सशैलवनधात्रीणां यथाधारो ऽहिनायकः। सर्वेषां योगतन्त्राणां तथाधारो हि कुण्डली॥	3.1
सुप्ता गुरुप्रसादेन यदा जागर्ति कुण्डली। तदा सर्वाणि पद्मानि भिद्यन्ते ग्रन्थयोऽपि च॥	3.2
प्राणस्य	3.3
शून्यपदवीति किम् । $(om. \beta_{\omega} \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi)$	
सुषुम्णा शून्यपदवी ब्रह्मरन्ध्रमहापथः । इमशानं शाम्भवी मध्यमार्गश्चेत्येकवाचकाः ॥ (a om. ɛ1e2e3)	3.4
तस्मात्सर्वप्रयत्नेन प्रबोधयितुमीश्वरीम् । ब्रह्मद्वारमुखे सुप्तां मुद्राभ्यासं समाचरेत् ॥	3.5

1a saśaila cett.] saśaile β_{ω} om. δ_2 vana cett.] vane γ_1 om. δ_2 dhātrīṇāṃ cett.] dhātrnām β_2 om. δ_2 **1b** yathādhāro cett.] om. δ_2 'hināyakaḥ cett.] himālayah γ_2 om. δ_2 1c yoga cett.] hațha $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ om. δ_2 tantrāṇāṃ cett. $(\delta_{2 \text{ s.l.}})$] śāstrāṇā $\delta_{2 \text{ i.t.}}$ 2b yadā jāgarti **kuṇḍalī** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega \varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] yathā jāgarti kuṇḍalī $\beta_2\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2\eta_1$ bodhitā sukhadā bhavet ΓΔ $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\epsilon_3\chi$] tathā $\Delta\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2$ sarvāṇi padmāni cett.] padmāni sarvāṇi η_2 pi sarvapadmāni δ_1 **3a prāṇasya** cett.] praṇamya $\delta_2 \varepsilon_2$ prāṇa β_2 **padavī** cett.] padavīṃ $\delta_2 \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1$ $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\eta_2\chi$] tathā $\beta_2\Delta$ yathā η_1 **pathāyate** cett.] padāyate η_1 3c tadā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\eta_2\chi$ tathā $\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1$ yathā δ_2 yadā γ_1 3d tadā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\eta_2\chi$] tathā $\Delta\eta_1$ 4 śūnyapadavīti kim $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_2\delta_3$] atha śūnyapadavīm iti kim ucyate η_2 4b randhra $\gamma_1\eta_1$] randhram cett. $\epsilon_1 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] patham $\alpha_2 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_2$ pathāḥ $\alpha_1 \epsilon_3$ 4c śmaśānam $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] śmaśāne δ_1 śmaśānī $\gamma_2 \delta_2 \delta_3$ aiśānī γ_1 **madhya** $\alpha_1 \Gamma \delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_3 \chi$] madhyam $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \eta_1 \eta_2$ madhye ϵ_2 mudrā δ_2 4d mārgaś cety eka α₁β₂β_ωΓδ₁ε₁ε₃χ] mārgeś cety eka η₁ mārgapratyeka ε₂ mārgaḥ śūnyeva δ₂δ₃ vācakāḥ $\gamma_2 \eta_2 \chi$] vācakā γ_1 vācakaḥ $\alpha_1 \beta_2$ vācaka β_ω vācakam $\alpha_2 \Delta \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ 5b prabodhayitum $\alpha_1\Gamma\epsilon_1\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] prabodhayatum $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\eta_1$ tāṃ bodhayituṃ Δ **īśvarīṃ** cett.] īśvarī $\beta_\omega\gamma_1\epsilon_2$ īśvaram δ_1 5c dvāra cett.] dvāre $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ mukhe cett.] mukha γ_1 sukhe ϵ_1 suptām cett.] **5d bhyāsaṃ samācaret** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] bhyāsena bodhayet $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$ supto β_{ω}

¹ ε₁ε₂ε₃ jump to शन्यपदवी in the next verse.

महामुद्रा महाबन्धा महावधश्च खचरा। उड्डियानं मूलबन्धो बन्धो जालन्धराभिधः॥ (bc om. δ1)	3.6
करणी विपरीताख्या वज्रोली शक्तिचालनम् । इदं मुद्रादिदशकं जरामरणनाशनम् ॥	3.7
आदिनाथोदितं दिव्यमष्टैश्वर्यप्रदायकम् ।² वछ्ठभं सर्वसिद्धानां दुर्लभं मरुतामपि ॥	3.8
गोपनीयं प्रयत्नेन यथा रत्नकरण्डकम् । कस्यचिन्नैव वक्तव्यं कुलस्त्रीसुरतं यथा ॥	3.9
वज्रोली त्वमरोली च सहजोली त्रिधा मताः। एतेषां लक्षणं वक्ष्ये कर्तव्यं च विशेषतः॥ $(eta_2eta_\omega\eta_2)$	3.9*
अथ महामुद्रा ।	
पादमूलेन वामेन योनिं संपीड्य दक्षिणम् । पादं प्रसारितं धृत्वा कराभ्यां पूरयेन्मुखे* ॥	3.10

 $\mathbf{6c}$ uddiyāna \mathbf{m} $\gamma_1 \delta_2 \delta_3 \gamma_2$] udiyāna \mathbf{m} $\beta_2 \beta_\omega$ uddīyāna \mathbf{m} α $\mathbf{q}^{\mathbf{p}} \mathbf{c} \gamma_2 \mathbf{c}_2$ uddīyāna \mathbf{m} α $\mathbf{q}^{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{c}$ uddīyāno \mathbf{n}_1 udyānam χ udyāṇa $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_3$ om. δ_1 **mūlabandho** $\Gamma \delta_2 \delta_3$] bandhas β_2 bandhah η_2 bandham $\alpha_1 \alpha_2$ °bandha $β_ω$ °bandhaś ca $ε_2ε_3χ$ °bandhāś ca $η_1$ om. $δ_1$ 6d bandho $γ_2Δε_2η_1χ$] bandhā $γ_1$ tato $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_1\epsilon_3\eta_2$ jālandharā cett.] jāladharā γ_1 jālaṃjarā η_1 7a viparītākhyā cett.] viparītākhyam ε_2 viparītāni ε_1 7b vajrolī cett.] vajro δ_1 7c idam mudrādi $\alpha_1\alpha_2$] idam tu mudrā $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ idam ca mudrā $\beta_\omega \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ idam hi mudrā χ etad dhi mudrā $\beta_2 \Gamma \Delta$ cett.] marnavi β_{ω} mana γ_1 **nāśanam** cett.] varjitam Δ **8a ādinātho** cett. \bar{a} dīśvaro $\delta_1 \delta_3$ divyam cett.] sarvam η_2 8b pradāyakam cett.] phalapradam β_2 ādveśvaro δ₂ dhānāṃ cett.] siddhīnāṃ $\alpha_1\beta_\omega$ vidyānāṃ ϵ_3 9c vaktavyaṃ cett.] vaktavyā η_1 kartavyaṃ 9d kulastrīsuratam cett.] kulastrīsu ratam η_1 kulastrīsukharatam unm. β_{ω} cett.] tathā n₂ 9*1a tv amarolī β_2] amarolīś β_{ω} °r amaroliś η_2 9*1b sahajolī $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$] saha-9*1c eteṣāṃ β_{ω}] etāsāṃ β_2 eteṣā η_2 jolis $η_2$ matāḥ $β_2$] mataḥ $η_2$ magaḥ $β_ω$ $η_2$] vakṣe $β_ω$ 10 atha mahāmudrā $β_ω γ_1 ε_2 χ$] tatha mahāmudrā $β_2$ tatra mahāmudrā $β_1 η_1 η_2$ tatra mahāmudrā yathā ϵ_1 atha tatra mahāmudrā ϵ_3 om. $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \Delta$ 10b yonim cett.] yoni $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega}$ saṃpīḍya cett.] pīḍya $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2$ **10c pādaṃ** cett.] pāda $η_2$ padaṃ $β_ω$ prasā° χprasāritam cett.] prasaritam $β_ω$ prasāditam $η_1$ °ritam padam χ dhṛtvā $γ_2δ_2δ_3ε_3η_1η_2$] kṛtvā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_1\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\chi$ **10d pūrayen** cett.] pūrayet δ_2 dhārayen η_2 dhārayed χ **mukhe** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2$] mukham $\beta_2 \Gamma \delta_1 \delta_3 \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ sukham δ_2 dṛḍham χ

 $^{^2~}$ In ϵ_3 this hemistich is found after pādas ab of the next verse.

कण्ठे बन्धे समारोप्य धारयेद्वायुमूर्ध्वतः । यथा दण्डाहतः सर्पो दण्डाकारः प्रजायते ॥	3.11
ऋज्वीभूता तथा शक्तिः कुण्डली सहसा भवेत्। तदासौ मरणावस्था जायते द्विपुटाश्रिता [#] ॥	3.12
³ ततः रानैः रानैरेव रेचयेन्न तु वेगतः । इयं खळु महासुद्रा महासिद्धैः प्रदर्शिता ॥	3.13
महाक्केशादयो $^{\#}$ दोषा हीयन्ते मरणादयः । महामुद्रां च तेनैव वदन्ति विबुधोत्तमाः ॥ $_{({ m cd\ om.\ }\delta_1\delta_2)}$	3.14
चन्द्राङ्गे तु समभ्यस्य सूर्याङ्गे पुनरभ्यसेत्। यावत्तुल्या भवेत्संख्या ततो सुद्रां विसर्जयेत्॥ (cd om. ह3)	3.15

11a kanthe cett.] kantha $\beta_{\omega} \Delta \varepsilon_2$ **bandham** $\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_1 \epsilon_3 \eta_2 \chi$] bandha $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_1 \eta_1$ bandhah ϵ_2 bandhe δ_2 budha α_1 madhye δ_3 11b dhārayed cett.] dhānayed δ_1 11c yathā cett.] pathi η_1 daṇḍāhataḥ $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega \epsilon_1\epsilon_3\eta_2$] daṇḍahatah $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2\eta_1\chi$ 11d daṇḍākāraḥ cett.] daṇḍakārah ϵ_2 **prajāyate** cett.] prayujyate η_1 om. δ_3 (lost up to 3.19c saṃsthāpya; one folio missing) hūtā $\beta_1 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] rjvībhūtvā β_2 rujvībhūtvā $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega}$ rajvībhūtā ϵ_2 vajrībhūtā ϵ_1 r_bhūtrā tathā cett.] yathā ϵ_2 śaktiḥ cett.] śakti $\beta_\omega \delta_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_1$ 12c tadāsau $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_1$] tathāsau $\delta_1\delta_2$ tadā sā $\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$ marana cett.] marana ε₁ maranī η₁ ramanā β_ω manā η₂ vasthā cett.] vasthām $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2 \eta_1$ sthā ϵ_1 12d jāyate cett.] vāyate ϵ_1 harate $\Gamma \delta_1 \delta_2$ dviputā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\delta_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] dvipūtā γ_1 nrputā $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2$ triputā ϵ_3 vapurā γ_2 **śritā** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\eta_2$] śrayām γ_2 śrayā $\delta_1\delta_2\chi$ śrayī γ_1 ā[śr]i.. η_1 smṛtā ε_1 sanāṃ ε_3 hi sā β_2 13a śanaiḥ śanair eva cett.] śanaiḥ śanair yeca γ_1 13b recayen cett.] recayan ϵ_2 na tu cett.] na ca β_{ω} naiva χ 13c iyam 13d siddhaiḥ cett.] siddhih $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$ pradarśitā $\alpha_2 \chi$] pradarśanā α_1 praśasyate cett. prajāyate ε_2 **14a mahā** cett.] mahān η₂ **kleśādayo** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] kleśā yato γ_2 kleśa yato γ_1 kleśāyatā β_1 kleśā yathā ϵ_2 kleśa yathā ϵ_3 kleśā mahā $\delta_1\delta_2$ doṣā cett.] doṣāḥ **14b** hīyante α_1] hrīyamte α_2 kṣīyante $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ jīryante $\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\delta_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$ jāyante ϵ_2 **14c mudrā** \mathbf{m} $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] mudrā $[\hat{s}]$ η_1 mudrā $\alpha_1\Gamma\epsilon_2$ om. $\delta_1\delta_2$ (Pādas c-d omitted) tenaiva cett.] tenai γ_1 tenetām ε_3 om. $\delta_1\delta_2$ 14d vibudho cett.] vividho γ_2 om. $\delta_1 \delta_2$ **15a candrānge** cett.] cāndrānge η_1 candrāmgam ε_2 candrāmśam $\delta_1 \delta_2$ **15b** sūryānge cett.] sūryānge° η_1 sūryāngam ε_2 sūryāmsam $\delta_1\delta_2$ punar abhyaset $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\eta_2\chi$] tu samabhyaset $\delta_1\delta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ °su samabhyaset η_1 **15c tulyā** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\eta_1\chi$] saṃkhyā **bhavet** cett.] bhavat $\gamma_2 \eta_1$ om. ε_3 η_2 tayor $\delta_1 \delta_2$ om. ϵ_3 samkhyā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\eta_1\chi$] samksā ϵ_2 tulyā η_2 sāmyam $\delta_1\delta_2$ om. ϵ_3 15d visarjayet cett.] visaryayet δ_1 vivarjayet β_ω om. ϵ_3

 $^{^3}$ $\delta_1\delta_2$ have a different order for the following 4 verses: $16 \to 15 \to 13 \to 14$. ϵ_1 is lost after ततः शनै: शनै.

न हि पथ्यमपथ्य वा रसाः सवऽाप नारसाः । अपि भुक्तं विषं घोरं पीयूषमिव जीर्यते ॥	3.16
क्षयकुष्ठगुदावर्तगुल्माजीर्णपुरोगमाः । तस्य दोषाः क्षयं यान्ति महामुद्रां तु योऽभ्यसेत् ॥	3.17
कथितेयं महामुद्रा महासिद्धिकरी नृणाम् [#] । गोपनीया प्रयत्नेन न देया यस्य कस्यचित् ॥	3.18
अथ महाबन्धः ।	
पार्ष्णिं वामस्य पादस्य योनिस्थाने नियोजयेत्। वामोरूपरि संस्थाप्य दक्षिणं चरणं तथा॥	3.19
पूरियत्वा मुखे वायुं हृद्ये चिबुकं दृढम् । निभृत्य योनिमाकुञ्च्य मनो मध्ये नियोजयेत् ॥	3.20

16a na hi pathyam apathyaṃ vā cett.] nāpathyaṃ na hi pathyaṃ ca η₂ na hi madhyaṃ vā (3 aksaras missing) ε_2 **16c api bhuktam** cett. ahimuktam $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$ ghoram cett.] khāram η₁ **16d pīyūṣam** cett.] piyuṣam β_{ω} iva cett.] api δ_2 jīryate cett.] jīryati Γχ jīrjyate δ_1 17a kuştha cett.] kuştham η_1 gudā cett.] mudā $\delta_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3$ 17b gulmājīrna cett.] gulmajīrņa β_2 gulmaplīha Γ **purogamāḥ** cett.] purogamā β_{ω} jvarās tathā $\delta_1\delta_2$ doṣāḥ cett.] doṣāḥ sarve $η_1η_2$ 17d tu yo'bhyaset cett.] yo bhyaset $δ_2$ ca yo bhyaset $β_2ε_3$ yomabhyaset β_ω 18a kathiteyam cett.] kathitoyam α₂β_ωε₂ 18b mahāsiddhikarī nṛṇām $(nṛṇ\bar{a}\,\varepsilon_3\eta_1)\;\alpha_3\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi]\;jar\bar{a}mṛtyuvin\bar{a}\acute{s}in\bar{\imath}\;\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\delta_2\;nṛṇ\bar{a}m\check{m}rtyuvin\bar{a}\acute{s}in\bar{\imath}\;\alpha_2\qquad \textbf{18c gopanīyā}$ cett.] gopanīyam $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_2$ gopanīyām η_2 18d deyā cett.] deyam β_{ω} 19 atha cett. om. **19a pārṣṇiṃ** $\alpha_1\delta_1\delta_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] pārṣṇi $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ yāṣi γ_1 vāmasya cett.] bhāgena η₂ **19b** niyojayet cett.] yojayet ε_2 19d dakşinam cett.] dakşanam β_{ω} tathā cett.] tatah δ_3 **20a mukhe** $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$] tato $\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ tathā $\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ **vāyuṃ** cett.] vāyu $\beta_\omega\Gamma$ **20b cibukaṃ** cett.] **dṛḍham** cett.] tathā β_2 **20c** nibhṛtya $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}$] nibhṛtaṃ β_2 nivṛtya sasvanam ε_3 svasanam ε_2 $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$ niṣpīḍya $\Gamma \delta_1 \delta_3 \eta_1 \chi$ nipīḍya δ_2 nikṣipya η_2

⁴ In ε₂ε₃ this and the following two hemistiches are found after 3.22ab. Probably they were omitted by eye-skip due to नियोजयेत् and inserted at a wrong place.

धारयित्वा यथाशक्ति रेचयेदनिलं शनैः ॥	
सव्याङ्गे च समभ्यस्य दक्षिणाङ्गे समभ्यसेत् ॥ (cd om. △) ⁵	3.21
मतमत्र तु केषांचित् कण्ठबन्धं विसर्जयेत्।	
राजदन्तबिलं तत्र* जिह्वयोत्तम्भयेदिति ॥ (om. α1α2Δ)	3.22
अयं खलु महाबन्धो महासिद्धिपदायकः।	
कालपाशमहाबन्धविमोचनविचक्षणः II^{7} $_{(\mathrm{cd\ om.}\ lpha_{1})}$	3.23
अयं च सर्वनाडीनामूर्ध्वंगतिविबोधकः ।	
त्रिवेणीसङ्गमं धत्ते केदारं प्रापयेन्मनः# ॥	3 24

21a dhārayitvā yathāśakti $\beta_2\Gamma\eta_1\chi$] dhārayitvā yathāśaktyā $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_3\eta_2$ cālayitvā yathāśaktyā ϵ_2 21b recayed anilam sanaih $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ recayec ca sanair eva (tu for ca δ_2) $\alpha_1\alpha_2\Delta$ mahābandho'yam ucyate $\alpha_1\alpha_2\Delta$ **21c ca samabhyasya** $\alpha_1\alpha_2\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] tu samabhyasya χ pūrvam abhyasya $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega$ om. γ_1 **21d dakṣiṇāṅge sam**° $\beta_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$] dakṣāṅge ca sam° $\alpha_1\alpha_2\epsilon_2$ sam° γ_1 dakṣānge punar $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\chi$ dakṣiṇānge punar β_{1} dakṣiṇe punar η_{2} 22a matam atra cett.] matam etat η_{1} matāntare β_{ω} matārettamamtra η_{2} tu cett.] ca Γ 22b kantha cett.] kanthe η_{2} **bandham** cett.] bandha β_{ω} yam γ_1 visarjayet $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$] vivarjayet $\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ tu varjayet $\beta_2\Gamma$ 22c rājadantabilam tatra β2] rājadantabilam jatra βω rājadantabalam hamti ε2ε3 rājadantadvayam tatra Γ rājadantasthajihvāyā(m) $\eta_1 \chi$ rājadantasya jihvāyām η_2 **22d** jihvayottambhayed $\beta_2 \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$] jihvayottambhaved $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma$ bandhaś ca stambhayed η_1 bandhaḥ śasto bhaved $\eta_2\chi$ iti $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\chi$] dhitah η_2 dhi tat η_1 23a ayam cett.] asam α_2 amum α_1 **khalu** cett.] şalu β_{ω} kila $\eta_1\eta_2$ **bandho** cett.] bandhah η_2 bandham α_1 23b mahā cett.] sahā γ₁ sarva **pradāyakaḥ** cett.] pradāyakaṃ α₁ **23c** pāśa cett.] pāśam γ_1 bandha cett.] bandho $\alpha_2 \gamma_1$ baddho ϵ_2 **23d vimocana** cett.] mocayec ca β_{ω} vicaksanah cett.] vicaksanam **24a ca** cett.] tu $\gamma_2 \delta_2 \delta_3 \chi$ **24b ūrdhvaṃ** cett.] ūrdhva $\alpha_1 \eta_1 \gamma_1 \chi$ gativibodhakah $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega$ $\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] gatinibodhakaḥ ϵ_2 gatinirodhakaḥ χ gamanabodhakaḥ $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$ 24d prāpaven **manah** cett. prāpaye narah η_1 prāpaye naram ε_2

⁵ $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ have this hemistich after 3.23.

