अथ समाधि: Ι (α1α2β1β2)

नमः शिवाय गुरवे नादबिन्दुकलात्मने।
निरञ्जनपदं याति नित्यं यत्रपरायणः॥

अथेदानीं प्रवक्ष्यामि समाधिक्रममुत्तमम्।
मृत्युघं तु सुखोपायं ब्रह्मानन्दकरं परम्॥

4.0*2

राजयोगः समाधिश्च उन्मनी च मनोन्मनी।
अमरौघो लयस्तत्त्वं शून्याशून्यं परं पदम्॥ (β₂ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ) [← 4.32]

4.0*3

अमनस्कं तथाद्वैतं निरालम्बं निरञ्जनम्।
जीवन्मुक्तिश्च सहजं तुर्यं चेत्येकवाचकाः॥ (β₂ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ) [← 4.33]¹

4.0*4

सिलेले सैन्थवं यद्वत्साम्यं भजित योगतः।
तथात्ममनसोरैक्यं समाधिः सोऽभिधीयते॥

(Eχ have 4.73 yadā saṃkṣīyate prāṇo here²)

0*1a namaḥ cett.] om namaḥ $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{1}\delta_{2}$ 0*1b kalātmane $\beta_{2}\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_{2}\eta_{2}\chi$] layātmane $\beta_{1}\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{1}\zeta_{2}\zeta_{3}$ 0^*1c nirañjanapadaṃ cett.] nirañjanaṃ padaṃ $β_ω$ om. $γ_1$ yāti cett.] yānti $Bε_2ζ_2$ 0*1d nityam $B_{\gamma_2}\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] aharniśam γ_1 yato η_2 yatra δ_2 yatra $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$] yatna $\Gamma\zeta_2$ tatra χ ca yat β_2 yogī η_2 nityam δ_2 parāyaṇah $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\Delta\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] parāyaṇāh $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$ 0^*2a athedānīṃ cett.] athodānī $β_ω$ athekṣanīṃ $γ_1$ 0^*2b °m uttamam $Bε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2χ$] lakṣaṇam 0^*2c tu $B\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] ca $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ su δ_1 0^*2d param cett.] sadā ε_2 0^*3a rājayogaḥ $\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] rājayoga $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2$ samādhiś ca $\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] samādhiḥ syād $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 0*3b unmanī cett.] py unmanī ε₁ 0***3c amaraugho** ζ₃η₂] amaraughā ε₁ amaraughi β₂ avaraubhū ζ₂ amaratvaṃ χ aromaro $ε_2$ layas $β_2ε_1ζ_2η_2χ$] layes $ζ_3$ yas tat $ε_2$ tattvam $β_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] tatra $η_2$ tulyaḥ 0^*3d śūnyāśūnyam $\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] śūnyāc chūnyam β_2 śūnyāt śūnya ε_2 $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ sahajā χ om. ζ_3 **0*4d turyam** $\beta_2 \zeta_3$ tulyam ε_2 turyai ζ_2 turyā χ turīyam ε_1 muktiś η_2 cety ekavācakāḥ $\eta_2^{pc}\chi$] °kaḥ η_2^{qc} cety ekavācakam β_2 ϵ_2 cittaikavācakam ζ_3 ciṃtaikavācakam ζ_2 caikavācakam ε_1 **0*5a yadvat** cett.] tadvat ζ_2 **0*5b bhajati** $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\eta_2\chi$] bhajata β_{ω} bhavati $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ ttadgati β_1 **0*5c tathā** cett.] athā β_{ω} yathā η_2 ***tmamanasor** cett.] tmānamanor η_2 **0*5d so** cett.] sā β_1 a° $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ **'bhidhīyate** cett.] 'bhidhīte ζ_2 vidhīyate γ₁

 $^{^{1}}$ β_{2} has these verses on synonyms both here and at 4.32/4.33, but β_{1} has them at the latter place only.

 $^{^2}$ In the following, not all of the differences in the verse order of B and χ are noted. B follow the order of Γ (or of Δ ?) in the beginning and the end (after 4.72). The middle part is a kind of mix of Γ and $\zeta_2\zeta_3$. The verse order of χ is similar to that of $\zeta_2\zeta_3$, but with many small differences.

यत्समत्वं द्वयोरेव जीवात्मपरमात्मनोः । समस्तनष्टसंकल्पः समाधिः सोऽभिधीयते ॥ $(\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi)^3$	4.0*6
राजयोगस्य माहात्म्यं को वा जानाति तत्त्वतः । ज्ञानान्मुक्तिः स्थिरा सिद्धिर्गुरुवाक्येन लभ्यते ॥	4.0*7
दुर्लभो विषयत्यागो दुर्लभं तत्त्वदर्शनम् । दुर्लभा सहजावस्थासद्गुरोः करुणां विना ॥	4.0*8
$(\varepsilon_1 \text{ has } 4.56 k\bar{a}$ şthagoşthīprapañcena here)	
$(\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2 \text{ have 4.57 } y\bar{a}van \text{ naiva praviśati here})$	
विविधेरासनैः कुम्भैर्विचित्रैः करणैरपि । प्रबुद्धायामादिशक्तौ प्राणः शून्ये विलीयते ॥	4.0*9
उत्पन्नशक्तिबोधस्य त्यक्तिन्ःशेषकर्मणः । (ab om. β2)	
योगिनः सहजावस्था स्वयमेव प्रकाशते ॥	4.0*10

0*6a yat samatvaṃ dvayor eva $\zeta_2\zeta_3$] tat samatvaṃ dvayor atra $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ tat samaṃ ca dvayor aikyaṃ $\eta_2\chi$ 0*6c samastanaṣṭa $\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] samastaṃ naṣṭa ε_1 pranaṣṭasarva χ saṃkalpaḥ $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] samakalpa $\zeta_2\eta_2$ 0*7a māhātmyaṃ cett.] māhatmyaṃ γ_2 mahā ζ_3 0*7c jñānān cett.] jňāna $\zeta_3\eta_2$ jňānaṃ χ jňān δ_1 muktiḥ $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\chi$] mukti $\beta_1\beta_\omega\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ sthirā $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] sthite $\beta_\omega\zeta_2$ sthitai β_1 sthitiḥ $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\eta_2\chi$ sthiti·«ḥ» δ_1 °s tato ζ_3 siddhir $\beta_1\beta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] siddhi $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ siddhā $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ 0*7d vākyena cett.] vākyāt «pra» γ_1 labhyate cett.] sidhyati η_2 0*9b vicitraiḥ $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\chi$] vicitra $\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ citraiś ca ε_1 karaṇair api $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\chi$] karuṇair api γ_2 kalaṇair api γ_1 karaṇair atha $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 0*9c prabuddhāyām cett.] pradhadhāyām ζ_2 ādi cett.] idaṃ ζ_3 mahā χ śaktau cett.] siaktih γ_1 0*9d vilīyate $\beta_2\gamma_1\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ vidhīyate γ_2 praliyate $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$ 0*10a utpanna cett.] utpannā δ_1 ut «pan»na γ_1 śaktibodhasya cett.] śaktibodhaḥ syāt γ_1 śaktibodhaś ca ζ_3 0*10b tyakta cett.] prakṣā γ_1 0*10c yoginaḥ cett.] yogināṃ β_2 0*10d eva prakāśate $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] eva prakāśayet ζ_2 eva prajāyate $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\chi$

³ η₂ inserts another similar verse here: karpūram salile yadvat saindhavam salile yathā | tathātmamanasor aikyam samādhiḥ so'bhidhīyate || (cf. 4.11*24ab and 4.3cd)

सुषुम्णावाहिनि प्राणे शून्यं विशति मानसे*।
तथा समस्तकर्माणि निर्मूलयित मर्मवित्।।
अमरेश नमस्तुभ्यं सोऽपि कालस्त्वया हतः।
पतितं वदने यस्य जगदेतचराचरम्।। (bc om. ГД)
विते समत्वमापन्ने वायौ वजित मध्यमे।
तदामरौघवज्रोली †तदाशाजीवितेऽपि च†।। (cd om. Г)
4.0*13
शानं कुतो मनसि जीवित देवि यावत्
प्राणोऽपि जीवित मनो म्रियते न तावत्।
प्राणो मनो द्वयमिदं विलयं प्रयाति
मोक्षं स गच्छिति नरो न कथंचिदन्यः।।

 $(\text{E}\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi \text{ have }4.58\text{--}4.71 \text{ }j\tilde{n}\bar{a}tv\bar{a}\text{ }susumn\bar{a}sadbhedam\text{ here})$

0*11a vāhini cett.] vāhinī β_{ω} γ₁ε₂ζ₂ vāhi δ₁ prāņe cett.] prāņa β_{ω} 0*11b śūnyam $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_3$] śūnya η_2 śūnye $\beta_2 \Gamma \Delta \chi$ śūne β_{ω} śūnyā ζ_2 viśati cett.] vasati β_1 mānase $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\chi$] māruta $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ **0*11c tathā** $\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1$] tadā $B\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi_3$ cett.] sarvāņi $\eta_2 \chi$ 0*11d nirmūlayati cett.] nimūlayati $\delta_1 \zeta_3$ nirmūlam yāti γ_1 nirmalam marmavit $Bε_1ζ_2η_2$] karmavit $γ_1ε_2ζ_3$ karmakṛt $γ_2$ yogavit Δχ0*12a amareśa ϵ_1] amaraugha $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_2\zeta_3$ amarogha $\beta_1\zeta_2$ amaraughi β_2 amarāya $\eta_2\chi$ amano nir $^\circ$ Γ amalo nir $^\circ$ namas tubhyam Bε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ] °manāh śūnyam Γ °malah śūnyam Δ 0*12b kālas tvayā $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\chi$ kālam tvayā β_1 kāla tvayā ζ_3 kālantayā η_2 kālasya vā ε_2 om. $\Gamma\Delta$ hatah $B\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] °hakaḥ ε_2 jitaḥ χ om. $\Gamma\Delta$ 0*12c vadane $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] pavane η_2 om. $\Gamma\Delta$ 0*13a samatvam $B\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] śamatvam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ samatyam γ_1 **0*13b vāyau** $\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] vāyo ζ_3 vāyor $\beta_\omega\gamma_1$ vrajati cett.] javati γ_1 0*13c tadāmaraugha $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$] eṣāmaraugha vāyur $β_2η_2$ vāyu $β_1$ $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ tadāmaroļi ζ_3 tadāmarolī χ tathāmarolī η_2 saivāmarolī β_2 eṣā naulīti δ_1 eṣā naulī ca δ_2 vajrolī $B\delta_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \gamma_2 \chi$] vajrolīs ϵ_1 vajrolis ζ_3 vajrī ca δ_2 0*13d tadāśājīvite'pi ca $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] sadā me bhimateti ca B sadā cābhimateti ca Δ sahajolī mato pi ca η₂ sahajolī prajāyate χ 0*14a kuto cett.] tato ε₁ jīvati devi yāvat ΒΓΔη₂] jīvati devi tāvat ε₁ζ₂ jīvati tepi tāvat ε₂ sambhavatīha tāvat χ jīvati durvikalpe ζ_3 0*14b prāņo'pi cett.] prāņe pi $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ prāņeha ε_2 mriyate cett.] mryate $\gamma_2 \delta_1$ miyata ζ_3 priyate ε_2 na cett.] ca ζ_2 tāvat B] yāvat cett. 0*14c prāno cett.] prāṇaṃ Δ mano cett.] 'pi ca $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ vilayaṃ cett.] na vilī $^\circ$ ζ_3 prayāti $\beta_1\beta_2$] prajāti $β_ω$ na yāti $η_2$ na yāvat $ζ_2$ na yattat $ε_2$ nayed yo Δχ naved yo $γ_2$ jayed yo $γ_1$ nayet tam ε_1 °yate tra ζ_3 **0*** **14d sa** cett.] na ζ_3 ca β_2 **anyaḥ** cett.] anyam ε_2 anyat η_2 anya β_ω

रसस्य मनसश्चैव चञ्चलत्वं स्वभावतः । रसबन्धे मनोबन्धे किं न सिध्यति भूतले ॥

4.0*15

मूर्छितो हरते व्याधिं मृतो जीवयति स्वयम् । बद्धः खेचरतां धत्ते रसो वायुश्च भैरवि ॥

4.0*16

 $(\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \text{ have } 4.72 \text{ } v\bar{a}yum\bar{a}rge \text{ } tv \text{ } asamc\bar{a}re \text{ here})$

 $(\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi \text{ have 4.74 } mana \dot{\mu} sthairye \text{ here})$

0*15a rasasya cett.] rasaś ca $\gamma_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ manasaś caiva cett.] manaś caiva β_ω manasaiva caṃ° γ_1 0*15b cañcalatvaṃ cett.] °calatvaṃ ca γ_1 vaṃcatvaṃ ca ζ_2 0*15c rasa $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] rase $\gamma_1\zeta_2$ raso $B\gamma_2\Delta\eta_2\chi$ bandhe $\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] baddhe ϵ_1 baddho cett. bandhe ζ_3] baddhe ϵ_1 baddho β_2 bandhe cett. bandhaḥ β_1 dhatte ϵ_2 0*15d kiṃ cett.] tan ζ_2 0*16a harate $\Gamma\Delta\beta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi_3$ harati $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\eta_2$ vyādhiṃ cett.] vyādhi $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ vyādhin β_1 vyādhin $\epsilon_2\chi$ 0*16b jīvayati cett.] jīvayate ζ_3 0*16c khecaratāṃ cett.] khacatāṃ δ_1 dhatte cett.] dhartte $\gamma_1\zeta_2$ yāti β_ω 0*16d raso vāyuś ca cett.] vāyuś ca β_ω sa jīveśvara γ_2 bhairavī $\beta_2\Delta$] bhairavī $\Gamma\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ bhairavī tathā (tathā for missing raso) β_ω tad dvayaṃ β_1 pārvati χ seśvaraḥ γ_2

इन्द्रियाणां मनो नाथो मनोनाथस्तु मारुतः । मारुतस्य लयो नाथस्तं नाथं लयमाश्रयेत् ॥	4.1
सोऽयमेवास्तु मोक्षाख्यो मास्तु वापि मतान्तरे । मनःप्राणलयानन्दो मयि कश्चित्प्रवर्तते ॥ (от. А)	4.1*
प्रणष्टोच्छ्वासनिश्वासः प्रध्वस्तविषयग्रहः। निश्चेष्टो निर्विकारश्च लयो जयति योगिनाम्॥	4.2
उच्छिन्नसर्वसंकल्पो निःशेषाशेषचेष्टितः । स्वावगम्यो लयः कोऽपि जयतां वागगोचरः ॥ (от. δ_2)	4.3
यत्र दृष्टिर्लयस्तत्र भूतेन्द्रियसनातनः । स्याच्छक्तिर्जीवभूतानां दृष्टिर्लक्ष्ये लयं गता ॥ (om. δ_2)	4.4

1a indriyāṇāṃ cett.] indriyāṇi ζ₂ **1b manonāthas tu** α₁α₂Βε₁χ] manonāthasu α₃ manonāthaḥ su ζ_2 manonāthaś ca $\gamma_1 \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ manaso nātha γ_2 **1c nāthas/nāthaḥ/nātho** cett.] nāthāḥ **1d** tam nātham layam āśrayet $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] tan nātho laya + + + α_3 sa layo nādam āśritaḥ $\beta_2 \Gamma \delta_2 \chi$ laya nātha niramjanām β_1 layo dasamāśrayaḥ unm. δ_1 1*1a so'yam evāstu Bε $_1$ ε $_2$ ζ $_3$ χ] soyamo vāstu ζ $_2$ svayam evāstu $η_2$ ayam eva tu $Γ\Delta$ **mokṣākhyo** cett.] vā mokṣāḥ **1*1b māstu vāpi** B $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] māstu kapi ζ_2 sosti vāpi η_2 'stu vāpi sa γ_2 yas tu vāpi δ_1 yas **1*1c layānando** $\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] layānanda ζ_2 layāna β_ω layo nādo Δ tu vyāpi δ_2 aya vāpi γ_1 laye kaścid χ °m apānaṃ vā η₂ **1*1d mayi** $β_1β_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3$] māpi $β_ω$ nāpi ΓΔ bhuvi $ε_2$ layaḥ $η_2$ āna° χ kaścit/°cid cett.] kviṃcid δ_1 °ndaḥ saṃ° χ pravartate $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] pravartate na β_{ω} pravartatām ϵ_2 vibhedyate γ_1 vibhidyate $\gamma_2\Delta$ **2a praņaṣṭocchvāsa** $\Delta\epsilon_1$] pranaṣṭocchvāsa $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ pranastosvāsa β_1 pranastausvāsa ζ_2 prabhrsto sa γ_1 pranastasvāsa $\alpha_1\chi$ pranastabhyāsa α₂ pranaṣṭaḥ svā«sa» β₂ niśvāsaḥ $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] niśvāsa $\alpha_2 \beta_\omega$ niḥśvāsaḥ $\beta_1 \beta_2^{pc} \zeta_2 \eta_2$ niḥśvāsa $\beta_2^{ac} \Delta$ **2b** pradhvasta cett.] prabhṛṣṭa ε_1 pranaṣṭa η_2 niśvāsāḥ γ₂ niśvāsā γ₁ **vişaya** cett.] vişayā ε_1 **grahaḥ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\varepsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] grahāḥ $\Gamma\delta_2$ grataḥ β_1 jvaraḥ ζ_3 hvaraḥ ζ_2 (niḥś° α_1) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] niścestā $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_3$ niḥśresto β_1 nidyesto ζ_2 niścalo η_2 $B\gamma_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nirvikārāś ca $\gamma_2\Delta$ nirvikāras tu α_1 nivikalpas tu α_2 2d layo $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] laye δ_1 layam $\Gamma \delta_2$ jayati $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ Β $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] yānti ca ΓΔ **yoginām** $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ Β $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] yoginaḥ **3a ucchinna** cett.] ucchinnah $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ ucchūna δ_1 **samkalpo** cett.] samkalpe δ_1 3b niḥśeṣāśeṣa cett.] niḥśeṣagata Γ niḥśeṣoṣeṣa $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$ **ceștitah** cett.] ceștitam β₂ varjitah ζ₃ **3c svāvagamyo** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\eta_2\chi$] svāvagamya $\alpha_3\beta_1\epsilon_1$ sovagamyo β_2 svāgamyo ζ_2 svānugamyo ζ_3 svāgate cā Γ **3d jayatāṃ vāgagocaraḥ** $A\beta_2\varepsilon_1$] japatāṃ vāgagocara ζ_2 jāyatāṃ vāgagocaraḥ ζ_3 jāyatām cāpi gaucarah β_1 jāyate vāgagocarah $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ manovācām agocarah $\Gamma\delta_1$ dṛṣṭi $\alpha_1\zeta_3\eta_2$ vṛṣṭir β_2 4b sanātanaḥ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] sanātana β_1 sanātanaṃ ζ_2 sanātanī $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\eta_2\chi$ 4c syāc chaktir/°tiḥ $\alpha_1\Gamma\delta_1$] syāt saktir α_2 sā śaktir $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$ sa śaktir ζ_3 jīva $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] sarva $\Gamma \delta_1$ bhāva $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ **bhūtānāṃ** cett.] bhūtānī γ_1 bhūnāṃ ζ_2 **4d dṛṣṭir** $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \eta_2$] dṛṣṭi $\alpha_2\beta_1\delta_1\epsilon_1$ dṛṣṭe $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ dve a° χ lakṣ(y)e layaṃ gatā $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_2$] lakṣe la(!) gatā α_2 lakṣe layam gatāḥ α_1 lakṣy[e] layam gataḥ α_3 lakṣye layam gate $\eta_2\chi$ lakṣam layam gatau ζ_3 lakṣe na saṃgatā γ_2 lakṣana saṃgatā γ_1 lakṣeṇa saṃgatā δ_1 gacchel layaṃ gate β_2

