27*1a padaprāptau** $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2$] padaprāptā ε_1 padaprāptah ζ_2 padam prāptam β_{ω} padam prāptum $\eta_2 \chi$ padam prāpti ζ_3 27*1b sukhopāyo'lpa $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] sukhopāyogya β_ω 27*1c saṃdhāyī $\beta_2\beta_\omega\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] saṃdhāyi $\beta_1\zeta_3$ saṃdayī **27*1d jāyate** B $\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] līyate ϵ_1 sevyate η_2 **nādajo layaḥ** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\zeta_2\chi$] nādayo layaḥ $\beta_1\eta_2 \ \ \text{n\bar{a}dam\bar{u}lay\bar{a}} \ \ \epsilon_2 \ \ \text{n\bar{a}tra} \ \text{saṃśayaḥ} \ \ \zeta_3 \qquad \textbf{28a m\bar{a}stu} \ \ \alpha_2\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi \big] \ \ \text{mastu} \ \ \beta_\omega\zeta_3$ $\alpha_2\beta_2\delta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] muktis ζ_3 muktim β_ω śaktir Γ kimcid δ_1 **28b atraivākhaņḍitaṃ** $\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\chi$] atraiva khanditam $\alpha_2 \gamma_2$ atra vākhanditam η_2 ātrevikhanditam γ_1 tatraivākhanditam $\beta_{\omega} \zeta_3$ mahat cett.] marut γ_1 manaḥ β_2 bhavet δ_1 sukham χ **28c layāmṛtamayaṃ** $\alpha_2\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] layāmṛtalayam β_ω layāmṛtam idam $\gamma_2\Delta$ layāmṛdaṃmitam γ_1 layāmṛtakaram η_2 layodbhavam idam χ saukhyaṃ cett.] sokhyaṃ γ₁ sauṣyaṃ α₂γ₂η₂ saukṣaṃ ζ₂ **28d rājayogād avāpyate** cett.] rājayogam avāpyate η_2 om. δ_1

 $^{^8}$ In $\alpha_2 \mathrm{B} \gamma_2 \Delta$ the heading is found after the first line of 4.26.

 $^{^9}$ In ζ_2 , this verse is followed by the letters ४६০ सं क and the verses 4.29–4.30. With this, the 346th folio of the ms has just been filled, the text of Haṭhapradīpikā ends without a colophon and another text begins in the next folio.

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हठं विना राजयोगो राजयोगं विना हठः।
4.29 - \alpha_1
राजयोगमजानन्तः केवलं हठकर्मठाः।
ये त तान्कर्षकान्मन्ये प्रयासफलवर्जितान् II (om. ΓΔ) [ζ2 ends with this]
                                                                                4.30 - \alpha_1
[Alt] हठं विना राजयोगं राजयोगं विना हठम्।
ये वै चरन्ति तान्मन्ये प्रयासफलवर्जितान् \parallel (\Gamma \wedge)^{11}
                                                                                4.30*1
तत्त्वं बीजं हठ: क्षेत्रमौदासीन्यं जलं त्रिभि:।
उन्मनीकल्पलतिका सद्य एवोद्धविष्यति ॥ (om है)
                                                                                4.31 - \alpha_1
राजयोगः समाधिश्च उन्मनी च मनोन्मनी ।
अमरोघोऽपि चाद्वैतं निरालम्बं निरञ्जनम् II [as 4.0*3 in ε₁ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ; twice β₂]
                                                                                4.32 - \alpha_1
अमनस्को लयस्तत्त्वं शुन्याशुन्यं परं पदम्।
जीवन्मक्तिश्च सहजं तर्यं चेत्येकवाचकाः ॥ [as 4.0*4 in \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi; twice \beta_2]
                                                                                4.33 - \alpha_1
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30b karmaṭhāḥ $β_1ε_1ζ_3$] karmaṭhaḥ $α_2$ karmacā $ζ_2$ karmaṇā $β_2β_ω$ karmaṇaḥ $η_2$ karmiṇaḥ χ**30c ye tu tān karşakān manye** $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1$] ye tu tān karkaśān manye $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ ye ca te kāmukān manne α_2 ye tumgan karmavasan manye η_2 etan abhyasino manye χ lac. β_{ω} 30d prayasaphalavarjitan (°tāḥ η_2) $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] prāyaśaḥ phalavarjitāḥ β_2 prayāsakalavarjitāḥ α_2 lac. β_{ω} vinā $\Gamma \delta_2$] om. δ_1 rājayogam $\gamma_2 \delta_2$] rājayogo γ_1 om. δ_1 30*1b haṭham $\gamma_2 \Delta$] haṭhaḥ γ_1 **30*1c vai** $\gamma_1 \Delta$] cai γ_2 caranti Δ] varamti Γ manye $\gamma_1 \Delta$] madhye γ_2 **30*1d phala** $\gamma_2 \Delta$] **31a tattvaṃ** cett.] tattva $\gamma_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1$ hatha $\beta_1\chi$] hatha $\alpha_2\beta_1\Gamma\epsilon_1\zeta_3$ hatham $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ 31b audāsīnyam $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\eta_2\chi$ audāsinyam $\alpha_2\beta_1\zeta_3$ audāsinyam α_3 audāsīnya ϵ_1 «sau»dāmanyam **jalam tribhih** $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] layam tribhih ε_1 jalam smrtam $\alpha_3\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1$ 31d evodbhavişyati $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2$] evādbhaviṣyati β_1 eva bhaviṣyati $\alpha_3\Gamma$ eva pravartate χ 32a rājayogah $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \Delta$ rājayoga $\alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_2 \gamma_1$ ca $\beta_{\omega} \Gamma \Delta$ cā (cānmatī!) β_1 ca hy β_2 ca py α_2 raugho'pi cādvaitam β_{ω} (amaro')] amarodyo pi cādvaitam $\alpha_2\beta_1$ amaraughāpi cādvaitam β_2 amaraudhyaighacāṃdrī ca γ_2 araughaughatvīṃdrī ca γ_1 amaroly abhicāndrī ca Δ 32d nirālambaṃ α_2 BΓ] nirālambo Δ nira $\tilde{\mathbf{n}}$ janam cett.] nirāmayam α_2 33a amanasko β_2 δ₁] amarasko α_2 amanaskau γ_1 amanaskam δ_2 layas tattvam B] layas tatra α_2 layas caiva $\gamma_2\Delta$ lyayās caiva γ_1 33b śūnyāśūnyam $\alpha_2\beta_1\gamma_2\Delta$] śūnyāśūnya $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1$ śūnyāc chūnyam β_2 param padam $\alpha_2\alpha_3B$] 33c jīvanmuktiś ca $\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \Delta$] jīvanmuktaś ca α_3 jīvanmuktiḥ parāparam $\gamma_1 \Delta$ parāvaram γ_2 **33d turyam** $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \beta_1 \Gamma \delta_2$] turyām β_2 turjām δ_1 tuskam β_{ω} **cety eka** $\alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta$] .. ty eka $α_3$ vatyaka $γ_1$ caiyeka $β_ω$ **vācakāḥ** $γ_1$] vācakaḥ $α_2$ vācakāḥ $γ_2$ vācakaḥ $α_3$ Β Δ

The verse is abbreviated with *haṭhaṃ vinā rājayoga iti* in $\zeta_2\zeta_3$, probably because it is same as 2.77.

¹¹ $\Gamma\Delta$ have this verse in place of 4.29–4.30.

उन्मन्यवाप्तये शीघ्रं मार्गों द्वौ मम संमतौ । ($ab\ om.\ \Gamma\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) तत्त्वं परमसौख्यं वा नादोपासनमेव च ॥ ($cd\ om.\ \Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)	4.34 - 0
सौख्यप्रविष्टचित्तानां मूढानामपि संमतम् । (ab om. $\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$) सद्यआनन्दसंथायी जायते नादजो लयः ॥ (cd om. $\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)	4.35 - a
एकं सृष्टिमयं बीजं एका मुद्रा च खेचरी। एको देवो निरालम्ब एकावस्था मनोन्मनी II (ε1ε2ζ3η2) [= 3.49]	4.35*1
शङ्खदुन्दुभिनादं च न शृणोति कदाचन । काष्ठवज्ञायते देह उन्मन्यावस्थया ध्रुवम् ॥ $(B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi)$	4.35*2
सर्वावस्थाविनिर्मुक्तः सर्वचिन्ताविवर्जितः । मृतवित्तष्ठते योगी स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः ॥ ($\mathrm{B}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)	4.35*3
$(\chi$ has Vulg 4.108 $kh\bar{a}dyate$ na ca $k\bar{a}lena$ here)	
न हि जानाति शीतोष्णं न दुःखं न सुखं तथा।	
न मानं नापमानं च योगी युक्तः समाधिना $ (B \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi) $	4.35*4