⁶ In $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$ the 2nd hemistich is found betweem 3.28 and 3.29.

 $^{^{7}}$ χ has a different verse order: 3.24ab → 3.23abcd → 3.24cd.

अथमहावेधः । $(\beta_2 \Gamma \delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_2)$

रूपलावण्यसंपन्ना यथा स्त्री पुरुषं विना। महामुद्रामहाबन्धौ निष्फलौ वेधवर्जितौ॥ (cd om. ɛ3)

अथ महावेधः । $(\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_{3} \eta_{2} \chi)$

महाबन्धस्थितो योगी कृत्वा पूरकमेकधीः। वायूनां गतिमावृत्य निभृतं कण्ठमुद्रया॥ 3.26

समहस्तयुगो भूमौ स्फिजौ संताडयेच्छनैः। पुटद्भयं समाऋम्य वायुः स्फुरति सत्वरं। बन्धेनानेन योगीन्दः साधयेत्सर्वमीप्सितम्॥ (१)

न्थेनानेन योगीन्द्रः साधयेत्सर्वमीप्सितम् II (_Г) 3.27

सोमसूर्याग्निसंबन्धो जायते चामृताय वै । मृतावस्था समुत्पन्ना ततो मृत्युभयं कुतः ॥

3.28

25 atha $\beta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_2$] om. $\Gamma\delta_2$ **25a sampannā** cett.] sampannam η_2 sampattī γ_1 samyuktā δ_1 **25b strī puruṣaṃ** cett.] nārī patiṃ δ_1 **25c bandhau** $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta \chi$] bandho $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_\omega \gamma_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_2$ bandha η_1 om. ε_3 25d nisphalau $\gamma_2\Delta\eta_2\chi$] nisphalo $\beta_2\gamma_1$ niskalah α_2 niskalā α_1 mahābamdham ε_2 mahāvedha(m) $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{1}$ om. ϵ_{3} vedhavarjitau $\beta_{2}\Gamma\Delta\chi$] vedhavarjitah $\alpha_{2}\beta_{1}$ vedhavarttina α_{1} vedhavarttitau η_2 vinā tathā $\varepsilon_2\eta_1$ vinānyathā β_ω om. ε_3 26 atha mahāvedhaḥ $\beta_\omega\varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] iti mahābandhaḥ η_1 atha mahābaṃdhaḥ (after 3.26ab) α_2 om. here but found before 3.25 $\beta_2 \Gamma \delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_2$ om. **26a mahābandha** $\alpha_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$ mahābandhah (followed by a double danda and corrected to °vedhaḥ) γ_2 mahābandho $\beta_1\gamma_1$ mahāvedhe $\beta_2\Delta$ mahāvedha $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ **sthito** cett.] sthite γ_1 **26b ekadhī** $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$] ekadhī α_1 ekadhā $\delta_1 \epsilon_2$ ekayā $\delta_2 \delta_3$ eva dhī $\beta_1 \epsilon_2$ ekayā $\delta_2 \delta_3$ eva dhī $\beta_2 \epsilon_3$ eva ca dhā α₂ **26c** vāyūnām $\gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_3 \chi$ vāyunām η_1 vāyunā $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_2$ gatim āvrtya cett.] gam āvṛtya α₁ gatim ākṛṣya α₂ε₃ 26d mudrayā cett.] mudrāyā η₂ om. γ₁ (jumped to pāda c after gatim) 27a samahasta cett. samahāsta α_1 samahastā η_2 samahaste γ_1 samau hasta yugo $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_1 \delta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] yugau $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ yuge $\alpha_1 \epsilon_2$ 27b sphijau $\alpha_1 \beta_1 \beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \Delta \eta_2$] sphicau $\gamma_1\chi$ sphidau η_1 sphītau β_2 dvijāt ϵ_2 dvijā ϵ_3 saṃtāḍayec cett.] saṃ[c]ālayec η_1 nutāḍayec **27c puṭadvayaṃ** cett.] jaṃghāyuṭadvayam γ₁ samākramya cett.] samākrsya $\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \delta_3$ ākṛṣya γ_1 atikramya χ 27d vāyuḥ $\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] vāyu $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ satvaraṃ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\epsilon_2\eta_2$] tatvaram β_{ω} tatparam η_1 tatparah β_2 madhyagah $\Gamma \delta_1 \epsilon_3 \chi$ madhyamah $\delta_2 \delta_3$ 27e yogʻindrah γ_2] yogīndra γ_1 **28a saṃbandho** $\varepsilon_2\chi$] sambandhā $\beta_\omega \eta_1$ sambandhāj $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\Gamma\eta_2$ saṃdhānaṃ **28b cāmṛtāya vai** $\alpha_1\beta_1\chi$] cāmṛtāyate $\beta_2\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ vāmṛtāyate Δ cāmṛtāye vaih η_1 ca mṛtāya vai $β_ω$ ca mṛturjayaḥ $η_2$ **28c mṛtāvasthā** cett.] mṛtāmasthā $γ_1$ **samutpannā** cett.] *om.* **28d mṛtyubhayaṃ kutaḥ** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_2$] vāyuṃ virecayet $\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ vāyuṃ nirundhayet kumbhakena γ1

गरानेशोऽगामगामानामानिरगरागरः ।

न खेचरीसमा मुद्रा न नाद्सहशो लयः ॥ (Ω) [= 1.43]

नहापपाऽयनम्यासाग्नहासाञ्चत्रप्रायकाः। वलीपलितवेप*घ्नः सेव्यते साधकोत्तमैः॥	3.29
एतत्त्रयं महागुह्यं जरामृत्युविनाशनम् । वह्निवृद्धिकरं चैव अणिमादिगुणप्रदम् ॥	3.30
अष्टधा क्रियते चैतद्यामे यामे दिने दिने । पुण्यसंभारसम्भावि पापौघभिदुरं सदा ॥	3.31
सम्यक्शिक्षावतामेव स्वल्पं प्रथमसाधने । वह्निस्त्रीपथसेवानामादौ वर्जनमादिशेत् ॥ (cd om. ४)	3.32
अथ खेचरी।	
नासनं सिद्धसदृशं न कुम्भं केवलोपमम्।	

3.32*1

29a mahāvedho cett.] mahābamdho ε_3 **abhyāsān** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_2\delta_3\eta_2\chi$] abhyāsāt γ_1 anabhyāsān δ_1 abhyāso η_1 abhyasto $\epsilon_2 \epsilon_3$ **29b mahā** cett.] sarva γ_1 **29c valī** cett.] valīta *unm.* palita cett.] palīta γ_2 vepa χ] vedha $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$ vega Δ bandha **ghnaḥ** cett.] ghnaṃ $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}$ ghna γ_1 **29d sādhakottamaiḥ** cett.] sādhakottamaṃ β_{ω} 30a etat trayam mahā cett.] mahāmudrātrayam ε₃ mahāmudrātrayatram unm. η₁ guhyam $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] guptam Δ mudrā η_2 30b vināśanam cett.] vināśinī η_2 30c caiva $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma$] caivam $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_2$ caiva hy χ caitad Δ viśvam η_1 30d guņa cett.] gaņa ϵ_2 pradam cett.] pradī γ_1 31a caitad $\alpha_1\beta_2$] caiva $\Delta \epsilon_2 \chi$ caivam $\beta_1 \Gamma$ caikam $\beta_\omega \eta_1 \eta_2$ caika ϵ_3 31b yāme yāme cett.] yāmayāme ϵ_3 yāmaṃ yamāṃ η_1 31c puṇya cett.] puṇyaṃ ϵ_3 sarva η_2 saṃbhāra $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_2 \chi$] sahāra β_ω saṃcāra $\eta_1 \eta_2$ saṃsāra ϵ_3 saṃdhāna β_2 om. γ_1 sambhāvi $\beta_\omega \Gamma \epsilon_2$] sambhāvī $\alpha_1\alpha_2$ sabhāvī η_1 samdhāyī η_2 samdhāyī $\beta_2\varepsilon_3\chi$ sampādi Δ 31d pāpaugha cett.] pāprogha γ_2 padhau dhava γ_1 32a śikṣāvatām cett.] śikṣāvatā β_2 śiṣyāvatām $\alpha_2 \epsilon_2$ jijñāsatām η_2 eva $\alpha_2\beta_1\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_3$] evam $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ bhavyam β_2 32b sādhane $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_1\Delta\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$] sādhanaiḥ α_1 sādhanam $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\eta_2\chi$ **32c sevānām** cett.] sevācanām ε_2 sevanām η_2 sevanam η_1 sevenam γ_1 om. χ 32d ādiśet $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$] ādrśyet β_ω ācaret $\Gamma\Delta\eta_2$ om. χ 33 atha cett.] om. $\Gamma\delta_2$

32*1b kumbham em.] kumbha $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$ kumbhaka δ_{ω} **kevalopamam** em.] kevalokanam

 $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ sadršo nilah ε_{ω} samonilam δ_{ω}

^{8 \(\}Gamma\) adds here: महामुद्रा महाबन्धो महावेधश्च नित्यशः । एतन्त्रयं प्रयत्नेन चतुर्वारं करोति यः । षण्मासाभ्यन्तरे मृत्युं जयत्येव न संशयः ॥ (= Sivasamhitā xx)

⁹ y has this line just before 1.61.

छेदनचालनदोहैः कलां ऋमेण प्रवर्धयेत्तावत्। सा यावद्भूमध्यं स्पृशति तदा खेचरीसिद्धिः॥¹º	3.33
स्नुहीपचनिभं रास्रं सुतीक्ष्णं स्निग्धनिर्मलम् । समादाय ततस्तेन रोममात्रं समुच्छिदेत् ॥ (ε₃Ωχ)	3.33*1
कृत्वा सैन्धवपथ्यादिचूर्णिताभ्यां प्रघर्षयेत्। पुनः सप्तदिने प्राप्ते रोममात्रं समुच्छिदेत्॥ (ε₃Ωχ)	3.33*2
एवं ऋमेण षण्मासं नित्ययुक्तं समाचरेत्। षण्मासाद्रसनामूलशराबन्धं विनश्यति ॥ (ε₃Ωχ)	3.33*3
अथ वागीश्वरीधाम शिरो वस्त्रेण वेष्टयेत्। शनैरुत्कर्षयेद्योगी कालवेलाविधानवित्॥ (Ω)	3.33*4

33a chedana $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_1\delta_3\delta_\omega\epsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] chedanam $\eta_2\epsilon_\omega\eta_\omega$ chedanai β_2 khedana δ_2 vedana ϵ_2 rasanā **cālanadohaiḥ** $\gamma_2 \Delta \delta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$] cālajadohaiḥ γ_1 cālanaṃ dohaṃ ϵ_{ω} cālanaṃ γ_2 damaged α_1 dohaiḥ α_2 cālanaṃ dohau $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\eta_{\omega}$ cālanair dāsyai β_2 damaged α_1 **kalāṃ** $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \varepsilon_2 \eta_1 \chi$] kalaṃ γ_1 kalāḥ $\alpha_1 \epsilon_{\omega}$ kalā $\alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$ kāla η_2 jihvāṃ $\Delta \delta_{\omega}$ krameṇa ϵ_3 **krameṇa** $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \eta_1 \eta_2 \eta_{\omega} \epsilon_{\omega}$] kramaņa α_2 krameņātha χ jihvām ε_3 tu Γ vai Δ om. δ_{ω} pravardhayet $\alpha_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$] samvardhayet $\Gamma \delta_{\omega}$ vardhayet $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \Delta \epsilon_2 \epsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega} \chi$ tāvat $\alpha_2 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta \delta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \chi$] tāt η_2 om. $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega} \gamma_1 \eta_1 \epsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$ 33b sā yāvad $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] yāvad iyaṃ $\Gamma\Delta\delta_{\omega}$ yāvad $\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ sā ε_2 bhrūmadhyaṃ cett.] bhrūmadhya $\delta_1 \eta_1$ spršati ε_{ω} sprśati cett.] sparśati γ_1 visati α_2 viśa α_1 bhrūmadhyam ε_{ω} tadā khecarīsiddhihbar $\Gamma \delta_3 \delta_\omega \epsilon_3 \eta_2 \chi$] tadānīm khecarīsiddhihbar (tadānī $\alpha_2 \beta_2$) $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \eta_\omega$ tadānīm hi khecarīsiddhiḥ ε_2 tadānī siddhiḥ η_1 tadā sidhyati khecarī ε_{ω} tadā khecarī bhavati δ_1 33*1a snuhī $\delta_{\omega}\chi$] snuhi $\epsilon_{3}\epsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ śnuhi β_{ω} 33*1d samucchidet $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{\omega}$] samucchinet $\epsilon_{3}\eta_{\omega}\chi$ samucchimdyāt 33*2a krtvā $\varepsilon_3\Omega$] tatah χ saindhavapathyādi $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega} \delta_{\omega}$ saindhavapathyābhyām χ 33*2c punaḥ $ε_3 β_ω η_ω δ_ω χ$] tataḥ $ε_ω$ 33*2d samucchidet $β_ω ε_ω η_ω$] saindhavapakṣyādi ε₃ samucchinet χ punah chidet ε_3 samutthiyāt δ_ω 33*3a şanmāsam $\beta_\omega \varepsilon_\omega \delta_\omega \chi$] şanmāse η_ω 33*3b nitya $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}\epsilon_{3}\epsilon_{\omega}$] nityam χ netya η_{ω} yuktam $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{3}\epsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] yuk-**33*3c** şaņmāsād $\Omega\chi$] şaņmāse ϵ_3 tah χ muktam δ_{ω} $m\bar{u}$ la $β_ωε_ωη_ωδ_ωχ$] $m\bar{u}$ lam $ε_3$ **33*3d śarābandhaṃ** β_{ω}] śarabaṃdhaṃ δ_{ω} śarābadho η_{ω} śirābandhaḥ $\epsilon_3\chi$ sirābandho ϵ_{ω} vinaśyati Ω] praṇaśyati $\varepsilon_3 \chi$ 33*4d vidhānavit $\beta_\omega \delta_\omega$] vidhānataḥ $\varepsilon_\omega \eta_\omega$

 $^{^{10}}$ The metre is Āryā.

 $[\]Gamma\Delta$ (Upagīti): छेदनशलनदोहै: कलां तु संवर्धयेत्तावत् । यावदियं भ्रूमध्यं स्पृशित तदा खेचरीसिद्धिः ॥ $\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ (Giti?): छेदनचालनदोहै: कलां ऋमेण (प्र)वर्धयेत्तावत् । सा यावद्भूमध्यं स्पृशित तदानीं हि खेचरीसिद्धिः ॥ β_ω (Anuṣṭubh): छेदनं चालनं दोहौ कलाऋमेण वर्धयेत् । यावद्भूमध्यं स्पृशित तदानीं खेचरीसिद्धिः ॥

वितस्तिप्रमितं दैर्घ्यं विस्तारं चतुरङ्गुलम् । मृदुलं धवलं प्रोक्तं वेष्टिताम्बरलक्षणम् ॥ (Ω) [= 3.111]	3.33*5
पुनः षण्मासमात्रेण पुनः संकर्षणात्भिये। भ्रूमध्याविध वर्धेत तिर्यक्कर्णबिलाविध॥ (Ω)	3.33*6
अधस्ताचिबुकं मूलं प्रयाति ऋमकारिता । क्रोशादूर्ध्वं च ऋमति तिर्यक्संख्याविध प्रिये ॥ (Ω)	3.33*7
पुनः संवत्सराद्देवि द्वितीया चैव लीलया। ब्रह्मरन्ध्रान्तमावृत्य तिष्ठेत्परमवन्दिते॥ (Ω)	3.33*8
स्वतालुमूलं संघृष्य सप्तवासरमात्मिन । स्वगुरूक्तप्रकारेण मलं सर्वं विशोषयेत् ॥ (Ω)	3.33*9
अङ्गुल्यग्रेण संघृष्य जिह्नां तत्र निवेशयेत्। शनैः शनैर्मस्तकाच महावज्रकपाटभित्॥ (Ω)	3.33*10
पूर्वबीजयुतां विद्यां व्याख्यातामतिदुर्लभाम् । अस्याः षडङ्गं कुर्वीत तया षद्मऋभिन्नया ॥ (Ω)	3.33*11
खे निरस्तसकलिकयाक्रमे या चितिश्वरति शाश्वतोदये। सा शिवत्वसमवायकारिणी खेचरी च भवखेदहारिणी॥ (Ω)	3.33*12
ऋमेणैव प्रकर्तव्याभ्यासेन वरवर्णिनि । युगपद्यतते तस्य शरीरं विलयं व्रजेत् ॥ (Ω)	3.33*13

