

Azure Backup Cost Calculation

Azure General Parameters

| Parameter | Unit | Default | Description |
|----------------|------|------------|---|
| R_{azure} | % | 100% | Azure Backup Data Reduction (volume size after reduction in percent of original volume) |
| ψ_{stacc} | MB/s | 3,200 MB/s | Maximum throughput of a single Azure blob storage account (25 or 60 Gb/s \Rightarrow 3200 or 7680 MB/s) |

Veeam Infrastructure Parameters

| Parameter | Unit | Default | Description |
|---------------------------|------|----------|--|
| R_{veeam} | % | 50% | Veeam Data Reduction (volume size after reduction in percent of original volume) |
| β_{veeam} | kB | 1024 kB | Veeam blocksize (read at source) |
| ψ_{worker} | MB/s | 125 MB/s | Maximum throughput of a single Veeam worker (depends on worker VM size: 70 - 140 MB/s) |
| $N_{veeam}^{max(VBR)}$ | | 10,000 | Maximum number of protected VMs per Veeam Backup & Replication server |
| $N_{veeam}^{max(appl)}$ | | 3,000 | Maximum number of protected VMs per Veeam Backup for Azure appliance |
| $N_{veeam}^{max(policy)}$ | | 75 | Maximum number of protected VMs per Veeam Backup for Azure policy |
| $J_{veeam}^{max(appl)}$ | | 300 | Maximum number of policies per Veeam Backup for Azure appliance |
| M_{veeam}^{appl} | GB | 32 | Provisioned RAM per Veeam Backup for Azure appliance VM |

Azure Cost Parameters

These depend on chosen region, VM size, storage tier, reserved vs. pay-as-you-go, etc., and should be selectable from Azure cost tables. The given defaults are just examples from *WestEurope* region.

| Parameter | Unit | Default | Description |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| R_{azure} | % | 100% | Azure Backup Data Reduction (volume size after reduction in percent of original volume) |
| $C_{azure}^{storage}$ | \$ per GB per month | (<i>hot RA-GRS payg</i>) 0.04900 \$ | Azure blob storage (used as Veeam backup target) cost per GB per month |
| C_{azure}^{vault} | \$ per GB per month | (<i>RA-GRS</i>) 0.05696 \$ | Azure backup vault (used as Azure backup target) cost per GB per month |
| C_{azure}^{vm} | \$ per hour | (<i>Std_F4s_v2 payg</i>) 0.22700 \$ | Azure VM cost per hour |
| C_{azure}^{snap} | \$ per GB per month | 0.13020 \$ | Azure VM snapshot cost per GB per month |
| $C_{azure}^{backupsnap}$ | \$ per GB per month | 0.14500 \$ | Azure backup snapshot cost per GB per month |
| C_{azure}^{put} | \$ per 10,000 | (<i>hot tier</i>) 0.10800 \$ | Cost of 10,000 Azure storage account API <i>put</i> calls |
| $C_{azure}^{backup(small)}$ | \$ per VM | 5 \$ | Monthly cost of Azure backup service per VM of provisioned size < 50 GB |

| Parameter | Unit | Default | Description |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---------|--|
| $C_{azure}^{backup(medium)}$ | \$ per VM | 10 \$ | Monthly cost of Azure backup service per VM of provisioned size ≥ 50 GB and < 500 GB |
| $C_{azure}^{backup(addon)}$ | \$ per VM per 500 GB | 10 \$ | Monthly add-on cost in steps of 500 GB for Azure backup service per VM of provisioned size ≥ 500 GB |

Note: All Azure cost parameters need to be multiplied by R_{azure} to get the discounted value, **also for Azure services used by the Veeam infrastructure**, given that the provided discount applies to all Azure services!

Veeam Cost Parameters

| Parameter | Unit | Default | Description |
|--|---------------------|----------|--|
| D_{veeam} | % | 30% | Veeam discount percentage |
| C_{veeam}^{list} | \$ per VM per month | 10.85 \$ | VUL list price (= 1.302,00 \$ per 10 VMs per year) |
| $C_{veeam}^{real} =$ $C_{veeam}^{list} \cdot (1 - D_{veeam})$ | \$ per VM per month | 7.60 \$ | Real (i.e. discounted) VUL cost per VM per month |

Main Input variables

| Variable | Unit | Description | Constraints |
|-------------------|-------|---|---|
| Δ_{daily} | % | Daily change rate (average for all workloads) | |
| N_{vm}^{small} | | Number of small VMs < 50 GB | |
| N_{vm}^{medium} | | Number of medium VMs ≥ 50 GB and < 500 GB | |
| N_{vm}^{large} | | Number of large VMs ≥ 500 GB | |
| N_{vm} | | Total number of VMs to be protected | $= N_{vm}^{small} + N_{vm}^{medium} + N_{vm}^{large}$ |
| V_{vm} | GB | Average provisioned size of protected VMs | |
| U_{vm} | % | Average disk utilization of protected VMs | |
| T_{incr} | hours | Time window for incremental backups | |
| R_{days} | days | Retention | |
| N_{snaps} | | Number of daily snapshots to be kept | must be ≥ 2 |
| δ_{isfull} | | Does first Azure native snapshot require full (used) size ? | 1 = yes 0 = no |