34a unmanyavāptaye $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] unmanyā__ye β_2 unmanyavāsayet δ_1 unmanyaye α_3 34b mārgau dvau $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1$] mārgo dvau β_ω mārgā.. α_3 dvau mārgau δ_1 bhrūdhyānam χ mama saṃmatau $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$ ε₁] myama saṃ[m]. + α_3 mamatau β_2 samasaṃmatau $\beta_1\delta_1$ mama saṃ-**34c saukhyaṃ** $β_2Γε_2$] sākhyaṃ $α_2$ sāṃkhyaṃ $β_ωε_1$ vāgraṃ $β_1$ 34d ca $\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma$] vā **35a saukhya** $\beta_2 \gamma_1 \varepsilon_2$] saukhyā γ_2 sāṃkhya $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ sāṃkhyaṃ ε_1 sākṣaṃ α_2 $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\epsilon_1] \ \text{pravṛṣṭa} \ \alpha_2 \ \text{pratṛṣṭha} \ \beta_1\gamma_1 \qquad \textbf{35c sadya} \ \alpha_2B\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_1] \ \text{satyam} \ \Gamma \qquad \bar{\textbf{a}} \textbf{nanda} \ \alpha_2B\Gamma\delta_3\epsilon_1]$ **saṃdhāyī** $\alpha_3 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_3$] saṃdhyāyī γ_1 saṃdāyī $\beta_1 \epsilon_1$ sadāyī β_{ω} saṃdāyi β_2 saṃdāï ādāya δ_1 **35d jāyate** cett.] jāvate δ_1 **nādajo** $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_1$] nādato β_1 natato α_2 $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\eta_2$] tu ζ_3 35*1c nirālamba $\zeta_3\eta_2$] nirālambo hy $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ 35*2a nādam ca $\beta_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nādaś **35*2c kāṣṭhavaj jāyate** $\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kāṣṭhavaj jñāyate ε_1 sthāṇuvad varca $β_ω ε_1$ nādāṃś ca $β_2$ tate β_2 sthāṇuvarddhattayed β_1 sthāṇu vardhate β_ω **deha** $\eta_2\chi$] dehe ζ_3 nādam $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ yogī hy 35^*2d °vasthayā B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] vasthāyām η_2 35^*3b vivarjitaḥ $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] vivarjitam $\textbf{35*3c mṛtavat} \ \ \epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi] \ \ k\bar{a}s\bar{t}havat \ \ B \qquad \textbf{tiṣṭhate} \ \ \beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi] \ \ tis\bar{t}hayed \ \beta_\omega \ \ vartate \ \ \epsilon_1$ 35*4a hi jānāti $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] vijānāti $\zeta_3 \chi$ hi jānaṃti β_ω 35*4b na duḥkhaṃ na sukhaṃ $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] na duḥkhaṃ sukham eva vā $ε_2$ na ca duḥkhaṃ sukhaṃ $β_ω$ 35*4c na mānaṃ nāpamānaṃ $ζ_3χ$] na mānam nāvamānam $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ na mānam cāpamānam β_1 na ca mānāpamānam β_ω 35*4d yuktah $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\chi$] muktah $\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$ yukti β_ω

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अवेध्यः सर्वशस्त्राणामवध्यः सर्वदेहिनाम् । अग्राह्यो मन्त्रतन्त्राणां योगी युक्तः समाधिना ॥ (\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi)^{12} 4.35*5 न गन्धं न रसं रूपं न स्पर्शं न च निस्वनम् । नात्मानं न परं वेत्ति योगी युक्तः समाधिना ॥ (\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\chi) 4.35*6 (\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\text{ have 4.76 praveśe nirgame vāme here) चित्तं न सुप्तं नो जाग्रत् स्मृतिमन्न च नान्यथा । (ab\ om.\ \epsilon_2) नास्तमेति न चोदेति यस्यासौ सुक्त एव सः ॥ (B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi) 4.35*7 स्वस्थो जाग्रदवस्थायां सुप्तवद्योऽवितष्ठते । निःस्वासोच्छासहीनश्च निश्चितं सुक्त एव सः ॥ (B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi) 4.35*8
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35*5a avedhyaḥ em. (cf. VM)] avadhyaḥ ζ_3 η₂χ adhyāpyāḥ ε_1 adhyāpah ε_2 śastrāṇām cett.] śāstrānām ε₁ **35*5b** avadhyaḥ $ε_1 ζ_3 η_2$] aśakyaḥ χ **35*5c** agrāhyo cett.] *om.* $ε_1$ mantratantrānām $\zeta_3 \eta_2$] mantrayantrānām $\varepsilon_2 \chi$ om. ε_1 35*5d yuktah $\eta_2 \chi$] muktah ζ_3 om. ε_1 35*6b na sparśam na ca nisvanam (cf. VM) em.] na sparśam na ca na śrutam (the first na om. β_{ω}) $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ na ca sparśam na nihsvanam χ 35*6c na param $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \chi$ paramam β_{ω} 35*6d yuktah $[\varepsilon_1 \chi]$ muktaḥ $[\varepsilon_2]$ yukti $[\beta_{\omega}]$ **35*7b smṛtiman na ca** $ε_1$] smṛtyamanna $β_2$ sṛtinannaṃ ca $β_ω$ smṛtivarṇaṃ ca ζ_3 na smṛtir na ca β_1 smṛtivismṛti χ spṛśati vastu ca η_2 **nānyathā** Bε₁ $\zeta_3\eta_2$] varjitam 35*7c nāstam eti $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] na vāstum eti η_2 na cāstam eti χ na codeti $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] na cādeti β_{ω} nodeti χ 35*7d yasyāsau $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] yathāsau η_2 illeg. β_{ω} mukta eva saḥ cett.] illeg. β_{ω} 35*8a svastho $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \chi$] svapno β_1 svapne ϵ_2 supto β_2 svecchā ζ_3 35*8b suptavad yo $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] suptavadhyo β_2 suptah sadyo ζ_3 pūrvavad yo ϵ_2 'vatiṣṭhate $\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] vatisthati $\beta_1\beta_2$ 35*8c nihsvāsocchvāsa $\zeta_3\chi$] niśvāsocchvāsa $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ niśvāsośvāsa β_ω nisvāsośvaḥsa β_1 niḥśvāsaśvāsa β_2 hīnaś ca $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3\chi$] hīnas tu $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1$ hīnasya ϵ_2 35*8d niścitaṃ $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] niścito β_ω niścitto β_1 niścesto β_2

¹² In $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ this verse is transposed with the next one.

नादानुसंधानसमाधिभाजां	
योगीश्वराणां हृदये प्ररूढम् ।	
आनन्दमेकं वचसामवाच्यं	
जानाति तं श्रीगुरुनाथ एव ॥ (cd om. $lpha_2$)	$4.36 - \alpha_1$
मुक्तासनस्थितो योगी मुद्रां संधाय शांभवीम् । शृणुयाद्दक्षिणे कर्णे नादमन्तर्गतं सदा ॥ $(\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \Delta E \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2)$ [cf. 4.13]	4.36*1
सर्वचिन्तां परित्यज्य सावधानेन चेतसा। नाद एवानुसंधेयो योगसाम्राज्यमिच्छता॥ वfter 4.18 ε1ζ2ζ3η2]	4.37
कर्णो पिधाय तूलेन यं शृणोति ध्वनिं मुनिः । तत्र चित्तं स्थिरीकुर्याद्यावित्थिरपदं व्रजेत् ॥ (от. ŋ2)	4.38

36b hṛdaye prarūḍham α₂β₂βωγ₂Δε₁ζ₃] hṛdayaprarūḍham β₁γ₁ hṛdi vardhamānam ζ₂η₂χ 36c avācyam cett.] avākyam ζ₂ agamyam β₂χ 36d jānāti cett.] jānāty a° β₁β₂ jānamti $tam \ \text{\'sr} \ \beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi] \ \text{``tah \'sr} \ \beta_2 \ \text{``tītam } \beta_1 \ tatvam \ \text{\'sr} \ \gamma_1 \ tattvam \ \Delta \qquad gurun \ atha \ cett.]$ guṇanātha Δ eva $\alpha_1 B \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$] evaṃ γ_1 ekaḥ $\zeta_2 \chi$ ekaṃ η_2 36*1a muktāsanasthito mudrāsanasthite γ₁ **36*1d antargatam sadā** $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] antargatam mahat $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ antastham ekadhī β₁ 37b sāvadhānena cett.] sarvadānena $\zeta_2 \eta_2$ 37c nāda evānusamd**heyo** $AB\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] nādam evānusaṃdhe (yo om. by haplogr.) ζ_2 nādam evānusaṃdhatte $\delta_1\eta_2$ 37d sāmrājyam cett.] samrājyam δ_1 samrājam β_2 icchatā $\alpha_1 B \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] icchatām $\alpha_3 \zeta_2$ icchati $\gamma_1 \eta_2$ ișțată α_2 **38a karņau** cett.] karņo $\alpha_1 \gamma_1$ karņā α_3 karņa β_1 $\alpha_1 B \Gamma \delta_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] pidhāna α_3 pi δ_1 nidhāya α_2 **tūlena** $\alpha_3 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2$] tulyena β_1 mūlena $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_1$ hastena Γ hastābhyāṃ $β_2δ_2χ$ hastābhya[ṃ] $δ_1$ śū_na $ζ_3$ 38b yaṃ $α_1α_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] yaḥ $α_3β_2ΓΔ$ sam β_1 sa β_{ω} **dhvanim munih** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] dhvanim munim γ_1 munir dhvanim γ_2 38c tatra cittam cett.] tatra cimtām $\alpha_2\beta_1$ sthirī $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\epsilon_2\chi$] sthiram $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3$ sthitam ϵ_1 **38d sthirapadam** cett.] sthiparamam β_{ω} vrajet cett.] bhavet $\zeta_2\zeta_3$

 $^{^{\}rm 13}\,$ This verse is transposed with the next one in B.