33*5a pramitam $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega} \delta_{\omega}$] pratima η_{ω} dairghyam $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] dairghye $\varepsilon_{\omega}\delta \mathcal{E}$ dairghya **33*5b vistāraṃ** $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] vistāre ε_{ω} 33*5d veṣṭitāmbara $β_ωη_ωδ_ω$] veṣṭitādhāra $ε_ω$ **33*7b** kramakāritā $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] kramakāritah 33*7a cibukaṃ mūlaṃ εωηωδω] cibukamūla βω **33*7c ca** $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] om. ε_{ω} εω tramakārikā ηω **kramati** $β_ωη_ω$] krāmati $δ_ω$ kramatī $ε_ω$ 33*7d saṃkhyā $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] saṃsthā $\epsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ 33*8c randhrāntam $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] raṃdhraṃ tam η_{ω} 33*8d tiṣṭhet $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega} \delta_{\omega}$] viṣṭaitet η_{ω} paramavandite $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega} \delta_{\omega}$] paramavidite η_{ω} 33*11a bīja $[ε_ωη_ω]$ vīya $β_ω$ vīrya $δ_ω$ 33*11b vyākhyātām ati $[β_ωη_ωδ_ω]$ vikhyātām api $[ε_ω$ 33*11c ṣaḍaṅgaṃ $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] ṣaḍaṃhva η_{ω} 33*12a nirasta $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] cirasta η_{ω} lirasta ϵ_{ω} 33*12b yā citiś carati em. (cf. Yoginīhṛdaya)] yācitaś carati η_{ω} yā cittaś carati β_{ω} °ṇa cittaś carati δ_{ω} cittam ācarati ε_{ω} 33*12c samavāya $\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] samavāyi δ_{ω} kāriņī $\varepsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] kariņī β_{ω} bhava $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] {{ca}} bhavati δ_{ω} bhavati ε_{ω} 33*13a prakartavyā $\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] pravartavyā δ_{ω} 33*13b varnini $β_ω ε_ω η_ω$] varnin $\bar{δ}_ω$ 33*13c yatate $β_ω η_ω \delta \mathcal{B}$] yatete $\delta \mathcal{B}$ utpadyate $\bar{ε}_ω$ sya $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] samyak ε_{ω}

तस्माच्छनैः शनैः कार्योऽभ्यासो न युगपत्मिये। एवं वर्षत्रयं कृत्वा ब्रह्मद्वारं विशेद्भुवम् ॥ (Ω)	3.33*14
सद्वक्राणि विभिद्य शक्तिभुजर्गीं प्रोत्थाप्य मूलस्थितां भित्त्वा ग्रन्थित्रयं च पश्चिमशिराप्राकाररूपं महत्। नीत्वा प्राणमतः शिरोबिलमलं निर्मथ्य चित्तेन तत् लिङ्गं यः पिबतीन्दुमण्डलगलन्मुक्तः स साक्षाच्छिवः॥ (Ω)	3.33*15
नित्यं यस्तूर्ध्वजिह्वो यदि पिबति पुमान्सप्तधारामृतौघं सुस्वादं शीतलाङ्गं दुरितभयहरं क्षुत्पिपासानिवारि । पिण्डस्थैयं हि तस्माद्भवति मृतपथा मृत्युरोगाद्भवन्ति दौर्भाग्यं याति नाशं प्रसरति सकलं याति कालं भ्रमित्वा ॥ (Ω)	3.33*16
तीक्ष्णकं हरते व्याधिं कटुकं कुष्टनाशनम् । घृतस्वादूपमं चैव अमरत्वं लभेद्भुवम् ॥ (Ω)	3.33*17
मधुस्वादूपमं चैव शास्त्रमुद्गिरते बहु। लड्डुषण्डकपाद्यानि पक्वान्नानि अनेकशः॥ (Ω)	3.33*18
दिव्यकल्पं रमेन्नित्यं उत्कृष्टो जायते ध्रुवम् । तन्मयत्वमवामोति कोशकारीव कीटकः ॥ (Ω)	3.33*19

33*14b 'bhyāso na $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] bhyāsena $\epsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ priye $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] kriye ϵ_{ω} 33*14c evaṃ $\epsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] eva β_{ω} 33*14d viśed $\epsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] vaśed η_{ω} biśe β_{ω} 33*15a vibhidya $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] vibhedya **bhujagīm** $\varepsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] bhujamgī β_{ω} bhujamgīm η_{ω} **protthāpya** $\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] protthāya δ_{ω} 33*15b śirā $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] śirāṃ ϵ_{ω} rūpaṃ $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] rūpāṃ ϵ_{ω} 33*15c tat $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_{\omega}$] tal $\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$ 33*15d pibatī $\varepsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] pibate $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ muktaḥ sa sākṣācchivaḥ $\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_{\omega}$] muktaś ca sākṣācchivaḥ δ_{ω} muktaḥ kṣamāddhivaḥ η_{ω} 33*16a yas tūrdhva $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$] yasphūrja δ_{ω} jihvo yadi ϵ_{ω}] jihvogradi β_{ω} jihvāgrayā δ_{ω} jihvā yadi η_{ω} taugham $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega}$] tauṣam η_{ω} tauccam δ_{ω} \mathbf{dam} $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$] su[kha] \mathbf{dam} δ_{ω} 33*16c mṛtapathā $\varepsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$] mṛtayathā β_{ω} mṛtaṃ yathā δ_{ω} rogād $β_ω δ_ω$] rogod $ε_ω$ śeṣād $η_ω$ **bhavanti** $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] bhavati δ_{ω} bhavamtu ϵ_{ω} rbhāgyaṃ $\varepsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] daurbhyāgyaṃ $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$ kālaṃ $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}$] kālo $\varepsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$ 33*17a tīkṣṇakaṃ $\varepsilon_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] tīkṣṇake β_{ω} tīkṣṇako η_{ω} harate $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] harati ϵ_{ω} 33*17b kaṭukaṃ kuṣṭhanāśanam $[β_ωδ_ω]$ kaṭutvaṃ kuṣṭhanāśanam $[ε_ω]$ kaṭukuṭivināśanaṃ $[η_ω]$ 33*17c ghṛta $[β_ωε_ωδ_ω]$ dhṛtvā $[η_ω]$ 33*17d labhed $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_{\omega}$] labhate $\eta_{\omega} \delta_{\omega}$ 33*18b udgirate $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega}$] udgirati δ_{ω} bahu $\epsilon_{\omega} \eta_{\omega} \delta_{\omega}$] **33*18c laddu** ε_{ω}] ladu $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$ sandakapādyāni βωηω] khamdakapādyāni δω piṇḍakakhādyāni ε_{ω} 33*18d pakvānnāni $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{\omega}\delta_{\omega}$] pakvānyanmāny ε_{ω} 33*19a kalpam $β_ωη_ωδ_ω$] kalpai $ε_ω$ ramen cett.] racen $ε_ω$ krīḍen $δ_ω$ 33*19d kośakārīva $δ_ω$] kauśakārīva βω koṣakārī ca εω kauṣṭakārīva ηω

कपालकुहरे जिह्ना प्रविष्टा विपरीतगा।	
भ्रुवोरन्तर्गता दृष्टिर्भुद्रा भवति खेचरी ॥11	3.34
कलां पराङ्मुखीं कृत्वा त्रिपथे परिवर्तयेत्।	
सा भवेत्खेचरी मुद्रा व्योमचऋं तदुच्यते।	
रसनामूर्ध्वगां कृत्वा ¹² क्षणार्थं यदि तिष्ठति ।	
क्षणेन मुच्यते योगी व्याधिमृत्युजरादिभिः ॥ (от. а1)	3.35
- }	
न रोगो मरणं तस्य न निद्रा न क्षुधा तृषा।	
न च मूर्छा भवेत्तस्य यो मुद्रां वेत्ति खेचरीम् ॥३	3.36
पीड्यते न स रोगेण लिप्यते न च कर्मणा।	
बाध्यते न च कालेन यो मुद्रां वेत्ति खेचरीम् ॥ $(\alpha_1\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi)$	3.36*
चित्तं चरति खे यस्माजिह्ना चरति खे गता।	
तेनैषा खेचरी नाम मुद्रा सिद्धैर्नमस्क्रता ॥ _{(om. Y1}) [= 4.25*4]	
तिमथा रवचरा गांग ग्रहा ।सङ्गगंरक्रता ॥ (om. ү₁) [= 4.25*4]	3.37

34b pravistā viparītagā cett.] pra + + + + + + α_1 34c antargatā cett.] amtagatā α_1 madhye **drstir** cett. drsti $\alpha_1 \gamma_1 \varepsilon_3$ **34d khecarī** cett. carī η_1 35a kalām cett.] kalā γ_1 kālam η_2 parāmukhīm $\beta_1\delta_1\delta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$ parāmukhī $\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_3\eta_2$ avāmukhī β_2 $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Delta\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] kṛtya η_2 nītvā Γ 35b tripathe $\beta_\omega\Delta\epsilon_3\chi$] tripathaṃ ϵ_2 tripatha β_2 vartayet ε_3] parivarjayet $\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\varepsilon_2$ parivardhayet $\delta_2\delta_3$ pariyojayet χ 35c sā $\beta_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] sa $β_ω$ bhavet khecar $\bar{\imath}$ $β_2β_ωδ_2δ_3ε_2ε_3χ$] bhat secar $\bar{\imath}$ $δ_1$ 35f yadi cett.] api $η_2χ$ 35g kṣanena $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_{2}\varepsilon_{2}\varepsilon_{3}\eta_{1}\eta_{2}$] kṣaṇe [ca] γ_{1} viṣayair Δ viṣair vi° $\beta_{1}\chi$ duḥkhair vi° β_{2} yogī cett.] om. γ2 **35h vyādhi** cett.] vyādhijanma γ_2 **36a rogo** cett.] roga η_1 rogān η_2 tasya cett.] tandrā x **36b kṣudhā tṛṣā** cett.] kṣudhā nandaṭ δ_3 tṛṣā kṣudhā (tṛkhā δ_1) $\beta_2\delta_1$ **36c ca** cett.] bhra β_{ω} om. δ_3 **bhavet** cett.] bhave η_2 tu bhavet δ_3 tasya cett.] ta + α_1 36d yo mudrām vetti cett.] damaged α_1 khecarīm $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] khecarī $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_1 \delta_3$ 36*1a pīdyate $\alpha_1\beta_1\chi$ bādhyate $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ chādyate η_1 sa $\beta_{\omega}\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] ca $\alpha_1\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2$ 36*1b lipyate na ca $\alpha_3\chi$] lipyate na sa $\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2$ na ca lipyati $\alpha_2\beta_1$ na ca lipyata α_1 36*1c bādhyate $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] khādyate ca $\alpha_1\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_1$] sa $\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ 36*1d yo mudrām vetti $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_2\chi$] yasya mudrāsti η_1 **khecarīm** $\alpha_1 \eta_2 \chi$] khecarī $\beta_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \eta_1$ 37a cittam cett.] citte δ_1 ci + α_1 carati khe cett.] yasmāj cett.] yasyā β_{ω} + āj α_1 37c tenaisā $\alpha_1\beta_1\epsilon_3\chi$] tenaiva $\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2$ damaged α_1 tenevam $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \Delta$ **nāma** $\alpha_1\beta_1\varepsilon_3\chi$] mudrā cett. **37d mudrā** $\alpha_1\beta_1\varepsilon_3\chi$] sarva $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2$

 $^{^{11}\,}$ $\,$ $\!$ $\!$ $\!$ $\!$ $\!$ $\!$ $\!$ has this verse at the very beginning of the Khecarī-section.

The Pādas in grey scale are not found in $\Gamma \eta_1 \eta_2$, but in $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \Delta \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \chi$. α_1 omits the whole verse. $\alpha_2 \alpha_3$ have this verse without the grey-scaled part.

 $^{^{13}}$ In γ_2 this verse is found after 3.37.

स्वेचर्या मुद्रितं येन विवरं लम्बिकोर्ध्वतः। तस्य न क्षरते बिन्दुः कामिन्याश्लेषितस्य च ॥ 3.38 चिलतोऽपि यदा बिन्दुः संप्राप्तोयोनिमण्डलम् । व्रजत्यूर्ध्वं हतः शक्त्या $^{\#}$ निबद्धो योनिमुद्रया ॥ 14 3.39 ($\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}$ have 3.42 indhanāni here.) कपालकुहरे जिह्ना कलासंधानमुद्रया । ($\alpha_{1}\beta_{2}\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\epsilon_{2}\epsilon_{3}$) 3.39 * 1 ऊर्ध्वजिह्नः स्थितो भूत्वा सोमपानं करोति यः। मासार्थेन न संदेहो मृत्युं जयित योगवित् ॥ 3.40 नित्यं सोमकलापूर्णं शरीरं यस्य योगिनः। तक्षकेणापि दष्टस्य विषं तस्य न सर्पति ॥ 15 (om. $\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}$) 3.41

38a khecaryā cett.] khecaryām βω **38b vivaram** cett.] viviram δ_2 vicaran/ram $\beta_2 \eta_1$ bikordhvatah cett.] lampikordhvatah $\delta_2\delta_3$ damaged α_1 38c tasya na $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] +[s]ya na α_1 na tasya $\gamma_2 \Delta \chi$ 38d ślesitasya cett.] lingitasya $\Gamma \delta_2$ lingitena β_2 39a calito cett.] calitā γ_1 calate δ_1 calato α_1 39b samprāpto $\alpha_1\beta_2\delta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] samprāptaś $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\delta_1\eta_2$ imandalam α2ε3η1χ] yogimamdalam α1 yonimamgalam ε2 vahnimandalam β2 cāgnimandalam $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_2$ ca hutāśanam $\Gamma \delta_1$ pi hutāśanam $\delta_2 \delta_3$ 39c vrajaty cett.] vrjamty α_1 jajaty γ_1 vrajan δ_3 **ūrdhvam** cett.] pūrvam δ_3 ū + α_1 hatah śaktyā em. (cf. VM)] hrtah śaktyā χ hatāchantkā γ_1 haṭhāc chaktyā $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ haṭhāt saktyā α_2 hi tacchaktyā $\delta_2\delta_3$ hi tadbhuktyā δ_1 damaged α_1 **39d nibaddho** $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] nibadhno η_1 niruddho $\Gamma\delta_2\delta_3$ nirodho $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ viruddhe δ_1 damaged α_1 yoni $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] yoga $\beta_1\beta_\omega\eta_2$ 39*1b kalā $\beta_\omega\varepsilon_3$] kāla $\Gamma\varepsilon_2$ kālā α_1 kṛtvā β_2 saṃdhāna $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_3$] saṃdhāra ϵ_2 samhāra Γ mudrayā $\alpha_1\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$] varjitā β_ω 40a ūrdhva cett.] \bar{u} rdhvam ε₂ **jihvaḥ** $\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3\chi$] jihva γ_1 jihvā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ **sthito** $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \eta_2$] sthire $\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$ sito ε_2 40b karoti yah cett. karoti sah β_2 karo + + α_1 40c māsārdhena na cett.] māsārdhena tu β₂ damaged α₁ 41a pūrņam cett.] pūrņa γ₁ε₂ pūrņe η₂ ginaḥ $β_2ΓΔε_2χ$] yoginaṃ $β_ω$ dehinaḥ $ε_3η_1η_2$ 41c daṣṭasya $β_2γ_2δ_1ε_3η_2χ$] dṛṣṭasya $β_ωγ_1η_1$ damstrasya ε_2 dagdhasya $\delta_2\delta_3$ 41d sarpati cett.] sparšati β_ω pīdyate γ_1

 $^{^{14}}$ β_2 has this verse between 3.41ab and cd.

 $^{^{15}}$ β_{ω} adds here: तस्मादिदं प्रकुर्वीत नित्ययुक्तः समाहितः.

इन्धनानि यथा वहिस्तैलवितें च दीपकः। तथा सोमकलापूर्णं देही देहं न मुच्चति॥ ¹⁶	3.42
गोमांसं भक्षयेन्नित्यं पिबेदमरवारुणीम् । कुलीनं तमहं मन्ये इतरे कुलघातकाः ॥	3.43
गोशब्देनोदिता जिह्वा तत्प्रवेशो हि तालुनि । गोमांसभक्षणं तत्तु महापातकनाशनम् ॥	3.44
जिह्वाप्रवेशसंभूतविह्ननोत्पादितः खल्छ । चन्द्रात्स्रवित यः सारः सा स्यादमरवारुणी ॥ (om. ŋ,ɛ३) ¹⁷	3.45

42a indhanāni cett.] yindhanāni β_{ω} yathā cett.] om. δ_{2} **42b** tailavartim $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{1}\delta_{2}\varepsilon_{3}\chi$] tailavarti $\alpha_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2$ tailavartī $\beta_2\Gamma\eta_2$ tailāvṛtti η_1 ca cett.] va η_1 dīpakah cett.] dīpikah 42c soma cett.] sarva $ε_2$ pūrņam cett.] pūrņa $η_2$ pūrņo $γ_2ε_2$ 42d dehī deham cett.] dehaṃ dehī $\beta_2 \epsilon_3$ damaged α_1 na muñcati $\Gamma \Delta \epsilon_2 \eta_1 \chi$] na mucyati η_2 na muṃcyati ϵ_3 na mucyate $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ + + + ti α_1 43a gomāṃsaṃ cett.] gomāṃsa $\gamma_2\delta_1\eta_2$ 43b amara cett.] amṛta δ₃ vāruṇīm cett.] vāruṇī βωε2ε3 43c tam cett.] tum γ₂ manye cett.] manya χ vidyāṃ β_{ω} viṃdyāṃ η_{2} 43d itare $\alpha_{1}\beta_{2}\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}\chi$] tv itare $\epsilon_{3}\eta_{1}$ cetare ϵ_{2} netarān $\Gamma\Delta$ kulaghātakāḥ cett.] kulaghātakān $\Gamma\Delta$ kuşvaghātakāh α_1 44a noditā jihvā cett.] nāditā jihvā γ_1 damaged α_1 **44b** tatpraveśo cett.] + [t]praveśo α_1 **hi** cett.] di γ_1 tāluni cett. tālunim η₂ 44c māmsa cett.] māmsam $\epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ māsam γ_1 **bhakṣaṇam** cett.] bhakṣaṇe α_1 **tat tu** $\alpha_1 \beta_1 \beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \Delta \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] _rttu γ_1 tac ca ε_3 caitat ε_2 hy etan β_2 45b vahninotpāditaḥ $\gamma_2 \delta_2 \varepsilon_2 \chi$] °ditaṃ δ_1 °ditā $\beta_2 \delta_3$ °di + α_1 vahninonnāpitā β_ω vahninottāpito η_2 vahnir utpāditaḥ γ_1 **khalu** $\alpha_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\chi$] daraṃ $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}$ surāḥ β_{2} damaged α_{1} 45c candrāt sravati $\beta_{2}\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\delta_{2}\epsilon_{2}\eta_{2}\chi$] candraḥ sravati δ_{3} candrā dravati $\delta_1 + + + + + [t]i \alpha_1$ yah sārah $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2 \eta_2 \chi$] yah sāra γ_1 yat sāram $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \epsilon_2$ yah sāram tasmād idam [m]akurvīta nityayuktaḥ samāhitaḥ (the same hemistich is inserted after 3.42) β_{ω} yaḥ samyak **45d sā** cett.] sa δ_2 amaravāruņī cett.] ammavāruņī η_2

 $^{^{16}}$ $\Gamma\Delta$ add here: रसनां वेशयेदुर्धं पिबेत्तत्स्रावितं जलम्

¹⁷ In η_1 the second half is added in the margin sec. m.: तस्मा[त्स]रित य[त्सा]रं सा स्यादमरवारुणी.