वेदशास्त्रपुराणानि सामान्यगणिका इव । (ab om. $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$)	
एकैव शांभवी मुद्रा गुप्ता कुलवधूरिव II (cd om. βω)	4.5
अन्तर्रुक्ष्यं बहिर्दृष्टिर्निमेषोन्मेषवर्जिता।	
एषा सा शांभवी मुद्रा सर्वतन्त्रेषु गोपिता II (om. ζ₂ζ₃) [eye-skip?]	4.6
अन्तर्रुक्ष्यविठीनचित्तपवनो योगी यदा वर्तते	
दृष्ट्या निश्चलतारया बहिरधः पश्यन्नपश्यन्नपि ।	
मुद्रेयं खलु खेचरी भवति सा युष्मत्प्रसादाद्भुरो	
शून्याशून्यविवर्जितं स्फुरति यत्तत्त्वं पदं शांभवम् ॥	4.7
श्रीशांभव्याश्च खेचर्या अवस्थायामभेदता* l ⁴ (om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$)	4.8

5a purāṇāni $α_1α_3β_1β_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3η_2χ]$ purāṇādyāḥ $γ_1$ puraṇādyāḥ $γ_2$ purāṇaughāḥ $δ_2$ purāṇaiś ca **5b** sāmānya cett.] samāni β₂ ganikā cett.] ganivā δ_1 5c ekaiva cett.] idam mudrā $A\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\chi$] māyā ζ_3 vidyā η_2 5d guptā kulavadhūr iva $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\chi$] gopyā kulavadhūr iva η_2 sarvatantresu gopitā (cf. 4.6d) $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ sarvatantresu gopitā rakṣaṇīyā prayatnena guptā kulavadhūr iva Δ **6a lakṣ(y)aṃ** $\alpha_2\beta_2^{ac}\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\eta_2\chi$] lakṣā δ_1 lakṣyo δ_2 lakṣ(y)a **bahir** $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_1 \chi$] mano η_2 **drstir** cett.] drsti $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \eta_2$ 6b nimesonmesa $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] nirmişonmeşa $\beta_1\gamma_1$ varjitā cett. varjitah $\beta_1\delta_2$ 6c esā sā $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\chi$ eṣāsau α_2 eṣā hi β_ω eṣā tu η_2 eṣā vai δ_2 saiṣā tu $\Gamma\delta_1$ 6d sarvatantreṣu $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\delta_2\epsilon_1\eta_2$] sarvatantreşu śastreşu δ_1 vedaśāstreşu χ 7a lakşya $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] lakşa $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\zeta_2\zeta_3$ yadā cett.] yathā η_2 sadā $A\zeta_2$ **7b drṣṭyā** cett.] drṣṭvā η_2 drṣyā β_1 drṣyā β_{ω} tārayā cett.] tālayā β₁ tāra **bahir** cett.] hir γ_1 adhah $AB\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] adhrah ζ_2 asau $\Gamma\Delta$ paśyann apaśyann api $\alpha_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] paśyann apaśyann ivā α_1 paśyan na paśyaty api Γ paśyann api η_2 paśyan na paśyet tata
ḥ $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ paśyen na paśyet tata
ḥ β_2 **7c mudreyam** cett.] mudre ζ_3 khecarī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ śāṃbhavī $\beta_2 \Gamma \Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$ **bhavati sā** cett.] bhavati β_{ω} °ti kathitā ε_1 yuşmat $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3$] «yu»ṣmat γ_2 yuṣmān η_2 puṣpat γ_1 yasya $\beta_2 \epsilon_1$ yāsya β_1 labdhā χ **guro** $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \delta_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2^{3c}$] guroḥ $\beta_2 \delta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2^{pc} \chi$ gurau α_1 gure α_2 7d śūnyāśūnya cett.] śūnyāc chūnya β₂ vivarjitam cett.] vivarjite γ_1 vivarjiti δ_1 vivarjito α_2 vilakṣaṇaṃ χ **sphurati** cett.] spharati δ_1 padam cett.] om. $\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2$ 8a °vyāś ca khecaryā $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \chi$] ya β_{ω} [pta]t δ_1 tat $\alpha_1 \chi$ ttat α_2 °vāś ca khecaryā ϵ_1 °vyāḥ khecaryā $_$ γ_1 °vyā(ḥ) khecaryāś ca $\, {
m B} \,$ °vyā khecaryā $\, lpha_2 \,$ °vavyā khe-8b avasthāyām abhedatā β₁] hy avasthāyām abhedataḥ β₂ avasthāyām na bhedataḥ $\alpha_1 \epsilon_1$ avasthāyā na bhedatah α_3 avasthāyasya bhedatah α_2 avasthādhāmabhedatah χ avasthāyām ca bhedatā β_{ω} avasthā ca na bhedataḥ (bhedanaḥ γ_1) Γ avasthā balabhedataḥ Δ

⁴ In χ this half verse is followed by another half verse: भवेचित्तलयानन्दः शून्ये चित्सुखरूपिणि.

पाताले यद्वितयसुषिरं मेरुमूले तदस्मिन् तत्त्वं चैतत्प्रवदित सुधीस्तन्सुखं निम्नगानाम् । चन्द्रात्सारः स्रवित वपुषस्तेन मृत्युर्नराणां तं बधीयात्सुकरणमृदा नान्यथा कायसिद्धिः ॥ $(A\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3)^5 \ [\rightarrow 3.49^*2]$ 4.9 यित्किंचित्स्रवते चन्द्रादमृतं दिव्यरूपिणः । तत्सर्वं ग्रसते सूर्यस्तेन पिण्डं जरायुतम् ॥ $(A) \ [\rightarrow 3.73^*1]$ 4.10 तत्रास्ति करणं दिव्यं सूर्यस्य मुखबन्धनम् । गुरूपदेशतो ज्ञेयं न तु शास्त्रार्थकोटिभिः ॥ $(A) \ [\rightarrow 3.73^*2]$ 4.11

9a pātāle yadvitaya $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ pātāle yadvita.. α_3 pātālād yad viśati Γ pātālād vā viyati $\delta_1\delta_3$ **ram** α_2] suśiram α_1 śikhiram γ_1 śikharam γ_2 śikhare $\delta_1\delta_3$ tad asmin α_1] yadismi α_2 tasti γ_1 tad asti γ_2 tadāstā δ_1 tad āste δ_3 **9b** sudhīs tan mukham $\alpha_1\Gamma$ sudhīh sammukham δ_3 sudhī sanmukham α_2 susammukham δ_1 **9c sāraḥ** Γ] srāvaḥ $\delta_1\delta_3$ sāro $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ sravati $\gamma_1\delta_3$ śravati δ_1 savati γ_2 grasati α_1 om. α_2 **vapuṣas** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\gamma_1\delta_1\delta_3$] puruṣas γ_2 9d tam badhnīvāt $A\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3$] tadvahmampāt γ_1 **sukaranamrdā** $\alpha_1\alpha_2$] sukaranāmudā α_3 svakaranamrdā $\gamma_2\delta_3$ svakaranaimṛdā γ_1 svakaranamṛjā δ_1 **11b mukhabandhanam** (cf. 3.73*2) *em.*] paribandhanam $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ *illeg.* α_3 $\alpha_2\alpha_3\delta_1$

⁵ This verse is found after 4.11*2 in $\Gamma\delta_1$.

तारे ज्योतिषि संयोज्य किंचिदुन्नमयेद्भुवौ । (ab om. A)
पूर्वयोगस्य मार्गोऽयमुन्मनीकारकः क्षणात् ॥ (cd om. AГ)

केचिदागमजालेन केचिन्निगमसंकुलैः ।
केचित्तर्कण मुह्यन्ति नैव जानन्ति तारकम् ॥ (om. АГ)

4.11*1

अर्थोद्धाटितलोचनः स्थिरमना नासाग्रदत्तेक्षणः
चन्द्राकीविष लीनतामुपनयन्निष्पन्दभावान्तरे ।
ज्योतीरूपमशेषबाह्यरहितं देदीप्यमानं परं
तत्त्वं तत्पदमेति वस्तु परमं वाच्यं किमन्नाधिकम् ॥ (om. Аб2) [after 4.7 Гб1]

4.11*3

(The following verses are not found in $A\Gamma\Delta$, but in $B\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)

दिवा न पूजयेश्लिङ्गं रात्रौ नैव च पूजयेत्। सततं पूजयेश्लिङ्गं दिवारात्रिनिरोधतः॥ 4.11*4

11*1a tāre $\beta_1 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] tāra $\beta_\omega \delta_1$ tārām β_2 tārā η_2 tāvad ζ_2 vāre γ_1 kalām ϵ_1 kalā ϵ_2 $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] jyotişīm β_1 jyotīşa β_ω jyotiso δ_1 yotişi ζ_2 jyotişu η_2 samyojya cett.] samy-11*1b unnamayed B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] uccālayed $\gamma_1\delta_2$ uccalayed γ_2 ojyā η_2 samojyam γ_1 jojya δ_1 uccārayed η_2 uccācayed δ_1 uṣṭānnama ζ_2 bhruvau cett.] bhūvo«h» γ_1 11*1c pūrvayogasya mārgo'yam $β_1β_ωδ_2ε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3$] pūrvayogasya mārgena $β_2$ sūryayogasya mārge ca $η_2$ pūrvayogasya māhātmyam δ_1 pūrvayogam mano yunjann χ om. Γ 11*1d unmanī $\beta_1\beta_\omega\Delta\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] hy unmanī β_2 yunmanī η_2 kiṃcid un° ϵ_1 om. Γ kārakaḥ kṣaṇāt $\beta_1\epsilon_1\chi$] kārakakṣaṇāt β_2 kārakaṃ kṣaṇāt ζ_2 kāraṇaḥ kṣaṇāt β_ω kāraṇaṃ kṣaṇāt ϵ_2 karaṇaṃ kṣaṇāt $\Delta\zeta_3$ kāralakṣaṇam η_2 om. Γ 11*2a āgama cett.] nigama $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ jālena cett.] yogena η_2 om. Γ 11*2b nigama $\beta_1 \beta_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] niyama $\beta_{\omega}\Delta$ nima ζ_3 āgama $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ om. Γ saṃkulaiḥ $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] saṃkule $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3$ saṃkulāḥ δ_2 samkulā δ_1 om. Γ 11*3a ardhodghātita cett.] arddhoghātita β_1 arddhocchā[d]ita γ_1 ardhonmīlita χ locana $\dot{\beta}$ $\delta_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] locana B $\Gamma \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ sthira cett.] sthila γ_1 cett.] °kṣaṇāś $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{1}$ °kṣaṇaṃ ζ_{2} 11°3b candrārkāv cett.] cāndrārkāv β_{ω} candrārkau η_{2} api $B\gamma_1\delta_1\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] avi γ_2 aca ζ_2 ca vi° η_2 **upanayan** $\varepsilon_1 \chi$] apanayan ε_2 upanayen $\Gamma \delta_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ upagatau B gatau η₂ niṣpanda cett.] nirvyaṃda β₁ diṣyanda ε₂ nikṣipya η₂ bhāvāntare $ε_1ε_2$] bhāvo'ntare $γ_1δ_1$ bhāvotare $γ_2$ bhāsoṃtare $η_2$ bāṣpaṃ tataḥ $ζ_3$ vāpyaṃ tataḥ $ζ_2$ rūpaṃ tataḥ $β_2$ rūpam tanu $β_1$ rūpatanu $β_ω$ bhāvena yaḥ χ 11*3c rūpam cett.] rūpa $ζ_2ζ_3$ yatsyam $γ_2$ aśeşa cett.] viśeṣa ζ₂ζ₃ bāhyarahitaṃ cett.] bījam akhilaṃ χ dedīpya cett.] devadīpya 11*3d tat cett.] yac η_2 padam eti $\Gamma \delta_1 \chi$] param eti $B \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ param asti $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ carama η_2 vastu cett.] vasta γ_1 yastu $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ yat tu β_2 vācyam cett.] vāpyam γ_1 atrādhikam cett.] andrādhikam γ_1 atrāsanam δ_1 11*4a divā na $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] vāsare η_2 11*4b rātrau naiva ca **pūjayet** $\beta_1\zeta_2$] rātrau naiva prapūjayet $\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1$ rātrau caiva na pūjayet $\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ rātrau liṃgaṃ na pūjayet ζ_3 11*4c satataṃ Bε₁ε₂ $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] sarvadā χ 11*4d divārātrinirodhataḥ χ] divārātraṃ na pūjayet $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ divārātrau na pūjayet $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ divārātrau ca pūjayet β_2

अथ खेचरी Ι (β₁β₂χ)

सुषिरो ज्ञानजनकः पञ्चस्रोतःसमन्वितः । तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तस्मिन्शून्ये निरञ्जने ॥ (от. х) [=3.49*1]	4.11*5
सव्यदक्षिणनाडीस्थो मध्ये चलति मारुतः । तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तस्मिन्स्थाने न संशयः ॥	4.11*6
चित्तं चरति खे यस्माज्जिह्वा चरित खे गता। तेनैषा खेचरी नाम मुद्रा सिद्धैर्नमस्कृता।। $(\text{om. }\eta_2\chi)$ [= 3.38]	4.11*7
इडापिङ्गलयोर्योगे शून्यं चैवानिलं ग्रसेत्। तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तत्र सत्यं न संशयः॥ (от. ८३७२)	4.11*8
सोमसूर्यद्वयोर्मध्ये निरालम्बे तले पुनः । संस्थिता व्योमचक्रे या सा मुद्रा नाम खेचरी॥	4.11*9
सा मयोद्भेदिता वामा साक्षाच शिववछ्लभा। पूरयेन्मारुतं दिव्यं सुषुम्णा पश्चिमे सुखे॥ (οm. β₂)	4.11*10

heading: khecarī $\beta_2\chi$] khecarīsamādhiḥ β_1 11*5a suṣiro $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] sukhiro β_2 susthiro β_1 sukhiraṃ $β_ω η_2$ dṛṅmukhaṃ $ζ_3$ janakaḥ $β_1 β_2 ε_1 ε_2 ζ_2$] janakaṃ $β_ω η_2$ jaṃnakaṃ $ζ_3$ 11*5b samanvita $\dot{\mu}$ $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$] samanvita β_ω samanvitam ζ_3 samanvite η_2 11*5d tasmin śūnye η_2] tasmāc chūnye $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$ satyam tatra ζ_2 om. (eye-skip?) β_{ω} nirañjane $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] na samśayah (cf. Pāda d of the next verse) ζ_2 om. β_{ω} 11*6a savyadakṣiṇanāḍīstho (nādi $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$) $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] om. β_{ω} 11*6b madhye calati māruta $\hat{\mu}$ $\epsilon_1\zeta_2$] madhye carati māruta $\hat{\mu}$ (madhyam β_1) $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2\chi$ madhye vahati mārutah η_2 madhyacaritamārutah ζ_3 om. β_ω khecarī mudrā $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] om. β_ω 11*6d tasmin sthāne $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] satyam tatra ζ_2 **11*7b** khe gatā B $\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] khe yadā ϵ_1 vegatah ζ_3 11*7c tenaisā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\zeta_3$ tatra satyam η_2 teneyam β_2 tenaiva ζ_2 iyam ca ε_2 **nāma** $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$] mudrā $\beta_2\zeta_3$ 11*7d mudrā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ satyam ζ_3 sarva β_2 namaskṛtā $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] nigadyate ζ_3 11*8a yoge $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] madhye **11*8b** śūnyam $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \chi$] śūnye $\beta_1 \zeta_2$ śūne β_{ω} caivānilam $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \chi$] caiva bilam $\beta_1 \beta_2$ graset $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] viśet β_2 11*8c tişthate $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] tişthati β_1 11*8d tatra satyam na saṃśayaḥ $β_1ε_1ε_2$] satyaṃ tatra na saṃśayaḥ $ζ_2$ tatra satyaṃ punaḥ punaḥ $β_2β_ωχ$ 11*9a so**masūryadvayo** $ε_1ε_2ζ_2η_2$] candrasūryadvayor $ζ_3$ sūryācandramasor Bχ11*9b nirālambe tale $\beta_2\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3$] nirālambatale $\beta_1\epsilon_2$ nirālambe kale ϵ_1 nirālambo'ntarā η_2 nirālambāntare χ 11*10a sā mayodbheditā vāmā $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$] sā māyodbhedikā vāmā ϵ_1 sā māyābhedito vāmā ϵ_2 sā mayodve $_{-}$ tā vāmā ζ_2 sā mayodve[dh]itā vāmā ζ_3 somayodbheditā dhāma η_2 somād yatroditā dhārā 11*10b sākṣāc ca $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\zeta_2\zeta_3$] sākṣād vai η_2 sā sākṣāt $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ sākṣāt sā χ 11*10c pūrayen $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] pūrayed χ pūjayed η_2 **mārutaṃ divyaṃ** $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3$] na tu tad divyaṃ ϵ_1 satataṃ divyam ε_2 atulām divyām $\eta_2 \chi$ 11*10d suşumṇā $β_1β_ωε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2$] suşumṇāṃ χ $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] paścimā β_{ω}

पुरस्ताचैव पूर्वेत निश्चिता खेचरी भवेत्। अभ्यसेत्खेचरीमुद्रामुन्मनी संप्रजायते॥	4.11*11
अभ्यसेत्स्वेचरीं तावद्यावत्स्याद्योगनिद्रितः । संप्राप्तयोगनिद्रस्य कालो नास्ति कदाचन॥ ⁶	4.11*12
भ्रुवोर्मध्ये शिवस्थानं मनस्तत्र विलीयते । (ab om. ɛ₁ɛ₂) ज्ञातव्यं तत्पदं तुर्यं तत्र कालो न विद्यते ॥	4.11*13
चन्द्रसूर्यद्वयोर्मध्ये मुद्रां दद्याच्च खेचरीम् । निरालम्बे महाशून्ये व्योमचक्रे व्यवस्थिताम् ॥ (от. χ)	4.11*14
निरालम्बं मनः कृत्वा न किंचिदिप चिन्तयेत्। सबाह्याभ्यन्तरे व्योम्नि घटवत्तिष्ठते ध्रुवम्॥	4.11*15
बाह्यवायुर्यथा लीनः खस्य मध्ये न संशयः। खस्थानं गच्छति प्राणः †सूर्याङ्गे मनसा तथा†॥	4.11*16