अभ्यस्यमानो नादोऽयं बाह्यमावृणुते [#] ध्वनिम् । पक्षाद्विक्षेपमखिल्ठं जित्वा योगी सुखी भवेत् ॥	4.39
श्रूयते प्रथमाभ्यासे नादो नानाविधो महान् । वर्धमाने ततोऽभ्यासे श्रूयते सूक्ष्मसूक्ष्मतः ॥	4.40
आदौ जलिधजीमूतभेरीनिर्झरसंभवाः । मध्ये मर्दलशंखोत्था* घण्टाकाहलजास्तथा ॥	4.41
अन्ते तु किङ्किणीवंशवीणाभ्रमरनिस्वनाः । इति नानाविधा नादाः श्रूयन्ते देहमध्यतः ॥	4.42
महति श्रूयमाणेऽपि मेघभेर्यादिकध्वनौ । तत्र सुक्ष्मात्सुक्ष्मतरं नादमेव परामुशेत् ॥	4.43

39a nādo cett. nātho γ_1 'yam cett.] yo β₂ **39b** bāhyam āvrnute $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \varepsilon_1 \chi$ bāhyanāvrnute β_1 bāhyanā nute γ_1 bāhyam āsrnute β_{ω} bāhyam ca sṛṇute α_2 bāhyamānasrnvate ζ_2 cānyam āśṛṇute η_2 bāhyam āvartaye $\delta_1\zeta_3$ bāhyād āvartayed δ_2 **dhvanim** $\alpha_1\gamma_2\Delta\zeta_3\eta_2\chi]$ dhvani γ_1 dhvani
h $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ dhvanim
h α_2 **39c** pakṣād/pakṣāt $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] paścād vikşepam akhilam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\delta_2\eta_2\chi$] vikşeyam akhilam γ_1 vikşepam atulam δ_1 vikşiptam a[nila]m α_3 viksiptam akhilam $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ viksyemanilam β_1 vipaksam akhilam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ vipaksayed enam **39d jitvā** cett.] jīvo η_2 **40a śrūyate** cett.] jāyate δ_2 **prathamābhyāse** cett.] prathame **40c vardhamāne tato'bhyāse** cett.] tato'bhyāse vardhamāne $\zeta_3 \chi$ bhyāse δ_1 prathamābhyāso α_1 **40d sūkṣmasūkṣmataḥ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2$] sūkṣmasūkṣmakaḥ $\gamma_2\zeta_3\chi$ sūjyasūjyakaḥ γ_1 sūkṣmataḥ **41a** jīmūta $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] jīmūte $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_1$ **41b** nirjhara $\beta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] nirjara δ_1 nirbhara β_ω nigama β_2 nisara α_2 rsara α_1 sarāva γ_1 śabdatu γ_2 bhūrbhūra δ_2 jharjhara χ saṃbhavāḥ $\beta_2\zeta_2\chi$] saṃbhavā $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1$ saṃbhavaḥ $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$ nisvanaḥ $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ 41c mardala cett.] maddala ε_1 mandala δ_2 **śaṃkhotthā** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] śaṃkhottha $\beta_1\beta_2^{pc}\beta_\omega\Delta\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ śaṃkhotha Γ śańkhottho β_2^{ac} śamkhoddhāh α_3 **41d kāhala** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] kāhāla $\alpha_1\beta_1$ kāhla γ_1 kalaha Δ kolāha η_2 "jās $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ B χ] jas $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1$ kās $\alpha_3\zeta_2\zeta_3$ las η_2 s tathā cett.] tatah β_2 **42a** ante $AB\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] anye $\zeta_2\eta_2$ avai γ_1 **vaṃśa** $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] vṛnda $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \Delta$ bṛṃdā α_3 vaṃda β_1 śabda α_2 **42b** vīṇā ABΓ Δ ε₁η₂χ] nādā ζ₂ζ₃ **nisvanā** $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2$] nisvanā $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ nisvanaḥ $\gamma_2\delta_1$ niḥsvanāḥ $\zeta_3\chi$ niḥsvanā α_2 niḥsvanaḥ $\beta_1\gamma_1\delta_2$ 42c nānāvidhā $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi] \ \text{nānāvidho} \ \beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta \qquad \textbf{n\bar{a}d\bar{a}h} \ \alpha_1\beta_2\eta_2\chi] \ \text{n\bar{a}d\bar{a}} \ \alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\zeta_3 \ \text{n\bar{a}dah} \ \gamma_2\Delta \ \text{n\bar{a}dam}$ γ_1 vādāḥ ζ_2 42d śrūyante $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] śrūyate $\alpha_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2$ deha $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\chi$] yatra $\zeta_2\eta_2$ tatra ζ_3 madhyata $\dot{\eta}$ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] madhyaga $\dot{\eta}$ $\beta_2\chi$ madhyaga $\dot{\eta}$ $\Gamma\Delta$ cett.] mahatih α_2 mahatī ζ_3 om. β_2 śrūyamāņe/-māne cett.] [nya]yatamāne γ_1 'pi cett.] ti Γ pi nāde vai β_2 43b ādikadhvanau $\alpha_2 \Gamma \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \gamma_2$] ākadhvanau ϵ_1 ādike dhvanau $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \Delta \chi$ ādike dhṛti β_1 ādike svane ζ_3 ādidaṃ dhvanau α_1 43c tatra $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] tataḥ $\Gamma\Delta$ cett.] sūkṣmā $\alpha_2\zeta_2$ sūkṣmāṃ° β_1 sūkṣmaṃ η_2 om. β_1 sūkṣmataraṃ cett.] °taraṃ nādaṃ β_1 nādam eva η₂ 43d nādam eva cett.] nādam evam γ_2 paritopi η_2 parāmṛśet cett.] parāmṛṣet δ_1 parāmršam α_2 samabhyaset γ_2

घनमुत्सृज्य वा सूक्ष्मे सूक्ष्ममुत्सृज्य वा घने*। तौ त्यक्त्वा मध्यमे स्याद्वा मनो नान्यत्र चालयेत्॥ (от. δ_2)

यत्र कुत्रापि वा नादे लगति प्रथमं मनः। तत्रैव तत्स्थिरीभूत्वा तेन सार्थं विलीयते॥

 $(\epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \text{ have } 4.14-4.18 \text{ and } 4.37 \text{ here})$

मकरन्दं पिबन्भृङ्गो गन्धान्नापेक्षते यथा। नादासक्तं तथा चित्तं विषयात्र हि काङ्कते॥

($\Gamma\Delta$ have 4.55*4 nādakoṭisahasrāṇi here)

बद्धं विमुक्तचाञ्चल्यं नादगन्धकजारणात् । (ab om. ГД) मनःपारदमामोति निरालम्बाख्यखोटतां ॥ 4.47

4.46

44a ghanam cett.] dhvanam η_2 **vā sūkṣme** $\alpha_1 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] vā sūkṣmaṃ $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \Gamma \delta_1$ $A\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] ghanen β_ω ghanam $\Gamma\delta_1$ dhune η_2 44c 44c madhyame α_2] madhyama $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1$ madhyama«h» β₂ syād vā $\alpha_1 B$] syādau $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ syātaṃstā α_2 44c tau tyaktvā ... syād vā $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B\epsilon_1$] ramamāṇam api kṣipram $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ ramamāṇam api kṣiptam $\eta_2\chi$ param tatraiva nikṣipya $\Gamma\delta_1$ **44d nānyatra** cett.] nātra pra° $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ **cālayet** cett.] cālet η_2 vālayet γ_1 cālayan β_{ω} gati cett.] lagavi γ₁ lagnaṃti β₁ galati η₂ prathamaṃ cett.] prathame δ₁ manaḥ cett.] matah γ_1 45c tat $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] ta $\beta_\omega\zeta_2$ tā α_2 su° $\gamma_2\Delta\chi$ stu γ_1 niś° γ_2 sthirī cett.] sthiro ϵ_1 śarī ζ_2 °calo η_2 **bhūtvā** $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2]$ bhūya χ kuryāt $\Gamma\Delta$ **46a piban** cett.] pived α_2 piven ζ_2 **bhṛṅgo** ABε₁ $\zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] bhṛṅgī ΓΔ śṛṃgo ζ_2 **46b gandhān** $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_\omega \Delta \epsilon_1$] gandhaṃ $\gamma_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ gandha $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_1$ gandho β_1 nāpekṣate cett.] napekṣate γ_1 nopekṣate $\zeta_2\eta_2$ yathā cett.] 'nyathā ζ_2 yadā δ_2 **46c nādāsaktam** cett.] nādasaktam Γ **tathā** cett.] yathā β_2 **hi** cett.] naiva ζ_3 **kānkṣate** $\alpha_1 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \chi$] kānkṣati $\alpha_2 \Gamma \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ **47a baddhaṃ** $\alpha_2 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] buddham η_2 bamdham α_1 **vimukta** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\chi$] vimuktam ζ_2 viyuktam $\zeta_3\eta_2$ timukta β_ω **47b gandhaka** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] gandhena β_2 gandhāya β_1 **jāraṇāt** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] jīraṇāt $\beta_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ 47c mana $\dot{\beta}_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ mana $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ vona γ_1 om. δ_2 pāradam āpnoti $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] pārada āpnoti ζ_3 pāradham āpnoti β_ω pārajam āpnoti α_1 pākam avāpnoti $\gamma_2\delta_1$ cāvam avāpnoti γ_1 om. δ_2 47d nirālambākhya cett.] °āsthya β_1 °aratha α_2 om. δ_2 khoṭatāṃ $β_1β_ω$] khoṭatī $ζ_2$ khoṭakaṃ $ζ_3$ khe'ṭanaṃ χ khegataṃ $η_2$ ghoṭatāṃ $α_1β_2ε_1ε_2$ ghoṭatā $α_2$ ghoṭanam Γ gopitām α_3 codanam δ_1 om. δ_2