मूर्धः षोडशपत्तपद्मगिलतं प्राणादवाप्तं हठा-दूर्ध्वास्यो रसनां नियम्य विवरे शक्तिं परां चिन्तयेत्। उत्कल्लोलकलाजलं च विमलं धारामृतं यः पिबेत् निर्दोषः स मृणालकोमलतनुर्योगी चिरं जीवित ॥¹⁸

3.46

चुम्बन्ती यदि लम्बिकाग्रमनिशं जिह्वा रसस्यन्दिनी सक्षारा कटुकाथ दुग्धसदृशी मध्याज्यतुल्याथवा। व्याधीनां हरणं जरान्तकरणं शास्त्रागमोद्गीरणं तस्य स्यादमरत्वमष्टगुणवित्सद्धाङ्गनाकर्षणम्॥

3.47

एकं सृष्टिमयं बीजं एका मुद्रा च खेचरी। एको देवो निरालम्ब एकावस्था मनोन्मनी॥ [= 4.44*1]

3.48

46a mūrdhnaḥ $β_ω Δε_3 χ$] mūrdhneḥ $η_2$ mūrddhūḥ $γ_2$ mūrddhaṃ $α_2 ε_2$ mūrddhvaḥ $α_1$ mūrddhva η_1 bhūrddhaḥ γ_1 ūrdhvaṃ β_2 pattrapadma $\alpha_2 \delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_3 \chi$] padmapattra $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_2 \delta_1 \eta_1 \eta_2$ patrapatra ε_2 om. γ_1 haṭhād cett.] haṭhāṃ β_ω 46b ūrdhvāsyo cett.] ūrdhvosyo γ_1 ūrdhvosya δ_3 rasanām cett.] rasanā ε₂ ramanā γ₁ **niyamya** $\alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_3\chi$ niyasya $\gamma_1\varepsilon_2$ ca yāmya η_1 vidhāya $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ vivare cett.] vicare γ_1 vivaram Δ vidhivat β_2 śaktim cett.] śaktih γ_2 cintayet cett.] cintayat γ_1 cintayan $\delta_2\delta_3\chi$ 46c utkallola $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_3\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] uttakallola η_2 tatkallola $\gamma_2\delta_1$ tatkalola δ_2 taptalola γ_1 kalājalam $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$ jalāku- $[lam \ \beta_{\omega}\eta_{2} \ ca \ \alpha_{1}\beta_{2}\gamma_{2}\Delta\varepsilon_{2}\eta_{1}\chi]$ su $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}$ ya γ_{1} om. ε_{3} dhārāmṛtaṃ cett.] dhārāmayaṃ **46d nirdoṣaḥ sa** cett.] nirdoṣaṃ sa η_1 nirdoṣo 'sya ϵ_2 nirvyādhiḥ sa χ **komala** cett.] komale γ_1 tanur $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\eta_2$] tanu γ_1 vapur $\alpha_1\beta_1\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$ 47a cumbantī cett.] vipitīm **lambikāgram aniśam jihvā** cett.] lampikāgram aniśam jihvā $\delta_2\delta_3$ rasa cett.] śirah $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}$ 47b saksārā cett.] sāksārā $\alpha_1\delta_1\epsilon_2$ saksāra η_2 katukātha $\alpha_1\alpha_2$] katukāmla $\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_3\gamma$ vatukāmla γ_1 katukāsa η_1 katukādya $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$ katutikta ε_2 katutyakta β_2 **dugdha** cett.] dugdham γ_2 du γ_1 **sadṛśī** cett.] sādṛśī δ_1 sadṛśīṃ γ_2 sadṛśā $\alpha_1\alpha_2\eta_1$ lavaṇā $\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ madhvājya cett. madhvādya $\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}$ vaddhājya ε_{2} **tulyā** cett.] tulyām β_{ω} tulyam η_{2} thavā $\alpha_2 \Gamma \Delta$] tathā $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_2 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ savā ε₃ 47c jarāntakaraṇaṃ cett.] jvarāntakaraṇaṃ δ₁δ₂ jvarāntaḥkaraṇaṃ δ₃ jarāpraśamanam β_2 **śāstrāgamodgīraṇam** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\epsilon_3\eta_2$] śastrāmgamodgīraṇam η_1 śāstrāgamodīraṇam **47d** tasya syād cett.] tasyād γ_1 $\alpha_1 \chi$ śāstrapramodīraņam γ_1 śāstrāgamoddhāraņam $\Delta \epsilon_2$ amaratvam cett.] amarakṣam γ_1 aramatvam β_{ω} iha siddhir Δ guṇavat $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\eta_1$] gunāvat ϵ_3 guņitam $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\epsilon_2\eta_2\chi$ guņitā $\delta_2\delta_3$ siddhānganā $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\delta_2\delta_3\eta_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] siddhānganā $\alpha_1\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_1$ siddhāṅgānā γ_2 karṣaṇam cett.] karṣaṇā γ_1 48a ekaṃ cett.] eka δ_3 evaṃ γ_1 srsti cett.] drsti ε_2 mayam cett.] midam β_2 layam ε_2 48b ca cett.] tu $\delta_3 \varepsilon_2$ 48c devo cett.] devā γ_1 nirā° α_1 nirālamba $\beta_\omega \eta_1 \chi$] nirālambaś $\gamma_2 \Delta$ nirāśambaś γ_1 nirālambo $\alpha_2 \beta_2 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3$ nirālambam η_2 °lambo deva α_1 48d ekā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] caikā Δ cakā γ_1 caisā γ_2 hy ekā $\alpha_2\epsilon_3$

 $^{^{18}}$ χ has a different verse order from here.

सुषिरं ज्ञानजनकं पश्चस्रोतःसमन्वितम् । तिष्ठते खेचरी मुद्रा तस्मिन्शून्ये निरञ्जने ॥ $(\beta_{\omega}\eta_{2}\chi)$ [= 4.25*2] 3.48*1 पाताले यद्विशति सुषिरं मेरुमूले तदस्ति तत्त्वं चैतत्प्रवदित सुधीस्तन्मुखं निम्नगानाम् । चन्द्रात्सारः स्रविति वपुषस्तेन मृत्युर्नराणां तं बन्नीयात्सुकरणमृदा नान्यथा कायसिद्धिः ॥ $^{\#}$ (om. $\alpha_{1}\Delta$) 20 [= 4.25] 3.49

मूलबन्धः21 ॥

पार्ष्णिभागेन संपीड्य योनिमाकुश्चयेद्भुदम् । अपानमूर्ध्वमाकृष्य मूलबन्धोऽयमुच्यते ॥ 3.50

अधोगतिमपानं वै ऊर्ध्वगं कुरुते बलात्। आकुञ्चनेन तं प्राहुर्मूलबन्धं तु योगिनः॥ 3.51

48*1a suşiram χ] sukhiram η_2 suciram β_{ω} 48*1b srotah $\eta_2 \chi$] śrotah β_{ω} 48*1c tişthate χ] tiṣṭhaṃti $β_ω$ tiṣṭhaṃtī $η_2$ 49a pātāle yad viśati Γ] pātālād yad viśati $β_2$ pātāle yadvitaya $ε_4$ pātāle yadvitanta ε_3 pātāle yadinaya ε_2 pātāle yadvita η_1 yat prāleyam cāpihita β_ω yat prāleyam pihita α₂ yat prāleya pihita η₂ yat prāleyam prahita χ suṣiram ε₃ε₄χ] suśiram β₂ sukhiram $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\eta_{2}$ sukhire α_{2} sukhīraṃ ϵ_{2} stu[v]imaṃ/me η_{1} mūle tad asti β_{2}] mūle yad asti γ_{2} mūle yad astī α_2 mūle tad asmin $\epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \epsilon_4$ mūle pakṣasti γ_1 mūlad η_1 mūrddhyataḥthyam β_ω mūrdhni sthitam η_2 mūrdhāntarastham χ 49b tattvam caitat β_2] tadvac caitat $\Gamma \epsilon_2$ tadvac caitā ϵ_4 taddac caitat ϵ_3 tasmims tattvam $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ tasmitvam α_2 asmi[m]s tatvam yat η_1 sudhīs cett.] sudhī ϵ_4 sudhās tan mukham cett.] tat sukham β_2 nimnagānām cett.] niṣagmanām γ_1 49c candrāt sărah cett.] candrasāro η_1 candrā sārah ε_3 candrāt sāram $\alpha_2\beta_2$ candrah sārah ε_2 sravati/śravati cett.] grasati β_1 rapati γ_1 [sra]vamtyai η_1 vapusas cett.] vapuses η_2 vapayuses β_{ω} vapusā β_2 om. ϵ_3 mṛtyur cett.] mṛtyun $\beta_{\omega} \eta_2$ om. ϵ_3 49d taṃ cett.] tad χ badhnīyāt cett.] cha vāt γ_1 om. ε_3 sukaraṇamṛdā $\alpha_2\beta_2\varepsilon_4$] pakaraṇamṛdā ε_2 kakaraṇam amṛtaṃ η_1 sukaraṇam atho $\beta_\omega \eta_2$ sukaraṇam adho χ sukhakaram atho γ_2 sukhakaraṇam artho γ_1 om. ϵ_3 cett.] nāmarthā γ_1 om. ϵ_3 kāya $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\epsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] kārya $\alpha_2\eta_1\epsilon_4$ om. ϵ_3 50 mūlabandhaḥ $\gamma_2\Delta$] atha mūlabandhaḥ $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ atha mūle bandhaḥ δ_3 om. $\gamma_1\varepsilon_4$ 50a pārṣṇi cett.] pādima γ_1 50b ākuñcayed cett.] ākuṃcaned α₁ ākuṃ γ₁ gudam cett.] dṛḍhaṃ η₁η₂ om. γ₁ 50d 'yam ucyate cett.] 'yam īritah δ_2 'yam isyate $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ mayisyate α_1 'bhidhīyate χ 51a adhogatim β_1 β_2 $\beta_\omega \epsilon_4 \eta_1 \chi$] adhogatam $\alpha_1 \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_2 \eta_2$ apānam vai $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \Gamma \epsilon_2 \epsilon_4 \eta_2$] apānam vā χ apānam ca β_ω apānam tu Δ apānaivam η_1 51b ūrdhvagam cett.] mūrddhagam α_1 vidyūrdhagam β_{ω} balāt $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ haṭhāt $\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2$ **51c** ākuñcanena cett.] ākuñcya tena $η_2$ taṃ cett.] ta $δ_1$ te δ_2 tu β_2 **prāhur** cett.] grāhyam $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_4$ **51d mūlabandham** cett. mūlabandho η₂ **tu** $β_1β_2ΓΔ$] hi $α_1β_ωε_2ε_4η_1η_2χ$

 $_{19}$ $_{\epsilon_3}$ jumps to Jālandharabandha (3.67) from here. For the lost part (3.50–66) <??> is used instead.

 $^{^{20}}$ β_1 β_2 has this verse immediately after 3.38, $\alpha_1\Delta$ in Ch. 4 (4.25), and $\Gamma\alpha_2\alpha_3$ in both Ch. 3 and 4. 21 $\beta_\omega\chi$ have the Mūlabandha section after the Uḍḍiyāna. Cf. 3.6.

गुदं पाष्ण्या तु संपीड्य वायुमाकुश्चयेद्वलात्। वारं वारं यथा चोर्ध्वं समायाति समीरणः॥	3.52
प्राणापानौ नादबिन्दू मूलबन्धेन चैकताम् । गत्वा योगस्य संसिद्धिं यच्छतो नात्र संशयः ॥	3.53
अपानप्राणयोरैक्यं क्षयो मूत्रपुरीषयोः । युवा भवति वृद्धोऽपि सततं मूलबन्धनात् ॥22	3.54
अपाने चोर्ध्वगे जाते संप्राप्ते विह्नमण्डलं । तदानलिशिखा दीर्घा वर्धते वायुनाहता ॥	3.55
ततो यातौ* वह्न्यपानौ प्राणमुष्ण स्वरूपकम् । तेनात्यन्तप्रदीप्तस्त ज्वलनो देहजस्तथा ॥	3.56

52a gudam cett.] gulpha ε_2 pārsni° β_2 pārsnyā tu $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega} \Delta \eta_2 \chi$] pārsnī tu γ_2 pādarmyām tu γ_1 sampīdya cett.] āpīdya β₂ **52b** vāyum $\bar{\mathbf{a}}^{\circ} \alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \Gamma \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ pārsnyā ca $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_4 \eta_1$ °nā gudam β_2 vāyunā $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_4$ yonim ā° Δ **balāt** cett.] balat γ_2 **52c yathā** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] tathā $\Gamma\Delta$ 53b caikatām cett.] caikatā β₂ε₂ cakataṃ **53a nādabindū** cett.] nādabindu $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \eta_2$ **53c saṃsiddhiṃ** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_2\epsilon_4\eta_1\chi$] saṃsiddhir $\alpha_2\gamma_1\delta_3\epsilon_2$ saṃsiddhyaiḥ η_2 53d yacchato $\alpha_2\beta_\omega\chi$] yaksyato β_2 yichato α_1 gacchato $\Delta \varepsilon_2$ gacchate γ_2 gacchatā γ_1 gacchata° ε4 prāpnoty e° η₁ pamāta η₂ **nātra** cett.] °sya na ε4 °va na η₁ tra na η₂ **54a °yor aikyaṃ** cett.] °yor aikya γ_1 °yor aikye η_2 °yoś caikyam δ_2 °yor aikyāt ϵ_4 54b kṣayo cett.] kṣayān $\gamma_1\epsilon_4$ **54d bandhanāt** cett.] bandhataḥ δ_1 **55a apāne** cett.] apāna χ apānaṃ $\beta_\omega \gamma_2$ jāte cett.] cordhvage yāte δ_1 cordhvam āpāte η_2 ūrdhvage jāte χ 55b saṃprāpte $\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2$] saṃyāte β_{ω} prayāte $\alpha_1\alpha_2\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ **vahnimaṇḍalaṃ** $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\chi$] vahnimaṇḍale $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\eta_1$ nābhimandalam n2 **55c tadānala** cett.] tadānale $ε_2$ tathānale $η_1$ tathānala $δ_3η_2$ vāyunāhatā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2$] baṃdhane vāyunāhatā Δ kriyate vāyunāhatāḥ η_2 jāyate vāyunāhatā χ vāyunā vardhate hatā ε_4 vāyunā preritā tathā η_1 56a tato cett.] yātā η_1 yātau β_2] yāttau α_2 yāto $\eta_1 \chi$ yāte η_2 yāmau α_1 jātau $\gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_4$ jātā γ_1 jāto β_{ω} vahnim ϵ_2 vahnyapānau $\gamma_2\Delta \epsilon_4 \eta_1 \chi$] vahnipānau α_1 vahniyonau η_2 bāhyapānau β_2 baṃdhapānau γ_1 vardhapānai β_ω apānai ca ε_2 56b prāṇam uṣṇa $\alpha_3\beta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\chi$] prāṇam uṣṇa $\beta_\omega\gamma_2$ prāṇamura γ_1 prāṇamukta svarūpakam cett.] svarūpakaḥ η₂ svarūpakau $\delta_1\delta_3$ prāṇamuktam δ_2 prāṇamūla $\alpha_1\alpha_2\eta_1\eta_2$ η_1 svarūpavat δ_3 **56c tenātyanta** $\Gamma\Delta\eta_1\chi$] tenātyantaṃ α_1 tenābhyanta β_ω tenābhyantaḥ η_2 tenāyamna β_2 tatotyantam ϵ_4 tailābhyamtah ϵ_2 pradīptas tu cett.] pradīpas tu $\epsilon_4\eta_1$ pradīpāsau **56d jvalano dehajas tathā** cett.] jvalato dehatas tadā β_2 kuto dehakṣayas tadā η_2

⁻⁻⁻

 $^{^{22}}$ γ_1 adds the following verse here: बन्धमूलं येन तेन तेन विघ्नां निवारितः । अजरामरतां याति यथा पञ्चमुखो हरः ॥

तेन कुण्डिलनी सुप्ता संतप्ता संप्रबुध्यते । दण्डाहता भुजङ्गीय निश्वस्य⁼ ऋजुतां व्रजेत् ॥	3.57
बिलं प्रविष्टेव ततो ब्रह्मनाड्यन्तरं व्रजेत् । $_{ m (ab\ om.\ }\Delta)$ तस्मान्नित्यं मूलबन्धः कर्तव्यो योगिभिः सदा ॥	3.58
अथ उड्डियानबन्धः ।	
बद्धो येन सुषुम्णायां प्राणस्तूड्डीयते यतः । तस्मादुड्डीयनाख्यो*ऽयं योगिभिः समुदाहृतः ॥	3.59
उड्डीनं कुरुते यस्मादविश्रान्तं महाखगः । उड्डियानं तदेव स्यात्तत्र* बन्धो विधीयते ॥	3.60
उदरे पश्चिमं तानं* नाभेरूर्ध्वं च कारयेत् । उड्डियानो ह्यसौ बन्धो मृत्युमातङ्गकेसरी ॥ (cd om. βω)	3.61

57b samtaptā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] satatam $\Delta\varepsilon_2$ samprabudhyate $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\varepsilon_4\eta_2\chi$] samprabudhyati η_1 sa prabudhyate β_{ω} sā prabuddhyate δ_2 sā prabodhyate δ_3 saṃprabodhyate ϵ_2 sānubodhyate 57d niśvasya $\alpha_1\beta_1\epsilon_4\chi$] viśvasya $\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2$ niścayam δ_2 niścayād δ_3 niścitam $\Gamma\delta_1\epsilon_2$ **58a pravișteva** $\alpha_1 \Gamma \delta_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_4 \eta_1 \chi$] praviște ca β_2 vrajet cett.] rujutām vrjet α_1 rijutām iyāt η_2 pravistam ca $β_ω$ pravistas ca $η_2$ om. Δ tato cett.] to $γ_1$ om. Δ**58b brahma** cett.] tha γ_1 nādyantaram cett.] nādyāntaram $β_2 ε_4$ nādyantare $η_2$ om. Δ 58c tasmān cett.] tato **n nityaṃ** cett.] nityo ε_2 **59 atha uddiyānabandhah** γ_1] atha uddiyānam bandhah η_2 atha uddīyāṇabandhaḥ ϵ_2 atha uddīyānabandhaḥ χ uddīyānabandhaḥ δ_2 uddiyāṇaṃ bandhaḥ γ_2 athoddīyānam α_1 athoddiyānam β_{ω} athodiyānam β_2 athoddīyānabandhah δ_3 athodyāṇabamdhah **59a baddho** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_2\chi$] bandho $\delta_3\varepsilon_2$ ūrdhvo $\eta_1\eta_2$ ūrdhvā ε_4 vidrā γ_1 suşumnāyām cett.] kṣitaḥ susumnāyāḥ η₂ tūddīyate **59b prāṇas** cett.] prāṇam $β_2ε_2η_1$ $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_4 \eta_2 \chi$ tūdiyate β_{ω} tudīyate γ_1 tūdūyate δ_2 tūyate δ_3 uddīyate ϵ_2 udiyate β_2 udyayate η_1 **yatah** cett.] punah δ_3 **59c tasmād** cett.] tasmātu γ_2 tasmāc ca η_2 uddīyanākhyo m.c. $\delta_1\delta_3\chi$] uḍḍiyānākhyo $\gamma_2\eta_2$ uḍḍiyāṇākhyo η_1 uddiyānākhyo γ_1 uḍḍīyāṇākhyo $arepsilon_2$ uḍḍīyanākhye α_1 ε₄ udiyāṇākhye β_{ω} udiyāṇākhyaṃ β_2 uddīyamāno δ_2 'yaṃ cett.] sau δ_2 tad β_2 om. η_2 59d samudāhṛtaḥ cett.] samudāhṛtaṃ $β_2β_ωε_2$ 60a uḍḍīnaṃ Δχ] uḍīṇaṃ $β_ω$ uḍyānaṃ $β_2ε_4$ udyāṇaṃ α₁γ₂ uddiyānaṃ γ₁η₂ uddiyāṇaṃ η₁ uddīyāṇaṃ ε₂ **kurute** cett.] kṛyate γ₂ kṛte ε₂ 60b aviśrāntaṃ $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Delta$ ε₂η₁η₂χ] aviśrāṃta $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1$ aviśrānto γ_2 ε₄ aviśrāntā γ_1 60c uḍḍiyānaṃ Γ η₂] uḍḍīyānaṃ Δ ε₄ χ uḍḍīyāṇaṃ α ₁ε₂η₁ uḍiyāṇaṃ β _ω uḍiyānaṃ β ₂ **eva** cett.] evaṃ δ ₁ evaḥ ϵ_2 60d tatra $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_4\eta_1\chi$] kṣetra η_2 mūla Δ vidhīyate $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\epsilon_4$] 'bhidhīyate cett. nigadyate γ₁ **61a udare** cett.] udarāt β_{ω} **paścima** $\alpha_2\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_3\eta_1\chi$] paścima $\alpha_1\gamma_1\eta_2$ paścime $t\bar{a}nam \beta_2 \Gamma \delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_4 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] $t\bar{a}nam \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \delta_2 \epsilon_2$ bhāge β_{ω} 61b $\bar{u}rdhvam$ cett.] $\bar{u}rdhve$ **61c uddiyāno** $\Gamma \delta_1 \eta_2$] uddīyāno $\delta_2 \delta_3 \varepsilon_4 \chi$ uddiyāno η_1 uddīyāno $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_2$ η_2 **ca** cett.] tu $\varepsilon_2 \eta_2$ udīyāno β_2 om. β_{ω} **asau** $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] asam δ_3 ayam $\delta_1\delta_2$ om. β_ω khecarī ε_4 om. β_{ω}