11*11b niścitā B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] niśritā η_2 11*11c abhyaset $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] abhyase β_ω abhyastā $\eta_2\chi$ om. (eye-skip?) ζ_3 **khecarīmudrām** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$] khecarīm mudrām β_1 khecarīmudrā $\eta_2 \chi$ om. ζ_3 11*11d unmanī B $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$] py unmanī χ om. ζ_3 samprajāyate $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] sāṃdrajāyate β_1 sā prajāyate $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ om. ζ_3 11*12a abhyaset $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\chi]$ abhyasat ζ_3 abhyasya ϵ_2 abhyaste η_2 **khecarī** χ] khecarī B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ **tāvad** B χ] mudrām $\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2$ mudrā $\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ 11*12b yāvat Βχ] tāvat ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃η₂ yoganidritāḥ β₂ε₁ζ₂ζ₃χ] yoganidritāḥ β₁ yoganidratāḥ $η_2$ yoganimdratah $β_ω$ coramudritā $ε_2$ 11*13a śiva $β_2β_ωζ_2ζ_3η_2χ$] bhavet $β_1$ 11*13d tatra $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] yatra ζ_3 kālo $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kopi ζ_2 11*14b mudrām $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] mudrā ζ_2 dadyāc ca $\text{Be}_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] dadyāt tu e_1 divyā ca ζ_2 khecarīm β_2 e $_1$ e $_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] khecarī $\beta_\omega\zeta_2$ khecare β_1 11*14c nirālambe $β_2ε_1η_2$] nirālambam $β_ωζ_2ζ_3$ nirālambas $β_1$ nirālamba $ε_2$ mahāśūnye $\beta_2 \eta_2$] mahāśūnya
m $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ mahacchūnye ϵ_1 mahāśūnya
 $\beta_\omega\epsilon_2$ tadā śūnya β_1 11*14d cakre $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2$] cakram ζ_3 vyavasthitām $\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\eta_2$] vyavasthitam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ vyavasthitā $\beta_1\varepsilon_2$ 11*15c °bhyantare $Bε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] bhyantaraṃ $ε_2η_2$ 11*15d ghaṭavat $Bζ_3η_2χ$] paṭavat $ζ_2$ aṭavat $ε_1$ maghaṭat $ε_2$ tiṣṭhate $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] tiṣṭhati $B\eta_2 \chi$ 11*16a yathā $B\eta_2 \chi$] tathā $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ yadā $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ līnaḥ $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$] līna $\beta_1\zeta_2$ līnam β_ω līnā ε_2 līnas $\eta_2\chi$ 11*16b khasya madhye $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] khamadhye tu β_2 khamadhye ca ζ_3 khamadhya ζ_2 tathā madhye η_2 tathā madhyo χ na saṃśayaḥ $\mathrm{Be}_1 \mathrm{e}_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi]$ __sayaḥ ζ_2 11*16c svasthānaṃ gacchati prāṇaḥ $B\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] saṃsthānaṃ gacchati prāṇaḥ ε_2 11*16d sūryānge manasā tathā $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] sūryānge pavane tathā svasthāne sthiratām eti χ η₂ pavano manasā saha χ

 $^{^{6}}$ This verse and the next one are transposed in χ .

एवमभ्यस्यमानस्य वायुमार्गे दिवानिशम् । अभ्यासाज्जीर्यते वायुर्मनस्तत्र विलीयते ॥ 4.11*17 अमृतं प्रावयेद्देहमा पादतलमस्तकम्। सिध्यत्येव सदा कायो महाबलपराऋमः॥ 4.11*18 इति खेचरी। 🕢 अथ शांभवी । (८,८०) शक्तिमध्ये मनः कृत्वा शक्तिं च मनमध्यगाम्। मनसा मन आलोक्य तद्ध्यायेत्परमं पदम ॥ 4.11*19 खमध्ये करु चात्मानमात्ममध्ये च खं करु। आत्मानं खमयं कत्वा न किंचिदपि चिन्तयेत ॥ 4.11*20अन्तः शन्यो बहिः शुन्यः शुन्यकुम्भ इवाम्बरे । अन्तः पूर्णो बहिः पूर्णेः पूर्णकुम्भ इवार्णवे ॥ $(cd om. \epsilon_1) (om. \beta_\omega \zeta_2 \zeta_3)$ 4.11*21

11*17a abhyasyamānasya $B_{\epsilon_1\epsilon_2}\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ abhyasyatas tasya χ 11*17b vāyumārge $B_{\epsilon_1\epsilon_2}\eta_2\chi$ vāyor mārge $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ **divāniśam** $\beta_2 \chi$] divā niśi β_1 divādisam β_{ω} sadāniśam $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_2$ sadānilam $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ 11*17c abhyāsāj jīryate $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] abhyāsāl līyate ζ_3 11*17d tatra vilīyate $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] tatraiva līyate Bx 11*18a amṛtaṃ plāvayed deham $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2$] amṛtāt plāvayed deham $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ (amṛtā ϵ_1) amṛte plāvayed deham ζ_3 amṛtaṃ plavate $_$ β_2 amṛtaiḥ plāvayed deham χ ajaratvaṃ 11*18b ā pādatala cett.] apādapala η_2 lac. β_2 mastakam $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] bhaved dehe η_2 mastake η_2 mastakān ζ_2 lac. β_2 11*18c sidhyaty eva $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \chi$] siddhaty eva ζ_2 siddhyaty evam ζ_3 sidhyate ca η_2 siddhadeho β_2 siddhideho β_1 sadā kāyo $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$ mahākāyo $β_2χ$ mahākāryo $β_1$ mahāyogo $η_2$ tadā kāyo $ζ_3$ heading: atha $ζ_2$] om. $β_1$ β_1] śāmbhavī śaktih ζ_2 11*19b śaktim ca manamadhyagām $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$] śaktim ca svāmtamadhyagām ζ_3 śaktiṃ mānasamadhyagām χ śaktiṃ manasi madhyataḥ η_2 sumadhyagaṃ β_1 manaḥ śaktes tu madhyagam $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ 11*19c mana ālokya $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] mana ārokya ζ_2 manam ālokya β_ω 11*19d tad dhyāyet $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] tam dhyāyet ε_2 tam dhātam β_1 vaddhyāyait β_{ω} dhārayet $\eta_2\chi$ 11*20a khamadhye $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] khammadhye β_1 11*20b ātmamadhye $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] ātmāmadhye $\beta_1 \beta_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ 11*20c ātmānam $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1$] sarvam ca $\epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ evam kr° $β_1$ khamayam kṛtvā $β_ωζ_2ζ_3χ$] khammayam kṛtvā $β_2ε_1ε_2η_2$ °tvā tayoś cāpi $β_1$ 11*21b śūnya $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ śūnyaḥ χ 11*21d pūrņa $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ pūrņah χ ivārņave $\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ ivāmbare β_1 ivāmbudhau β₂

बाह्यचिन्ता न कर्तव्या तथैवान्तरचिन्तनम् । सर्वचिन्तां परित्यज्य न किंचिदिप चिन्तयेत् ॥ $_{(\mathrm{om.}\ \zeta_2\zeta_3)}$	4.11*22
संकल्पमात्रकलनैव जगत्समग्रं (a om. β ₁ β ₂) संकल्पमात्रकलना हि मनोविलासः I (b om. β ₁ β ₂) संकल्पमेतमत उत्सृज निर्विकल्पं (c om. β ₂) आश्रित्य निश्चयमवामुहि राम शान्तिम् II (d om. β ₂)	4.11*23
कर्पूरमनले यद्गत्सैन्थवं सलिले यथा। तथा संधीयमानं च मनस्तत्त्वे विलीयते॥ (om. η2)	4.11*24
ज्ञेयं सर्वं प्रतीतं च तज्ज्ञानं मन उच्यते । ज्ञानं ज्ञेयं समं नष्टं नान्यः पन्था द्वितीयकः ॥	4.11*25
मनोदृश्यमिदं सर्वं यत्किंचित्सचराचरं। मनसो ह्युन्मनीभावे द्वैताभावं प्रचक्षते॥	4.11*26
ज्ञेयवस्तुपरित्यागाद्विलयं याति मानसम् । मानसे विलयं याते कैवल्यमवशिष्यते ॥	4.11*27

11*22b cintanam $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \eta_2 \chi$] cintanā $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega}$ cimtamān β_1 11*22c sarvacintām parityajya $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \chi$] sarvacintā parityajya $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ sarvacintā parityājyā η_2 11*23a kalanaiva $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] **samagram** β_{ω} ε₁ε₂ ζ_2 ζ_3 χ] samastam η_2 11*23b kalanā hi $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ kalanam ca βω kalanaiva $\eta_2\chi$ vilāsa $\dot{\mu}$ $\epsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] vilāsā β_ω vivāsa $\dot{\mu}$ ϵ_1 vilīnā ζ_2 valīnā ζ_3 11*23c saṃkalpam etam ata ε_1] saṃkalpamātramatam ζ_3 °mātramata ζ_2 °mātramanam ε_2 °mātramatim χ °mātrami[m] β_1 °mātram idam β_ω °mātrakalanaiva η_2 utsrja $\beta_1\beta_\omega \epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] utsrjya χ tsrja ζ_2 nirvikalpam $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] nityam η_2 11*23d āśritya $\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] āśrita ζ_3 samkalpa η_2 niścayam $ε_1η_2χ$] niścalam $β_1ε_2$ niścalayam $β_ω$ niścitam $ζ_2ζ_3$ nuhi $β_ωε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3χ$] avāpnudhi $η_2$ anāpnuhi $β_1$ rāma $β_1β_ωε_1η_2χ$] kāma $ε_2$ rāga $ζ_3$ roga ζ_2 11*24a anale $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ ε₁ε₂ $\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] anile β_2 11*24c tathā Bε₁ε₂ $\zeta_3\chi$] yathā ζ_2 saṃdhiyamānaṃ ca Bε₁ε₂ χ] saṃdipamānaṃ ca $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 11*24d tattve β_2 ε₁ $\zeta_3\chi$] tātva β_1 tatva β_ω tatra $\varepsilon_2\zeta_2$ vilīyate $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\chi$] valīyate ζ_3 11*25a sarvam pratītam $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\chi$] sarvapratītaṃ $β_ω ζ_2 ζ_3$ sarvam atītaṃ $η_2$ 11*25b tajjñānaṃ $ε_1 ζ_2 ζ_3$] tat jñātaṃ $ε_2$ jñānaṃ ca $η_2 χ$ jñānaṃ tu B 11*25c samam nastam B ϵ_1 ϵ_2 ζ_2 ζ_3 χ] manaś caiva η_2 11*25d nānyah cett.] mānyah β_1 **panthā** $β_2 ε_1 ε_2 ζ_2 η_2 χ$] paṃtha $ζ_3$ paṃthyā $β_1$ pathā $β_ω$ **dvitīyaka** $\hat{\mu}$ $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] dvitīyaka $\hat{\mu}$ $β_1 ζ_2$ dvitiyaka $β_ω$ 11*26c manaso hy unmanī $η_2 χ$] manaso hy amanī $ε_1$ manasopy unmanī Bε₂ ζ_3 mano sopy unmanī ζ_2 °bhāve $\beta_\omega \zeta_3 \eta_2^{pc}$] bhāvai β_1 bhāvo $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ bhāvavo η_2^{qc} bhāvād χ om. (eye-skip?) ζ_2 11*26d dvaitābhāvaṃ $\beta_1\beta_2\zeta_3$] dvaitābhā + ϵ_1 dvaitābhāvaḥ ϵ_2 dvaitābhāva $β_ω$ bhāvaṃ $ζ_2$ dvaitaṃ naivo° $η_2χ$ **pracakṣate** $β_2β_ωε_1ε_2ζ_3$] pracakṣyate $β_1ζ_2$ °palabhyate $η_2χ$ 11*27b mānasam $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] mārutam ζ_2 11*27c mānase $B\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] manaso $\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ vi- $B\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] anasīṣyate ζ_2 api kalpate η_2

लयो लय इति प्राहः कीदृशं लयलक्षणम्। अपनर्वासनोत्थानात लयो विषयविस्मतिः ॥ 4.11*28 एवं नानाविधोपायाः सम्यवस्वानुभवान्विताः। समाधिमार्गाः कथिताः पूर्वाचार्येर्महात्मभिः॥ 4.11*29 अथ विश्रान्तिः I (om. βωχ) सुषुम्णायै कुण्डलिन्यै सुधायै चन्द्रमण्डले। मनोन्मन्यै नमस्तभ्यं महाशक्तिचिदात्मने ॥ (om. n2) 4.11*30 अशक्यतत्त्वबोधानां मूढानामपि संमतम् । [cf. 4.35ab] प्रोक्तं गोरक्षनाथेन नादोपासनसुच्यते ॥ 4.11*31 श्रीआदिनाथेन सपादकोटि-लयप्रकाराः कथिता जयन्ते। नादानसंधानकमेकमेव मन्यामहे मान्यतमं लयानाम ॥ 4.12 (BE $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ have 4.55 *śravaṇamukhanayana* here) मक्तासनस्थितो योगी मुद्रां संधाय शांभवीम । (ab om. ৪,৪,১୮८,८५७)

भुणुयादक्षिणे कर्णे नादमन्तःस्थमेकधीः Π (cd om. $\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) [cf. 4.36*1] 4.13

11*28b kīdṛśaṃ $B_{\epsilon_1} \epsilon_2 \eta_2 \chi$] īdṛśaṃ $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ 11*28c °tthānāt $\beta_1 \beta_2 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] °tthānā $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$ °tthānā ϵ_2 11*28d layo viṣaya $B_{\epsilon_2} \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] yalo viṣaya ϵ_1 vṛttyayā viśva η_2 11*29b bhavānvitāḥ $B_{\epsilon_1} \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] bhavānyuta ϵ_2 bhavātmikāḥ ζ_3 11*29c mārgāḥ $\beta_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] mārge η_2 illeg. β_{ω} heading: atha $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] iti $\beta_1 \beta_2$ 11*30a suṣumṇāyai $B_{\epsilon_1} \epsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] sukhayaiḥ ζ_2 11*30b maṇḍale $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] maṇḍalāt $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ janmane B_{χ} 11*30d śakti $\beta_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] śakte β_{ω} śaktyai χ cidātmane cett.] cidātmani β_1 cidātmike ϵ_1 cidātmihe ϵ_2 11*31a aśakya $\beta_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] aśakyaṃ $\epsilon_1 \eta_2$ aśakta $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega}$ 11*31b mūḍhānām $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] gūḍhānām β_1 api saṃtmatam $B_{\epsilon_1} \epsilon_2 \eta_2 \chi$] api saṃtsatam ζ_3 atisaṃtataṃ ζ_2 11*31c gorakṣa cett.] śrīśaṃbhu $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ 11*31d ucyate $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] uttamam β_2 12a śrīādināthena cett.] śrīśaṃbhunāthena $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ 12b laya cett.] layaḥ $\alpha_1 \Gamma \zeta_2$ laṣa α_2 jayante $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2$] jayanti $B_1 \delta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ yayaṃti δ_1 12c ekam eva $\alpha_1 \beta_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \chi$] eva $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega}$ eva nānyaṃ $\alpha_2 \Gamma \Delta_2 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \chi$ anānyamahe cett.] gaṇyāmahe β_2 mānyatamaṃ $\alpha_1 \beta_1 \beta_{\omega} \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] muktāsane $\delta_1 \chi$ 13d m antaḥstham ekadhīḥ ϵ_1 antastham ekadhīḥ ϵ_1 atastham ekadhīḥ ϵ_2 ekāntake sudhīh ϵ_1 ekāntike sudhīh ϵ_2 atam sadā β_2

 $^{^{7}}$ χ has this verse between 4.4 and 4.5.