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बद्धः सुनादगन्धेन सद्यःसंत्यक्तचापलः । प्रयाति चेतःसूतेन्द्रः पक्षछित्र इति प्रथाम् ॥ (\text{Be}_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi) 4.47*1 नादश्रवणतश्चित्तमन्तरङ्गभुजङ्गमः । विस्मृत्य सर्वमेकाग्रः कुत्रचित्र हि धावति ॥ (om. \alpha_3) [after 4.49 \epsilon_1] 4.48 मनोमत्तगजेन्द्रस्य विषयोद्यानचारिणः । नियामनसमर्थोऽयं निनादो निशिताङ्कुशः ॥ 4.49 अन्तरङ्गस्य जविनो वाजिनः परिघायते । नादोपास्तिरतो नित्यमवधार्यापि योगिना ॥ 4.50
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 47^*1a baddha β βω ϵ_1 ζ2ζ3] baddhas β2 baddha η 2 baddha β 2 baddha β 1 hena $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] sunāde gandhena ζ_2 sunādavānpana β_1 sven nādagandhena η_2 tu nādagandhena $β_2$ tu nādabandhena χ suṃdhanādena $ζ_3$ 47*1b sadyaḥ $Bε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2$] manaḥ χ cāpala $\dot{\eta}$ B $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] cāpalam χ 47*1c ceta $\dot{\eta}$ sūtendra $\dot{\eta}$ ε_1] $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ sa tyakta β_{ω} cetaḥsuteṃdra β_{ω} cetaḥsūtrendre β_2 cetaḥśailendra ϵ_2 cet sthūlendraḥ β_1 sūtacittendraḥ ζ_3 sūtaś cittemdra ζ_2 svataś caikyam imdra η_2 sutarām sthairyam χ 47*1d pakṣachinna $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] iti prathām em. $(= M_1)$] iti prathā ε_2 dṛti pṛthāṃ pacchacchinna η₂ chinnapakṣaḥ χ lac. β_ω β_1 va patham β_2 iva prathām ϵ_1 iva prabhām ζ_2 ivāprabhuh ζ_3 iva parvatah drumāh η_2 khago yathā χ lac. β_{ω} 48a nādaśravaṇataś cittam $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\zeta_3$] nādaḥ śravaṇataś cittam ζ_2 nādaḥ śravanatahś citam β_{ω} nādah śravanañ vittamm α_2 nadaśravanakyc cittam ϵ_1 nādaśravanaś cittam matam γ_1 nādena praņatam cittam η_2 nādaśravaṇataḥ kṣipram χ 48b antaraṅga $\alpha_1 \mathrm{B}\Gamma \delta_2 \varepsilon_1 \chi$] anataraṃga α_2 aṃtaraṃgaṃ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ aṃtaraṃgā η_2 aṃtaraṃ sa δ_1 bhujangamah cett.] turangamah $\gamma_2 \delta_2$ turangavah γ_1 48c vismṛtya $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] saṃsmṛtya $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \varepsilon_1$ viśūnyaṃ **sarvam** cett.] viśvam $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ ekāgra $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ $\alpha_1\chi$] ekāgra $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ B $\gamma_1\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2$ (e)kāgra α_2 ekāgryam γ_2 evāgrah ζ_3 evāgra ζ_2 49a manomatta cett.] manomantra γ_1 manonmatta $\beta_\omega \eta_2$ **49b vişayodyāna** cett.] vişayodyā β_2 vişayodhanu α_2 vişayodhāma β_{ω} vişayeşudra α_3 cett.] cāriņam β_1 cāraņā[h̩] α_3 vāriņah α_2 vāriņam γ_1 49c niyāmana $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_\omega\Delta$] niyāmane $\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$ nīyamānah η_2 niyamena $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2$ niryāmana γ_2 niryāsane ζ_2 niyamitra γ_1 samartho'yam χ samartho'yam cett.] samartheyam $ε_1$ niyamane χ 49d ninādo $α_1α_2 BΓΔε_1$] nināda $ζ_2ζ_3η_2χ$ **niśitāṅkuśaḥ** $\alpha_2 \mathrm{B}\Gamma \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] niśatāṅkuḥ ζ_2 niścayāṅkuśaḥ Δ niyatāṃkuśaḥ α_1 50a antaraṅga cett.] amtaramgam δ_1 nādomtaram η_2 **°sya javino** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1$] °sya javinah $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ °sya yamino χ °sya ca mano β_1 turaṅgasya $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3$ tu saṃgamya η_2 50b vājinaḥ $B\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kariṇaḥ $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ «ga»jasya ε_1 vijñānam $\Gamma\Delta$ parighāyate $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \chi$] parighātayah β_1 pariṣāyate β_2 paridhāyate $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\zeta_2\eta_2$ paridhāvataḥ ζ_3 parimeyate δ_1 parameyate δ_2 **50c nādopāstir ato** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] nādopāstivato Γ om. η_2 50d avadhāryāpi $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega$ δ_1 (1)] avadhāyāpi γ_2 (1) anadhāyāpi γ_1 (1) avadhāryo pi β_2 avadhāryā hi $\zeta_3\chi$ avagamyā hi $\delta_2\varepsilon_1$ Γ (2) avagamya hi δ_1 (2) avagamyaṃ hi **yoginā** α_2 Bχ] yogināṃ α_1 ε₁ζ₂ζ₃ yoginaḥ Γ δ₁ (1) yogibhiḥ δ₂ Γ δ₁ (2) om. η_2

¹⁴ In $\Gamma\Delta$, this verse and the following verse (4.50*1) are located after 4.52. However, the second half of the verse, without the first half, is also written here (except in δ_2). The text of the hemistich differs between the two instances. The last Pāda reads more or less *avadhāryāpi yoginaḥ* in the first occurrence (i.e., here), while it reads *avagamyā hi yogibhiḥ* in the second occurrence (i.e., after 4.52).

नादोऽन्तरङ्गसारङ्गबन्धने वागुरायते । अन्तरङ्गसुरङ्गस्य रोधे व्याधायतेऽपि च ॥ (om. A) (cd om. E) 4.50^*1 घण्टादिनादसक्तस्तब्धान्तः करणहरिणस्य । (a om. $\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) प्रहरणमितसुकरं स्याच्छरसंधाता प्रवीणश्चेत् ॥ (b om. $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) 4.51 [Alt1] अनाहतस्य शब्दस्य तस्य शब्दस्य यो ध्विनः । ध्वेनरन्तर्गतं ज्योतिर्ज्योतिरन्तर्गतं मनः । तन्मनो विलयं याति तद्विष्णोः परमं पदम् ॥ (AB $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\chi$) 4.52 [Alt2] अनाहतध्वनेरन्तर्ज्ञेयं यत्सूक्ष्मसूक्ष्मकम् । Π

 50^*1a nādo'ntaraṅga $β_1Γδ_2ε_1ζ_3χ$] nādotaraṅga $β_2β_ω$ nādāṃtaraṅga $ζ_2$ nādaturaṃga $δ_1$ om. $η_2$ sāranga cett.] om. η_2 50*1b bandhane cett.] bamdhana γ_1 bamdhana β_{ω} om. η_2 ate cett.] yāgurāyate γ_1 om. η_2 50*1c antaraṅga cett.] antaraṅgaṃ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ kurangasya $\zeta_3\chi$] turangasya B $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\eta_2$ 50*1d rodhe B ζ_2] rogo η_2 nādo ζ_3 vadhe χ bāhye γ_1 bodho γ_2 vyādhāyate $\zeta_3\chi$] vādhāyate β_ω vādyāyate β_1 pi pariṣā° β_2 vā gāyate ζ_2 °vabodhe δ_2 lac. δ_1 vā gīyate $η_2$ pi līyate Γ līyate $δ_2$ lac. $δ_1$ 'pi ca cett.] ti ca $β_1$ 'yate $β_2$ lac. $δ_1$ ināda (ādī α_1) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\chi$] ghaņṭānināda $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\varepsilon_1$ sakta βωχ] śakti α2 śaktaś ca α1 saktasya Γ δ₁ε₁ sadaṃkatā β ₁ kuliśa β ₂ **stabdhāntaḥ** χ] stabdhyaṃtaḥ β ₁ stadhyāṃta α ₂ stavyāṃtaḥ α_1 statravadhātah β_{ω} stabdhasyāntah ϵ_1 sabdāntah γ_1 śabdatah γ_2 śuddhāntah δ_1 pradhvānta β_2 karaṇahariṇasya $β_1β_ωε_1χ$] karaṇaṃ hariṇasya $α_1$ karaṇaṃ mṛgasya $α_2$ hariṇasya ca $β_2$ karaṇasya ca $\gamma_2 \delta_1$ karanasya na γ_1 **51b** atisukaram B ε_1] atisukasteram α_1 avisukaranam α_2 api sukaram syāc chara $\alpha_1\beta_1\varepsilon_1\chi$] syāt sadṛ° β_2 syāra β_{ω} chara α_2 saṃdhātā $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1$] "saṃ dhātā β_2 saṃdhā α_2 saṃdhāna χ 52a anāhatasya śabdasya $A\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\chi$] anāhatas tu yaḥ śabdas β_2 **52b tasya śabdasya yo dhvani** $\mathfrak{p}_{\alpha_2}\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$ tasya śabdasya yā dhvani \mathfrak{p}_{α_1} tasya śabdasya ca dhvani \mathfrak{p}_{α_2} α_1 tasya yo dhvaniḥ α_3 śabdasyāṃtargato dhvaniḥ β_ω śabdasyāṃganabho dhvaniḥ β_1 dhvanir ya **52c dhvaner** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1\chi$ γ_{1pc}] dhvanir $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_\omega\Gamma$ **jyotir** $\alpha_3\gamma_1\delta_2\epsilon_1$] jyoti $\gamma_2\delta_1$ jñeyam $\alpha_1\chi$ geyam $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ om. $\alpha_2\beta_2$ 52d jyotirantar $\Gamma\epsilon_1$] jyoterantar $\beta_2\Delta$ yotiramtar α_2 jyoti... α_3 jñeyasyāntar χ geyasyāntar $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ yasyāmtvamtar α_1 52e tan mano vilayam $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2$ tan mano nilayam ε_1 tan mamnam vilayam α_2 yan mano vilayam $\beta_2\gamma_1\Delta$ manas tatra **52*1b** °r jñeyam yat $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] °r geyam yat ε_1 yāti $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\Delta\varepsilon_1\chi$] yāmti $\alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_2$ °m āpnuyāt ε₂ **sūkṣmakam** $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] sūkṣmataḥ $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$

¹⁵ In ε₁, the first hemistich is found between 4.50ab and cd, and the second hemistich is omitted; In Bχ, the whole verse is found before 4.50; η₂ merges the two verses into one: nādo'ntaraṃ tu samgamya vājinaḥ paridhāyate | antaraṅgaturaṃgasya rogo vā gīyate pi ca ||

¹⁶ In $β_ω ε_1$ this verse is found after 4.35.