उड्डियानं तु सहजं गुरुणा कथितं सदा*।
अभ्यसेदस्ततन्द्रस्तु* वृद्धोऽपि तरुणो भवेत्॥
3.62
नाभेरूर्ध्वमधश्चापि तानं कुर्यात्प्रयत्नतः।
षण्मासमभ्यसन्मृत्युं जयत्येव न संशयः॥
3.63
सित वज्रासने पादौ* कराभ्यां धारयेद्दृदम्।
गुल्फदेशसमीपे च* कन्दं तत्र प्रपीडयेत्॥
23
3.64
पश्चिमं तानमुदरे कारयेद्दृदये गले*।
शनैः शनैर्यथा प्राणस्तुन्दसंधिं न गच्छिति*॥ (от. х)
3.65
सर्वेषामेव बन्धानामुत्तमो ह्युड्डियानकः।
उड्डियाने दृढे बन्धे मुक्तिः स्वाभाविकी भवेत्॥
3.66

62a uddiyānam $\Gamma \delta_1 \eta_2$] uddiyānam $\alpha_2 \eta_1$ uddīyānam $\delta_2 \delta_3 \varepsilon_4 \chi$ uddīyānam $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_2$ udiyānam β_2 udiyāṇaṃ βω sahajam cett.] yah sahate γ_2 62b gurunā cett.] gurūnām β_{ω} $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \epsilon_4 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ yathā $\Gamma \Delta$ 62c abhyased/-set cett.] abhyāsen γ_1 abhyāsyed α_2 abhyāsāt β_{ω} abhyāsa° β_2 astatandras tu α_2] astatadras tu α_1 asya taṃtrasya ϵ_2 asya taṃtraṃ tu ε_4 tad atandras tu $\gamma_2\Delta$ na tamdras tu γ_1 °tah svatantras tu β_2 yo hy atandras η_1 satatam yas tu $\beta_{\omega}\eta_2\chi$ 62d vṛddho cett.] vṛddhā γ_1 taruṇo bhavet $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2$] taruṇāyate $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_4\chi$ 63a ante nābher add. pāṭhāntaram β_2 nābher cett.] nābhed γ_2 cett.] adho vāpi Δ adhaḥkāya η_1 avasthāpya β_2 63b tānam $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_4\eta_2\chi$] tāṇam $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\eta_1$ tāpyam α_1 **prayatnataḥ** cett.] ca yatnataḥ η_2 **63c ṣaṇmāsam** cett.] yogī sam° $\eta_1\eta_2$ hyasan $\alpha_1\beta_1\Gamma\eta_2$] abhyasen $\beta_{\omega}\delta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\eta_1\chi$ abhyaseni δ_1 ca samabhyān β_2 63d jayaty eva na samśayah cett.] mūlam jayaty asamśayah β₂ 64a vajrāsane cett.] vajrāsanau γ₁ vajrāsanam **64b** karābhyāṃ dhārayed dṛḍham (dhārayad η₂) cett.] karābhyā dhārayaṃ dṛḍhaṃ η₁ karābhyām kāraye drdham α₁ karā_sandhāraye drdhe γ₁ 64c deśa cett.] deśe ε₂ deśam α₁ **samīpe ca** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] samīpaṃ ca $\delta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_2$ samīpaṃ tu δ_1 64d kandam cett.] kamdham δ_1 skandam δ_3 tatra $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\chi$] tacca $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ tava α_1 tasya η_1 prapīdayet $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\chi$] prapīdyate $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega} \eta_1 \eta_2$ 65a paścimam tānam cett.] paścimam tānam $\beta_1 \eta_1$ paścimatānam $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega}$ udare $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_4$] udara γ_1 udaram ϵ_2 upari $\eta_1\eta_2$ 65b kārayed cett.] pīḍayed η_2 dhṛdaye gale $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2$] dhṛdaye gatai β_1 udare hṛdi δ_1 cibukam hṛdi δ_3 cibukam hṛdā δ_2 vṛddhidaṃ śanaiḥ ϵ_2 65c śanair yathā cett.] śanair [yato] ϵ_4 om. γ_1 prāṇas $\alpha_1\beta_\omega\Delta\gamma_1$] prānās Γ prānam $\beta_2 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_4$ prāno η_2 65d tunda $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2 \epsilon_2$ tuda $\beta_{\omega} \eta_1$ tamda γ_1 tadā δ_3 nāḍī $η_2$ ūrddhva $ε_4$ saṃdhiṃ $α_1β_1Γδ_1δ_3ε_4η_1$] saṃdhi $β_ωε_2η_2$ siṃddhiṃ $δ_2$ siddhiṃ $β_2$ na $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_4\eta_1$] ca Δ ni° η_2 66b uttamo cett.] uttamaṃ ϵ_2 hy uḍḍiyānakaḥ $\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_4\eta_2\chi$] hy uddiyāṇakaḥ η_1 hy uddīyāṇakaḥ α_1 hy uddīyāṇakaṃ ε_2 hy udiyānakaḥ β_2 hy udiyāṇakaḥ β_{ω} 66c uddiyāne $\Gamma \delta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] uddīyāne $\delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_4$ uddīyāņe $\alpha_1 \epsilon_2$ uddiyāņe η_1 udiyāne β_2 udiyāņe β_ω **dṛḍhe** cett.] kṛte $\Gamma\Delta$ **bandhe** cett.] baddhe β_2 **66d muktiḥ** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\epsilon_4\eta_2\chi$] muktiṃ η_1 mūlam $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta$ svābhāvikī $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_4\chi$] svābhāvakī η_2 svābhāvikam $\beta_2\Delta\eta_1$ svabhāvikam γ_2 bhāvikam γ₁

 $^{^{23}\,}$ In χ this verse appears much later as 3.114 in the printed edition.

अथ जालन्धरबन्धः ।

कण्ठमाकुञ्च्य हृद्ये स्थापयेचिबुकं दृढम् । [e3 resumes] बन्धो जालन्धराख्योऽयं अमृताव्ययकारकः ॥	3.67
बभ्राति हि शिराजालमधोगामि नभोजलम् । ततो जालन्धरो बन्धः कण्ठदुःखौघनाशनः ॥	3.68
जालन्धरे कृते बन्धे कण्ठसंकोचलक्षणे। न पीयूषं पतत्यग्नौ न च वायुः प्रधावति॥	3.69
कण्ठसंकोचनेनैव द्वे नाड्यौ स्तम्भयेदृढं । मध्यचक्रमिदं ज्ञेयं षोडशाधारबन्धनम् ॥ $_{(cd\ om.\ \eta_1)}$	3.70
बन्धत्रयमिदं श्रेष्ठं महासिद्धैर्निषेवितम् । सर्वेषां हठतन्त्राणां साधनं योगिनो विदुः ॥ $_{({ m om.}\ \Delta)^{24}}$	3.71

67 atha jālandharabandhah $\beta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_4\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ jālandharabandhah $\gamma_2\delta_2$ atha nāśamdharabandhah γ_1 atha jālaṃdharībaṃdhaḥ ε_2 atha jālāṃdharaḥ α_1 atha jālaṃdharaṃ β_{ω} om. δ_1 dṛḍham $β_2 γ_2 χ$] dṛḍham icchayā $β_1 β_ω Δ η_1 η_2$ dṛḍham īchayā $α_1$ dṛḍham icchayet $ε_2$ dṛḍhaniścayāt ε_3 om. γ_1 **67d amṛtāvyayakārakaḥ** ε_3] amṛtavyayakārakaḥ $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_2$ amṛtāvapakārakaḥ $α_1$ amṛtākṣayakāraka
ḥ $δ_1$ amṛtakṣayakāraka ḥ $δ_3$ amṛtākṣarakāraka ḥ $δ_2$ mṛtyor mṛtyu ḥ paro matah (mrtah γ_1) Γ mrtyumātamgakesarī β_2 jarāmrtyuvināśakah $\eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ 68a badhnāti hi $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] badhnāti ha γ_1 badhnātīha Δ badhnātīhṛ γ_2 **śirā** (sirā χ) $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] **68b** adhogāmi $\alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] śiro $β_ω γ_1 δ_2 δ_3 ε_2 ε_3 η_1$ śilā $α_1$ jālam cett.] jālām βω adhogāmī γ_1 madhyegāmi β_{ω} nādhāyāti η_1 **68d kantha** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] kanthe $\gamma_1\Delta\eta_1\eta_2$ duḥkhaugha cett.] **69c** pataty cett.] prayāty δ_1 kṣaraty γ_1 69d pradhāvati $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2$] prakupyati $\Delta\eta_1\chi$ 70a saṃkocanenaiva cett.] saṃkocane dehe η_1 nāḍyau $\alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] dvau nāḍyau ε_2 γ_{2pc} dvināḍyau β_2 _nā_ γ_1 nāḍyau ca η_1 gap β_{ω} stambhayed $\alpha_1\beta_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] stambhite $\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2$ gap β_ω dṛḍhaṃ $\alpha_1\alpha_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] dhruvam $\beta_1\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_2$ **70c madhyacakram** $\alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\chi$] madhyakram γ_1 dhruve $δ_2$ dhṛvaṃ $ε_3$ dhuram $β_2$ gap $β_ω$ madhye cakram $β_ω$ madhyam cakram $η_2$ om. $η_1$ jñeyam cett.] ya $γ_1$ om. $η_1$ 71b mahāsid**dhair** $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \varepsilon_2$] mahāsiddhaiś $\eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ mahāsiddhe γ_1 mahāsiddhi $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \beta_2 \varepsilon_3$ mahāsīha β_{ω_1} tam $\alpha_1\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2$] ca sevitam $\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ prajāyate α_2 pradāyakam ϵ_3 71c haṭha $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\chi$] yoga $\gamma_1 \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ 71d sādhanam cett.] sāranam γ_1

²⁴ In γ this verse is found after 3.74.

अधस्तात्कुञ्चनेनाशु कण्ठसंकोचने कृते । मध्ये पश्चिमतानेन स्यात्प्राणो ब्रह्मनाडिगः ॥ $(\Gamma\eta_1\eta_2)^{25}$ $[=2.46]$	3.72
मूलस्थानं समाकुञ्च्य उड्डियानं तु कारयेत् l (ab om. Δη2) इडां च पिङ्गलां बद्धा वाहयेत्पश्चिमं पथम् ll (cd om. η2)	3.73
अनेनैव विधानेन सेवयेत्पवनो लयम् । ततो न जायते मृत्यु र्जरारोगादिकं तथा ॥	3.74
थ विपरीतकरणी ।	
यत्किश्चित् सवते चन्द्राद् अमृतं दिव्यरूपि च । तत्सर्वं ग्रसते सूर्यस् तेन पिण्डं विनाशि च ॥ $_{(om.\ \alpha_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2)^{26}}$	3.75
तत्रास्ति करणं दिव्यं सूर्यस्य मुखबन्धनम् । गरूपदेशतो ज्ञेयं न त शास्त्रार्थकोटिभिः ॥ (om. ४) हु २०,००)	3.76

72a kuñcanenāśu $\eta_1\eta_2$] kuñcanenaiva Γ 72b samkocane kṛte $\eta_1\eta_2$] samkocanena ca Γ 72c madhye η_1] madhya $\Gamma \eta_2$ 73a samākuñcya $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$] samākṛṣya $\Gamma \epsilon_2$ om. $\Delta \eta_2$ 73b uddiyānam $\Gamma \varepsilon_3 \chi$] uddiyānam η_1 uddīyānam $\alpha_1 \varepsilon_2$ udiyānam β_2 udiyānam β_{ω} om. $\Delta \eta_2$ **73c iḍāṃ ca piṅgalāṃ** $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_3\chi$] iḍā ca piṅgalā $\alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_1\varepsilon_2$ iḍāpiṃgalāṃ η_1 om. η_2 cett.] baddhā ε_2 om. η_2 73d paścimam $\alpha_2\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\eta_1$] paścimām β_{ω} paścimā $\alpha_1\varepsilon_3$ om. η_2 paścime χ patham cett.] pathi χ om. η₂ 74a anenaiva vidhānena cett.] brahmasthā-**74b** sevayet $\alpha_1\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\delta_3$ [s]e[vay]e[t] δ_2 vasayet ϵ_2 prayāti $\Gamma\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ nasthito rodhah η_2 pavano layam β_{ω} γ₂ ϵ_{3} η₁η₂χ] pavano lagam γ₁ pavanālayam α₁α₂β₂δ₂ ϵ_{2} pavanānalam δ₃ paścimā-74c mṛtyur $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_3\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] mṛtyu $\delta_1\delta_2$ mṛtyum γ_1 74d jarārogādikam $\Gamma \delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_2 \eta_1 \chi$] jarārogādikā $\alpha_2 \beta_2 \beta_\omega$ jarārogādikas α_1 jarāmohādikam ϵ_3 jvaro rogādikas δ_1 nāsya **tathā** cett.] vyathā α_2 kathā $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ tadā α_1 **75 atha** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] om. $\gamma_2\Delta\chi$ viparītakaraņī $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] viparītakaraņīm α_1 viparītakaraņam ε_2 viparītakam δ_3 75a sravate $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\chi$] sravanam γ_1 om. $\alpha_1\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ candrād $\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta\chi$] canom. $\delta_1 \chi$ dra β_{ω} caṃdrāṃn ϵ_2 ceda«m» γ_1 om. $\alpha_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 75b divyarūpi ca $\Gamma\Delta$] divyarūpiṇaṃ ϵ_2 divyarūpiṇaḥ $\beta_2\chi$ divyarūpagaḥ β_{ω} om. $\alpha_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 75c sūryas $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\Delta\chi$] roho ϵ_2 om. $\alpha_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 75d piṇḍaṃ $β_2β_ωγ_2Δε_2$] piḍaṃ $γ_1$ piṇḍo χ om. $α_1ε_3η_1η_2$ vināśi ca $Γδ_2δ_3ε_2$] vinasyati $δ_1$ jarāyutam $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ jarāyutah χ om. $\alpha_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 76a tatrāsti $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_2\chi$] tato sti δ_2 om. $\alpha_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 76b bandhanam cett.] vañcanam χ om. $\alpha_1 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ 76c jñeyam $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_2 \Delta \epsilon_2 \chi$] _yam γ_1 om. **76d na tu** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\chi$] rttu γ_1 om. $\alpha_1\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$

 $^{^{25}}$ $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\chi$ have this verse in chp. 2. $\Gamma\eta_1\eta_2$ have this in both chapters. Δ does not have it at all.