 $(\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)$ have the following 5 verses after 4.45, and B after 4.36*1)

काष्ठे प्रवर्तितो विह्नः काष्ठेन सह शास्यित । नादे प्रवर्तितं चित्तं नादेन सह लीयते ॥

4.14

विस्मृत्य सकलं बाह्यं नादे दुग्धाम्बुवन्मनः। एकीभूयाथ सहसा चिदाकाशे विलीयते॥ (от. ७२४)

4.15

औदासीन्यपरो भूत्वा सदाभ्यासेन संयमी । उन्मनीकरणं सद्यो नादमेवावधारयेत् ॥ (om. x)

4.16

कीदृशमौदासीन्यम् । (om. x)

शीते काले चौपटी वा पटी वा पथ्याहारे गोपयो वा पयो वा। भोज्ये भिक्षावृन्दमारण्यकन्दं पाणी द्रोणी कापि वा भोज्यपात्रे॥ (om. x)

4.17

14a kāsthe cett.] kāṣṭhaiḥ $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta$ kaṣṭaiḥ γ_1 **pravartito** cett. pravartate $\zeta_3 \eta_2$ **14b** kāṣṭhena cett.] kaṣṭena γ_1 saha cett.] sa ζ_3 śāmyati cett.] sāmyati $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\delta_1$ līyate **14c nāde** cett.] nā γ_1 **pravartitaṃ** cett.] pravartite ζ_3 pravartate η_2 cittam cett.] **15a vismṛtya** cett.] niḥsṛtya δ₂ **15b** nāde $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \Delta \zeta_3$] nādo ϵ_1 nāda ζ_2 na_ γ_1 dugdhāmbu cett.] gugyāṃbu $γ_1$ manaḥ cett.] mana $β_ω$ naraḥ $γ_1Δ$ 15c ekībhūyātha $\alpha_3\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] ekībhūyotha α_2 ekībhūyādya β_1 ekībhūyāya δ_1 ekībhūyā β_ω ekībhūtvātha α_1 sahasā cett.] sahasā ca β_{ω} manasā α_2 15d cidākāse cett. incl. α_3] cidāse α_2 vidāktose γ_1 vilīyate cett.] valīyate α_1 na lipyate α_3 16a audāsīnya $\beta_1 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \eta_2$] audāsinya ζ_3 audāśinya $lpha_3$ audāsīna eta_2 odāsīnya γ_1 udāsīnya $eta_{\omega}\gamma_2$ udāsinya $lpha_2$ udāsonya $lpha_1$ ṛdāsīnya **16c karaṇam** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$] karaṇa β_{ω} karaṇe α_2 kārakaṃ $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ 16d nādam cett.] evāvadhārayet cett.] evāvadhārayan α_2 eva sadābhyaset ζ_3 bhāda ζ_2 heading: kīdrśam (ki° α_1) $\alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_1\varepsilon_1$] kīdṛśīm $\alpha_2\gamma_2$ kīdṛśyam $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ idṛśam $\zeta_2\eta_2$ kim δ_1 om. $\delta_2\zeta_3$ cett.] audāsinyam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ audasīnyam α_1 audāsinyā α_2 athaudāsīnyam δ_2 17a śīte cett.] śīti ζ_3 šīta α_2 jītāte η_2 **kāle** cett.] kāla γ_2 kā η_2 rakṣa° α_2 om. α_1 caupaṭī vā paṭī vā α_1] copatī vā patī vā ζ_2 cāpatī vā patī vā $\gamma_2\delta_2$ cāpatī vā patīkā δ_1 cāpatī cāpatī vā γ_1 caupatī vā kutī vā $β_ωη_2$ copațī vā kuțī vā $β_1$ cāpațī vā kuțī vā $β_2$ dvaupațī vā kuțī vā $ε_1$ pațī vā $ζ_3$ °ņe kathā vā 17b pathyāhāre $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\delta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2$] pathyāhāro $\beta_2\gamma_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ yathāhārā γ_1 «mi»thyāhāro gopayo cett.] gopatho δ_1 vā cett.] co η_2 om. γ_1 payo vā cett.] «payo» vā γ_1 patho vā δ_1 °tha pānaṃ β_2 **17c bhojye** $A\beta_1\beta_0$ ϵ_1] bhojyaṃ ζ_3 η $_2$ bhojya ζ_2 bhakṣe Γ bhakṣyaṃ $\beta_2\delta_1$ bhiksye δ_2 **bhiksā** cett.] bhuktam η_2 **vrndam** cett.] mrdam β_1 kandam E cānnam **āraņyakandaṃ** $A_{\gamma_2}\Delta\zeta_3$] °kaṃda $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_2\eta_2$ °kaṃdā β_1 āramyakaṃdaṃ γ_1 āraṇyakaṃ vā Eāpaṇyakaṃ vā $β_2$ 17d pāṇī droṇī $α_1β_1γ_2Δε_1$] pāṇi droṇī $α_2ζ_3η_2$ pāṇi droṇi $α_3$ pāṇī drāṇi $ζ_2$ pāṇīndrāṇī γ_1 pāṇiṃ droṇe β_2 pāṇi β_ω **kāpi vā** $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] kāpivāṃ β_ω kāthivā η_2 vā kapī α_2 karparā δ_2 karpatam β_2 kāpato γ_2 khapadā γ_1 kharparo δ_1 **bhojyapātre** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2$] bhojyapātram $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega} \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ bhojapatram β_2 bhājapatram γ_1 bhūrjapatram γ_2

सर्वचिन्तां समुत्सृज्य सर्वचेष्टां च सर्वदा ।
नादमेवानुसंधानान्नादे चित्तं विलीयते || (om. χ)

अारम्भश्च घटश्चैव तथा परिचयस्तथा ।
निष्पत्तिः सर्वयोगेषु योगावस्था भवन्ति ताः# ||

तत्रारम्भावस्था | (om. α₁α₂B)

ब्रह्मग्रन्थेर्भवेद्भेदादानन्दः शून्यसंभवः ।
विचित्रक्वणको देहेऽनाहतः श्रूयते ध्वनिः ||

दिव्यदेहश्च तेजस्वी दिव्यगन्धस्त्वरोगवान् | (ab om. Δβω)
संपूर्णहदयः शन्ये त्वारम्भे योगवान्भवेत ||

4.21

18a sarvacintām $\gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_2$] sarvacintā $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \zeta_3 \eta_2$ om. γ_1 samutsrjya $\alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_\omega \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] samrtsrjya ϵ_1 samutyajya α_1 parityajya $\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta$ om. γ_1 18b ceştām $\alpha_1 B\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] ceştā α_2 ceştāś η_2 cestī ζ_2 kāle $\Gamma\Delta$ **18c saṃdhānān** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2$] saṃdhānā β_ω saṃdadhyān $\alpha_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ saṃdhatte ghaṭaś cett.] gha_ś γ₁ **18d nāde** cett.] devi β_2 **19a ca** cett.] ca δ_1 19b paricayas $\alpha_1\alpha_3 B \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2$] paricas ζ_3 paricayo $\alpha_2 \gamma_1 \Delta \chi$ pariyo γ_2 cett.] caivas η_2 ca δ_1 $tath\bar{a} \ \alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3$] $tatah \ \alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2$ $pi\ v\bar{a}\ \delta_1$ 'pi $ca\ \alpha_2\Gamma\delta_2\chi$ 19c $sarvayogeşu\ cett.$] sarvayoge19d yogāvasthā bhavanti tā $\dot{\mathbf{p}}$ $\alpha_1\alpha_3$] yogāvasthā bhavanti te α_2 yogāca δ₂ ceti yogeşu B vasthā prakīrtitā $\Gamma\Delta$ syād avasthācatustayam $B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ heading: tatrārambhāvasthā em.] tatra ārambhaḥ $\alpha_3\zeta_2\zeta_3$ tatrārambhaḥ ϵ_1 tatra cārambhaḥ η_2 athārambhāvasthā $\gamma_1\chi$ athārambharakṣā δ_1 athārambhadīkṣā δ_2 ārambhāvasthātha γ_2 om. $\alpha_1\alpha_2B$ **20a granther** $\alpha_1 \chi$] granthe β_1 granthau δ_2 granthir $\beta_\omega \gamma_2 \delta_1 \zeta_3$ granthi $\beta_2 \gamma_1$ granthim η_2 granthid α_2 gra+ ϵ_1 ramidhre ζ_2 **bhedād** $\alpha_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\beta_{\omega}$] bhedā $\alpha_2\beta_1$ bhinna $\Gamma\delta_1$ bhinne δ_2 bhinnā η_2 bhinnād ζ_3 bhedo hy χ bhed ζ_2 **20b ānandaḥ** cett.] ānaṃda $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_1$ nanādaḥ β_1 nādaḥ η_2 saṃbhavaḥ cett.] samaṃbhavaḥ η_2 **20c kvaṇako** δ_2 ε₁] kvana*ko α_1 kvaṇiko ζ_3 kaṇako $\beta_\omega \zeta_2$ kanako α_2 kuṇako η_2 kuṇape β_2 °ḥ kvaṇako χ °ṣkāṇako β_1 kṣike δ_1 °s tatkṣaṇād Γ **dehe** cett.] deho α_2 caivā β_2 20d 'nāhataḥ **śrūyate** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] sarvataḥ śrūyate Γ śrūyate (')nāhata Δ 21a divyadehaś ca tejasvī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\chi$ divyadehasya tejasvī ϵ_1 ādityatejaś ca tejasvī unm. ζ_2 tejasvī divyagandhaś ca ζ_3 divyagandho divyacakṣuś ca η_2 om. $\beta_{\omega}\Delta$ 21b divyagandhas tv arogavān $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\chi$] divyagandho py arogavān ε₁ζ₂ divyadeho py arogavān ζ₃ divyadeham arogavān α₂ tejasvī ārogavān $η_2$ om. $β_ω Δ$ **21c saṃpūrņa** cett.] saṃpūrṇe ζ_3 **hṛdayaḥ** $A\beta_1\zeta_2\chi$] hṛdaya $\gamma_2\varepsilon_1$ hṛdaye $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1\delta_1\zeta_3\eta_2$ **śūnye tv** $A\zeta_2\zeta_3$] śūnye $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\eta_2$ śūnya $\beta_\omega\chi$ śūra β_1 **21d ārambhe** cett.] ārambha βω āraṃbho η2 yogavān cett.] bhogavān γ1

अथ घटावस्था ।

द्वितीयायां घटीकृत्य वायुर्भवति मध्यगः। दृदासनो भवेद्योगी ज्ञानी देवसमस्तदा॥

विष्णुग्रन्थेस्तदा भेदात्परमानन्दसूचकः । अतिशून्ये विमर्दश्च भेरीशब्दस्तदा भवेत् ॥ 4.23

अथ परिचयावस्था । (om. x)

तृतीयायां ततो भित्त्वा विहायोमर्दलध्विनः ।* महाशून्यं तदा याति सर्वसिद्धिसमाश्रयम् ॥ [Pāda b-4.36d lost α₁] 4.24 - α₁

 $4.25 - \alpha_1$

चित्तानन्दं ततो जित्वा सहजानन्दसंभवः । दोषदुःखजरामृत्युक्षुधानिद्राविवर्जितः ॥

heading: ghaṭāvasthā cett.] khaṭavasthā α_3 ghaṭā arthaḥ α_2 ghaṭarakṣā Δ ghaṭaḥ β_1 **22a dvitīyāyāṃ** $\alpha_1 B \Gamma \delta_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta g^c \chi$] dvitīyā $\delta_1 \zeta_3^{gc}$ dvitīye η_2 dvitī α_2 **ghaṭī** cett.] ghaṃṭi ζ_3 ghaṭāṃ ζ_2 ghaṭikā α_2 sphuṭī \to bheda η_2 **kṛtya** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 BΓΔε_1\zeta_2\chi$] kṛtvā ζ_3 mukte tu η_2 **22c dṛḍhāsano** cett.] haṭhāsano η₂ **22d deva** cett.] devah β_{ω} deha $\beta_1\beta_2\delta_2\eta_2$ tadā $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\chi$] tathā $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ 23a granthes tadā $\alpha_1\beta_1$] granthis tadā β_ω granthe sadā ζ_2 granthes tathā $\alpha_2 \eta_2$ granthe tathā ϵ_1 granther yadā β_2 granthir yadā $\Gamma \Delta \zeta_3$ granthes tato χ **bhedāt** $\alpha_1 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$ bhidā α_2 bhinnaḥ $\Gamma\Delta$ bhinnā ζ_3 23b paramānanda cett.] sadānandasya ζ_2 sūcakaḥ cett.] sūcakā«ḥ» ζ_3 kārakaḥ β_2 23c atiśūnye $A\beta_1\beta_\omega \varepsilon_1\chi$] atiśūnya $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_3\eta_2$ amtyaśūnye β_2 api śūnyo vimardas ca $\alpha_1\alpha_3$ B χ] vimardas ya α_2 'sammarda ζ_2 visanmarde ε_1 visammardo η_2 vibhedaś ca $\Gamma \Delta \zeta_3$ 23d tadā $\alpha_1 B \zeta_3 \chi$] tathā $\alpha_3 \Gamma \Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ tatho α_2 heading: atha cett. tathā β_2 om. $\delta_2 \chi$ paricayāvasthā cett.] paricayah $\beta_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ om. χ 24a trtīyāyām tato bhittvā $\alpha_1 B \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$] tṛtīyāyāṃ tathā bhitvā α_2 karṇikāṃ tu tato bhittvā Γ karttikāyāṃ tato bhittvā ζ_2 atha granthitrayam bhittvā η_2 tṛtīyāyām tu vijñeyo χ **24b vihāyo** $\alpha_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \chi$] vihāya $\Gamma \zeta_3$ vikāryo β_1 vimalo Δ vimāyo β_{ω} visphāro β_2 jāyate η_2 mardala $\alpha_2 \mathrm{B} \Gamma \zeta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] maddala ϵ_1 mandala Δ **dhvani** cett.] dhvani γ_2 dhvani $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ 24c mahāśūnyam cett.] mahāśūnya $\beta_1 \zeta_3$ mahāśūnyas ϵ_1 $tad\bar{a} \alpha_2 B\epsilon_1 \chi$] tathā $\Gamma \zeta_2$ tato Δ tayā ζ_3 samā η_2 **yāti** cett.] jāti **24d** sarvasiddhi cett.] mahāsiddhi β_{ω} siddhisādha° β_2 sarva ζ_2 samāśrayam cett.] samāśriyam β_1 matāśrayāt α_2 kam āśrayam β_2 25a cittānandam $\alpha_3\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\chi$] cidānaṃda $α_2β_ωζ_3$ vivarttānaṃdaṃ $β_1$ ciṃtāmanas $η_2$ virāmānaṃ $ζ_2$ tato cett.] tadā χ jitvā $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] bhittvā $\Gamma \Delta$ **25b saṃbhavaḥ** cett.] saṃbhava $\beta_1 \zeta_2$ 25c doşaduhkha cett.] doşaduhkham β_1 dokhaduhkhe γ_1 **jarāmṛtyu** $\alpha_3 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] jarāmṛtyuh $\alpha_2 \zeta_2$ jarāvyādhi χ kṣudhānidrā $\Gamma\Delta$ **25d kṣudhānidrā** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kṣudhātṛṣā β_ω jarāmṛtyu $\Gamma\Delta$ **vivarjitaḥ** cett.] °tāḥ β_2 °taṃ β_ω tṛṣā tathā η_2

अथ निष्पत्त्यवस्था |8 (om. χ)

रुद्रग्रन्थिं ततो भित्त्वा सर्वपीठगतोऽनिलः । निष्पत्तौ वैणवः शब्दः क्रणद्वीणाक्रणोः भवेत ॥

4.26 - α₁

एकीभूतं तदा चित्तं राजयोगाभिधायकम् । सष्टिसंहारकर्तासौ योगीश्वरसमो भवेत् ॥ (bcd om. β1) (om. ζ2ζ3)

 $4.27 - \alpha_1$

अथ नादानुसंधानम् । (E)

राजयोगपदप्राप्तौ सुखोपायोऽल्पचेतसाम् । सद्यःप्रत्ययसंधायी जायते नादजो लयः ॥ (Вɛ₁ɛ₂ζ₂ζʒη₂χ) [after 4.28 B] [cf. 4.35] 4.27*1

(Verses 4.28–4.35*8 are found before 4.75 in $\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$)

अस्तु वा मास्तु वा मुक्तिरत्रैवाखण्डितं महत्। लयामृतमयं सौख्यं राजयोगादवाप्यते ॥⁹ (om. β1)

heading: nispattyavasthā $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma$] nihpatti-avasthā α_2 nisthāvasthā Δ nispattih $\beta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ 26a tato cett.] yadā χ **bhittvā** cett.] bhūtvā ζ_2 **26b** sarva cett.] śarva χ satva β_1 gato'nilah cett.] gatonalah γ_2 gatānilah ϵ_1 gatānila $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega}$ 26c nispattau $\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \chi$] nispannau $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ nişpanno $\varepsilon_1\eta_2$ nişpatto γ_1 nişthāto Δ vaiņavaḥ śabdaḥ cett.] vaiņavaśabdaḥ γ_2 vauņāvat sado α_2 venacašabdam γ_1 **26d kvaņadvīņākvaņo** $\zeta_3\chi$] kvaņan vīņakvaņo ε_1 kanatvītakvaņo ζ_2 kvanadvīņotvaņo γ_2 kvaņan vītah kvaņo β_1 kvacid vīņākvaņo β_2 kvaņatuvītakvaņo $β_ω$ kvaṇantenākvuņo $η_2$ kvaṇadvīṇāsamo Δ karṇavīṇādgato $γ_1$ kṛṇanityakṛṇo $α_2$ cett.] °dayah β_2 27a tadā $\alpha_2 B \epsilon_1 \chi$] tathā $\alpha_3 \Gamma \Delta \eta_2$ 27b rājayogā cett.] rājayoga η_2 rā**bhidhāyakam** $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\varepsilon_{1}$] vidhāyakaḥ α_{2} bhidhāyanaṃ γ_{1} bhidhānakaṃ $\alpha_{3}\beta_{2}\Delta\eta_{2}\chi$ **27c kartāsau** cett.] karttasau γ₁ karttāso β_ω **27*1a padaprāptau** $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2$] padaprāptā ε_1 padaprāptah ζ_2 padam prāptam β_{ω} padam prāptum $\eta_2 \chi$ padam prāpti ζ_3 27*1b sukhopāyo'lpa $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] sukhopāyogya β_ω 27*1c saṃdhāyī $\beta_2\beta_\omega\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] saṃdhāyi $\beta_1\zeta_3$ saṃdayī **27*1d jāyate** B $\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] līyate ϵ_1 sevyate η_2 **nādajo layaḥ** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\zeta_2\chi$] nādayo layaḥ $\beta_1\eta_2 \ \ \text{n\bar{a}dam\bar{u}lay\bar{a}} \ \ \epsilon_2 \ \ \text{n\bar{a}tra} \ \text{saṃśayaḥ} \ \ \zeta_3 \qquad \textbf{28a m\bar{a}stu} \ \ \alpha_2\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi \big] \ \ \text{mastu} \ \ \beta_\omega\zeta_3$ $\alpha_2\beta_2\delta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] muktis ζ_3 muktim β_ω śaktir Γ kimcid δ_1 **28b atraivākhaņḍitaṃ** $\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\chi$] atraiva khanditam $\alpha_2 \gamma_2$ atra vākhanditam η_2 ātrevikhanditam γ_1 tatraivākhanditam $\beta_{\omega} \zeta_3$ mahat cett.] marut γ_1 manaḥ β_2 bhavet δ_1 sukham χ **28c layāmṛtamayaṃ** $\alpha_2\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] layāmṛtalayam β_ω layāmṛtam idam $\gamma_2\Delta$ layāmṛdaṃmitam γ_1 layāmṛtakaram η_2 layodbhavam idam χ saukhyaṃ cett.] sokhyaṃ γ₁ sauṣyaṃ α₂γ₂η₂ saukṣaṃ ζ₂ **28d rājayogād avāpyate** cett.] rājayogam avāpyate η_2 om. δ_1

 $^{^8}$ In $\alpha_2 \mathrm{B} \gamma_2 \Delta$ the heading is found after the first line of 4.26.

 $^{^9}$ In ζ_2 , this verse is followed by the letters ४६० सं क and the verses 4.29–4.30. With this, the 346th folio of the ms has just been filled, the text of Haṭhapradīpikā ends without a colophon and another text begins in the next folio.