¹⁷ हा has both versions – Alt 2 here and Alt 1 after 4.55*3 (preceded by three additional lines: विन्दुर्भिद्यति नादेन स नादः खेन भिद्यते । ॐकारध्वनिनादेन वायुस्संहरणान्तिकं । निरालंबं समुद्दिश्य यत्र नादो लयं गतः ॥) –, while ह्रश्च have Alt 2 only.

तावदाकाशसंकल्पो यावच्छब्दः प्रवर्तते । निःशब्दं तत्परं ब्रह्म परमात्मा समीर्यते ॥ (от. δ2)	4.53
यत्किंचिन्नादरूपेण श्रूयते शक्तिरेव सा । यस्तच्छ्रोता निराकारः स एव परमेश्वरः ॥ $_{(om. \ \delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)}$	4.54
श्रवणमुखनयननासानिरोधनं नैव कर्तव्यम् । शुद्धसुषुम्णासरणौ स्फुटममलः श्रूयते नादः ॥ [after 4.12 in Βε1ζ2ζ3η2χ]	4.55
नादः शक्तिरिति ख्यातो नादज्ञानं सदाशिवः । ज्ञेये ज्ञाने च नष्टे तु उन्मन्येवावशिष्यते ॥ $(B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)$	4.55*1
नादो यावन्मनस्तावन्नादान्ते तु मनोन्मनी। सशब्दं कथितं व्योम निःशब्दं ब्रह्म कथ्यते॥ (Βειε2ζ2ζ3η2)	4.55*2
सदा नादानुसंधानात् संक्षीणे वासनाचये । निरञ्जने विलीयेते निश्चितं मनमारुतौ ॥ (В६,८,८४,०)	4.55*3

53a tāvad \bar{a}° cett.] bhāvanā $^{\circ}$ η_2 53b yāvac chabda $\dot{\mu}$ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] yāvad bandha $\dot{\mu}$ δ_1 yā-53c tat param cett.] paramam γ₁ 53d paramātmā cett.] paramātme° **samīryate** $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2$] samīyate $\alpha_2\beta_1\gamma_1\delta_1$ °yam īryate β_2 samīkṣate α_3 °numīyate $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ °ti **54a** yat $A\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\epsilon_1\chi$] om. β_ω nāda $AB\epsilon_1\chi$] nāma $\Gamma\delta_1$ 54c yas tacchrotā $\alpha_1\beta_1\Gamma\epsilon_1$] yas tatsrotā β_2 yat ta[cch]roto δ_1 yac chrotā ca β_ω yasmin śrato α_2 yas tattvānto χ **55a mukha** $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ Bε₁ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$] puṭa Γ $\Delta\eta_2\chi$ **nayana** cett.] nayanayugala $\eta_2\chi$ nāsā cett.] ghrāna nirodhanam naiva kartavyam $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] nirodham naiva kartavyam α_1 nirodhanenaiva kartavyam β_{ω} mukhapuṭasaṃrodhanam kāryam $\Gamma\delta_2$ mukhapuṭarodhane kāryam δ_1 mukharodhanam eva kartavyam η₂ mukhānām nirodhanam kāryam χ **55b śuddha** cett.] śrīśuddha Γ saranau $\gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \chi$] śarane $\zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$ tsaranah α_1 susumnā cett.] susumūņau γ₁ śarada α_2 saraṇaiḥ α_3 tmaśaraṇaiḥ β_2 tmakārausaṃ β_1 maraṇai β_ω om. γ_1 sphutam amalah $A\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] saṃsphurad amalaḥ β_2 vimalaḥ saṃ° ζ_3 vimalaḥ ζ_2 55*1a nādaḥ $β_2β_ωζ_3η_2$] **khyāto** $\zeta_3\eta_2$] khyātā $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ kṣāto ζ_2 jñeyaṃ β_1 jñeyā β_2 jñeya β_ω nāda $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$ **dajñānaṃ** $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃] nādo jñānaṃ $\beta_2\eta_2$ 55*1c jñeye jñāne ca naṣṭe tu ε_1] jñeyajñāne ca nașțe ca $\,\varepsilon_2\,$ jñeye jñāne vilineṃta $\,\beta_\omega\,$ jñeye jñāne vilīnīṃta $\,\beta_1\,$ jñeyo jñāne vilīne tu $\,\beta_2\,$ nādajñāne ca neșțe tad ζ_2 nādajñāne vinașțe ca tad ζ_3 nādajñānena nașțena η_2 55*1d unmany $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3$ unmadhy ζ_2 hy unmany η_2 sonmany B **evāvašiṣyate** $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \eta_2$] edhāvašiṣyate ζ_2 avāvašiṣyate β_{ω} enāvašişyati β_1 eva šişyate ζ_3 55*2b nādānte tu $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2$] nādānte ca ζ_3 nādātīte β_2 **55*2d kathyate** B $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] ucyate $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ **55*3b** saṃkṣīṇe $Bε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2$] kṣīyante χ **vāsanā**caye $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] vāsanodaye η_2 vāsanāvayo β_ω vāsanākṣaye ζ_2 vāsanākṣaṇe ζ_3 pāpasaṃcayāḥ χ **55*3c vilīyete** $ε_1χ$] vilīyeta $β_2$ vilīyaṃte $β_1β_ω$ ca līyete $ζ_3η_2$ ca līyeta $ε_2ζ_2$ manamārutau $ε_1$] niścitaṃ manamārute $ε_2$ niścitta manamārutau $ζ_2$ niścitau manamārutau $η_2$ niścitam māruto mana β_1 niścita māruto mana β_{ω} niścitam cittamārutau $\zeta_3 \chi$ marutā niścitam manaḥ β₂

नादकोटिसहस्राणि बिन्दुकोटिशतानि च। सर्वे तत्र लयं यान्ति यत्र देवो निरञ्जनः ॥ (om. A) [after 4.46 Г∆]

4.55*4

इति नादानुसंधानम् ॥ ($B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)

 (β_{ω}) has Kālajñāna, Videhamuktikathana, and Kālavañcana sections here)

अथ राजयोगः । (६,६2)

(ε₁ε₂ has 1.64 yuvā vrddho 'tivrddho vā here. 18)

 $(\epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \text{ have } 4.77 \text{ sarve layahaṭhābhyāsāḥ and } 4.28 \text{ff. astu vā māstu vā here})$

सर्वे हठलयोपाया राजयोगपदावधि । राजयोगपदं प्राप्य जायतेऽसौ निरञ्जनः ॥ (B) [cf. 4.77]

4.55*5

काष्टगोष्टीप्रपञ्चेन $^{\#}$ किं सखे श्रूयतामिदम् । (ab om. α_2) पुरा मत्स्येन्द्रबोधार्थमादिनाथोदितं वचः ॥ (om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$) [after $4.0^*8\ \epsilon_1$] 4.56

55*4b bindu cett.] veda β_2 **55*4c sarve** cett.] sarvam γ_1 **yānti** cett.] 55*4d devo cett.] deve ϵ_1 deva $\beta_\omega \zeta_2$ nirañjanah cett.] nirañjane ε_1 ending: iti **nādānusaṃdhānam** $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \gamma_2 \chi$] iti nādānusaṃdhānavidhiḥ $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_2$ (found between Pāda ab and cd of the next verse β_2) iti nādānusaṃdhānāṃ yathā vṛddho veti ζ_2 iti nādānusaṃdhānaṃ yathā vṛddhaiḥ prabhāṣitam (metrical!) ζ₃ **55*****5a** haṭhalayopāyā $β_2β_ω$] haṭhalayā bhāvyā $β_1$ vadhi $β_1$] padāvadhi $β_2$ padāvadhi $β_ω$ **55*5d** 'sau $\beta_1\beta_2$] so β_{ω} 56a kāṣṭha $\alpha_1\alpha_3 B\Gamma \epsilon_1$] **goṣṭhī** $\Delta \varepsilon_1$] goṣṭhi $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \gamma_2$ goṣṭha $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_1$ mathnī β_1 mathnā β_2 $β_ω ε_1$] prapaṃce $α_1$ prasaṅgena $α_3 Γ Δ$ pravacane $β_1$ pravartaṃ $β_2$ 56b kiṃ sakhe śrūyatām idam $α_1α_3 Bε_1$] nādam antargataṃ śṛṇu $γ_2 Δ$ nāgadaṃtaṃmatargataṃ ṣṛṇu $γ_1$ 56c bodhārtham $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \epsilon_1$ bodhāva $\Gamma \Delta$ **56d ādināthoditaṃ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_1$] ādināthotigaditaṃ γ_1 ānināthodinam β_ω

 $^{^{18}}$ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ have the remnant of this verse. See the apparatus to the ending "iti nādānusaṃdhānam" above.