A has this pair of verses in Ch. 4: यत्किंचित्स्रवते चन्द्रादमृतं <u>दिव्यरूपिणः</u> । तत्सर्वं ग्रसते सूर्यस्तेन पिण्डं <u>जरायुतं</u> ॥ तत्रास्ति करणं दिव्यं सूर्यस्य परिबन्धनं । गुरूपदेशतो ज्ञेयं न तु शास्त्रार्थकोटिभिः ॥

ऊर्ध्वं नाभिरधस्ताऌरूध्वं भानुरधः शशी । करणी विपरीताख्या गुरुवाक्येन ऌभ्यते ॥ $_{({ m cd\ om.\ }eta_2\delta_1\delta_2ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{$	3.77
करणी विपरीताख्या सर्वव्याधिविनाशिनी l (ab om. δ _{3χ)} नित्यमभ्यासयुक्तस्य जठराग्निविवर्धनी ll	3.78
आहारो बहुलस्तस्य संपाद्यः साधकस्य तु। अल्पाहारो यदि भवेदग्निर्देहं दहेत्क्षणात्॥	3.79
अधःशिराश्चोर्ध्वपादः क्षणं स्यात्प्रथमे दिने । क्षणाच किंचिद्धिकमभ्यसेच दिने दिने II (cd om. δ1)	3.80
विलश्च पलितं चैव #षण्मासोर्ध्वं न दृश्यते । याममात्रं तु यो नित्यमभ्यसेत्स तु कालजित्॥	3.81

अत्रत्या वज्रोली ग्रन्थान्ते लिखिता। क्रमप्राप्ताप्यत्र त्यक्ता। असाधारणप्राण्यनुष्ठे यत्वात्तस्याः। (△)²७

77a ūrdhvam nābhir cett.] ūrdhvanābhor γ₁ ūrdhvanābher χ ūrdhvam nābher β₂ has tālur $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2$] adhas tālu $\alpha_1\gamma_2\delta_2\eta_1$ adhas tālum δ_3 asāluktar γ_1 adhas tālor χ 77b ūrdhvam cett.] ūrdhva $\gamma_1\delta_1$ ūrdhvo η_1 77c karanī viparītākhyā $\alpha_1\Gamma\delta_3\eta_1\chi$] karanam viparītākhyam β_{ω} ε₃ om. $\beta_2\delta_1\delta_2$ ε₂η₂ 77d labhyate $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1$ ε₃η₁χ] gamyate $\gamma_2\delta_3$ om. $\beta_2\delta_1\delta_2$ ε₂η₂ 78a viparītākhyā cett.] viparītākhyam β_2 viparītāksam ϵ_2 om. $\delta_3 \chi$ 78b vināśinī cett.] vināśanī ϵ_2 vināśanam $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ om. $\delta_3\chi$ 78d vivardhanī $\alpha_1\gamma_2\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$] vivardhinī $\gamma_1\Delta\eta_2\chi$ vivardhanam $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ 79b tu cett.] ca $\gamma_1\delta_2\chi$ 79c alpāhāro $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] anāhāro $\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ yadi bhaved cett.] nirāhārah $η_2$ 79d agnir deham $α_1β_ω Δε_3$] agnideham $β_1Γε_2$ deham agnir η_1 agnidāho β_2 agnir daha° χ ksudhālasya η_2 dahet cett.] haret $\beta_1\epsilon_3$ bhavet β_2 °ti tat y vaśe n₂ **kṣaṇāt** cett.] kramāt α_1 tataḥ γ_2 bhavet η_2 80a śirāś cordhva $\beta_2 \chi$] śiraś cordhva $\alpha_1 \beta_\omega \delta_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ śirā ūrdhva $\gamma_2 \delta_2$ śīrā ūrdhva γ_1 śira ūrdhva δ_3 **pādaḥ** $\alpha_1 \beta_2 \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_3 \chi$] pāda $β_ω ε_2$ pādau $η_1 η_2$ **80b ksanam syāt** cett.] ksīnam syāt $δ_1$ laksanam $η_2$ **ca** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega$ $\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] kṣaṇāt tu Γ kṣaṇārdhaṃ $\delta_3\epsilon_2$ kṣaṇārdhe δ_2 om. δ_1 adhikam cett.] apika γ_1 om. δ_1 80d abhyasec ca cett.] abhyasetva γ_2 bhyarccayec ca γ_1 om. δ_1 $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1$] valitaṃ $\gamma_1\Delta\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$ calitaṃ γ_2 palitaṃ cett.] palitaś β_2 81b şaṇmāsordhvaṃ na χ] ṣaṇmāsārdhān na $\alpha_1\beta_2\epsilon_3$ ṣaṇmāsārdhaṃ na β_ω ṣaṇmāsārdhena $\Gamma\Delta$ ṣaṇmāsārdhe ca ϵ_2 **drśyate** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] naśyati Γ $\Delta\epsilon_2$ sanmāsāt tu na $\eta_1\eta_2$ 81c yāmamātram tu cett.] yāmamātram ca ε_3 yo māsatraya δ_3 māsatrayam tu η_2 nityam cett.] gnibhyam γ_1 81d ab**hyaset** cett.] aset δ_1 tu cett.] su γ_2 ca ε_2 kālajit cett.] kālavit ε_2 82 granthānte likhitā δ_1] granthāntare likhitā vartate δ_2 granthāntare tu likhitāsīt δ_3 kramaprāptāpy atra tvaktā $\delta_2 \delta_3$] om. δ_1 asādhārana δ_2] asādhāranam δ_1 asārana δ_3

 $^{^{27}~}$ In Δ the Vajrolī section is found at the end of the work.

अथ वजोली 128

स्वेच्छया वर्तमानोऽपि योगोक्तैर्नियमैर्विना । वज्रोलीं यो विजानाति स योगी सिद्धिभाजनम् ॥	3.82
तत्र वस्तुद्वयं वक्ष्ये दुर्लभं यस्य कस्य चित्। क्षीरं चैकं द्वितीयं तु नारी च वशवर्तिनी॥	3.83
मेहनेन रानैः सम्यगूर्ध्वाकुञ्चनमभ्यसेत्। पुरुषो वापि नारी वा वज्रोलीसिद्धिमाम्रुयात्॥	3.84
यत्नतः शरनालेन फूत्कारं वज्रकन्दरे । शनैः शनैः प्रकुर्वीत वायुसंचारकारणात् ॥ (от. ү1)	3.85
नार्या भगे पतद्विन्दुमभ्यासेनोर्ध्वमाहरेत्। चिलतं च स्वकं बिन्दुमूर्ध्वमाकृष्य रक्षयेत्॥ (cd om. 🛆)	3.86

82b yogoktair $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] yogokair γ_1 yogoktar ε_2 yogokta $\alpha_2\varepsilon_3$ yogoktam α_1 niyamair δ_3 niyamair vinā cett.] vividhais tathā δ_3 82c vajrolīm yo $\beta_2\delta_1\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] vajrolī yo $\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_3\varepsilon_2$ vijānāti cett.] bhijānāti Γ **82d siddhibhājanam** cett.] °bhājanah γ₁ siddhimān bhavet η_2 83a vastu cett.] castu α_1 bheda ϵ_2 vak $\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{y})\mathbf{e}$ cett.] manye γ_2 api γ_1 83b cit cett.] tu ε_3 83c caikam $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_0\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] caiva η_2 ekam $\beta_2\Gamma$ 83d ca cett.] tu δ_3 **84a mehanena** $\alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] mehanaiva γ_1 mohanena δ_1 mohanenā δ_3 medhrenena β_ω medhrena $unm. \eta_1$ mahānibham η_2 **sanaiḥ** cett.] sadā δ_1 **84b ūrdhvākuñcanam** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\chi$] ūrdhva kimcanam $γ_2$ krtvā kuñcanam $η_2$ gudākuñcanam $η_1$ 84c vāpi nārī vā cett.] vāpi vā nārī **84d vajrol** \bar{i} $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_3\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] vajrol \bar{i} m $\delta_1\eta_1$ vajrol \bar{i} h γ_2 $δ_3$ 'py atha vā nārī χ **āpnuyāt** cett.] siddhibhājanam γ_2 siddhibhājanaḥ γ_1 **85a yatnataḥ** $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_0\delta_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\chi$] prayatnataḥ $\gamma_2\eta_1\eta_2$ prayatnāt β_2 **śaranālena** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\delta_3$] śalanolena ϵ_2 śatanārīṇāṃ ϵ_3 śastanālena χ śironāle γ_2 η $_1$ η $_2$ 85b phūtkāra $\dot{\mathbf{m}}$ α $_1$ δ $_3$ ε $_2$ η $_1$ χ] phutkāra $\dot{\mathbf{m}}$ β $_\omega$ pūtkāra $\dot{\mathbf{m}}$ δ $_1$ ε $_3$ phūtkāra $\dot{\mathbf{m}}$ γ $_2$ η $_2$ sphūtkāram β_2 vajra cett.] kambu $\gamma_2\eta_2$ **kandare** $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \chi$] kandhare $\alpha_1 \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ **85c śanaih** cett.] śanah η_2 **prakurvīta** cett.] prakurvamti $β_2η_2$ **86a nāryā** $β_2Γδ_1δ_3ε_2ε_3$] nārī $\alpha_2\chi$ māryā α_1 bhāryā $\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2$ bhage cett.] bhāge α_1 patad cett.] pated γ_2 ca **bindum** $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] bindhuḥm β_ω bindur $\eta_1\eta_2$ **86b āharet** cett.] āruhet δ_3 **86c ca svakaṃ** $\alpha_1\alpha_2$] tu svakaṃ $\beta_1\beta_2\Gamma\epsilon_2$ tu sukaṃ β_ω ca nijaṃ $\epsilon_3\chi$ patitaṃ η_1 calitaṃ η_2 om. 86d ūrdhvam ākṛṣya rakṣayet cett.] ūrdhvam ākṛ + + + + α_1 ūrdhvam āhṛtya rakṣayet ϵ_3 abhyāsenordhvam āharet ε_2 om. $\delta_1\delta_3$

 $^{^{28}}$ In $\beta_2\eta_2$ this header is found after $\emph{vin}\bar{a}$ of the next line.

एव तु रक्षयद् बिन्दु मृत्यु जयात यागावत् । $[3.87-3.113a \log \alpha_1]$ मरणं बिन्दुपातेन जीवितं बिन्दुधारणात् ॥ $(cd om. \delta_1)$	3.87
सुगन्धि योगिनो देहं जायते बिन्दुधारणात् l ²⁹ (ab om. δ ₃ η ₁ η ₂) यावद्विन्दुः स्थिरो देहे तावन्मृत्युभयं कुतः ॥	3.88
चित्तायत्तं नृणां शुक्रं शुक्रायत्तं हि जीवितम् । तस्माच्छुक्रं मनश्चेव रक्षणीयं प्रयत्नतः ॥	3.89
ऋतुमत्या रजोऽप्येवं स्त्रिया [#] बिन्दुं च रक्षयेत्। मेद्रेणाकर्षयेदूर्ध्वं सम्यगभ्यासयोगतः॥	3.90
अयं योगः पुण्यवतां धन्यानां तत्त्वशालिनाम् । (ab om. $\alpha_2 \alpha_3$) निर्मत्सराणां सिध्येत न त मत्सरशालिनाम् ॥ (cd om. $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \delta_2$)	3 91

87a tu raksayed $\alpha_2\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2$] samraksayed $\delta_1\delta_3\chi$ suraksayed ε_3 raksati yo $\eta_1\eta_2$ cett.] vida ε_2 om. δ_1 87d jīvitam cett.] jīvanam $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \chi$ jī γ_1 om. δ_1 bindudhāraṇāt cett.] bindurakṣaṇāt ε_3 om. $\gamma_1\delta_1$ 88a sugandhi $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\varepsilon_3$] sugandho $\varepsilon_2\chi$ om. $\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$ $\alpha_2\beta_1\beta_{\omega}$] dehe $\delta_1\epsilon_3\chi$ deho $\beta_2\Gamma\epsilon_2$ om. $\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 88b dhāraṇāt $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1\gamma_2\delta_1\epsilon_2\chi$] rakṣaṇāt $\beta_2\epsilon_3$ om. **88c binduh** $\gamma_1 \delta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] bindu $\beta_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ **sthiro** $\alpha_2 \Gamma \delta_1 \epsilon_2 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] sthito $\beta_1 \beta_2$ $\beta_{\omega}\delta_3\varepsilon_3$ dehe cett.] deho Γ 88d mṛtyubhayaṃ kutaḥ $\alpha_3\beta_1$ β_2 $\beta_\omega\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$] kālabhayaṃ kutah $\alpha_2 \Gamma \epsilon_2 \chi$ jīvanam ucyate ϵ_3 89a cittāyattam cett.] cittamattam γ_1 manomayam α_2 manodhīnam $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega$ śukram cett.] śuklam β_ω 89b śukrāyattam cett.] śuklayatam β_ω śukrādhīnaṃ $\beta_1\beta_2$ hi $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2$] tu $\alpha_2\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1$ ca $\delta_3\epsilon_3\chi$ jīvitam cett.] jīvanaṃ $\beta_2\gamma_2$ 89c manaś cett.] rajaś η₂ rakṣa° δ₃ caiva cett.] caivaṃ η₁ °ṇīyaṃ δ₃ **89d rakṣaṇīyaṃ** cett.] yogibhiś ca δ_3 90a rtumatyā $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] bindumadhye $\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 'py evam $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] thevaṃ $β_ω$ py eva $η_2$ 90b striyā Γ] bījaṃ $δ_1 ε_2 ε_3 η_1 η_2$ vīryaṃ $α_2$ jīvaṃ $δ_3$ nijaṃ χ jayaṃ $β_ω$ biṃduṃ $β_2$ binduṃ cett.] bindu $β_ωη_2$ rakṣe $β_2$ ca cett.] tu $β_2ε_2η_1$ pra° $δ_3$ rakṣayet cett.] rakşayan β_{ω} tamınnayet δ_1 °pālayet δ_3 yogavit β_2 90c medhrenā cett.] medhrena $\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_3$ meḍhrā γ_1 meḍhrām ā η_2 karṣayed cett.] karṣayad β_ω kuṃcayed η_2 90d yogataḥ $\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1$] yogavān $\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ yogavit $\eta_2\chi$ pāṭavāt $\alpha_2\beta_2$ 91b dhanyānāṃ cett.] dhīrāṇāṃ χ $\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3\epsilon_3\eta_1$] śālinam $\beta_\omega\epsilon_2$ sattinām γ_1 darśinām $\eta_2\chi$ 91c sidhyeta $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_1\delta_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$] siddheta γ_2 vai sidhyen (but sidhyeta in mss?) χ siddhet η_2 siddhanām β_2 91d śālinām $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] śālinam ε_2 śīlinām η_2

 $^{^{29}}$ ε_3 has this hemistich after the first half of the next verse.

³⁰ In ε_3 Pāda b and d are transposed; χ has this verse at the end of the Sahajolī section.

अथ सहजोली। (४०७०४)

सहजोली चामरोली वज्रोल्या एव भेदतः।

जलेषु $^{\#}$ भस्म निक्षिप्य द्रग्धगोमयसम्भवं $\parallel ({\rm cd~om.}~\alpha_2~\alpha_3\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1)$ 3.92

वज्रोलीमैथुनादूर्ध्वं स्त्रीपुंसोः स्वाङ्गलेपनम्।

आसीनयोः सुखेनैव मुक्तव्यापारयोः क्षणम् ॥ 3.93

सहजोलिरियं प्रोक्ता श्रद्धेया योगिभिः सदा।

अयं शुभकरो योगो भोगे भुक्तेऽपि मुक्तिदः ॥ (cd om. a2 a3Y1) [cf. 3.101*1cd] 3.94

अथ अमरोली । (Y2\DE3772Y)

पित्तोल्बणत्वात्प्रथमाम्बुधारां विहाय निःसारतयान्त्यधाराम् । निषेव्यते शीतलमध्यधारा

कापालिकैः खण्डमतैरमर्याः ॥ (от. үз)³¹

92 atha sahajolī $\gamma_2\eta_2$] atha sahajolih χ 92a sahajolī $\alpha_2\beta_2\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$] sahajoliś $\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$ marolī $\alpha_2\beta_2\delta_1\delta_3$] cāmaroli $\beta_\omega\epsilon_2$ cāmarolir $\epsilon_3\chi$ vāmarolī η_2 cāmarolī ca η_1 cāmaroliś ca Γ 92b vajrolyā cett.] vajrolyante $\delta_1\delta_3$ vajroli β_2 eva bhedata \mathfrak{h} $\alpha_2\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1$] ekabhedata \mathfrak{h} η_2 bheda ekataḥ χ prakīrtitā δ_1 pracodyate δ_3 92c jaleşu bhasma $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$] jale subhasma χ jale bhasmani δ_3 niksipya $\delta_1 \delta_3 \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ nihksipya γ_2 92d dagdha $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_3 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ sambhavam $\gamma_2\delta_1\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] sambhave δ_3 93a vajrolīmaithunād cett.] va ε_3 93b puṃsoḥ $\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] puṃso $\alpha_2\beta_\omega$ puṃsā γ_1 puṃsau ε_3 puṃsoś dagdham ε₂ jrolimithunād ε₃ **svānga** $\alpha_2 \Gamma \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] svāmgu β_{ω} cāmga $\beta_2 \delta_1 \delta_3$ 93c āsīnayoḥ cett.] anenaiva ε_3 sukhenaiva cett.] mukhenaiva η_2 93d vyāpārayo $\hat{\mu}_2 \Gamma \delta_3 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$] vyāpārayo $\epsilon_2 \eta_2$ vyāpāramo β_{ω} vyāpārala° δ_1 kṣaṇam $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] kṣaṇāt $\Gamma\chi$ 94a sahajolir $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\chi$] sahajolī $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ sahajolīr $\alpha_2 \beta_1 \delta_1$ 94b śraddheyā $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega} \chi$] śraddhayā $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \beta_2 \delta_1 \delta_3 \eta_1$ sādhyeyā η_2 siddhaye ε_3 sevyate $\Gamma \varepsilon_2$ 94d bhoge $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_2$] bhoga $\beta_2 \varepsilon_2 \eta_1 \chi$ yoga δ_3 gap δ_1 $\beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_2$ vukte β_1 vukto χ mukte ε_2 mukti $\delta_1 \delta_3 \eta_1$ voge β_2 'pi muktidah $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$ 95 atha amarolī $\gamma_2 \eta_2$] athāmarolī χ āthamāroļi ε_3 tatrāmarolī vimuktidah $\delta_3 \eta_1$ pradāyakah δ_1 $\delta_1 \delta_3$ 95a pittolbaņatvāt $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{1}\delta_{3}\epsilon_{3}\eta_{1}\chi$] pītvā aņut β_{2} virttaņatvādyat ϵ_{2} vihāya nityām η_{2} vi**prathamāmbu** $\delta_3\eta_1\chi$] prathamām ca $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2$ prathamam ca γ_2 prathamam vi β_{ω} prathamām unm. δ_1 **dhārām** cett.] om. δ_1 95b niḥsāratayāntya $\delta_1 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] niḥsāratapāṃśu β_2 niḥsārabhayāntya δ_3 niḥsāralayāṃtya γ_2 niḥsārayāṃtya β_ω niḥsmāratayāṃtya ϵ_2 95c nişevyate cett.] nişevite β₂ niḥsevyate η₁ nikhyevyate β_ω dhārā β_ωε₂ε₃η₂χ] dhārāṃ $eta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_3 \eta_1$ dhārāḥ δ_1 95d kāpālikaiḥ $eta_\omega \delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_2$] kapālikaiḥ $\gamma_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ kapālakaiḥ eta_2 kāpālike χ khaṇḍamatair $\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1$] khaṇḍamitair ϵ_2 khaṇḍamate $\epsilon_3\chi$ kaṇṭhamaṭhair $\delta_1\delta_3$ kuṇṭhamatair amaryāḥ $\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2$] amaryā β_2 aryā β_ω amedhyā η_2 amedhyā η_1 amedhyām γ_2 'marolī χ $\gamma_2 \eta_2$ 'maroļi ε₃

 $^{^{31}}$ γ_2 seems to have supplied this verse and the next one from a ms belonging to the $\epsilon\text{-group}.$

अमरीं यत्पिबेन्नित्यं नस्यं कुर्वन्* दिने दिने । वज्रोलीं चाभ्यसेत्सेयममरोलीति कथ्यते ॥ ³² (от. Ү1)	3.96
पुंसो बिन्दुं समाकृष्य सम्यगभ्यासपाटवात्। यदि नारी रजो रक्षेद्वज्रोल्या सा हि योगिनी ॥ $_{(om.\ \alpha_2\ \alpha_3)}$	3.97
तस्याः किंचिद्रजो नाशं न गच्छति न संशयः । तस्याः शरीरे नादस्तु बिन्दुतामेव गच्छति ॥ (от. 🗠 🖂 (сd от. ү२)	3.98
स बिन्दुस्तद्रजश्चैव एकीभूय स्वदेहजम्*। वज्रोल्याभ्यासयोगेन सर्वसिद्धिः प्रजायते॥ (от. 🕰 🖂)	3.99
रक्षेदाकुञ्चनेनोर्ध्वं या रजः सा हि योगिनी । $(\alpha_2 \gamma_2 \eta_2 \chi)^{33}$ अतीतानागतं वेत्ति खेचरी च भवेद्भुवम् ॥	3.100