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हठं विना राजयोगो राजयोगं विना हठः।
न सिध्यति ततो युग्ममा निष्पत्तेः समभ्यसेत् ||^{10} (om. \beta_{\omega}\Gamma\Delta E\eta_{2}\chi) [= 2.77]
                                                                                             4.29 - \alpha_1
राजयोगमजानन्तः केवलं हठकर्मठाः।
ये त तान्कर्षकान्मन्ये प्रयासफलवर्जितान् II (om. ΓΔ) [ζ2 ends with this]
                                                                                             4.30 - \alpha_1
[Alt] हठं विना राजयोगं राजयोगं विना हठम्।
ये वै चरन्ति तान्मन्ये प्रयासफलवर्जितान् \parallel (\Gamma \wedge)^{11}
                                                                                             4.30*1
तत्त्वं बीजं हठ: क्षेत्रमौदासीन्यं जलं त्रिभि:।
उन्मनीकल्पलतिका सद्य एवोद्धविष्यति ॥ (om है)
                                                                                             4.31 - \alpha_1
राजयोगः समाधिश्च उन्मनी च मनोन्मनी।
अमरोघोऽपि चाद्वैतं निरालम्बं निरञ्जनम् II [as 4.0*3 in ε₁ζ₂ζ₃η₂χ; twice β₂]
                                                                                             4.32 - \alpha_1
अमनस्को लयस्तत्त्वं शुन्याशुन्यं परं पद्मु ।
जीवन्मक्तिश्च सहजं तर्यं चेत्येकवाचकाः ॥ [as 4.0*4 in \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi; twice \beta_2]
                                                                                             4.33 - \alpha_1
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30b karmaṭhāḥ $β_1ε_1ζ_3$] karmaṭhaḥ $α_2$ karmacā $ζ_2$ karmaṇā $β_2β_ω$ karmaṇaḥ $η_2$ karmiṇaḥ χ**30c ye tu tān karşakān manye** $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1$] ye tu tān karkaśān manye $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ ye ca te kāmukān manne α_2 ye tumgan karmavasan manye η_2 etan abhyasino manye χ lac. β_ω 30d prayasaphalavarjitan (°tāḥ η_2) $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] prāyaśaḥ phalavarjitāḥ β_2 prayāsakalavarjitāḥ α_2 lac. β_{ω} vinā $\Gamma \delta_2$] om. δ_1 rājayogam $\gamma_2 \delta_2$] rājayogo γ_1 om. δ_1 30*1b haṭham $\gamma_2 \Delta$] haṭhaḥ γ_1 **30*1c vai** $\gamma_1 \Delta$] cai γ_2 caranti Δ] varamti Γ manye $\gamma_1 \Delta$] madhye γ_2 **30*1d phala** $\gamma_2 \Delta$] **31a tattvaṃ** cett.] tattva $\gamma_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1$ hatha $\beta_1\chi$] hatha $\alpha_2\beta_1\Gamma\epsilon_1\zeta_3$ hatham $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ 31b audāsīnyam $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\eta_2\chi$ audāsinyam $\alpha_2\beta_1\zeta_3$ audāsinyam α_3 audāsīnya ϵ_1 «sau»dāmanyam **jalam tribhih** $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] layam tribhih ε_1 jalam smrtam $\alpha_3\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1$ 31d evodbhavişyati $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2$] evādbhaviṣyati β_1 eva bhaviṣyati $\alpha_3\Gamma$ eva pravartate χ 32a rājayogah $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\Delta$ rājayoga $\alpha_{2}\beta_{1}\beta_{2}\gamma_{1}$ ca $\beta_{\omega} \Gamma \Delta$ cā (cānmatī!) β_1 ca hy β_2 ca py α_2 raugho'pi cādvaitam β_{ω} (amaro')] amarodyo pi cādvaitam $\alpha_2\beta_1$ amaraughāpi cādvaitam β_2 amaraudhyaighacāṃdrī ca γ_2 araughaughatvīṃdrī ca γ_1 amaroly abhicāndrī ca Δ 32d nirālambaṃ α_2 BΓ] nirālambo Δ nira $\tilde{\mathbf{n}}$ janam cett.] nirāmayam α_2 33a amanasko β_2 δ₁] amarasko α_2 amanaskau γ_1 amanaskam δ_2 layas tattvam B] layas tatra α_2 layas caiva $\gamma_2\Delta$ lyayās caiva γ_1 33b śūnyāśūnyam $\alpha_2\beta_1\gamma_2\Delta$] śūnyāśūnya $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1$ śūnyāc chūnyam β_2 param padam $\alpha_2\alpha_3B$] 33c jīvanmuktiś ca $\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \Delta$] jīvanmuktaś ca α_3 jīvanmuktiḥ parāparam $\gamma_1 \Delta$ parāvaram γ_2 **33d turyam** $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \beta_1 \Gamma \delta_2$] turyām β_2 turjām δ_1 tuskam β_{ω} **cety eka** $\alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta$] .. ty eka $α_3$ vatyaka $γ_1$ caiyeka $β_ω$ **vācakāḥ** $γ_1$] vācakaḥ $α_2$ vācakāḥ $γ_2$ vācakaḥ $α_3$ Β Δ

The verse is abbreviated with *haṭhaṃ vinā rājayoga iti* in $\zeta_2\zeta_3$, probably because it is same as 2.77.

¹¹ $\Gamma\Delta$ have this verse in place of 4.29–4.30.

उन्मन्यवाप्तये शीघ्रं मार्गो द्वौ मम संमतौ । ($ab\ om.\ \Gamma\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) तत्त्वं परमसौख्यं वा नादोपासनमेव च ॥ ($cd\ om.\ \Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)	4.34 - a
सौख्यप्रविष्टचित्तानां मूढानामपि संमतम् l (ab om. Δζ2ζ3η2χ) सद्यआनन्दसंधायी जायते नादजो लयः ll (cd om. δ2ζ2ζ3η2χ)	4.35 - ∝
एकं सृष्टिमयं बीजं एका मुद्रा च खेचरी। एको देवो निरालम्ब एकावस्था मनोन्मनी II (ε1ε2ζ3η2) [= 3.49]	4.35*1
राङ्खदुन्दुभिनादं च न शृणोति कदाचन । काष्टवज्ञायते देह उन्मन्यावस्थया ध्रुवम् ॥ $(B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi)$	4.35*2
सर्वावस्थाविनिर्मुक्तः सर्वचिन्ताविवर्जितः । मृतवित्तष्टते योगी स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः ॥ ($\mathrm{B} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$)	4.35*3
$(\chi$ has Vulg 4.108 $\it kh\bar a dy \it ate$ na ca $\it k\bar a lena$ here)	
न हि जानाति शीतोष्णं न दुःखं न सुखं तथा।	
न मानं नापमानं च योगी युक्तः समाधिना $\Pi_{(B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi)}$	4.35*4

34a unmanyavāptaye $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] unmanyā__ye β_2 unmanyavāsayet δ_1 unmanyaye α_3 34b mārgau dvau $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1$] mārgo dvau β_ω mārgā.. α_3 dvau mārgau δ_1 bhrūdhyānam χ mama saṃmatau $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$ ε₁] myama saṃ[m]. + α_3 mamatau β_2 samasaṃmatau $\beta_1\delta_1$ mama saṃ-**34c saukhyaṃ** $β_2Γε_2$] sākhyaṃ $α_2$ sāṃkhyaṃ $β_ωε_1$ vāgraṃ $β_1$ 34d ca $\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma$] vā **35a saukhya** $β_2 γ_1 ε_2$] saukhyā $γ_2$ sāṃkhya $β_1 β_ω$ sāṃkhyaṃ $ε_1$ sākṣaṃ $α_2$ $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\epsilon_1] \ \text{pravṛṣṭa} \ \alpha_2 \ \text{pratṛṣṭha} \ \beta_1\gamma_1 \qquad \textbf{35c sadya} \ \alpha_2B\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_1] \ \text{satyam} \ \Gamma \qquad \bar{\textbf{a}} \textbf{nanda} \ \alpha_2B\Gamma\delta_3\epsilon_1]$ **saṃdhāyī** $\alpha_3 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_3$] saṃdhyāyī γ_1 saṃdāyī $\beta_1 \epsilon_1$ sadāyī β_{ω} saṃdāyi β_2 saṃdāï ādāya δ_1 **35d jāyate** cett.] jāvate δ_1 **nādajo** $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_1$] nādato β_1 natato α_2 $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\eta_2$] tu ζ_3 35*1c nirālamba $\zeta_3\eta_2$] nirālambo hy $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ 35*2a nādam ca $\beta_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nādaś **35*2c kāṣṭhavaj jāyate** $\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kāṣṭhavaj jñāyate ε_1 sthāṇuvad varca $β_ω ε_1$ nādāṃś ca $β_2$ tate β_2 sthāṇuvarddhattayed β_1 sthāṇu vardhate β_ω **deha** $\eta_2\chi$] dehe ζ_3 nādam $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ yogī hy 35^*2d °vasthayā B $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] vasthāyām η_2 35^*3b vivarjitaḥ $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] vivarjitam $\textbf{35*3c mṛtavat} \ \ \epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi] \ k\bar{a}s\bar{t}havat \ B \qquad \textbf{tiṣṭhate} \ \beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi] \ tis\bar{t}hayed \ \beta_\omega \ vartate \ \epsilon_1$ 35*4a hi jānāti $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] vijānāti $\zeta_3 \chi$ hi jānaṃti β_ω 35*4b na duḥkhaṃ na sukhaṃ $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] na duḥkhaṃ sukham eva vā $ε_2$ na ca duḥkhaṃ sukhaṃ $β_ω$ 35*4c na mānaṃ nāpamānaṃ $ζ_3χ$] na mānam nāvamānam $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ na mānam cāpamānam β_1 na ca mānāpamānam β_ω 35*4d yuktah $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\chi$] muktah $\varepsilon_2\zeta_3$ yukti β_ω

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अवेध्यः सर्वशस्त्राणामवध्यः सर्वदेहिनाम् । अग्राह्यो मन्त्रतन्त्राणां योगी युक्तः समाधिना ॥ (\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi)^{12} 4.35*5 न गन्धं न रसं रूपं न स्पर्शं न च निस्वनम् । नात्मानं न परं वेत्ति योगी युक्तः समाधिना ॥ (\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\chi) 4.35*6 (\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2) have 4.76 praveśe nirgame vāme here) चित्तं न सुप्तं नो जाग्रत् स्मृतिमन्न च नान्यथा । (ab\ om.\ \epsilon_2) नास्तमेति न चोदेति यस्यासौ सुक्त एव सः ॥ (B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi) 4.35*7 स्वस्थो जाग्रदवस्थायां सुप्तवद्योऽविष्ठते । निःस्वासोच्छासहीनश्च निश्चितं सुक्त एव सः ॥ (B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi) 4.35*8
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35*5a avedhyaḥ em. (cf. VM)] avadhyaḥ ζ_3 η₂χ adhyāpyāḥ ε_1 adhyāpah ε_2 śastrāṇām cett.] śāstrānām ε₁ **35*5b** avadhyaḥ $ε_1 ζ_3 η_2$] aśakyaḥ χ **35*5c** agrāhyo cett.] *om.* $ε_1$ mantratantrānām $\zeta_3 \eta_2$] mantrayantrānām $\varepsilon_2 \chi$ om. ε_1 35*5d yuktah $\eta_2 \chi$] muktah ζ_3 om. ε_1 35*6b na sparśam na ca nisvanam (cf. VM) em.] na sparśam na ca na śrutam (the first na om. β_{ω}) $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ na ca sparśam na nihsvanam χ 35*6c na param $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \chi$ paramam β_{ω} 35*6d yuktah $[\varepsilon_1 \chi]$ muktaḥ $[\varepsilon_2]$ yukti $[\beta_{\omega}]$ **35*7b smṛtiman na ca** $ε_1$] smṛtyamanna $β_2$ sṛtinannaṃ ca $β_ω$ smṛtivarṇaṃ ca ζ_3 na smṛtir na ca β_1 smṛtivismṛti χ spṛśati vastu ca η_2 **nānyathā** Bε₁ $\zeta_3\eta_2$] varjitam 35*7c nāstam eti $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3$] na vāstum eti η_2 na cāstam eti χ na codeti $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] na cādeti β_{ω} nodeti χ 35*7d yasyāsau $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] yathāsau η_2 illeg. β_{ω} mukta eva saḥ cett.] illeg. β_{ω} 35*8a svastho $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \chi$] svapno β_1 svapne ϵ_2 supto β_2 svecchā ζ_3 35*8b suptavad yo $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\chi$] suptavadhyo β_2 suptah sadyo ζ_3 pūrvavad yo ϵ_2 'vatiṣṭhate $\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] vatisthati $\beta_1\beta_2$ 35*8c nihsvāsocchvāsa $\zeta_3\chi$] niśvāsocchvāsa $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ niśvāsośvāsa β_ω nisvāsośvaḥsa β_1 niḥśvāsaśvāsa β_2 hīnaś ca $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_3\chi$] hīnas tu $\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1$ hīnasya ϵ_2 35*8d niścitaṃ $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] niścito β_ω niścitto β_1 niścesto β_2

¹² In $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ this verse is transposed with the next one.

नादानुसंधानसमाधिभाजां	
योगीश्वराणां हृदये प्ररूढम् ।	
आनन्दमेकं वचसामवाच्यं	
जानाति तं श्रीगुरुनाथ एव ॥ (cd om. $lpha_2$)	$4.36 - \alpha_1$
मुक्तासनस्थितो योगी मुद्रां संधाय शांभवीम् । शृणुयाद्दक्षिणे कर्णे नादमन्तर्गतं सदा ॥ $(\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \Delta E \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2)$ [cf. 4.13]	4.36*1
सर्वचिन्तां परित्यज्य सावधानेन चेतसा। नाद एवानुसंधेयो योगसाम्राज्यमिच्छता॥ वfter 4.18 ε1ζ2ζ3η2]	4.37
कर्णो पिधाय तूलेन यं शृणोति ध्वनिं मुनिः । तत्र चित्तं स्थिरीकुर्याद्यावित्थिरपदं व्रजेत् ॥ (от. ŋ2)	4.38

36b hṛdaye prarūḍham α₂β₂βωγ₂Δε₁ζ₃] hṛdayaprarūḍham β₁γ₁ hṛdi vardhamānam ζ₂η₂χ 36c avācyam cett.] avākyam ζ₂ agamyam β₂χ 36d jānāti cett.] jānāty a° β₁β₂ jānamti $tam \ \text{\'sr} \ \beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi] \ \text{``tah \'sr} \ \beta_2 \ \text{``tītam } \beta_1 \ tatvam \ \text{\'sr} \ \gamma_1 \ tattvam \ \Delta \qquad gurun \ atha \ cett.]$ guṇanātha Δ eva $\alpha_1 B \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$] evaṃ γ_1 ekaḥ $\zeta_2 \chi$ ekaṃ η_2 36*1a muktāsanasthito mudrāsanasthite γ₁ **36*1d antargatam sadā** $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] antargatam mahat $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ antastham ekadhī β₁ 37b sāvadhānena cett.] sarvadānena $\zeta_2 \eta_2$ 37c nāda evānusaṃd**heyo** $AB\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] nādam evānusaṃdhe (yo om. by haplogr.) ζ_2 nādam evānusaṃdhatte $\delta_1\eta_2$ 37d sāmrājyam cett.] samrājyam δ_1 samrājam β_2 icchatā $\alpha_1 B \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] icchatām $\alpha_3 \zeta_2$ icchati $\gamma_1 \eta_2$ ișțată α_2 **38a karņau** cett.] karņo $\alpha_1 \gamma_1$ karņā α_3 karņa β_1 $\alpha_1 B \Gamma \delta_2 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] pidhāna α_3 pi δ_1 nidhāya α_2 **tūlena** $\alpha_3 \epsilon_2 \zeta_2$] tulyena β_1 mūlena $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_1$ hastena Γ hastābhyāṃ $β_2δ_2χ$ hastābhya[ṃ] $δ_1$ śū_na $ζ_3$ 38b yaṃ $α_1α_2ε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] yaḥ $α_3β_2ΓΔ$ sam β_1 sa β_{ω} **dhvanim munih** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] dhvanim munim γ_1 munir dhvanim γ_2 38c tatra cittam cett.] tatra cimtām $\alpha_2\beta_1$ sthirī $\alpha_1\alpha_2B\epsilon_2\chi$] sthiram $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3$ sthitam ϵ_1 **38d sthirapadam** cett.] sthiparamam β_{ω} vrajet cett.] bhavet $\zeta_2\zeta_3$

 $^{^{\}rm 13}\,$ This verse is transposed with the next one in B.

अभ्यस्यमानो नादोऽयं बाह्यमावृणुते⁼ ध्वनिम् । पक्षाद्विक्षेपमस्विऌं जित्वा योगी सुस्वी भवेत् ॥	4.39
श्रूयते प्रथमाभ्यासे नादो नानाविधो महान् । वर्धमाने ततोऽभ्यासे श्रूयते सूक्ष्मसूक्ष्मतः ॥	4.40
आदौ जलिधजीमूतभेरीनिर्झरसंभवाः । मध्ये मर्दलशंखोत्था* घण्टाकाहलजास्तथा ॥	4.41
अन्ते तु किङ्किणीवंशवीणाभ्रमरनिस्वनाः । इति नानाविधा नादाः श्रूयन्ते देहमध्यतः ॥	4.42
महति श्रूयमाणेऽपि मेघभेर्यादिकध्वनौ । तत्र सुक्ष्मात्सुक्ष्मतरं नादमेव परामृशेत् ॥	4.43

39a nādo cett.] nātho γ_1 'yam cett.] yo β_2 **39b** bāhyam āvrnute $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \varepsilon_1 \chi$ bāhyanāvrnute β_1 bāhyanā nute γ_1 bāhyam āsrnute β_{ω} bāhyam ca sṛṇute α_2 bāhyamānasrnvate ζ_2 cānyam āśṛṇute η_2 bāhyam āvartaye $\delta_1\zeta_3$ bāhyād āvartayed δ_2 **dhvanim** $\alpha_1\gamma_2\Delta\zeta_3\eta_2\chi]$ dhvani γ_1 dhvani
h $B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2$ dhvanim
h α_2 **39c** pakṣād/pakṣāt $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] paścād vikşepam akhilam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\delta_2\eta_2\chi$] vikşeyam akhilam γ_1 vikşepam atulam δ_1 vikşiptam a[nila]m α_3 viksiptam akhilam $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ viksyemanilam β_1 vipakṣam akhilam $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ vipakṣayed enam **39d** jitvā cett.] jīvo η_2 **40a śrūyate** cett.] jāyate δ_2 **prathamābhyāse** cett.] prathame **40c vardhamāne tato'bhyāse** cett.] tato'bhyāse vardhamāne $\zeta_3 \chi$ bhyāse δ_1 prathamābhyāso α_1 **40d sūkṣmasūkṣmataḥ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2$] sūkṣmasūkṣmakaḥ $\gamma_2\zeta_3\chi$ sūjyasūjyakaḥ γ_1 sūkṣmataḥ **41a** jīmūta $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] jīmūte $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_1$ **41b** nirjhara $\beta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] nirjara δ_1 nirbhara β_ω nigama β_2 nisara α_2 rsara α_1 sarāva γ_1 śabdatu γ_2 bhūrbhūra δ_2 jharjhara χ saṃbhavāḥ $\beta_2\zeta_2\chi$] saṃbhavā $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1$ saṃbhavaḥ $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$ nisvanaḥ $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ 41c mardala cett.] maddala ϵ_1 mandala δ_2 **śaṃkhotthā** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] śaṃkhottha $\beta_1\beta_2^{\rm pc}\beta_\omega\Delta\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ śaṃkhotha Γ śańkhottho β_2^{ac} śamkhoddhāh α_3 **41d kāhala** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] kāhāla $\alpha_1\beta_1$ kāhla γ_1 kalaha Δ kolāha η_2 "jās $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ B χ] jas $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1$ kās $\alpha_3\zeta_2\zeta_3$ las η_2 s tathā cett.] tatah β_2 **42a** ante $AB\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] anye $\zeta_2\eta_2$ avai γ_1 **vaṃśa** $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] vṛnda $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \Delta$ bṛṃdā α_3 vaṃda β_1 śabda α_2 **42b vīṇā** ABΓ Δ ε₁η₂χ] nādā ζ₂ζ₃ **nisvanā** $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_2$] nisvanā $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ nisvanaḥ $\gamma_2\delta_1$ niḥsvanāḥ $\zeta_3\chi$ niḥsvanā α_2 niḥsvanaḥ $\beta_1\gamma_1\delta_2$ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi] \ \text{nānāvidho} \ \beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta \qquad \textbf{n\bar{a}d\bar{a}h} \ \alpha_1\beta_2\eta_2\chi] \ \text{n\bar{a}d\bar{a}} \ \alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\zeta_3 \ \text{n\bar{a}dah} \ \gamma_2\Delta \ \text{n\bar{a}dam}$ γ_1 vādāḥ ζ_2 42d śrūyante $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] śrūyate $\alpha_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2$ deha $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_1\chi$] yatra $\zeta_2\eta_2$ tatra ζ_3 madhyata $\dot{\eta}$ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] madhyaga $\dot{\eta}$ $\beta_2\chi$ madhyaga $\dot{\eta}$ $\Gamma\Delta$ cett.] mahatih α_2 mahatī ζ_3 om. β_2 śrūyamāņe/-māne cett.] [nya]yatamāne γ_1 'pi cett.] ti Γ pi nāde vai β_2 43b ādikadhvanau $\alpha_2 \Gamma \epsilon_2 \zeta_2 \gamma_2$] ākadhvanau ϵ_1 ādike dhvanau $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \Delta \chi$ ādike dhṛti β_1 ādike svane ζ_3 ādidaṃ dhvanau α_1 43c tatra $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] tataḥ $\Gamma\Delta$ cett.] sūkṣmā $\alpha_2\zeta_2$ sūkṣmāṃ° β_1 sūkṣmaṃ η_2 om. β_1 sūkṣmataraṃ cett.] °taraṃ nādaṃ β_1 43d nādam eva cett.] nādam evam γ_2 paritopi η_2 parāmṛśet cett.] parāmṛṣet δ_1 parāmršam α_2 samabhyaset γ_2