यावन्नैव प्रविश्वाति चरन् मारुतो मध्यमार्गे यावद्विन्दुर्न भवति दृढः प्राणवातप्रबद्धः । यावद्वयोम्ना सहजसदृशं जायते नैव तत्त्वं

तावत्सर्वं वदति यदिदं दम्भिमध्याप्रलापः ॥ [after 4.0*8 ६,८,८,४,७,२] 4.57

(The following verses 4.58–4.71 are found immediately after 4.0*14 in $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)

ज्ञात्वा सुषुम्णासद्भेदं कृत्वा वायुं च मध्यगम् । कृत्वासावैन्दवे स्थाने घ्राणरन्धे निरोधयेत् ॥ 4.58

तथा च वसिष्ठः । (Aß, B.,)

इडायां पिङ्गलायां च चरतश्चन्द्रभास्करौ । चन्द्रस्तामस इत्युक्तः सूर्यो राजस उच्यते ॥ 19 (om. $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$) 4.59

madhya cett.] mādhya ζ_3 **mārge** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] mārgo $\beta_1\gamma_1$ mārgam mārutam α_1 **57b bindur** cett.] bandho ζ_3 bandham ζ_2 **dṛḍhaḥ** cett.] dṛḍhaṃ $\alpha_1\beta_1\epsilon_1$ **vāta** AB γ_2 ε $_1$ η $_2$ χ] vāta $_1$ γ $_1$ Δζ $_3$ vāta $_2$ vāta $_3$ vāta $_4$ γ $_4$ **prabaddhaḥ** $β_2Γ$] prabaddhaṃ $α_3$ prabandhah $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ prabuddhah $\Delta \eta_2$ prabodhah α_1 prabodhakah β_{ω} prakrddhah α_2 na bandhanah ζ_2 prabandhāt χ 57c yāvad vyomnā $β_1β_2ζ_2ζ_3$] yāvad yomnā $α_1α_3ε_1$ yād vyemnā $α_2$ yāvad vyomnaḥ $\gamma_2\Delta\eta_2$ yāva_mnaḥ γ_1 yāvad byomna β_ω yāvad dhyāne χ sahajasadṛśaṃ cett.] sahajasamśam γ₁ sadrśasahajā ε₁ **tattvam** cett.] cittam $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_{3}\eta_{2}$ **57d sarvam** cett.] satvam ε_1 jñānam $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ yad idam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] tad idam $\delta_1\chi$ yadi $\beta_1\gamma_1$ yadi tat ε_1 satatam β_{ω} dambha cett.] dambha $\varepsilon_1\zeta_2$ pralāpaḥ cett.] pralābhah β_2 58a jñātvā cett.] jitvā β_2 suşu° ζ_3 **suṣumṇāsadbhedaṃ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\eta_2\chi$] suṣumṇāsaṃbhedaṃ B ϵ_1 suṣumṇāṃ saśvedaṃ ζ_2 suṣumṇābhedaṃ hi $\gamma_2\Delta$ susu«m»nāmmedehi γ_1 °mnāmtagatam mārgam ζ_3 58b krtvā vāyum cett.] vāyum madhyagam cett.] madhyamaḥ β₁ kṛtvā ζ_3 tvāpa vāyum α_2 58c kṛtvāsāv aindave sthāne $\alpha_1\beta_\omega$] kṛtvāsav aidavai sthānair β_1 kṛtvā tām aidave tthāne α_2 nītvā tāv iṃdavasthāne γ_1 nītvā tāvad avasthāne γ2 nītvā tām anavasthāne Δ [dh]ṛ..[sāv a]ṃdra..[sthā]ne α3 hṛtvā mamedaṃ ca sthānam β_2 sthitvā sa vaindave sthāne ϵ_1 sthitvā sāmcaimdave sthāne ζ_2 sthitvā sadaimdave sthāne η_2 sthitvā sadaiva susthāne χ samāvasthā sthito yogī ζ_3 58d ghrāṇa $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_2$] prāṇa $\Gamma \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ brahma χ randhre $A\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\eta_2\chi$] randhram $\gamma_1\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ randhra β_1 $\alpha_1\alpha_3 \mathrm{B}\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nirundhayet $\Gamma\Delta$ niyojayet α_2 heading: tathā ca vasisthah $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_2$] tathā vaśiṣṭhavacanam α₂ tatvāva | Φ | β_ω **59a piṅgalāyāṃ ca** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$] piṅgalāyāṃśca β_{ω} **59d rājasa** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\gamma_2\Delta$] rā (end of the last available folio) γ_1

 $^{^{19}}$ γ_1 is lost after *sūryo rā* in pāda d.

तावेव धत्तः सकलं कालं रात्रिंदिवात्मकम्। भोक्री सुष्मणा कालस्य गृह्यमेतदुदाहृतम् ॥ (bcd om. no) $4.60 - \gamma_1$ तथा हि सौभद्रं नाम श्लोकचत्रष्टयम् ।²⁰ (от. ८८८३ गुरू) षद्भक्रं षोडशाधारं त्रिधा लक्ष्यं गुणत्रयम्। शेषं त ग्रन्थविस्तारं त्रिकटं परमं पदम ॥ (om. ८०८ १००४) $4.61 - \gamma_1$ कण्डली कटिलाकारा सर्पवत्परिकीर्तिता। सा शक्तिश्वालिता येन स मक्तो नात्र संशयः ॥ (om. β2γ2ζ2ζ3γ2γ) $4.62 - \gamma_1$ यदा कृटं त्रिकृटस्थं चित्तं चित्रं निरन्तरम्। कुण्डल्यास्त प्रयोगेण स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः Π (om. $\gamma_2 \Delta \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$) $4.63 - \gamma_1$ द्रासप्ततिसहस्राणि नाडीद्राराणि* पञ्चरे । सषम्णा शांभवी शक्तिः शेषास्त्वेव निरर्थकाः ॥21 $4.64 - \gamma_1$

60a tāv eva $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2$] tā eva δ_1 tāṃve β_ω **60a dhattaḥ** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\Delta$] dattaḥ γ_2 dhanva α_2 vahatah β_2 60a sakalam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta$] sarvam β_2 60a tāv eva ... sakalam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\gamma_2\Delta$] sūryaś candraḥ sadā dhatte ε_1 sūryacandrau sadā dhatte ζ_2 sūryācandramasau dhattaḥ $\zeta_3\chi$ sūryācandramasau 60b kālaṃ $\beta_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] kāla $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2$ kālāṃ ζ_2 om. $\beta_{\omega} \eta_2$ rātriṃdivātmakam $\varepsilon_1 \chi$] rātridivātmakam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\zeta_3$ rātrindinātmakam Δ rātrim divākaram α_3 rātridivātmakam yogavit $β_ω$ °śa tridivātmakam $ζ_2$ om. $η_2$ 60c bhoktrī $α_1β_1γ_2Δε_1ζ_3χ$] bhoktī $ζ_2$ bhoktā $β_ω$ bhoktṛ $β_2$ bhoktu α_2 [bho]gī α_3 om. η_2 60d guhyam etad $AB\gamma_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] guptam etad δ_1 sattvam etad δ_2 udāhṛtam cett.] udīritam α_2 heading: tathā hi $A\beta_2\beta_0\delta_1\epsilon_2$] tathāpi hi β_1 tathā $\gamma_2\delta_2$ **saubhadraṃ nāma** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\Delta$] sobhadrā nāma ε_1 saubhadranāmā γ_2 saubhadranāmaś ca ε_2 saubhadreyam nāma β_{ω} saubhadreyanāma β_2 saubhadreryān nāma β_1 **ślokacatuṣṭayam** $\alpha_1 B \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] ślokam eva catuṣṭayaṃ α_2 ślokacatuṣṭayam āha γ_2 61a ṣaṭcakraṃ $\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] **61b** tridhā laks(y)am $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] tridhā bhajyam $\alpha_1 \alpha_2$ tridhāksa ca β_1 trilaksyam ca β2 **61c śeṣaṃ tu** $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\epsilon_2$] śeṣas tu $\gamma_2\Delta$ śeṣaṃ tat ϵ_1 **grantha** cett.] granthi vistāram $\alpha_1 B \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] vistāra α_2 vistāras $\gamma_2 \Delta$ 61d trikūṭam $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_\omega \gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] trikoṭi β_2 trirūpam δ_2 **62c cālitā** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] calitā β_1 cāri.. α_3 kīlitā δ_1 kelitā δ_2 63a yadā cett.] yathā ε_2 kūṭam tri° cett.] kūṭasti β_2 $\Delta \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$] yogī $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ 63b citram $α_1$] cittam $α_2$ tatra B yatra $ε_1ε_2$ nirantaram cett.] nirajñanam $ε_1ε_2$ tu cett.] kuṇḍalyāpta ϵ_1 kuṇḍalinyāḥ ϵ_2 prayogeṇa (°na* α_1) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$] prabodhena β_2 **64a dvāsaptatisahasrāņi** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 \mathrm{B}\gamma_2 \Delta \chi$] dvisaptati° $\alpha_3 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ om. η_2 64b nādīdvārāņi (nādi° $\alpha_2\beta_1$) AB $\gamma_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] nāḍīdvāre ca ζ_2 nāḍīnāṃ deha δ_2 nāḍīnāṃdeda δ_1 datvā kārāpi η_2 64d śesās tv eva $\alpha_1 B\delta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \chi$ śesās tv evam η_2 śesāsvevam cett.] pamkaje α₁ mamjarī α₃ α_2 śeṣāś caiva $\gamma_2\delta_1\zeta_3$ nirarthakāḥ cett.] nivarttakāḥ ζ₂

 $^{^{20}~~\}epsilon_{1}\epsilon_{2}$ have this set of verses as 3.94*7ff. in a different order.

 $^{^{21}}$ ε_1 has this verse in both Ch. 3 and 4.