96a amarīm $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_3 \eta_2 \chi$] amarī $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1$ amarim β_2 yat em.] yaḥ $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega} \delta_1 \delta_3 \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$ yo $\gamma_2 \eta_2$ **piben** cett.] piban δ_3 96b nasyam kurvan $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\chi$] nasyam kurvan $\alpha_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ na samkurvan δ_3 nasyam kuryād $\alpha_2\eta_1$ tasya kuryā γ_2 tastham kuryād η_2 96c vajrolīm cā $\delta_1\delta_3$] vajrolī cā **bhyaset seyam** β_{ω}] bhyasec ceyam $\delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_3$ bhyasec $\beta_{\omega} \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ vajrolīm a $\gamma_2 \eta_2 \chi$ vajrolī ka β_2 ceya ε_2 bhyasen nityam η_1 bhyaset satve γ_2 bhyasec chattve η_2 bhyaset samyak χ thyate seyam 96d amarolīti cett.] sāmarolīti χ amarolīm tu ε₃ **kathyate** cett.] kalpayet ε_3 kasyate 97a puṃso $\gamma_1\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] puṃsor $\beta_2\gamma_2$ puṃsāṃ $\beta_\omega\eta_1$ **bindum** cett.] bindu $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_2$ samākṛṣya Γ] samākuñcya cett. 97b pāṭavāt $\beta_2\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_3\chi$] pāṭavān $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ pāravān η_1 97d vajrolyā $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\eta_1\chi$] vajrolyām δ_1 vajrolya δ_3 vajrol β_2 vajrol ε_3 samyoge η_2 om. (3.97d–3.101*1a om. prob. by eye-skip) γ_1 sā hi β_{ω}] saha $\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\varepsilon_2$ sāpi $\delta_1\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$ syāpi δ_3 cāpi 98c tasyāh $\beta_2 \delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] yasyāh ϵ_2 asyāh β_ω om. Γ sarīre cett.] sarīra $\delta_3 \epsilon_3$ om. Γ nādas tu $β_2β_ωδ_3ε_2ε_3η_1$] nādas tat $η_2$ nādātmā $δ_1$ nādas ca χ om. Γ98d bindutām eva $\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] bindus tam eva η_2 vyamjatām eva β_2 om. Γ 99b ekī cett.] hy ekī δ_3 **bhūya** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_3\chi$] bhūyaḥ $\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ bhūtaḥ η_1 bhūta β_1 om. γ_1 svadehajam δ_3 sadehajam δ_1 svadehajaih $\beta_2\eta_2$ svadehajau $\beta_1\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1$ svadehagau χ om. γ_1 $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ vajrolya $\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3\chi$ om. γ_1 99d siddhi $\hat{\mu}$ $\delta_3\eta_2$] siddhi $\beta_\omega\eta_1$ siddhi $\hat{\mu}$ $\beta_1\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\chi$ **prajāyate** β_{ω} η₁η₂] prakurvate $\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_3$ prakurvataḥ $\beta_1\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ prayacchataḥ χ prayacchati om. γ_1 100a rakṣed ākuñcanenordhvaṃ em.] rakṣed ākuṃbhanonordhaṃ α₂ rakṣed ākuñcanād ūrdhvaṃ χ mehenākuñcanād ūrdhvaṃ γ2 meḍhrām ākuṃcanād ūrdhvaṃ η2 rajaḥ sā hi yoginī χ] yā rajaḥ saha yoginī α2 rajasāpi hi yoginaḥ γ2η2 100c atītānāgatam cett.] atītānāgate β_2 atītānāgatim ϵ_3 atītānām gatim ϵ_2 om. γ_1 100d khecarī ca cett.] khecarī (one syllable missing) δ_1 khecarīm la° δ_3 khecaraś ca η_2 om. γ_1 bhaved dhruvam cett.] °bhate dhruvam δ_3 prajāyate γ_2 om. γ_1

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 $^{^{32}}$ In χ the verse 3.122 is found after this

 $^{^{33}}$ γ_2 has this hemistich between 3.96 and 3.97.

देहसिद्धिं च लभते वज्रोल्यभ्यासयोगतः। अयं शमकरो योगो भोगे भुक्तेऽपि मुक्तिदः ॥ [cd in 🛛 🖂 🐧 🐧 3.94cd] 3.101 तस्मादयं साधकाय भोगे भुक्तेऽपि मुक्तिदः ॥ (ab om. 🗠 🖎 (ab om. 🗠 तस्मात्पण्यवतामेव अयं योगः प्रसिध्यति ॥³⁴ (cd om १९ १९४) 3.101*1 अथ शक्तिचालनम्। कटिलाङ्गी कुण्डलिनी भजङ्गी शक्तिरीश्वरी। कण्डल्यरुन्धती चेति शब्दाः पर्यायवाचकाः ॥ (om. 🕫 🔞 3.102 उद्घाटयेत्कपाटं तु यथा कुश्चिकया हठात्। कुण्डलिन्या तथा योगी मोक्षद्वारं विभेदयेत ॥ अ (om. 🕫 🚓 3.103 येन मार्गेण गन्तव्यं ब्रह्मस्थानं निरामयम। मरवेनाच्छाद्य तद्दारं प्रसप्ता परमेश्वरी ॥ (om. 🕫 👊) 3.104

101a ca cett.] tu η_1 om. γ_1 labhate cett.] labhyeta β_2 om. γ_1 **101b vajrolyabhyāsa** $\gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_3 \chi$] 101c śubhakaro α3α4] punyakaro χ 101d bhoge bhukte'pi vajrolyābhyāsa β₂β_ωγ₁ε₂ε₃η₁η₂ muktidah γ] bhāvamukthivimukthidah α₃ bhyāsyayuktasya muktida α₄ 101*1a tasmād ayam $\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] yasmād ayam $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega$ sādhakāya $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$] sādhako'yam η_1 sādhakānām η_2 101*1b bhoge $\beta_1\beta_{\omega}\eta_2$] bhoga $\beta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1$ yoga δ_1 bhukte β_1] bhukti β_{ω} δ_{1pc} ? mukte ϵ_2 mukti $\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$ yukto ϵ_3 yoge β_2 **'pi muktidaḥ** $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$] vimuktidaḥ $\delta_1\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$ 101*1c eva $\beta_2 \Gamma \eta_2$] evam $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ 101*1d ayam yogah $\beta_1 \beta_2 \beta_\omega \Gamma \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$] esa yogah $\delta_1 \delta_3$ yogo'yam η₂ prasidhyati $\beta_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1$] samprasidhyati η_2 102 atha $\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] śakticālanam $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\eta_1\chi$] śaktiyānam γ_1 śakti η_2 om. ε_3 102a kuṭilāṅgī om. $\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_3$ $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Delta\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] kuṃḍalāṅgī $\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ kundalīgī γ_1 102b śaktir īśvarī $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] śaktir aiśvarī $\delta_1\delta_2$ śaktir asvarī γ_1 śaktivardhinī δ_3 **102c kundaly** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ kutily Δ arundhatī cett.] $\bar{a}[ku]mdal\bar{n}_1$ āceti rum° η_2 ceti $\beta_1\eta_1$] veti β_ω vati ϵ_2 caiva ϵ_3 caite $\beta_2\chi$ devī $\Gamma\delta_1\delta_3$ dīvī δ_2 dhaṃti η_2 **102d śabdāḥ paryāyavācakāḥ** cett.] śabdaḥ paryāyavācakaḥ **103a udghāṭayet** cett.] udghāṭayati ε_2 **kapāṭaṃ** cett.] kapālaṃ δ_3 **tu** cett.] om. ε_2 103b kuñcikayā cett.] kamcukayā β_2 103d vibhedayet cett.] prabhedayet γ_1 nirodhayet γ_2 **104a mārgeņa** $β_2β_ω ε_2ε_3η_1η_2χ$] dvāreņa ΓΔ **104c ācchādya** cett.] ākṣādya/ājñādya $δ_1$ āvādya taddvāraṃ $\gamma_1\delta_3\eta_2$] tadvāraṃ $\beta_\omega\gamma_2\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\chi$ taṃ dvāraṃ β_2 nadvāraṃ δ_1 tedvāraṃ δ_2

 $^{^{34}}$ γ_1 has a sub-colophon marking the end of Chap. 3 after this verse (the 100th!). Chap. 4 contains only 29 verses, which are the remaining verses of the usual Chap. 3. Chap. 5 corresponds to the usual Chap. 4.

This verse and the next one are transposed in ε_2 .

कन्द्रिंध्वं कुण्डली शक्तिः सुप्ता मोक्षाय योगिनाम्।	
बन्धनाय च मूढानां यस्तां वेत्ति स योगवित् $ I \rangle_{(om. \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3)}$	3.105
अम्भोधिशैलद्वीपानामाधारः शेषकुण्डली । (ab om. α2 α3χ) अशेषयोगतन्त्राणामाधारः कुण्डली तथा ॥ (cd om. α2 α3η1χ) [cf. 3.1]	3.106
कुण्डली कुटिलाकारा सर्पवत्परिकीर्तिता। सा शक्तिश्वालिता येन स मुक्तो नात्र संशयः॥ (от. 🗘 🗘 🗀 (= 4.77*1]	3.107
गङ्गायमुनयोर्मध्ये बालरण्डा तपस्विनी।	
बलात्कारेण गृह्णीयात्तद्विष्णोः परमं पदम् ॥	3.108
इडा भगवती गङ्गा पिङ्गला यमुना नदी । इडापिङ्गलयोर्मध्ये बालरण्डा सरस्वती ॥ $(\beta_2\beta_\omega Y_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi)$	3.108*
पुच्छं प्रगृह्य भुजर्गी सुप्तामुद्बोधयेदभीः । निद्रां विहाय सा ऋज्वी ऊर्ध्वमुत्तिष्ठते हठात् ॥	3.109

105a kandordhvam $\Gamma \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$] kandordhve (kandho° δ_{1ac}) $\delta_1 \delta_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ kandorddha β_{ω} kamthorddham β_2 kuṇḍovvo δ_2 **śaktiḥ/śaktir** cett.] śakti β_ω **105b suptā** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] buddhā $\Gamma\delta_2\epsilon_2$ baddhā $\delta_1\delta_3$ 105c mūdhānām cett.] mūrkhānām γ_2 106a ambhodhi cett.] om. α_2 $\alpha_3\chi$ śailadvīpānām β_{ω} Γε $_3$ η $_1$ η $_2$] śailordvagānām β_2 plauladvīpānām ε $_2$ dvīpaśailānām Δ om. α $_2$ α $_3$ χ 106b ādhārah cett.] ādharah γ_2 ādhāram ε_2 om. α_2 $\alpha_3 \gamma$ 106c tantrānām cett.] jagatām **106d kuṇḍalī tathā** cett.] kuṇḍalī yathā δ₁ śeṣakuṇḍalī ε₃ om. α₂ α₃η₁χ η_2 om. $\alpha_2 \alpha_3 \eta_1 \chi$ 107a kutilākārā $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_{2}\chi$ kumdilākārā ε_{3} kumdalākārā η_{1} kutilākarī η_{2} 108b bālarandā cett.] bālaraṇḍāṃ χ tapasvinī cett.] tapaśvinī ε2 tapaścānī δ1 tapasvinīm χ sarasvatī 108*1d sarasvatī $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\eta_1\eta_2$] ca kuṇḍalī χ 109a pucchaṃ cett.] pucche $\delta_2\eta_2\chi$ **pragrhya** $β_2β_ωΓΔε_2η_2χ$] nigrhya $ε_3$ grhya $η_1$ **bhujagīṃ** $β_2γ_2Δ$] bhujamgī $β_ωγ_1$ bhujamgīṃ η_2 bhujamgīva η_1 illeg. ϵ_2 **109b udbodhayed** $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\delta_1\delta_2\epsilon_3\eta_2$] udbodhayec $\eta_1\chi$ uddyotayed δ_3 udrodhyamed γ_1 illeg. ϵ_2 abhī \mathfrak{h} $\beta_1\Gamma$] abhi \mathfrak{h} ϵ_3 api Δ ca tām $\beta_\omega \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ balāt β_2 illeg. ϵ_2 109c rjvī cett.] rjvīm γ_2 rujvī β_ω rajvī ϵ_2 śaktir χ 109d ūrdhvam/ūrddham $\delta_2\delta_3\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] urddham γ_1 mūrddham $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\delta_1$ kurddham ϵ_2 uttisthate cett.] ākrsyate ϵ_2 haṭhāt cett.] ksanāt β₂

परिस्थिता चैव फणावती सा
प्रातश्च सायं प्रहरार्धमात्रं।
प्रपूर्य सूर्यात्परिधानयुक्तया
प्रगृद्ध नित्यं परिचालनीया।।*(om. \alpha_2 \alpha_3)

वितस्तिप्रमितं दीर्घं विस्तारे चतुरङ्गलम्।
मृदुलं धवलं प्रोक्तं वेष्टनाम्बरलक्षणम्।। [=3.33*5] (om. \alpha_2 \alpha_3)

3.111

36वज्ञासनस्थितो योगी चालयित्वा तु कुण्डलीम्।
कुर्यादनन्तरं भस्तीं कुण्डलीमाशु बोधयेत्।।

3.112

भानोराकुश्चनं कुर्यात्कुण्डलीं चालयेत्ततः।
मृत्युवक्रगतस्थापि तस्य मृत्युभयं कुतः॥

3.113

110a paristhitā caiva $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\epsilon_2$] paristhitasyaiva ϵ_3 paristhitā [sai]va η_1 pretisthitasyaiva β_{ω} avasthitasya η₂ avasthitā caiva χ **phaṇāvatī sā** (kaṇā° γ_1) cett.] phaṇāvatīva sā δ_3 phaṇāryayāmtīyam η_2 110b prātaś ca sāyam cett.] prātas tu sāyam ε_3 sāyam ca prātah δ_2 mātram cett.] rātram $β_ω$ 110c prapūrya cett.] prapūrvva $γ_1$ prasūrya $η_1$ prasārya $β_2η_2$ sūryāt $\beta_1\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] sauryā δ_1 saudhā δ_3 sācāryya β_2 tesau δ_2 ryāṣṇut η_2 paridhāna cett.] paridhāya β_{ω} mavidhāna β_1 vidhāna β_2 **yuktyā** $\beta_1\beta_2\eta_2\chi$] yuktā $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1$ muktā Δ 110d nityam paricālanīyā $\beta_2\chi$] niryāt paricālanīyā $\beta_1\beta_\omega$ niryāt paricālanīyāt ϵ_2 niryātya paricālanīyā unm. ε_3 niyāt* pavicālinī sā γ_1 niryāty avicālinī sā $\gamma_2\Delta$ teyā paricālanīy[ai] η_1 paricālanīyā 111a vitastipramitam dīrgham $\beta_2\Gamma\Delta\eta_2$] vitastipramitam dairghyam $\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2$ vitastipramitadairghyam $\varepsilon_3 \eta_1$ ūrdhyam vitastimātram tu χ 111b vistāre $\gamma_2 \varepsilon_2$ vistāram $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_1 \Delta \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$ 111c mṛdulaṃ cett.] mṛlaṃ δ_1 dhavalaṃ cett.] pavanaṃ δ_3 111d veṣṭanāmbara $\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] vestanāmvala γ_2 vastanāmcara $\gamma_1\epsilon_2$ vastanāmba β_2 vastanām ϵ_2 vestatāmvara β_ω vestitāmbara χ veṣṭanādhāra Δ 112a vajrāsana cett.] vajrāsane $β_2 \chi$ 112b tu $β_2 β_ω Γ Δ ε_2$] ca $ε_3 η_2 \chi$ om. η_1 **112c** ante **kuryād** add. sūryabhedāt $\gamma_1 \delta_2 \delta_3$ (as header δ_3) kuryād $\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] sūryād anantaram cett.] vanara γ_1 sūryāt δ_2 **bhastrīm** $\varepsilon_3\eta_2$] bhastrī $\gamma_1\Delta$ $\Gamma \delta_1 \delta_3 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3$ tathā δ_2 bhasrī γ_2 bhastri $\beta_\omega \varepsilon_2$ bhastrām $\beta_2 \chi$ illeg. η_1 om. δ_2 112d kuṇḍalīm āśu bodhayet cett.] **113a bhānor** cett.] om. δ_2 **ākuñcanam kuryāt** cett.] ākuñcanam pu(?)ryāt δ_1 ākuṃcanaivaṃ η_1 ākuṃcanenaiva η_2 om. δ_2 113b cālayet cett.] bodhayet α_1 tataḥ cett.] 113c mrtyu cett.] mrtyor η_2 vaktra cett.] vaktram β_{ω}

³⁶ y has 3.64 before this verse.