घनमुत्सृज्य वा सूक्ष्मे सूक्ष्ममुत्सृज्य वा घने*।
तौ त्यक्तवा मध्यमे स्याद्वा मनो नान्यत्र चालयेत् ॥ (om. δ_2)

4.44

यत्र कुत्रापि वा नादे लगित प्रथमं मनः।
तत्रैव तिस्थिरीभूत्वा तेन सार्धं विलीयते॥

4.45

($\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ have 4.14-4.18 and 4.37 here)

मकरन्दं पिबन्भुङ्गो गन्धान्नापेक्षते यथा।
नादासक्तं तथा चित्तं विषयान्न हि काङ्कृते॥

4.46

($\Gamma\Delta$ have 4.55*4 nādakoṭisahasrāṇi here)

बद्धं विमुक्तचाञ्चल्यं नादगन्धकजारणात् । (ab om. ГД) मनःपारदमामोति निरालम्बाख्यखोटतां ॥ 4.47

44a ghanam cett.] dhvanam $η_2$ vā sūkṣme $α_1 Bε_1 ζ_2 ζ_3 η_2 χ$] vā sūkṣmaṃ $α_2 α_3 Γδ_1$ 44b ghane $A\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] ghanen β_ω ghanam $\Gamma\delta_1$ dhune η_2 44c tau tyaktvā madhyame α_2] tau tyaktvā madhyama $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega$ ε₁ tau tyaktvā madhyama«ḥ» β_2 paraṃ tatraiva $\Gamma\delta_1$ ramamāṇam api $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ syād vā $\alpha_1 B$] syādau $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ syātamstā α_2 nikṣipya $\Gamma \delta_1$ kṣipram $\zeta_2 \zeta_3$ kṣiptam $\eta_2 \chi$ 44d nānyatra cett.] nātra pra° $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ cālayet cett.] cālet η_2 vālayet γ_1 cālayan β_ω 45b lagati cett.] lagavi γ_1 lagnamti β_1 galati γ_2 prathamam cett. prathame δ_1 manah cett. matah γ_1 **45c** tat $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] ta $\beta_\omega\zeta_2$ tā α_2 su° $\gamma_2\Delta\chi$ stu γ_1 niś° γ_2 sthirī cett.] sthiro ϵ_1 śarī ζ_2 °calo η_2 bhūtvā $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2]$ bhūya χ kuryāt $\Gamma\Delta$ 46a piban cett.] pived α_2 piven ζ_2 **bhṛṅgo** ABε₁ $\zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] bhṛṅgī ΓΔ śṛṃgo ζ_2 **46b gandhān** $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_\omega \Delta \epsilon_1$] gandhaṃ $\gamma_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ gandha $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_1$ gandho β_1 nāpekṣate cett.] napekṣate γ_1 nopekṣate $\zeta_2 \eta_2$ yathā cett.] 'nyathā ζ_2 yadā δ_2 **46c nādāsaktam** cett.] nādasaktam Γ **tathā** cett.] yathā β_2 **kānkṣate** $\alpha_1 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \chi$] kānkṣati $\alpha_2 \Gamma \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ **47a baddhaṃ** $\alpha_2 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \chi$] **hi** cett.] naiva ζ₃ buddham η_2 bamdham α_1 **vimukta** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\chi$] vimuktam ζ_2 viyuktam $\zeta_3\eta_2$ timukta β_ω 47b gandhaka $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] gandhena β_2 gandhāya β_1 jāranāt $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] jīranāt $\beta_1 \zeta_2 \eta_2$ 47c mana $\dot{\beta}_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$ mana $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ vona γ_1 om. δ_2 pāradam āpnoti $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] pārada āpnoti ζ_3 pāradham āpnoti β_ω pārajam āpnoti α_1 pākam avāpnoti $\gamma_2\delta_1$ cāvam avāpnoti γ_1 om. δ_2 47d nirālambākhya cett.] °āsthya β_1 °aratha α_2 om. δ_2 khoṭatāṃ $β_1β_ω$] khoṭatī $ζ_2$ khoṭakaṃ $ζ_3$ khe'ṭanaṃ χ khegataṃ $η_2$ ghoṭatāṃ $α_1β_2ε_1ε_2$ ghoṭatā $α_2$ ghoṭanam Γ gopitām α_3 codanam δ_1 om. δ_2

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बद्धः सुनादगन्धेन सद्यःसंत्यक्तचापलः । प्रयाति चेतःसूतेन्द्रः पक्षछित्र इति प्रथाम् ॥ (\text{Be}_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi) 4.47*1 नादश्रवणतश्चित्तमन्तरङ्गभुजङ्गमः । विस्मृत्य सर्वमेकाग्रः कुत्रचित्र हि धावति ॥ (om. \alpha_3) [after 4.49 \epsilon_1] 4.48 मनोमत्तगजेन्द्रस्य विषयोद्यानचारिणः । नियामनसमर्थोऽयं निनादो निशिताङ्कुशः ॥ 4.49 अन्तरङ्गस्य जविनो वाजिनः परिघायते । नादोपास्तिरतो नित्यमवधार्यापि योगिना ॥ 4.50
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 47^*1a baddha β βω ϵ_1 ζ2ζ3] baddhas β2 baddha η 2 baddha β 2 baddha β 1 hena $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] sunāde gandhena ζ_2 sunādavānpana β_1 sven nādagandhena η_2 tu nādagandhena $β_2$ tu nādabandhena χ suṃdhanādena $ζ_3$ 47*1b sadyaḥ $Bε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2$] manaḥ χ cāpala $\dot{\eta}$ B $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] cāpalam χ 47*1c ceta $\dot{\eta}$ sūtendra $\dot{\eta}$ ε_1] $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ sa tyakta β_{ω} cetaḥsuteṃdra β_{ω} cetaḥsūtrendre β_2 cetaḥśailendra ϵ_2 cet sthūlendraḥ β_1 sūtacittendraḥ ζ_3 sūtaś cittemdra ζ_2 svataś caikyam imdra η_2 sutarām sthairyam χ 47*1d pakṣachinna $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$] iti prathām em. $(= M_1)$] iti prathā ε_2 dṛti pṛthāṃ pacchacchinna η₂ chinnapakṣaḥ χ lac. β_ω β_1 va patham β_2 iva prathām ϵ_1 iva prabhām ζ_2 ivāprabhuh ζ_3 iva parvatah drumāh η_2 khago yathā χ lac. β_{ω} 48a nādaśravaṇataś cittam $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\zeta_3$] nādaḥ śravaṇataś cittam ζ_2 nādaḥ śravanatahś citam β_{ω} nādah śravanañ vittamm α_2 nadaśravanakyc cittam ϵ_1 nādaśravanaś cittam matam γ_1 nādena praņatam cittam η_2 nādaśravaṇataḥ kṣipram χ 48b antaraṅga $\alpha_1 \mathrm{B}\Gamma \delta_2 \varepsilon_1 \chi$] anataraṃga α_2 aṃtaraṃgaṃ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ aṃtaraṃgā η_2 aṃtaraṃ sa δ_1 bhujangamah cett.] turangamah $\gamma_2 \delta_2$ turangavah γ_1 48c vismṛtya $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] saṃsmṛtya $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \varepsilon_1$ viśūnyaṃ **sarvam** cett.] viśvam $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ ekāgra $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ $\alpha_1\chi$] ekāgra $\dot{\mathbf{n}}$ B $\gamma_1\Delta\epsilon_1\eta_2$ (e)kāgra α_2 ekāgryam γ_2 evāgrah ζ_3 evāgra ζ_2 49a manomatta cett.] manomantra γ_1 manonmatta $\beta_\omega \eta_2$ **49b vişayodyāna** cett.] vişayodyā β_2 vişayodhanu α_2 vişayodhāma β_{ω} vişayeşudra α_3 cett.] cāriņam β_1 cāraņā[h̩] α_3 vāriņah α_2 vāriņam γ_1 49c niyāmana $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_\omega\Delta$] niyāmane $\varepsilon_1\zeta_3$ nīyamānah η_2 niyamena $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2$ niryāmana γ_2 niryāsane ζ_2 niyamitra γ_1 samartho'yam χ samartho'yam cett.] samartheyam $ε_1$ niyamane χ 49d ninādo $α_1α_2 BΓΔε_1$] nināda $ζ_2ζ_3η_2χ$ **niśitāṅkuśaḥ** $\alpha_2 \mathrm{B}\Gamma \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] niśatāṅkuḥ ζ_2 niścayāṅkuśaḥ Δ niyatāṃkuśaḥ α_1 50a antaraṅga cett.] amtaramgam δ_1 nādomtaram η_2 **°sya javino** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1$] °sya javinah $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ °sya yamino χ °sya ca mano β_1 turaṅgasya $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3$ tu saṃgamya η_2 50b vājinaḥ $B\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] kariṇaḥ $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ «ga»jasya ε_1 vijñānam $\Gamma\Delta$ parighāyate $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_1 \chi$] parighātayah β_1 pariṣāyate β_2 paridhāyate $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\zeta_2\eta_2$ paridhāvataḥ ζ_3 parimeyate δ_1 parameyate δ_2 **50c nādopāstir ato** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] nādopāstivato Γ om. η_2 50d avadhāryāpi $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega$ δ_1 (1)] avadhāyāpi γ_2 (1) anadhāyāpi γ_1 (1) avadhāryo pi β_2 avadhāryā hi $\zeta_3\chi$ avagamyā hi $\delta_2\varepsilon_1$ Γ (2) avagamya hi δ_1 (2) avagamyaṃ hi **yoginā** α_2 Bχ] yogināṃ α_1 ε₁ζ₂ζ₃ yoginaḥ Γ δ₁ (1) yogibhiḥ δ₂ Γ δ₁ (2) om. η_2

¹⁴ In ΓΔ, this verse and the following verse (4.50*1) are located after 4.52. However, the second half of the verse, without the first half, is also written here (except in δ_2). The text of the hemistich differs between the two instances. The last Pāda reads more or less avadhāryāpi yoginaḥ in the first occurrence (i.e., here), while it reads avagamyā hi yogibhiḥ in the second occurrence (i.e., after 4.52).

नादोऽन्तरङ्गसारङ्गबन्धने वागुरायते । अन्तरङ्गसुरङ्गस्य रोधे व्याधायतेऽपि च ॥ (om. A) (cd om. E) 4.50^*1 घण्टादिनादसक्तस्तब्धान्तः करणहरिणस्य । (a om. $\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) प्रहरणमितसुकरं स्याच्छरसंधाता प्रवीणश्चेत् ॥ (b om. $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$) 4.51 [Alt1] अनाहतस्य शब्दस्य तस्य शब्दस्य यो ध्विनः । ध्वेनरन्तर्गतं ज्योतिर्ज्योतिरन्तर्गतं मनः । तन्मनो विलयं याति तद्विष्णोः परमं पदम् ॥ (AB $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\chi$) 4.52 [Alt2] अनाहतध्वनेरन्तर्ज्ञेयं यत्सूक्ष्मसूक्ष्मकम् । Π

 50^*1a nādo'ntaraṅga $β_1Γδ_2ε_1ζ_3χ$] nādotaraṅga $β_2β_ω$ nādāṃtaraṅga $ζ_2$ nādaturaṃga $δ_1$ om. $η_2$ sāranga cett.] om. η_2 50*1b bandhane cett.] bamdhana γ_1 bamdhana β_{ω} om. η_2 ate cett.] yāgurāyate γ_1 om. η_2 50*1c antaraṅga cett.] antaraṅgaṃ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ kurangasya $\zeta_3\chi$] turangasya B $\Gamma\Delta\zeta_2\eta_2$ 50*1d rodhe B ζ_2] rogo η_2 nādo ζ_3 vadhe χ bāhye γ_1 bodho γ_2 vyādhāyate $\zeta_3\chi$] vādhāyate β_ω vādyāyate β_1 pi pariṣā° β_2 vā gāyate ζ_2 °vabodhe δ_2 lac. δ_1 vā gīyate $η_2$ pi līyate Γ līyate $δ_2$ lac. $δ_1$ 'pi ca cett.] ti ca $β_1$ 'yate $β_2$ lac. $δ_1$ ināda (ādī α_1) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\chi$] ghaņṭānināda $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\varepsilon_1$ sakta βωχ] śakti α2 śaktaś ca α1 saktasya Γ δ₁ε₁ sadaṃkatā β ₁ kuliśa β ₂ **stabdhāntaḥ** χ] stabdhyaṃtaḥ β ₁ stadhyāṃta α ₂ stavyāṃtaḥ α_1 statravadhātah β_{ω} stabdhasyāntah ϵ_1 sabdāntah γ_1 śabdatah γ_2 śuddhāntah δ_1 pradhvānta β_2 karaṇahariṇasya $β_1β_ωε_1χ$] karaṇaṃ hariṇasya $α_1$ karaṇaṃ mṛgasya $α_2$ hariṇasya ca $β_2$ karaṇasya ca $\gamma_2 \delta_1$ karanasya na γ_1 **51b** atisukaram B ε_1] atisukasteram α_1 avisukaranam α_2 api sukaram syāc chara $\alpha_1\beta_1\varepsilon_1\chi$] syāt sadṛ° β_2 syāra β_{ω} chara α_2 saṃdhātā $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1$] "saṃ dhātā β_2 saṃdhā α_2 saṃdhāna χ 52a anāhatasya śabdasya $A\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\chi$] anāhatas tu yaḥ śabdas β_2 **52b tasya śabdasya yo dhvani** $\mathfrak{p}_{\alpha_2}\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$ tasya śabdasya yā dhvani \mathfrak{p}_{α_1} tasya śabdasya ca dhvani \mathfrak{p}_{α_2} α_1 tasya yo dhvaniḥ α_3 śabdasyāṃtargato dhvaniḥ β_ω śabdasyāṃganabho dhvaniḥ β_1 dhvanir ya **52c dhvaner** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1\chi$ γ_{1pc}] dhvanir $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_\omega\Gamma$ **jyotir** $\alpha_3\gamma_1\delta_2\epsilon_1$] jyoti $\gamma_2\delta_1$ jñeyam $\alpha_1\chi$ geyam $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ om. $\alpha_2\beta_2$ 52d jyotirantar $\Gamma\epsilon_1$] jyoterantar $\beta_2\Delta$ yotiramtar α_2 jyoti... α_3 jñeyasyāntar χ geyasyāntar $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ yasyāmtvamtar α_1 52e tan mano vilayam $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2$ tan mano nilayam ε_1 tan mamnam vilayam α_2 yan mano vilayam $\beta_2\gamma_1\Delta$ manas tatra **52*1b** °r jñeyam yat $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] °r geyam yat ε_1 yāti $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\Delta\varepsilon_1\chi$] yāmti $\alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_2$ °m āpnuyāt ε₂ **sūkṣmakam** $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] sūkṣmataḥ $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$

¹⁵ In ε₁, the first hemistich is found between 4.50ab and cd, and the second hemistich is omitted; In Bχ, the whole verse is found before 4.50; η₂ merges the two verses into one: nādo'ntaraṃ tu samgamya vājinaḥ paridhāyate | antaraṅgaturaṃgasya rogo vā gīyate pi ca ||

¹⁶ In $β_ω ε_1$ this verse is found after 4.35.

¹⁷ ε₁ has both versions – Alt 2 here and Alt 1 after 4.55*3 (preceded by three additional lines: विन्दुर्भिद्यित नादेन स नाद: खेन भिद्यते । ॐकारध्विननादेन वायुस्संहरणान्तिकं। निरालंबं समुद्दिश्य यत्र नादो लयं गत: II) –, while ε₂ε₃ have Alt 2 only.