वायुः परिचितो यत्नादग्निना सह कुण्डलीम् । बोधयित्वा सुषुम्णायां प्रविशेदनिरोधतः ॥ (cd om. η2) (om. δ2)	4.65 - γ1
सुषुम्णावाहिनि प्राणे सिध्यत्येव मनोन्मनी । (ab om. η_2) अन्यथा विविधाभ्यासाः प्रयासायैव योगिनाम् ॥	4.66 - γ1
पवनो बध्यते येन मनस्तेनैव बध्यते । मनश्च बध्यते येन पवनस्तेन बध्यते ॥ $_{(cd\ om.\ lpha_2 Y_2 \eta_2)}$	4.67 -γ1
हेतुद्वयं तु चित्तस्य वासना च समीरणः । तयोर्विनष्ट एकस्मिन्द्रुतं द्वावपि नश्यतः ॥ ²²	4.68 - γ1
मनो यत्र विलीयेत पवनस्तत्र लीयते । $_{(ab\ om.\ \eta_2)}$ पवनो लीयते यत्र मनस्तत्रैव लीयते ।। 23 $_{(cd\ om.\ lpha_2\zeta_2\zeta_3)}$	4.69 - γ ₁

65a paricito $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] paricipta β_ω sa parito γ_2 samparito δ_1 parivitto β_1 $\alpha_1\beta_1\bar{\beta}_2\gamma_2\delta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\big] \ yasmād \ \alpha_2\eta_2\chi \ n\bar{a}d\bar{a}d \ \beta_\omega \qquad \textbf{65b agninā} \ B\delta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi\big] \ rgvinā \ \gamma_2 \ yastinā \ \alpha_1$ **kuṇḍalīm** $\varepsilon_1 \chi$] kuṇḍalī $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \delta_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$ **65d praviśed** cett.] praveśad $β_ω$ om. η2 anirodhatah $\alpha_3 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] avirodhatah $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1$ atirodhatah ζ_2 om. η_2 $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_2\epsilon_1\chi$] vāhinī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ hini δ_1 om. η_2 66b sidhyaty eva $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] siddhyety eva α_1 siddhaty eva $\beta_1\zeta_2$ siddhity eva α_2 om. η_2 66c anyathā vividhā $AB\gamma_2$] anye ye vividhā Δ anyathā tv itare $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ anyathā tv itarā χ atha cittāntare η_2 prāņe suşumnāṃ saṃ $^\circ$ ε_1 bhyāsāḥ $\alpha_1\beta_2\delta_2\chi$] bhyāsā $\alpha_3\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1$ bhyāsāt $\alpha_2\beta_1\zeta_2$ bhyāsa $\zeta_3\eta_2$ °prāpte ε_1 66d prayāsāyaiva $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \epsilon_1 \chi$] prayāsāyai δ_2 prāyāsāś caiva δ_1 prayāsā eva ζ_3 prayāsā eka ζ_2 pratyāśā jīva η_2 yoginām cett.] yoginā $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\eta_2$ yoginī ζ_2 67a yena cett.] deva α_2 67b manas tenaiva badhyate cett.] tenaiva badhyate manaḥ $η_2$ 67c manaś ca $α_1β_1β_ω ε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] manas tu Δ manas tad β_2 om. $\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \gamma_2$ **67d pavanas tena** cett.] pavanamana β_{ω} om. $\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \eta_2$ heta α_2 eta α_3 **dvayaṃ tu** $\alpha_1\alpha_3\delta_2\eta_2\chi$] dvayaṃ hi $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_1$ dvayaṃ ca $\beta_2\delta_1$ dvayasya $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ dvāv api α₂ cittasya cett.] manaso $\gamma_2\Delta$ 68c vinasta ekasmin cett.] vinasta etasmin ε_1 **68d drutaṃ dvāv api naśyataḥ** (druttaṃ) α₁] dhṛtaṃ dvāv api naśyvinastas tv ekaš ca hy β₂ ataḥ α_3 dṛtaṃ vāvati nasyataḥ α_2 nṛtaṃ dvāv api naśyati ϵ_1 tau dvāv api vinaśyataḥ $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$ ubhāv api vinaśyataḥ $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \eta_2$ svabhāvo pi vinaśyataḥ δ_1 **69a vilīyeta** cett.] vilīyate β_{ω} om. **69b pavanas** cett.] mārutas $\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ om. η_2 **69c pavano līyate yatra** $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \chi$] pavano yatra līyeta Δ pavano yatra līyate $β_1β_ω$ māruto yatra līyeta $ε_1$ yatraiva līyate vāyur $η_2$ om. $α_2ζ_2ζ_3$ **69d tatraiva līyate** $\alpha_1 B \Delta \epsilon_1 \eta_2$] tatra vilīyate $\gamma_2 \chi$ om. $\alpha_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$

 $^{^{22}}$ δ_1 has this verse and the next one after 4.70.

²³ ζ_3 has an incomplete passage *ekatra*[*m*]*iśritau* after this verse.

दुग्धाम्बुवत्संमिलितौ सदैव तुल्यिक्रयौ मानसमारुतौ हि। यावन्मनस्तत्र मरुत्प्रवृत्ति-र्यावन्मरुच्चापि मनःप्रवृत्तिः॥

4.70 - γ₁

तत्रैकनाशादपरस्य नाश एकप्रवृत्तेरपरप्रवृत्तिः ।²⁴ अध्वस्तयोश्चेन्द्रियवर्गबुद्धि*-विध्वस्तयोर्मोक्षपदस्य सिद्धिः ॥

4.71 - γ₁

 $4.72 - \gamma_1$

70a sadaiva $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \text{Be}_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] sadeva α_3 tathaiva $\gamma_2 \Delta$ ubhau tau $\eta_2 \chi$ **70b mānasamārutau** cett.] mārutamānasau $β_1β_2ε_1$ illeg. $β_ω$ **hi** $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] ca $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta$ illeg. β_{ω} manas cett.] yato marut η2χ tatra cett. caiva α_2 **marut** cett.] manah $\eta_2 \chi$ sat β_2 pravṛttir cett.] pravṛtta $β_2$ pravṛddhitti $ζ_2$ 70d yāvan $ABγ_2Δε_1$] yato $η_2χ$ om. (pāda d om.) $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ **maruc cāpi** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1$] marut tatra β_{ω} manas tatra $\eta_2\chi$ om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ $\alpha_{p}^{pc}\beta_{2}\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\delta_{2}\epsilon_{1}$] mana $\alpha_{1}^{ac}\alpha_{2}\beta_{1}\delta_{1}$ marut $\eta_{2}\chi$ om. $\zeta_{2}\zeta_{3}$ pravṛtti \dot{h} $\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\Delta\epsilon_{1}\chi$] pravṛtta \dot{h} β_{2} pravittato α_2 nivṛttih η_2 om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 71a tatraika cett.] tatra α_1^{ac} atraika $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ ekasya η_2 $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nāśo β_ω nāśe β_1 nāśā ϵ_1 nāśam δ_1 71b ekapravrtter $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\gamma_2\zeta_2\chi$ ekapravṛtte β_2 ekapravṛttāv $\Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ e...... β_{ω} tatraikavṛtter η_2 aparapravṛttiḥ cett.] ca parapravṛttiḥ β_2 aparasya vṛttiḥ η_2 itarapravṛttiḥ ϵ_1 ttiḥ β_{ω} 71c adhvastayoś $\alpha_1\beta_1\chi$] adhastayos $\beta_2\eta_2$ adhvastayor $\delta_2\zeta_3$ adhyastayor γ_2 adhastayor δ_1 adhvascayos ε_1 addhastayos ζ_2 atastayoś β_{ω} adhastasar α_2 **cendriya** $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] indriya $\gamma_2\Delta\zeta_3$ **buddhir** $\alpha_1\alpha_3$] vudhir β_{ω} vṛddhir $\gamma_2\delta_2$ vṛttiḥ $\delta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ baṃdhir β_1 śuddhir $\alpha_2\beta_2$ 71d vidhvastayor $\alpha_1\alpha_3\mathrm{B}\Delta\zeta_3$] adhastayor α_2 vivṛddhayor γ_2 nidhvastayo ϵ_1 addhvastayor ζ_2 vijñātayor η_2 pradhvastayor χ **mokṣapadasya** cett.] °pradasya γ_2 **72a vāyu** cett.] vāyur $\delta_1\zeta_3$ mārge tv asamcāre ε_1 märge py asamcāre ζ_3 mārge tha samcāre ζ_2 mārge ca samcāre η_2 mārgeņa samcāre $AB\gamma_2$ mārgeņa **72b sakalāṃ** $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\Delta$] sakalā α_3 sakalaṃ $\alpha_2\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ sa phalaṃ η_2 saṃkalpāt β_1 $\textbf{labhate} \ \ A\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2] \ \ \textbf{labhyate} \ \ \beta_2 \zeta_2 \ \ \ \textbf{bhramate} \ \ \gamma_2 \Delta \ \ \ \textbf{carate} \ \ \beta_\omega \qquad \textbf{mahīm} \ \ \alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1] \ \ \textbf{mahī}$ $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ mahiḥ α_2 mahaḥ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ mahān η_2 72c tathāṣṭa (tathāṣṭa (tathāṣṭa α_1) $A\Delta\epsilon_1$] aṣṭadhā β_1 athāṣṭa $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ tato'sta $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ na tathā γ_2 72d satyam satyam varānane $\alpha_1\alpha_3\mathrm{B}\gamma_2\Delta$] satyam ity āha śaṃkaraḥ $\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ labhate sakalān varān α_2

²⁴ In δ_1 Pādas ab and cd are transposed; ζ_3 inserts here a variant reading for Pāda a "*ekasya nā*<*śā>d aparasya nāśah*" here.