नासादक्षिणमार्गवाहिपवनो प्राणेऽतिदीर्घिकृते
चन्द्राम्भःपरिपूरितामृततनुः प्राग्घण्टिकायास्तथा।
सिश्चन्कालविशालविह्ववशगान्भूरन्ध्रनाडीगणांस्तत्कायं कुरुते पुनर्नवतरं जीर्णद्रुमस्कन्धवत्।।*(οm. α1)³7 3.114
कुण्डलीं चालियत्वा तु कुर्याद्धस्तीं विशेषतः।
एवमभ्यस्यतो नित्यं यमिनः शङ्कते यमः॥ (οm. α1) 3.115
तदाभ्यसेत्सूर्यभेदमुज्जायीं चापि शीतलीम्।
एवमभ्यासयुक्तस्य यमस्तु यमिनः कुतः॥ (οm. α1χ) 3.116
महूर्तद्वयपर्यन्तं निर्भरं चालनादसौ।
ऊर्ध्वमाकृष्यते किंचित् सुषुम्णागतकुण्डली॥ (сd от. Δ) 3.117

114a dakşinamārgavāhi $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_2 \chi$ daksinavāhimārga β_2 daksinavartmavāhi $\delta_2 \delta_3$ paścimavartmavāhi δ_1 da..na[vā]..mārgeṇa η_1 pavano $\beta_2\gamma_2\Delta$] pavanot ϵ_3 pavanāt $\beta_1\beta_\omega\epsilon_2\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ pa**prāne** γ_1] prāno $\beta_1\beta_{00}\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ ghrāne $\beta_2\gamma_2\delta_2\delta_3$ ghrāno δ_1 'tidīrghīkrte *em.*] 'tidīrghīkṛtaś $\beta_{\omega}\delta_{2}$ $\epsilon_{3}\eta_{1}\chi$ 'tidīrghīkṛteś γ_{2} tidīrghākṛtiś $\epsilon_{2}\eta_{2}$ tidīrghākṛtaś γ_{1} tirghīkṛtiś (°kṛtaś pc?) δ₁ na dīrghīkṛtaḥ β₂ ca dīrghīkṛtaś δ₃ 114b candrāmbhaḥ β₂ε₃η₁η₂] candrābhaḥ Γχ candrāmtah Δ camdrāmgāt β_{ω} camdrād[vā] ϵ_2 paripūritāmrtatanuh $\beta_2 \Gamma \varepsilon_2 \eta_2 \chi$ paripūrnatāmrtatanuḥ $arepsilon_3$ paripūritāmṛtyutanuḥ eta_ω paripūritā...... η_1 paripūrya pūritatanuḥ Δ **prāg** cett.] tathā $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1\delta_1\delta_2\varepsilon_2\eta_2$] tataḥ $\delta_3\chi$ tadā γ_2 sadā ε_3 illeg. η_1 114c siñcan em. (= Amaraughaśāsana)] chindan $\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ chinnat $\beta_\omega\eta_2$ chittvā χ chaṃdaḥ β_2 bhindan $\gamma_2\Delta$ bhidan γ_1 vahni cett.] pāśa $ε_3$ om. $γ_1$ vaśagān $β_ω γ_2 δ_2 η_1$] vaśagāt $η_2$ vaśagā $δ_1 δ_3 ε_3$ vaśanān ε_2 vaśagam χ pavanān β_2 **bhrū** cett.] bhū ε_3 tū γ_1 bhṛṃ β_ω prāg η_2 **gaṇān/gaṇāṃs** cett.] gaṇāt η_2 gataṃ χ 114d tat $\beta_2 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_2 \chi$] taṃ $\beta_1 \beta_\omega \Gamma \Delta \eta_1$ jīrṇa $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \gamma_2 \delta_1 \delta_2$] jīrṇaṃ $\delta_3 \epsilon_2$ chinna $\eta_2 \chi$ chinna ϕ_3 kṛnta η_1 bhasma γ_1 115a °tvā tu $\gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_2 \chi$] °tvācca γ_1 °tvātha $\beta_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_2$ °tvādhaḥ βω illeg. η1 115b kuryād bhastrīm $\delta_2\delta_3\varepsilon_3\eta_1$ kuryād bhastrī $\beta_{\omega}\delta_1\varepsilon_2$ kuryād bhastrām $η_2$ bhasrī kuryād Γ bhastrāṃ kuryād $β_2χ$ 115c abhyasyato $η_2χ$] abhyasyatā $β_ω$ abhyasato $δ_3ε_3$ abhyāsato $\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\delta_2\varepsilon_2$ syat. η_1 115d yaminaḥ śaṅkate yamaḥ cett.] yamino yamabhīḥ ku-116a tadābhyaset $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\delta_{2}\varepsilon_{2}\eta_{1}$] tadābhyasyet η_{2} tad abhyaset $\beta_{2}\delta_{1}\varepsilon_{3}$ tam abhyaset δ_{3} sūryabhedam cett.] sūryabhede ε_3 sūryabījam δ_3 116b ujjāyīm $\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\delta_2\delta_3\eta_1\eta_2$] ujjāī ε_2 **cāpi** cett.] vāpi ε_3 [vā].. η_1 api δ_1 116c yuktasya cett.] yogena ujjāyām ε_3 ujrākhyām δ_1 116d yamas tu $\Gamma\Delta$] śramas tu ε_3 śamino $\varepsilon_2\eta_1$ śamano $\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_2$ yaminaḥ cett.] yaminaṃ η_2 **117b nirbharam** $\Gamma\Delta$] nirbhayaś $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_3$ nirbhayaṃś ϵ_2 nirbhayaṃ $\eta_1\eta_2\chi$ asau $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] calanād asau Δ vā diśodiśa η_2 117c ākṛṣyate cett.] ākṛte ε_3 om. 117d susumnāgatakundalī β₂Γε₃] susumnā kundalīgatā α₂ε₂ susumnā kumdalīgatah α₁ suşumnām kumdalīgatām eta_1 suşumnām kundalī gatā eta_ω suşumnāyām samudgatā χ suşumnāyāh samuddhrtah η_2 om. $\Delta \eta_1$

 $^{^{37}}$ In χ this verse is found after 3.121 together with the next one and has no commentary.

तेन कुण्डलिनी तस्याः सुषुम्णायाः समुद्धृता । जहाति तस्मात्प्राणोऽयं सुषुम्णां व्रजति स्वतः ॥ (от. Δ)	3.118
तस्मात्संचालयेन्नित्यं शब्दगर्भा*मरुन्धतीम् । तस्याः संचालनेनैव योगी रोगैः प्रमुच्यते ॥ (om. △)	3.119
येन संचालिता शक्तिः स योगी सिद्धिभाजनम् । किमत्र बहुनोक्तेन कालं जयति लीलया ॥ (от. Д)	3.120
ब्रह्मचर्यरतस्यैव नित्यं हितमिताशिनः । मण्डलाद् दृश्यते सिद्धिः कुण्डल्यभ्यासयोगतः ॥ (от. α_1)	3.121
अभ्यासनिःसृतां चान्द्रीं विभूत्या सह मिश्रयेत्। तद्भारणं तत्तमाङ्गे दिव्यदृष्टिपदायकम् ॥ (om Ax)38	3 122

118a tena kundalinī tasyāh $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] om. η_1 118b samuddhṛtā $\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\epsilon_{2}\epsilon_{3}\eta_{1}\eta_{2}$ samudbhutā α_1 mukham dhruvam $\beta_1\beta_2\chi$ 118c jahāti cett.] na yāti η_2 $\varepsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] svanah $\alpha_1\beta_1\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2$ svayam $\beta_2\Gamma$ niścalah η_2 119a tasmāt $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] kasmāt γ_1 119b śabdagarbhām $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$] śabdagamdhām α_1 śambhugarbhām $\Gamma \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3$ sukhasuptām χ susasuptām η_2 illeg. η_1 arundhatīm cett. sarasvatīm β_2 119c tasyāh $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\epsilon_3\chi$ tasamcālanenaiva $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\chi$] samcālanenāśu $\Gamma \varepsilon_3$ samcālayenāśu syām η₂ yasyāḥ Γε₂ [ya].. η₁ $\epsilon_2\eta_2$ lanen... η_1 119d rogaiḥ/rogair $\alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2\epsilon_2\epsilon_3\eta_1\chi$] [r]. .air γ_1 rogoḥ β_ω rogāt η_2 pramucyate $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] vimucyate $\Gamma\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ 120a samcālitā $\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_1\epsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] samcalitā ϵ_2 samcalatā α₁ sa cālitā γ₂ **120b** siddhi $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2\chi$] mukti Γ **bhājanam** cett.] bhājanah β_2 .. janah η_1 **120d jayati** cett.] vrajati η_2 **121a brahmacaryaratasyaiva** $\Delta \eta_1 \chi$] brahmacarye ca tasyaiva γ₂ brahmacatasyaiva γ₁ brahmacaryaratas caiva ε₂ brahmacaryavratasyaiva $\beta_{\omega} \varepsilon_3$ brahmacaryavratam β_2 brahmadharmaratasyaiva η_2 121b hitamitāśina $\gamma_2 \delta_3 \chi$ hitamitāśanah $\beta_{\omega}\gamma_1\delta_1\epsilon_2$ hitamitāśanam β_2 hitamitāśanaih ϵ_3 mitahitāśinah (°śanah δ_{2pc}) $\delta_2\eta_2$ illeg. **121c** maṇḍalād $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \chi$] maṇḍalā $\beta_\omega \gamma_1 \eta_2$ maṇḍalī δ_1 illeg. η_1 **121d** kuṇḍalya $β_2 γ_2 ε_3 χ$] kuṇḍalyā $β_ω δ_1 δ_3 ε_2 η_2$ kuṇḍalā $δ_2$ kuṇḍali $γ_1$ illeg. $η_1$ yogataḥ $β_2 Γ Δ η_1 η_2$] yoginaḥ β_{ω} ε₂ε₃χ **122a abhyāsa** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\Gamma$ ε₂ε₃η₁] abhyāsān χ abhyāsā η₂ **niḥṣṛtāṃ** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}$ ε₃χ] niḥṣṛṭā η_1 niḥṣrṭtāṃ η_2 niṣṛṭā α_1 nibhṛṭāṃ ε_2 sahiṭaṃ Γ **cāndrīṃ** $\alpha_1\beta_2\varepsilon_2\eta_2\chi$] cāndrī $\beta_\omega\varepsilon_3\eta_1$ 122b miśrayet $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2 \chi$] miśritām $\beta_2 \beta_{\omega}$ miśritam α_1 micchayet γ_1 mūrchayet **122c taddhāraṇaṃ** $\beta_2 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3$] taddhāraṇā Γ tadvāraṇaṃ β_{ω} tad[v/dh].... η_1 tad dhārayed Υ_2 α_1 tām dhārayed η_2 dhārayed χ **tūttamāṅge** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ cottamāṅge γ_2 cottamāṅga γ_1 uttamānge $\alpha_1\eta_2$ uttamāngesu χ illeg. η_1 122d divya cett.] dīrgha $\alpha_3\beta_2\beta_\omega$ dṛṣṭipradāyakam $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1$] dṛṣtipradāyinī Γ dṛṣtipradāyinīm η_2 dṛṣtih prajāyate η_1

 $^{^{38}}$ χ has this verse in the Vajrolī section, immediately after 3.96.

द्वासप्तितसहस्राणा नाडींना मलशोधनं। कुतः प्रक्षालनोपायः कुण्डल्यभ्यासतो विना॥ (οт. αιβω)	3.123
इति शक्तिचालनम् । (ε₂ε₃η₁η₂)	
इति मुद्रा दश प्रोक्ता आदिनाथेन शम्भुना । एकैका तासु यमिनां महासिद्धिप्रदायिनी ॥³	3.124
राजयोगं विना पृथ्वी राजयोगं विना निशा। राजयोगं विना मुद्रा विचित्रापि न राजते॥	3.125
मारुतस्य विधिं सर्वं मनोयुक्तं समभ्यसेत्। इतरत्र न कर्तव्या मनोवृत्तिर्मनीषिणा॥	3.126
खिलापि* मध्यमा नाडी दृढाभ्यासेन योगिनाम् । आसनप्राणसंयाममुद्राभिः सरला भवेत् ॥	3.127

123a dvā $\gamma_1 \delta_1 \delta_3 \chi$] dvi $\beta_2 \gamma_2 \delta_2 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ **123b** śodhane $\eta_2 \chi$] śodhanam $\beta_2 \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ **123c** ku $tah \Delta \varepsilon_3 \chi$] krta ε_2 gudah γ_2 guda $\eta_1 \eta_2$ amtah β_2 om. γ_1 prakṣālanopāyah $\gamma_2 \Delta \varepsilon_3 \eta_2 \chi$] °pāyam $\epsilon_2 \eta_1$ prakṣālano vāyuḥ β_2 om. γ_1 123d kuṇḍalyabhyāsato vinā γ_2] kuṇḍalyābhyāsato vinā $\gamma_1\Delta$ kuṇḍalyabhyāsanād ṛte $\beta_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$ kuṇḍalyabhyasanād ṛte χ kuṇḍalyabhyāsa iṣyate η_2 ku [bhyā] .. [mā] ... η_1 124a daśa cett.] dabhā α_1 nava Δ 124c ekaikā tāsu $\alpha_1\delta_2\delta_3\chi$] ekaikatāsu ε_2 ekaiva tāsu δ_1 ekaikāpi su° unm. Γ karaņe sarva ε_3 kāraņe sarva η_2 kāraņaņ sarva $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ ka... sarva η_1 **yaminām** $\alpha_1\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_2\chi$ siddhānām $\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ siddhīnām $\beta_2\beta_\omega$ 124d mahāsid**dhipradāyinī** $\alpha_1 \Gamma \Delta \epsilon_2 \chi$] ekaikāpi ksamaiva sā $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ (η_1 partly illegible) **125a pṛthvī** cett.] prthvīm η_2 siddhī ε_3 vrddhir ε_2 125b niśā cett.] niśām η_2 nyathā γ_1 125d rājate cett.] śob-**126a mārutasya vidhiṃ** cett.] mārutābhyasanam $\varepsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$ sarvam cett.] sarvām β_2 sarve α_1 siddhim $\delta_2\delta_3$ kimcin η_2 126b samabhyaset cett.] samācaret $\eta_1\eta_2$ 126d manīṣiṇā $\alpha_1\beta_2\Gamma\delta_1\epsilon_3\eta_2\chi$] manīṣiṇām $\beta_\omega\delta_2\delta_3\epsilon_2$... [nī] .. η_1 **127a khilāpi** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\Delta$] sthirāpi γ_1 calāpi $\epsilon_2\epsilon_3$ iyam tu χ vināpi $\eta_1\eta_2$ **madhyamā** cett.] madhyamām η_2 illeg. η_1 **nāḍī** cett.] ...dīm η_1 127b yoginām cett.] yoginā β_2 yoginam β_ω yoginah η_2 127c āsana $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\delta_1\delta_2\eta_2\chi$] āsanam $\Gamma\delta_3 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ saṃyāma $\alpha_1 \gamma_1 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \chi$] saṃyama β_ω saṃyāmair $\beta_2 \delta_2 \delta_3$ saṃyāmai $\gamma_2 \delta_1$ saṃyamair η_2 127d saralā cett.] na calā δ_1 sabalā ϵ_3 śavalā ϵ_2

 $^{^{39}}$ Verse order of $\chi \! : 3.127 \rightarrow 3.128 \rightarrow 3.125 \rightarrow 3.126 \rightarrow 3.124$

उपासने विनिद्राणां राजयोगः समुद्रकः ।* रुद्राणी सा परा मुद्रा भद्रां सिद्धिं प्रयच्छति ॥ (om. हः)

3.128

उपदेशं हि मुद्राणां यो धत्ते सांप्रदायिकम् । स एवास्तु गुरुः स्वामी साक्षादीश्वर एव सः ॥ $_{(om. \ \alpha_1)}$

3.129

तस्य वाक्यपरो भूत्वा योऽभ्यस्यति समाहितः । अणिमादिगणैश्वर्यं जायते कालवञ्चनम् ॥ (om. 🌣 काल

3.130

इति स्वात्मारामयोगीन्द्रविरचितायां हठपदीपिकायां तृतीयोपदेशः॥ ३ ॥

128a upāsane α_1] upāsanaṃ Γ upāsana $\delta_1\delta_3$ tathāsana δ_2 abhyāse.. η_1 abhyāseṣu $\beta_2\beta_\omega\epsilon_3$ abhyāsena η_2 abhyāse tu χ vinidrāṇāṃ cett.] hi mudrāṇāṃ η_2 128b rājayogaḥ $\Gamma\Delta$] rājayoga $\alpha_1\alpha_2\alpha_3$ anuddhṛta η_1 anuddhata ϵ_3 anudbhūta β_2 anudruta β_1 manudṛta β_{ω} mano dhṛtvā **samudrakah** γ_2] samudravat $\alpha_1\alpha_3$ samudbhavān α_2 samūcakah γ_1 samāhγ tad udeti η₂ nakah δ_1 samahnakah δ_3 samāhakah δ_2 samādhinām $\beta_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1$ samādhinā $\eta_2 \chi$ samādhisu $\beta_1 \beta_{\omega}$ **128c rudrāņī** $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\Gamma\Delta\varepsilon_3\chi$] mudrāņām $\eta_1\eta_2$ sā $\Gamma\Delta$] cā $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$ vā χ 128d bhadrām cett.] bhavām γ_1 sadā α_1 prayacchati cett.] prayaksati δ_1 129a upadeśam cett.] upadeśe η_1 upadeśo ε_2 **129b dhatte** $\beta_2\beta_{\omega}\gamma_2\Delta\varepsilon_2\eta_2$ datte $\varepsilon_3\gamma$ dartte γ_1 ... [tte] η_1 sāmpradāyikam $β_1β_ω Δη_1η_2χ$] °yikāṃ $ε_3$ °yikaḥ Γ °yakaṃ $ε_2$ sāṃpradāyakaḥ $β_2$ 129c evāstu $β_1γ_2 Δε_2η_1$] evastu β_{ω} eva śrī $\varepsilon_3 \eta_2 \chi$ evavāca γ_1 vāstava β_2 129d eva cett. esa ε_2 **130b** yo'bhyasyati $\Delta \varepsilon_3$] yo bhyasati β_2 yo bhyaset su° **130a bhūtvā** $\Gamma \Delta \varepsilon_3 \chi$] nityaṃ $\beta_2 \beta_\omega \varepsilon_2 \eta_2$ γ_1 yo bhyaseta γ_2 yo bhyasena ϵ_2 yomabhyaset β_ω athābhyāsa η_2 mudrābhyāse χ 130c guṇaiśvaryam cett.] guṇaiḥ sārdham ε₃χ **130d jāyate** cett.] labhate $\eta_2 \chi$ vañcanam $\Delta \chi$ vañcanāt Γ vañcakaḥ $\beta_2\beta_\omega \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3\eta_2$ col iti svātmārāma $\gamma_1\eta_1$] iti śrīsvātmārāma β_ω ti śrīsadgurusvātmārāma α₁ ity ātmārāma η₂ iti śrīsahajānamdasamtānacimtāmanisvātmārāma (cimtāmaninā **yogīndra** β_{ω} Γη₂] yogeṃdra α_1 yoginā $\varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3 \eta_1$ om. $\beta_2 \Delta$ ε_3) $\gamma_2 \varepsilon_2 \varepsilon_3$ iti $\beta_2 \Delta$ viracitāvām $\alpha_1\beta_{\omega}\Gamma\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3\eta_1\eta_2$] om. $\beta_2\Delta$ **haṭhapradīpikāyām** $\alpha_1 \beta_{\omega} \gamma_2 \delta_3 \epsilon_2 \epsilon_3 \eta_1 \eta_2$] śrīhaṭhapradīpikāyām $\beta_2\delta_2$ haṭhayogavidyāyāṃ δ_1 om. γ_1 ante **tṛtīyo**° add. mudrāvidhānaṃ ε_3 trtīyopadeśah $\alpha_1\beta_2\beta_\omega\gamma_2\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3$] trtīya upadeśah δ_1 trtīyoyam upadeśah $\delta_2\delta_3$ trtīyo dhyāyah $\eta_1\eta_2$ caturthopadeśa γ₁ (cf. fn. ³⁴)

List of Sigla

α_1	N3	Gr1	one folio is missing (3.87–3.113a)
α_2	J5	Gr1	consulted sporadically
α_3	G4	Gr1	consulted sporadically
$\alpha_2 \ \alpha_3$		Gr1	reconstruction of Gr1 from α_2 and α_3 where α_1 is missing
β_1	P11	Gr4b	consulted only when the reading of β_{2} is unusual from the
			stemmatic point of view
β_2	C6	Gr4b	contaminated with Gr3?
eta_ω	V3	Gr6b	
γ_1	N23	Gr2	
γ_2	J7	Gr2	
δ_1	V19	Gr3	
δ_2	K3	Gr3	the Vajrolī section is lost
δ_3	C7	Gr3	one folio is missing (3.11d-3.19c)
δ_{ω}	J6	Gr6a	collated only for 3.32*1-33*19
ϵ_1	P15	Gr4c	lost after 3.13a
ϵ_2	N19	Gr4c	
ϵ_3	V15	Gr4c	3.49c-3.67 omitted; contaminated with Gr3?
ϵ_4	J11	Gr4c	collated only for 3.49–66 as substitute for ϵ_3
ϵ_{ω}	N26	Gr6c	collated only for 3.32*1-33*19
η_1	V1	Gr4d	
η_2	J10	Gr4d	
η_{ω}	N9	Gr6d	collated only for 3.32*1-33*19
χ	Jyo	Gr4a	Brahmānanda's version, based on the edition 1972