तावदाकाशसंकल्पो यावच्छब्दः प्रवर्तते । निःशब्दं तत्परं ब्रह्म परमात्मा समीर्यते ॥ (от. δ2)	4.53
यत्किंचिन्नादरूपेण श्रूयते शक्तिरेव सा । यस्तच्छ्रोता निराकारः स एव परमेश्वरः ॥ $_{(om. \delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)}$	4.54
श्रवणमुखनयननासानिरोधनं नैव कर्तव्यम् । शुद्धसुषुम्णासरणौ स्फुटममलः श्रूयते नादः ॥ [after 4.12 in Βε1ζ2ζ3η2χ]	4.55
नादः शक्तिरिति ख्यातो नादज्ञानं सदाशिवः । ज्ञेये ज्ञाने च नष्टे तु उन्मन्येवावशिष्यते ॥ $(B\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2)$	4.55*1
नादो यावन्मनस्तावन्नादान्ते तु मनोन्मनी । सशब्दं कथितं व्योम निःशब्दं ब्रह्म कथ्यते ॥ (Βειε2ζ2ζ3η2)	4.55*2
सदा नादानुसंधानात् संक्षीणे वासनाचये । निरञ्जने विलीयेते निश्चितं मनमारुतौ ॥ (Bɛ,८,८,०,०)	4.55*3

53a tāvad \bar{a}° cett.] bhāvanā $^{\circ}$ η_2 53b yāvac chabda $\dot{\mu}$ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\Gamma\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] yāvad bandha $\dot{\mu}$ δ_1 yā-53c tat param cett.] paramam γ₁ 53d paramātmā cett.] paramātme° **samīryate** $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2$] samīyate $\alpha_2\beta_1\gamma_1\delta_1$ °yam īryate β_2 samīkṣate α_3 °numīyate $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ °ti **54a** yat $A\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\epsilon_1\chi$] om. β_ω nāda $AB\epsilon_1\chi$] nāma $\Gamma\delta_1$ 54c yas tacchrotā $\alpha_1\beta_1\Gamma\epsilon_1$] yas tatsrotā β_2 yat ta[cch]roto δ_1 yac chrotā ca β_ω yasmin śrato α_2 yas tattvānto χ **55a mukha** $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ Βε₁ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$] puṭa Γ $\Delta\eta_2\chi$ **nayana** cett.] nayanayugala $\eta_2\chi$ nāsā cett.] ghrāna nirodhanam naiva kartavyam $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$] nirodham naiva kartavyam α_1 nirodhanenaiva kartavyam β_{ω} mukhapuṭasaṃrodhanam kāryam $\Gamma\delta_2$ mukhapuṭarodhane kāryam δ_1 mukharodhanam eva kartavyam η₂ mukhānām nirodhanam kāryam χ **55b śuddha** cett.] śrīśuddha Γ suşumṇā cett.] suşumūṇau γ₁ saranau $\gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \chi$] śarane $\zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$ tsaranah α_1 śarada α_2 saraṇaiḥ α_3 tmaśaraṇaiḥ β_2 tmakārausaṃ β_1 maraṇai β_ω om. γ_1 sphutam amalah $A\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_1\eta_2\chi$] samsphurad amalah β_2 vimalah sam° ζ_3 vimalah ζ_2 **55*1a** nādaḥ $β_2β_ωζ_3η_2$] **khyāto** $\zeta_3\eta_2$] khyātā $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ kṣāto ζ_2 jñeyaṃ β_1 jñeyā β_2 jñeya β_ω nāda $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2$ **dajñānaṃ** $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$ ε₁ε₂ζ₂ζ₃] nādo jñānaṃ $\beta_2\eta_2$ 55*1c jñeye jñāne ca naṣṭe tu ε_1] jñeyajñāne ca nașțe ca ϵ_2 jñeye jñāne vilineṃta β_ω jñeye jñāne vilīnīṃta β_1 jñeyo jñāne vilīne tu β_2 nādajñāne ca neșțe tad ζ_2 nădajñăne vinașțe ca tad ζ_3 nădajñănena nașțena η_2 55*1d unmany $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_3$] unmadhy ζ_2 hy unmany η_2 sonmany B **evāvašiṣyate** $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \eta_2$] edhāvašiṣyate ζ_2 avāvašiṣyate β_{ω} enāvašişyati β_1 eva šişyate ζ_3 55*2b nādānte tu $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\zeta_2\eta_2$] nādānte ca ζ_3 nādātīte β_2 **55*2d kathyate** $B\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] ucyate $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ **55*3b** saṃkṣīṇe $Bε_1ε_2ζ_2ζ_3η_2$] kṣīyante χ **vāsanā**caye $\beta_1\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$] vāsanodaye η_2 vāsanāvayo β_ω vāsanākṣaye ζ_2 vāsanākṣaṇe ζ_3 pāpasaṃcayāḥ χ **55*3c vilīyete** $ε_1χ$] vilīyeta $β_2$ vilīyaṃte $β_1β_ω$ ca līyete $ζ_3η_2$ ca līyeta $ε_2ζ_2$ manamārutau $ε_1$] niścitaṃ manamārute $ε_2$ niścitta manamārutau $ζ_2$ niścitau manamārutau $η_2$ niścitam māruto mana β_1 niścita māruto mana β_{ω} niścitam cittamārutau $\zeta_3\chi$ marutā niścitam manah β₂

नादकोटिसहस्राणि बिन्दुकोटिशतानि च। सर्वे तत्र लयं यान्ति यत्र देवो निरञ्जनः ॥ (om. A) [after 4.46 Г∆]

4.55*4

इति नादानुसंधानम् ॥ ($B_{\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2}\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)

(βω has Kālajñāna, Videhamuktikathana, and Kālavañcana sections here)

अथ राजयोगः । (६१६१)

(ε₁ε₂ has 1.64 yuvā vrddho 'tivrddho vā here. 18)

 $(\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2 \text{ have 4.77 } \text{sarve layahaṭhābhyāsāḥ} \text{ and 4.28ff. } \text{astu vā māstu vā here})$

सर्वे हठलयोपाया राजयोगपदावधि । राजयोगपदं प्राप्य जायतेऽसौ निरञ्जनः ॥ (B) [cf. 4.77]

4.55*5

काष्टगोष्टीप्रपञ्चेन $^{\#}$ किं सखे श्रूयतामिदम् । (ab om. α_2) पुरा मत्स्येन्द्रबोधार्थमादिनाथोदितं वचः ॥ (om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$) [after $4.0^*8\ \epsilon_1$] 4.56

55*4b bindu cett.] veda β_2 **55*4c sarve** cett.] sarvam γ_1 **yānti** cett.] 55*4d devo cett.] deve ϵ_1 deva $\beta_\omega \zeta_2$ nirañjanah cett.] nirañjane ε_1 ending: iti **nādānusaṃdhānam** $\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \gamma_2 \chi$] iti nādānusaṃdhānavidhiḥ $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_2$ (found between Pāda ab and cd of the next verse β_2) iti nādānusaṃdhānāṃ yathā vṛddho veti ζ_2 iti nādānusaṃdhānaṃ yathā vṛddhaiḥ prabhāṣitam (metrical!) ζ₃ **55*****5a** haṭhalayopāyā $β_2β_ω$] haṭhalayā bhāvyā $β_1$ vadhi $β_1$] padāvadhi $β_2$ padāvadhi $β_ω$ **55*5d** 'sau $\beta_1\beta_2$] so β_{ω} 56a kāṣṭha $\alpha_1\alpha_3 B\Gamma \epsilon_1$] **goṣṭhī** $\Delta \varepsilon_1$] goṣṭhi $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \gamma_2$ goṣṭha $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_1$ mathnī β_1 mathnā β_2 $β_ω ε_1$] prapaṃce $α_1$ prasaṅgena $α_3 Γ Δ$ pravacane $β_1$ pravartaṃ $β_2$ 56b kiṃ sakhe śrūyatām idam $α_1α_3 Bε_1$] nādam antargataṃ śṛṇu $γ_2 Δ$ nāgadaṃtaṃmatargataṃ ṣṛṇu $γ_1$ 56c bodhārtham $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \epsilon_1$ bodhāva $\Gamma \Delta$ **56d ādināthoditaṃ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_1$] ādināthotigaditaṃ γ_1 ānināthodinam β_ω

 $^{^{18}}$ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ have the remnant of this verse. See the apparatus to the ending "iti nādānusaṃdhānam" above.

यावन्नैव प्रविश्वाति चरन् मारुतो मध्यमार्गे यावद्विन्दुर्न भवति दृढः प्राणवातप्रबद्धः । यावद्वयोम्ना सहजसदृशं जायते नैव तत्त्वं

तावत्सर्वं वदितं यदिदं दम्भिमध्याप्रलापः ॥ [after $4.0*8 \, \epsilon_1 \, \zeta_2 \, \zeta_3 \, \eta_2$] 4.57

(The following verses 4.58–4.71 are found immediately after 4.0*14 in $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$)

ज्ञात्वा सुषुम्णासद्भेदं कृत्वा वायुं च मध्यगम् । कृत्वासावैन्दवे स्थाने घ्राणरन्धे निरोधयेत् ॥ 4.58

तथा च वसिष्ठः । (Aβ₂β₆₀)

इडायां पिङ्गलायां च चरतश्चन्द्रभास्करौ । चन्द्रस्तामस इत्युक्तः सूर्यो राजस उच्यते ॥ 19 (om. $\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$) 4.59

madhya cett.] mādhya ζ_3 **mārge** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] mārgo $\beta_1\gamma_1$ mārgam mārutam α_1 **57b bindur** cett.] bandho ζ_3 bandham ζ_2 **dṛḍhaḥ** cett.] dṛḍhaṃ $\alpha_1\beta_1\epsilon_1$ **vāta** AB γ_2 ε $_1$ η $_2$ χ] vāta $_1$ γ $_1$ Δζ $_3$ vāta $_2$ vāta $_3$ vāta $_4$ γ $_4$ **prabaddhaḥ** $β_2Γ$] prabaddhaṃ $α_3$ prabandhah $\beta_1 \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ prabuddhah $\Delta \eta_2$ prabodhah α_1 prabodhakah β_{ω} prakrddhah α_2 na bandhanah ζ_2 prabandhāt χ 57c yāvad vyomnā $β_1β_2ζ_2ζ_3$] yāvad yomnā $α_1α_3ε_1$ yād vyemnā $α_2$ yāvad vyomnaḥ $\gamma_2\Delta\eta_2$ yāva_mnaḥ γ_1 yāvad byomna β_ω yāvad dhyāne χ sahajasadṛśaṃ cett.] sahajasamśam γ₁ sadrśasahajā ε₁ **tattvam** cett.] cittam $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_{3}\eta_{2}$ **57d sarvam** cett.] satvam ε_1 jñānam $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ yad idam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$] tad idam $\delta_1\chi$ yadi $\beta_1\gamma_1$ yadi tat ε_1 satatam β_{ω} dambha cett.] dambha $\varepsilon_1\zeta_2$ pralāpaḥ cett.] pralābhah β_2 58a jñātvā cett.] jitvā β_2 suşu° ζ_3 **suṣumṇāsadbhedaṃ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\eta_2\chi$] suṣumṇāsaṃbhedaṃ B ϵ_1 suṣumṇāṃ saśvedaṃ ζ_2 suṣumṇābhedaṃ hi $\gamma_2\Delta$ susu«m»nāmmedehi γ_1 °mnāmtagatam mārgam ζ_3 58b krtvā vāyum cett.] vāyum madhyagam cett.] madhyamaḥ β₁ kṛtvā ζ_3 tvāpa vāyum α_2 58c kṛtvāsāv aindave sthāne $\alpha_1\beta_\omega$] kṛtvāsav aidavai sthānair β_1 kṛtvā tām aidave tthāne α_2 nītvā tāv iṃdavasthāne γ_1 nītvā tāvad avasthāne γ2 nītvā tām anavasthāne Δ [dh]ṛ..[sāv a]ṃdra..[sthā]ne α3 hṛtvā mamedaṃ ca sthānam β_2 sthitvā sa vaindave sthāne ϵ_1 sthitvā sāmcaimdave sthāne ζ_2 sthitvā sadaimdave sthāne η_2 sthitvā sadaiva susthāne χ samāvasthā sthito yogī ζ_3 58d ghrāṇa $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_2$] prāṇa $\Gamma \Delta \zeta_3 \eta_2$ brahma χ randhre $A\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\eta_2\chi$] randhram $\gamma_1\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ randhra β_1 $\alpha_1\alpha_3 \mathrm{B}\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nirundhayet $\Gamma\Delta$ niyojayet α_2 heading: tathā ca vasisthah $\alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_2$] tathā vaśiṣṭhavacanam α₂ tatvāva | Φ | β_ω **59a piṅgalāyāṃ ca** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$] piṅgalāyāṃśca β_ω **59d rājasa** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\mathrm{B}\gamma_2\Delta$] rā (end of the last available folio) γ_1

¹⁹ γ_1 is lost after $s\bar{u}rvo r\bar{a}$ in pāda d.

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तावेव धत्तः सकलं कालं रात्रिंदिवात्मकम्।
   भोक्री सुष्मणा कालस्य गृह्यमेतदुदाहृतम् ॥ (bcd om. no)
                                                                                            4.60 - \gamma_1
तथा हि सौभद्रं नाम श्लोकचत्रष्टयम् ।20 (от. ८२८३७२४)
   षद्भक्रं षोडशाधारं त्रिधा लक्ष्यं गुणत्रयम्।
   शेषं त ग्रन्थविस्तारं त्रिकटं परमं पदम ॥ (om. ८०८ १००४)
                                                                                            4.61 - \gamma_1
   कण्डली कटिलाकारा सर्पवत्परिकीर्तिता।
   सा शक्तिश्वालिता येन स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः ॥ (οπ. β2γ2ζ2ζ3η2χ)
                                                                                            4.62 - \gamma_1
   यदा कृटं त्रिकृटस्थं चित्तं चित्रं निरन्तरम्।
   कुण्डल्यास्त प्रयोगेण स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः \Pi (om. \gamma_2 \Delta \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi)
                                                                                            4.63 - \gamma_1
   द्रासप्ततिसहस्राणि नाडीद्राराणि* पञ्चरे ।
   सषम्णा शांभवी शक्तिः शेषास्त्वेव निरर्थकाः ॥21
                                                                                            4.64 - \gamma_1
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60a tāv eva ... sakalam $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2$ sūryaś candrah sadā dhatte ϵ_1 sūryacandrau sadā dhatte ζ_2 sūryācandramasau dhattah $\zeta_3\chi$ sūryācandramasau kṛtvā η_2 tāv eva $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2$] tā eva δ_1 **dhattaḥ** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\delta_2$] dattaḥ γ_2 dhanva α_2 vahataḥ β_2 **sakalaṃ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_2$] sarvam β₂ **60b** kālaṃ $\beta_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] kāla $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2$ kālāṃ ζ_2 om. $\beta_{\omega} \eta_2$ rātrimdivātmakam $\varepsilon_1\chi$] rātridivātmakam $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\zeta_3$ rātrindinātmakam Δ rātrim divākaram α_3 rātridivātmakam yogavit β_{ω} °śa tridivātmakam ζ_2 om. η_2 60c bhoktrī $\alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] bhoktī ζ_2 bhoktā β_{ω} bhoktr β_2 bhoktu α_2 [bho]gī α_3 om. η_2 60d guhyam etad $AB\gamma_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$] guptam etad δ_1 sattvam **udāhṛtam** cett.] udīritam α_2 heading: tathā hi $A\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\epsilon_2$] tathāpi hi β_1 etad δ_2 om. η_2 tathā $\gamma_2\delta_2$ athā hi ε_1 **saubhadraṃ nāma** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\Delta$] sobhadrā nāma ε_1 saubhadranāmā γ_2 saubhadranāmas ca ε_2 saubhadreyam nāma β_ω saubhadreyanāma β_2 saubhadreryān nāma β_1 catuştayam $\alpha_1 B \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$] ślokam eva catuştayam α_2 ślokacatuştayam āha γ_2 61a satcakram $\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ sadraktam α_1 61b tridhā laks(y)am $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$ tridhā bhajyam $\alpha_1 \alpha_2$ tridhāksa ca β_1 trilaksyam ca β_2 **61c śesam tu** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B\epsilon_2$] śesas tu $\gamma_2 \Delta$ śesam tat ϵ_1 granthi $\beta_2 \varepsilon_1$ vistāram $\alpha_1 B \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$] vistāra α_2 vistāras $\gamma_2 \Delta$ 61d trikūṭam $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_\omega \gamma_2 \delta_1 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$] trikoți β_2 trirūpam δ_2 62c călită $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$] calită β_1 cări... α_3 kīlită δ_1 kelită δ_2 62d mukto 63a yadā cett.] yathā ε_2 kūṭaṃ tri° cett.] kūṭasti β_2 $\Delta \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$] yogī $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ 63b citram $α_1$] cittam $α_2$ tatra B yatra $ε_1ε_2$ nirantaram cett.] nirajñanam $ε_1ε_2$ tu cett.] kuṇḍalyāpta ϵ_1 kuṇḍalinyāḥ ϵ_2 prayogeṇa (°na* α_1) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$] prabodhena β_2 **64a dvāsaptatisahasrāņi** $\alpha_1\alpha_2 \mathrm{B}\gamma_2 \Delta \chi$] dvisaptati° $\alpha_3 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ om. η_2 64b nāḍīdvārāṇi (nāḍi° $\alpha_2\beta_1$) AB $\gamma_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\zeta_3\chi$] nāḍīdvāre ca ζ_2 nāḍīnāṃ deha δ_2 nāḍīnāṃdeda δ_1 datvā kārāpi η_2 64d śesās tv eva $\alpha_1 B\delta_2 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \zeta_2 \chi$ śesās tv evam η_2 śesāsvevam cett.] pamkaje α₁ mamjarī α₃ α_2 śeṣāś caiva $\gamma_2\delta_1\zeta_3$ nirarthakāḥ cett.] nivarttakāḥ ζ₂

 $^{^{20}}$ $\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2$ have this set of verses as 3.94*7ff. in a different order.

 $^{^{21}}$ ϵ_1 has this verse in both Ch. 3 and 4.