तथा विश्वरूपाचार्यः । $(om. \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi)$

यदा संक्षीयते प्राणो मानसं च विलीयते।

तदा समरसत्वं यत्समाधिः सोऽभिधीयते ॥ (om. $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_{2}\zeta_{3}\eta_{2}$) [after 4.0*5 χ] 4.73 $-\gamma_{1}$

मनःस्थैर्ये स्थिरो वायुस्ततो बिन्दुः स्थिरो भवेत्।

बिन्द्रस्थैर्योदयात्पत्र पिण्डस्थैर्यं प्रजायते II (om. β_{ω}) [after $4.0^*16 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] $4.74 - \gamma_1$

दृष्टिः स्थिरा यस्य विनैव दृश्या-द्वायः स्थिरो यस्य विना प्रयत्नात ।

चित्तं स्थिरं यस्य विनावलम्बात

स एव योगी स गुरुः स सेव्यः ॥ $(om. \zeta_2 \chi)$ 4.75 $-\gamma_1$

प्रवेशे निर्गमे वामे दक्षिणे चोर्ध्वमप्यधः।

न यस्य वायुर्वहित स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः ॥ $(om. \zeta_{2\chi})$ [before $4.35*7 \epsilon_{1}\zeta_{3}\eta_{2}$] $4.76 - \gamma_{1}$

सर्वे हठलयोपाया राजयोगस्य सिद्धये।

राजयोगसमारूढः पुरुषः कालवञ्चकः ॥ $[after 4.55*4 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2]$ 4.77 $-\gamma_1$

heading: tathā $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2$] tathā ca α_2 tathāha α_3 om. $\gamma_2\Delta$ 73a yadā saṃkṣīyate $A\beta_2\Delta\chi$] yadā sa kṣīyate $\beta_1 \gamma_2$ om. ϵ_1 73b ca vilīyate $A\beta_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_1$] ca pralīyate $\gamma_2 \chi$ pravilīyate δ_1 saṃpralīyate δ_2 **73c tadā** cett.] tayoḥ ε₁ **samarasatvam** cett.] samarasaikatvam *unm.* α_2 **yat** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\varepsilon_1$] yaḥ $\alpha_3\delta_1$ ca $\beta_1\chi$ 73d samādhiḥ so'bhidhīyate $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_1\epsilon_1$] samādhī sau bhidhīyate β_1 samādhiḥ sābhidhīyate δ_2 samādhir abhidhīyate χ samādhiś ca vilīyate α_2 74a manaḥ $\alpha_1^{pc}\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\chi$ mana $\alpha_1^{ac}\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ **sthairye** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] sthairya $\alpha_3\delta_1$ sthairyāt δ_2 sthairya ζ_3 sthiro cett.] sthito $\alpha_3 \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$ 74b binduh $\alpha_3^{pc} \alpha_3 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \zeta_3 \gamma$] bindu $\alpha_3^{qc} \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \gamma_2$ bhavet cett.] tato layaḥ α_3 74c bindu cett.] binduḥ γ_2 sthairyodayāt $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\delta_2$] sthairyoyadāt ϵ_1 sthairy
odayā $\alpha_3\zeta_2$ sthairye dayā ζ_3 sthairyād dayā η_2 sthairy
ād athā γ_2 sthairyād yathā δ_1 sthairyāt sadā χ sthairyo sthiro α_2 **putra** $\alpha_1\beta_1$] mūtra β_2 tatra α_3 panna γ_2 samyak E satyam $\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ satvam $\eta_2\chi$ vāyu α_2 lac. δ_1 75a vinaiva $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2$] vināpi $\gamma_2\Delta$ dṛśyād $\alpha_1\alpha_3B\zeta_3$] drśyam $\gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \eta_2$ drśyavān α_2 75b vinā prayatnāt cett.] vināpi yatnam γ_2 75c vināvalam- \mathbf{b} āt $\alpha_1^{pc}\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega$ ε $_1\zeta_3$] vināvalambanāt α_1^{qc} vināvalambanam $\alpha_2\Delta$ vināvalamnam η_2 vinā vilambāt $β_1$ vinā prayatnāt $γ_2$ 75d sa guruḥ cett.] sadguruḥ $η_2$ sa sevyaḥ cett.] sa śiṣyaḥ $γ_2δ_1$ **76a vāme** cett.] vāma α_3 vāpi β_1 cāpi ζ_3 **76b cordhvam apy adha** β_1 β_1 cordhvage'py adhaḥ β_2 cordhvamadhyagaḥ $\gamma_2\Delta$ cordhvamadhyataḥ $\zeta_3\eta_2$ tanirodhataḥ β_ω 76c na yasya cett.] vāyur vahati cett.] vahate vāyu β_ω 77a haṭhalayopāyā cett.] layahaṭhopāyā ϵ_1 haṭhalayoyāgā ζ_2 haṭhālayābhyāsā δ_1 layahaṭhābhyāsā $\gamma_2\delta_2$ 77b rājayogasya siddhaye cett.] rājayogāya kevalam ε₁ζ₂ζ₃η₂ rājayogaphalāvadhi β_ω 77c rājayoga cett.] rajayogam α₃ rājayoge δ₂ rājayo (then lost) γ₂ samārūḍhaḥ cett.] padaprāptaḥ α₂

इंडा भगवती गङ्गा पिङ्गला यमुना नदी । विज्ञेया तद्वयोर्मध्ये सुषुम्णा तु सरस्वती ॥ $(\delta_1\delta_3)$ (om. δ_2) [cf. 3.95^*1] 4.77*1

त्रिवेणीसंगमो यत्र तीर्थराजः स उच्यते । तस्मिंस्तीर्थवरे स्नात्वा सर्वपापैः प्रमुच्यते ॥ (ठाठेत्र) (om. ठेर)

इति तु सकलयोगशास्त्रसिन्धोः परिमथितादवकृष्टसारभूतम् । अनुभवत हठामृतं यमीन्द्रा यदि भवतामजरामरत्ववाञ्छा ॥ (om. ८२८३७२४)

 $4.78 - \gamma_1 \gamma_2$

4.77*2

विद्यातीर्थे जगित विद्युधाः साधवः सत्यतीर्थे गङ्गातीर्थे मलिनमनसो योगिनो ज्ञानतीर्थे । धारातीर्थे धरणिपतयो दानतीर्थे धनाढ्याः लज्जातीर्थे कलयवतयः पातकं क्षालयन्ति ॥ (no)

4.78*1

 $-\gamma_1\gamma_2\delta_2$

77*1b yamunā δ_3] jamunā δ_1 77*1c vijñeyā δ_3] vidheyā δ_1 77*1d tu δ_3] ca δ_1 77*2c tasmims tīrthavare snātvā δ_3] tatra snānam prakurvīta δ_1 78a tu $B\Delta$] «tu» α_1 om. $\alpha_2\varepsilon_1$ śrī α_3 sakalayoga cett.] sakalasuyoga ε_1 sindhoḥ $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}\beta_2\delta_2$] sindhauḥ α_2 sindhau δ_1 siddhoḥ ε_1 siddheḥ β_1 siddhaḥ $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}$ siddhyaiḥ β_{ω} om. α_3 78b parimathitād $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Delta\varepsilon_1$] paripaṭhitā β_{ω} mathitā pari α_3 avakṛṣṭa $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}\alpha_2\Delta\varepsilon_1$] avakṛṣya $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}\beta_2$ avakṛṣṇa β_1 kṛṣṭa β_{ω} sāra α_3 sāra $A\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_2\varepsilon_1$] sārā β_1 sarva δ_1 78c anubhavata $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_{\omega}\Delta_3$] anubhavatu β_2 anubhavat α_2 anubhava $\beta_1\varepsilon_1$ yamīndrā $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_{\omega}\delta_3$] yatīndrā $\beta_1\delta_1\varepsilon_1$ yogīdrā α_2 mayedaṃ β_2 ya (text stopps here) δ_2 78d ajarāmaratvavānchā $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\delta_1\delta_3$] °vāṃchāḥ β_2 °vāṃcchāṃ α_3 ajarāmṛtatvavāṇcha ε_1 ajarājaram tvaṃ vā β_{ω} 78*1a jagati em.] yagati η_2 colophon: śrī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_3\zeta_3\eta_2$] om. $\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\delta_1\varepsilon_1$ onte śrī add. sadguru α_1 madguru α_2 sahajānandasaṃtānacintāmaṇinā $\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$ svātmārāmayogīndra $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$] svātmārāmayogendra α_1 svātmārāmayogūmdra $\alpha_3\beta_2$ on. $\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_1$ viracitāyāṃ cett.] pravaracitāyāṃ α_1 om. $\beta_1\delta_1$ ante caturtho add. nādopāsanaṃ nāma ζ_3 siddhāntamuktāvalī nāma β_{ω} caturthopadeśaḥ Δ B $\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$] caturtha upadeśaḥ δ_1 caturtho{{ddyā}}yam upadeśaḥ δ_3 caturthodhyāyaḥ η_2

²⁵ ζ₂ has no colophon. Its last verse is 4.30, which just fills fol. no. 346, and from the next folio another text begins. The colophon of χ reads: इति श्रीस्वात्मारामयोगींद्रविरचितायां हठयोगप्रदीपिकायां नाम चतुर्थोऽध्यायः (Wai) or इति श्रीसजहानन्दसन्तानचिन्तामणिस्वात्मारामयोगींद्रविरचितायां हठयोगप्रदीपिकायां समाधिलक्षणं नाम चतर्थोपदेवाः समाप्तः (Tue)

List of Sigla

α_1	N3	one folio missing in Ch. 4 (4.24b-4.36d)
α_2	J5	
α_3	G4	damaged; collated only when available
β_1	P11	
β_2	C6	
β_{ω}	V3	
γ_1	N23	incomplete; breaks at 4.56d
γ_2	J7	incomplete; breaks at 4.74b
δ_1	V19	
δ_2	E2	
δ_3	C7	partially collated, when δ_2 is not available
ϵ_1	G11	
ϵ_2	G5	collated for gray-scaled verses only
ζ_2	N19	
ζ_3	V15	
η_2	J10	
χ	Jyo	Brahmānanda's version, based on the edition 1972