Calculation Formulas

General

| Value | | Formula |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Total provisioned source volume of workloads in TB (all VMs) | V_{prov} | $= (N_{vm} \cdot V_{vm}) \div 1024$ |
| Total used source volume (average) of workloads in TB (all VMs) | V_{used} | $= V_{prov} \cdot U_{vm}$ |
| Total snapshot volume in TB (if $\delta_{isfull} = 0$) | V_{snaps} | $= V_{used} \cdot \Delta_{daily} \cdot N_{snaps}$ |
| Total snapshot volume in TB (if $\delta_{isfull} = 1$) | V_{snaps} | $= V_{used} + (V_{used} \cdot \Delta_{daily} \cdot (N_{snaps} - 1))$ |
| \Rightarrow Total snapshot volume in TB as function of δ_{isfull} | $V_{snaps}(\delta_{isfull})$ | $= \left((V_{used} \cdot \Delta_{daily} \cdot N_{snaps}) \cdot (1 - \delta_{isfull}) \right) + \left(\left(V_{used} + (V_{used} \cdot \Delta_{daily} \cdot (N_{snaps} - 1)) \right) \cdot \delta_{isfull} \right)$ |

Azure Backup

| Value | | Formula |
|---|--|--|
| Volume of full backups in TB (all VMs) | V_{azure}^{full} | $= R_{azure} \cdot V_{used}$ |
| Volume of incremental backups in TB (all VMs) | V_{azure}^{incr} | $= V_{azure}^{full} \cdot \Delta_{daily}$ |
| Total backup volume in TB for retention of r days (no GFS, all VMs) | $V_{azure}^{total}(r)$ | $= V_{azure}^{full} + (V_{azure}^{incr} \cdot (r - 1))$ |
| Monthly cost of Azure Backup service for all small VMs < 50 GB | C_{azure}^{small} | $= N_{vm}^{small} \cdot C_{azure}^{backup(small)}$ |
| Monthly cost of Azure Backup service for all medium VMs ≥ 50 GB and < 500 GB | C_{azure}^{medium} | $= N_{vm}^{medium} \cdot C_{azure}^{backup(medium)}$ |
| Monthly cost of Azure Backup service for a single large VM ≥ 500 GB | $C_{azure}^{backup(large)}$ | $= C_{azure}^{backup(addon)} \cdot \text{roundup}(V_{vm}^{large} \div 500\text{GB})$ |
| Monthly cost of Azure Backup service for all large VMs ≥ 500 GB | C_{azure}^{large} | $= N_{vm}^{large} \cdot C_{azure}^{backup(large)}$ |
| Total monthly cost of Azure Backup service for all VMs | $C_{azure}^{service}$ | $= C_{azure}^{small} + C_{azure}^{medium} + C_{azure}^{large}$ |
| Monthly total cost of Azure Backup vault storage for all VMs with retention of r days | $C_{azurevault}^{total}(r)$ | $= V_{azure}^{total}(r) \cdot C_{azure}^{vault} \cdot 1024$ |
| Monthly total cost of Azure Backup snapshots for all VMs | $C_{azure}^{snaptotal}(\delta_{isfull})$ | $= V_{snaps}(\delta_{isfull}) \cdot C_{azure}^{backupsnap} \cdot 1024$ |
| \Rightarrow Total monthly Azure Backup cost | $C_{azure}^{total}(r, \delta_{isfull})$ | $= C_{azure}^{service} + C_{azurevault}^{total}(r) + C_{azure}^{snaptotal}(\delta_{isfull})$ |

Veeam Backup

| Value | | | Formula |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Volume of full backups in TB (all VMs) | V_{veeam}^{full} | = | $R_{veeam} \cdot V_{used}$ |
| Volume of incremental backups in TB (all VMs) | V_{veeam}^{incr} | = | $V_{veeam}^{full} \cdot \Delta_{daily}$ |
| Total backup volume in TB for retention of r days (no GFS, all VMs) | $V_{veeam}^{total}(r)$ | = | $V_{veeam}^{full} + (V_{veeam}^{incr} \cdot (r - 1))$ |
| Throughput required for incremental backup in MB/s | Φ_{incr} | = | $(V_{veeam}^{incr} \cdot 1024^2) \div (T_{incr} \cdot 3600)$ |
| Veeam workers required for incremental backup rounded up to full integer | $N_{workers}$ | = | $\Phi_{incr} \div \psi_{worker}$ |
| Estimated number of API <i>put</i> calls within given r days incrementals only | $A_{put}(r)$ | = | $(r \cdot V_{veeam}^{incr} \cdot 1024^3) \div \beta_{veeam}$ |
| Maximum number of Veeam workers per storage account rounded up to full integer, based on storage account limit given as ψ_{stacc} | $N_{maxworkers}(\psi_{stacc})$ | = | $\psi_{stacc} \div \psi_{worker}$ |
| Number of storage accounts required rounded up to full integer, based on storage account limit given as ψ_{stacc} | $N_{stacc}(\psi_{stacc})$ | = | $\max\left((\Phi_{incr} \div \psi_{stacc}), (N_{workers} \div N_{maxworkers})\right)$ |
| Appliance RAM available for policies in GB (e.g. 28.9 GB for an appliance VM with 32 GB) | M_{veeam}^{pol} | = | $M_{veeam}^{appl} - (M_{veeam}^{appl} \cdot 0.05) - 1.5\text{GB}$ |
| Max number of VBAzure policies per appliance (based on RAM only) | $J_{veeam}^{appl(RAM)}$ | = | $1024 \cdot M_{veeam}^{pol} \div (10 + N_{veeam}^{max(policy)})$ |
| Resulting max number of VBAzure policies per appliance | J_{veeam}^{appl} | = | $\min\left(J_{veeam}^{max(appl)}, J_{veeam}^{appl(RAM)}\right)$ |