वायुः परिचितो यत्नादग्निना सह कुण्डलीम् । बोधयित्वा सुषुम्णायां प्रविशेदनिरोधतः ॥ (cd om. ŋ₂) (om. δ₂)	4.65 - γ1
सुषुम्णावाहिनि प्राणे सिध्यत्येव मनोन्मनी । (ab om. η_2) अन्यथा विविधाभ्यासाः प्रयासायैव योगिनाम् ॥	4.66 - γ1
पवनो बध्यते येन मनस्तेनैव बध्यते । मनश्च बध्यते येन पवनस्तेन बध्यते ॥ $_{({ m cd\ om.\ }lpha_2\Upsilon_2\eta_2)}$	4.67 - γ1
हेतुद्वयं तु चित्तस्य वासना च समीरणः। तयोर्विनष्ट एकस्मिन्द्रुतं द्वावपि नश्यतः॥ ²²	4.68 - γ ₁
मनो यत्र विलीयेत पवनस्तत्र लीयते l $_{(ab\ om.\ \eta_2)}$ पवनो लीयते यत्र मनस्तत्रैव लीयते ll 23 $_{(cd\ om.\ \alpha_2\zeta_2\zeta_3)}$	4.69 -γ ₁

65a paricito $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] paricipta β_ω sa parito γ_2 samparito δ_1 parivitto β_1 $\alpha_1\beta_1\bar{\beta}_2\gamma_2\delta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\big] \ yasmād \ \alpha_2\eta_2\chi \ n\bar{a}d\bar{a}d \ \beta_\omega \qquad \textbf{65b agninā} \ B\delta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi\big] \ rgvinā \ \gamma_2 \ yastinā \ \alpha_1$ **kuṇḍalīm** $\varepsilon_1 \chi$] kuṇḍalī $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \delta_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2$ **65d praviśed** cett.] praveśad $β_ω$ om. η_2 anirodhatah $\alpha_3 B \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \chi$] avirodhatah $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1$ atirodhatah ζ_2 om. η_2 $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_2\epsilon_1\chi$] vāhinī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ hini δ_1 om. η_2 66b sidhyaty eva $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_1\zeta_3\chi$] siddhyety eva α_1 siddhaty eva $\beta_1\zeta_2$ siddhity eva α_2 om. η_2 66c anyathā vividhā $AB\gamma_2$] anye ye vividhā Δ anyathā tv itare $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ anyathā tv itarā χ atha cittāntare η_2 prāņe suşumnāṃ saṃ $^\circ$ ε_1 bhyāsāḥ $\alpha_1\beta_2\delta_2\chi$] bhyāsā $\alpha_3\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1$ bhyāsāt $\alpha_2\beta_1\zeta_2$ bhyāsa $\zeta_3\eta_2$ °prāpte ε_1 66d prayāsāyaiva $\alpha_1\alpha_2 B \gamma_2 \epsilon_1 \chi$] prayāsāyai δ_2 prāyāsāś caiva δ_1 prayāsā eva ζ_3 prayāsā eka ζ_2 pratyāśā jīva η_2 yoginām cett.] yoginā $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\eta_2$ yoginī ζ_2 67a yena cett.] deva α_2 67b manas tenaiva badhyate cett.] tenaiva badhyate manaḥ $η_2$ 67c manaś ca $α_1β_1β_ω ε_1ζ_2ζ_3χ$] manas tu Δ manas tad β_2 om. $\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \gamma_2$ **67d pavanas tena** cett.] pavanamana β_{ω} om. $\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \eta_2$ heta α_2 eta α_3 **dvayaṃ tu** $\alpha_1\alpha_3\delta_2\eta_2\chi$] dvayaṃ hi $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_1$ dvayaṃ ca $\beta_2\delta_1$ dvayasya $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ dvāv api α₂ cittasya cett.] manaso $\gamma_2\Delta$ 68c vinasta ekasmin cett.] vinasta etasmin ε_1 **68d drutaṃ dvāv api naśyataḥ** (druttaṃ) α₁] dhṛtaṃ dvāv api naśyvinastas tv ekaš ca hy β₂ ataḥ α_3 dṛtaṃ vāvati nasyataḥ α_2 nṛtaṃ dvāv api naśyati ϵ_1 tau dvāv api vinaśyataḥ $\beta_1\beta_\omega\zeta_2\zeta_3\chi$ ubhāv api vinaśyataḥ $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \eta_2$ svabhāvo pi vinaśyataḥ δ_1 **69a vilīyeta** cett.] vilīyate β_{ω} om. **69b pavanas** cett.] mārutas $\varepsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$ om. η_2 **69c pavano līyate yatra** $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \chi$] pavano yatra līyeta Δ pavano yatra līyate $β_1β_ω$ māruto yatra līyeta $ε_1$ yatraiva līyate vāyur $η_2$ om. $α_2ζ_2ζ_3$ **69d tatraiva līyate** $\alpha_1 B \Delta \epsilon_1 \eta_2$] tatra vilīyate $\gamma_2 \chi$ om. $\alpha_2 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$

 $^{^{22}}$ δ_1 has this verse and the next one after 4.70.

²³ ζ_3 has an incomplete passage *ekatra*[*m*]*iśritau* after this verse.

दुग्धाम्बुवत्संमिलितौ सदैव तुल्यिक्रयौ मानसमारुतौ हि। यावन्मनस्तत्र मरुत्प्रवृत्ति-र्यावन्मरुच्चापि मनःप्रवृत्तिः॥

4.70 - γ₁

तत्रैकनाशादपरस्य नाश एकप्रवृत्तेरपरप्रवृत्तिः ।²⁴ अध्वस्तयोश्चेन्द्रियवर्गबुद्धि*-विध्वस्तयोर्मोक्षपदस्य सिद्धिः ॥

4.71 - γ₁

 $4.72 - \gamma_1$

70a sadaiva $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \text{Be}_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3$] sadeva α_3 tathaiva $\gamma_2 \Delta$ ubhau tau $\eta_2 \chi$ 70b mānasamārutau cett.] mārutamānasau $β_1β_2ε_1$ illeg. $β_ω$ **hi** $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_1\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] ca $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta$ illeg. β_{ω} manas cett.] yato marut η2χ tatra cett. caiva α_2 **marut** cett.] manah $\eta_2 \chi$ sat β_2 pravṛttir cett.] pravṛtta $β_2$ pravṛddhitti $ζ_2$ 70d yāvan $ABγ_2Δε_1$] yato $η_2χ$ om. (pāda d om.) $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ **maruc cāpi** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_1$] marut tatra β_{ω} manas tatra $\eta_2\chi$ om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ $\alpha_{p}^{pc}\beta_{2}\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\delta_{2}\epsilon_{1}$] mana $\alpha_{1}^{ac}\alpha_{2}\beta_{1}\delta_{1}$ marut $\eta_{2}\chi$ om. $\zeta_{2}\zeta_{3}$ pravṛtti \dot{h} $\alpha_{1}\beta_{1}\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\Delta\epsilon_{1}\chi$] pravṛtta \dot{h} β_{2} pravittato α_2 nivṛttih η_2 om. $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ 71a tatraika cett.] tatra α_1^{ac} atraika $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ ekasya η_2 $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$] nāśo β_ω nāśe β_1 nāśā ϵ_1 nāśam δ_1 71b ekapravrtter $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\gamma_2\zeta_2\chi$ ekapravṛtte β_2 ekapravṛttāv $\Delta \varepsilon_1 \zeta_3$ e...... β_{ω} tatraikavṛtter η_2 aparapravṛttiḥ cett.] ca parapravṛttiḥ β_2 aparasya vṛttiḥ η_2 itarapravṛttiḥ ϵ_1 ttiḥ β_{ω} 71c adhvastayoś $\alpha_1\beta_1\chi$] adhastayos $\beta_2\eta_2$ adhvastayor $\delta_2\zeta_3$ adhyastayor γ_2 adhastayor δ_1 adhvascayos ε_1 addhastayos ζ_2 atastayoś β_{ω} adhastasar α_2 **cendriya** $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] indriya $\gamma_2\Delta\zeta_3$ **buddhir** $\alpha_1\alpha_3$] vudhir β_{ω} vṛddhir $\gamma_2\delta_2$ vṛttiḥ $\delta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2\chi$ baṃdhir β_1 śuddhir $\alpha_2\beta_2$ 71d vidhvastayor $\alpha_1\alpha_3\mathrm{B}\Delta\zeta_3$] adhastayor α_2 vivṛddhayor γ_2 nidhvastayo ϵ_1 addhvastayor ζ_2 vijñātayor η_2 pradhvastayor χ **mokṣapadasya** cett.] °pradasya γ_2 **72a vāyu** cett.] vāyur $\delta_1\zeta_3$ mārge tv asamcāre ε_1 märge py asamcāre ζ_3 mārge tha samcāre ζ_2 mārge ca samcāre η_2 mārgeņa samcāre $AB\gamma_2$ mārgeņa **72b sakalāṃ** $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\Delta$] sakalā α_3 sakalaṃ $\alpha_2\beta_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3$ sa phalaṃ η_2 saṃkalpāt β_1 $\textbf{labhate} \ \ A\beta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2] \ \ \textbf{labhyate} \ \ \beta_2 \zeta_2 \ \ \ \textbf{bhramate} \ \ \gamma_2 \Delta \ \ \ \textbf{carate} \ \ \beta_\omega \qquad \textbf{mahīm} \ \ \alpha_1 \alpha_3 \beta_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_1] \ \ \textbf{mahī}$ $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ mahiḥ α_2 mahaḥ $\zeta_2\zeta_3$ mahān η_2 72c tathāṣṭa (tathāṣṭa (tathāṣṭa» α_1) A $\Delta\epsilon_1$] aṣṭadhā β_1 athāṣṭa $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ tato'sta $\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ na tathā γ_2 72d satyam satyam varānane $\alpha_1\alpha_3\mathrm{B}\gamma_2\Delta$] satyam ity āha śaṃkaraḥ $\varepsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ labhate sakalān varān α_2

²⁴ In δ_1 Pādas ab and cd are transposed; ζ_3 inserts here a variant reading for Pāda a "*ekasya nā<śā>d aparasya nāśaḥ*" here.

तथा विश्वरूपाचार्यः । $(om. \beta_\omega \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi)$

यदा संक्षीयते प्राणो मानसं च विलीयते।

तदा समरसत्वं यत्समाधिः सोऽभिधीयते ॥ (om. $\beta_{\omega}\zeta_{2}\zeta_{3}\eta_{2}$) [after 4.0*5 χ] 4.73 $-\gamma_{1}$

मनःस्थैर्ये स्थिरो वायुस्ततो बिन्दुः स्थिरो भवेत्।

बिन्द्रस्थैर्योदयात्पत्र पिण्डस्थैर्यं प्रजायते II (om. β_{ω}) [after $4.0^*16 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] $4.74 - \gamma_1$

दृष्टिः स्थिरा यस्य विनैव दृश्या-द्वायः स्थिरो यस्य विना प्रयत्नात ।

चित्तं स्थिरं यस्य विनावलम्बात

स एव योगी स गुरुः स सेव्यः ॥ (om. $\zeta_2\chi$) 4.75 - γ_1

प्रवेशे निर्गमे वामे दक्षिणे चोर्ध्वमप्यधः।

न यस्य वायुर्वहित स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः ॥ $(om. \zeta_{2\chi})$ [before 4.35*7 $\epsilon_1 \zeta_3 \eta_2$] 4.76 $-\gamma_1$

सर्वे हठलयोपाया राजयोगस्य सिद्धये।

राजयोगसमारूढः पुरुषः कालवञ्चकः ॥ $[after 4.55*4 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \zeta_3 \eta_2]$ 4.77 $-\gamma_1$

heading: tathā $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2$] tathā ca α_2 tathāha α_3 om. $\gamma_2\Delta$ 73a yadā saṃkṣīyate $A\beta_2\Delta\chi$] yadā sa kṣīyate $\beta_1 \gamma_2$ om. ϵ_1 73b ca vilīyate $A\beta_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_1$] ca pralīyate $\gamma_2 \chi$ pravilīyate δ_1 saṃpralīyate δ_2 **73c tadā** cett.] tayoḥ ε₁ **samarasatvam** cett.] samarasaikatvam *unm.* α_2 **yat** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\varepsilon_1$] yaḥ $\alpha_3\delta_1$ ca $\beta_1\chi$ 73d samādhiḥ so'bhidhīyate $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_1\epsilon_1$] samādhī sau bhidhīyate β_1 samādhiḥ sābhidhīyate δ_2 samādhir abhidhīyate χ samādhiś ca vilīyate α_2 74a manaḥ $\alpha_1^{pc}\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\chi$ mana $\alpha_1^{ac}\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\epsilon_1\zeta_2\zeta_3\eta_2$ **sthairye** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\epsilon_1\zeta_2\eta_2\chi$] sthairya $\alpha_3\delta_1$ sthairyāt δ_2 sthairyaḥ ζ_3 sthiro cett.] sthito $\alpha_3 \epsilon_1 \zeta_3$ 74b binduh $\alpha_3^{pc} \alpha_3 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \zeta_3 \gamma$] bindu $\alpha_3^{qc} \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \zeta_2 \gamma_2$ bhavet cett.] tato layaḥ α_3 74c bindu cett.] binduḥ γ_2 sthairyodayāt $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\delta_2$] sthairyoyadāt ϵ_1 sthairy
odayā $\alpha_3\zeta_2$ sthairye dayā ζ_3 sthairyād dayā η_2 sthairy
ād athā γ_2 sthairyād yathā δ_1 sthairyāt sadā χ sthairyo sthiro α_2 **putra** $\alpha_1\beta_1$] mūtra β_2 tatra α_3 panna γ_2 samyak E satyam $\delta_2\zeta_2\zeta_3$ satvam $\eta_2\chi$ vāyu α_2 lac. δ_1 75a vinaiva $AB\epsilon_1\zeta_3\eta_2$] vināpi $\gamma_2\Delta$ dṛśyād $\alpha_1\alpha_3B\zeta_3$] drśyam $\gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_1 \eta_2$ drśyavān α_2 75b vinā prayatnāt cett.] vināpi yatnam γ_2 75c vināvalam- \mathbf{b} āt $\alpha_1^{pc}\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega$ ε $_1\zeta_3$] vināvalambanāt α_1^{qc} vināvalambanam $\alpha_2\Delta$ vināvalamnam η_2 vinā vilambāt $β_1$ vinā prayatnāt $γ_2$ 75d sa guruḥ cett.] sadguruḥ $η_2$ sa sevyaḥ cett.] sa śiṣyaḥ $γ_2δ_1$ **76a vāme** cett.] vāma α_3 vāpi β_1 cāpi ζ_3 **76b cordhvam apy adha** β_1 β_1 cordhvage'py adhaḥ β_2 cordhvamadhyagaḥ $\gamma_2\Delta$ cordhvamadhyataḥ $\zeta_3\eta_2$ tanirodhataḥ β_ω 76c na yasya cett.] vāyur vahati cett.] vahate vāyu β_ω 77a haṭhalayopāyā cett.] layahaṭhopāyā ϵ_1 haṭhalayoyāgā ζ_2 haṭhālayābhyāsā δ_1 layahaṭhābhyāsā $\gamma_2\delta_2$ 77b rājayogasya siddhaye cett.] rājayogāya kevalam ε₁ζ₂ζ₃η₂ rājayogaphalāvadhi β_ω 77c rājayoga cett.] rajayogam α₃ rājayoge δ₂ rājayo (then lost) γ₂ samārūḍhaḥ cett.] padaprāptaḥ α₂

इंडा भगवती गङ्गा पिङ्गला यमुना नदी । विज्ञेया तद्वयोर्मध्ये सुषुम्णा तु सरस्वती ॥ $(\delta_1\delta_3)$ (om. δ_2) [cf. 3.95*1] 4.77*1

त्रिवेणीसंगमो यत्र तीर्थराजः स उच्यते । तस्मिंस्तीर्थवरे स्नात्वा सर्वपापैः प्रमुच्यते ॥ (ठे,ठे३) (om. ठे२) 4.77*2

इति तु सकलयोगशास्त्रसिन्धोः परिमथितादवकृष्टसारभूतम् । अनुभवत हठामृतं यमीन्द्रा यदि भवतामजरामरत्ववाञ्छा ॥ (om. ८२८३७२४)

 $4.78 - \gamma_1 \gamma_2$

विद्यातीर्थे जगित विद्युधाः साधवः सत्यतीर्थे गङ्गातीर्थे मलिनमनसो योगिनो ज्ञानतीर्थे। धारातीर्थे धरणिपतयो दानतीर्थे धनाढ्याः लज्जातीर्थे कलयवतयः पातकं क्षालयन्ति॥ (१०)

4.78*1

इति श्रीस्वात्मारामयोगीन्द्रविरचितायां हठप्रदीपिकायां चतुर्थोपदेशः॥ ४॥25

 $-\gamma_1\gamma_2\delta_2$

77*1b yamunā δ_3] jamunā δ_1 77*1c vijñeyā δ_3] vidheyā δ_1 77*1d tu δ_3] ca δ_1 77*2c tasmims tīrthavare snātvā δ_3] tatra snānam prakurvīta δ_1 78a tu $B\Delta$] «tu» α_1 om. $\alpha_2 \epsilon_1$ śrī α_3 sakalayoga cett.] sakalasuyoga ϵ_1 sindhoḥ $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}\beta_2\delta_2$] sindhauḥ α_2 sindhau δ_1 siddhoḥ ϵ_1 siddheḥ β_1 siddhāḥ $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}$ siddhyaiḥ β_{ω} om. α_3 78b parimathitād $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\Delta\epsilon_1$] paripaṭhitā β_{ω} mathitā pari α_3 avakṛṣṭa $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}\alpha_2\Delta\epsilon_1$] avakṛṣya $\alpha_1^{\rm pc}\beta_2$ avakṛṣṇa β_1 kṛṣṭa β_{ω} sāra α_3 sāra $A\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_2\epsilon_1$] sārā β_1 sarva δ_1 78c anubhavata $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_{\omega}\Delta_3$] anubhavatu β_2 anubhavatu α_2 anubhava $\beta_1\epsilon_1$ yamīndrā $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_{\omega}\delta_3$] yatīndrā $\beta_1\delta_1\epsilon_1$ yogīdrā α_2 mayedaṃ β_2 ya (text stopps here) δ_2 78d ajarāmaratvavānchā $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\delta_1\delta_3$] °vāṃchāḥ β_2 °vāṃcchāṃ α_3 ajarāmṛtatvavāṇcha ϵ_1 ajarājaram tvaṃ vā β_{ω} 78*1a jagati em.] yagati η_2 colophon: śrī $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_3\zeta_3\eta_2$] om. $\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\delta_1\epsilon_1$ onte śrī add. sadguru α_1 madguru α_2 sahajānandasaṃtānacintāmaṇinā $\epsilon_1\zeta_3$ svātmārāmayogīndra $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$] svātmārāmayogendra α_1 svātmārāmayogūmdra $\alpha_3\beta_2$ on $\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_1$ viracitāyāṃ cett.] pravaracitāyāṃ α_1 om. $\beta_1\delta_1$ ante caturtho add. nādopāsanaṃ nāma ζ_3 siddhāntamuktāvalī nāma β_{ω} caturthopadeśaḥ Δ B $\epsilon_1\zeta_3$] caturtha upadeśaḥ δ_1 caturtho{{ddyā}}yam upadeśaḥ δ_3 caturthodhyāyaḥ η_2

²⁵ ζ₂ has no colophon. Its last verse is 4.30, which just fills fol. no. 346, and from the next folio another text begins. The colophon of χ reads: इति श्रीस्वात्मारामयोगींद्रविरचितायां हठयोगप्रदीपिकायां नाम चतुर्थोऽध्यायः (Wai) or इति श्रीसजहानन्दसन्तानचिन्तामणिस्वात्मारामयोगींद्रविरचितायां हठयोगप्रदीपिकायां समाधिलक्षणं नाम चतुर्थोपदेशः समाप्तः (Tue)

List of Sigla

α_1	N3	one folio missing in Ch. 4 (4.24b-4.36d)
α_2	J5	
α_3	G4	damaged; collated only when available
β_1	P11	
β_2	C6	
β_{ω}	V3	
γ_1	N23	incomplete; breaks at 4.56d
γ_2	J7	incomplete; breaks at 4.74b
δ_1	V19	
δ_2	E2	
δ_3	C7	partially collated, when δ_2 is not available
ϵ_1	G11	
ϵ_2	G5	collated for gray-scaled verses only
ζ_2	N19	
ζ_3	V15	
η_2	J10	
χ	Jyo	Brahmānanda's version, based on the edition 1972