

# MEAN Stack Tutorial

## G-Cloud - Ubuntu

- Enter the link to go to google cloud,(Link: <https://cloud.google.com>)
- Create an account
- On the bottom right look for the linked called Console
- On the top nav bar, you would create a **"Project"**
- In the nav bar on the left find **"Compute engine"**
- Once you are there select **"VM Instances"**
- Then click on the **"Create Instance"** icon or the **"Create"** button
- Name the Instance
- Select your **"Region"**
- Change the **"Machine type"** to the smallest one **"f1-micro"**
- For **"Bootdisk"** click the **"Change"** button > select the Operating System:  
**"Ubuntu"** and the Version > **"Ubuntu 18.04 LTS"** click **"Select"**
- For **"Firewall"** select **"Allow HTTP Traffic"** and **"Allow HTTPS Traffic"**
- Then hit **"Create"** and wait
- Once it's done loading, check to see if your instance is running by looking at the green dot with a white checkmark.
- Click **"SSH"** to the right of the instance that you want to use, keep in mind it will take some time to load.
- Continue to Node.js.....

Screenshot for creating an instance on G-Cloud

**Name** ?

Name is permanent

itc134-mean-stack

**Labels** ? (Optional)[+ Add label](#)**Region** ?

Region is permanent

us-west1 (Oregon)

**Zone** ?

Zone is permanent

us-west1-b

**Machine configuration** ?**Machine family**

General-purpose

Memory-optimized

Machine types for common workloads, optimized for cost and flexibility

**Series**

N1

Powered by Intel Skylake CPU platform or one of its predecessors

**Machine type**

f1-micro (1 vCPU, 614 MB memory)



vCPU

1 shared core

Memory

614 MB

[CPU platform and GPU](#)**Container** ?☐ Deploy a container image to this VM instance. [Learn more](#)**Boot disk** ?

New 10 GB standard persistent disk

Image

Ubuntu 18.04 LTS

[Change](#)**Identity and API access** ?**Service account** ?

Compute Engine default service account

**Access scopes** ?

- ☒ Allow default access
- ☐ Allow full access to all Cloud APIs
- ☐ Set access for each API

**Firewall** ?

Add tags and firewall rules to allow specific network traffic from the Internet

- ✓ Allow HTTP traffic
- ✓ Allow HTTPS traffic

# SoftWare

- Once the Command Prompt opens you'll need to install **Node.js**, in the command line Paste these commands:
  - `sudo apt-get update`
  - `sudo apt-get install -y curl apt-transport-https ca-certificates && curl --fail -sSL -o setup-nodejs https://deb.nodesource.com/setup_10.x && sudo bash setup-nodejs && sudo apt-get install -y nodejs build-essential`
- To install **Angular.js**
  - Paste this into the command line.
    - `sudo -i npm install -g @angular/cli`
  - Type "y" or "n" and hit enter when asked to share data with Google (makes no difference for this tutorial)
- To install **Express.js**
  - Create the Directory
    - `mkdir helloworld`
  - Then change the directory to helloworld.
    - `cd helloworld`
  - After that, initialize your node files and your package.json.
    - `npm init`
    - On first prompt (package name): press Enter, on second prompt (version): press Enter, on third prompt (description): press, Enter.
    - When asked for the "entry point" enter: `app.js`
    - When asked for test command: press enter.
    - When asked for git repository: press enter.
    - Keywords: press enter
    - Author: press enter
    - License (ISC): press enter
    - Is this OK? (yes): press enter

```
barbara_pronsato@instance-1:~/helloworld$ npm init
This utility will walk you through creating a package.json file.
It only covers the most common items, and tries to guess sensible defaults.

See `npm help json` for definitive documentation on these fields
and exactly what they do.

Use `npm install <pkg>` afterwards to install a package and
save it as a dependency in the package.json file.

Press ^C at any time to quit.
package name: (helloworld)
version: (1.0.0)
description:
entry point: (index.js) app.js
test command:
git repository:
keywords:
author:
license: (ISC)
About to write to /home/barbara_pronsato/helloworld/package.json:

{
  "name": "helloworld",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "description": "",
  "main": "app.js",
  "scripts": {
    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
  },
  "author": "",
  "license": "ISC"
}

Is this OK? (yes) ☐
```

- Run express.js in your project and directory
  - `npm install express --save`
- Finally, open the nano text editor:
  - `nano app.js`
- Once you're in nano copy and paste this below

```
var express = require('express');
var app = express();
app.get('/', function (req, res) {
  res.send('Hello World!');
});
app.listen(3000, function () {
  console.log('Example app listening on port 3000!');
});
```

- To exit the nano Ctrl+x, then press y and enter
- **MongoDB**
  - Import the public key used by the package management system
    - `wget -qO - https://www.mongodb.org/static/pgp/server-4.2.asc | sudo apt-key add -`
  - Create a list file for MongoDB
    - `echo "deb [ arch=amd64,arm64 ] https://repo.mongodb.org/apt/ubuntu bionic/mongodb-org/4.2 multiverse" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/mongodb-org-4.2.list`
  - Reload local package database
    - `sudo apt-get update`
  - Install MongoDB packages
    - `sudo apt-get install -y mongodb-org`
  - Run MongoDB
    - `sudo systemctl start mongod`
  - To begin using mongo shell
    - `mongo`
  - Type `use mean-stack-db` to create and switch to a new collection named "mean-stack-db".
  - Now you enter data with `db.inventory.insertMany()`;
  - Inside the insertMany() function you must enter data in the **JSON** format, for instance:

```
> db.inventory.insertMany( [
  { "item": "journal", "qty": 25, "size": { "h": 14, "w": 21, "uom": "cm" }, "status": "A" },
  { "item": "notebook", "qty": 50, "size": { "h": 8.5, "w": 11, "uom": "in" }, "status": "A" },
  { "item": "paper", "qty": 100, "size": { "h": 8.5, "w": 11, "uom": "in" }, "status": "D" },
  { "item": "planner", "qty": 75, "size": { "h": 22.85, "w": 30, "uom": "cm" }, "status": "D" },
  { "item": "postcard", "qty": 45, "size": { "h": 10, "w": 15.25, "uom": "cm" }, "status": "A" }
]);
```

- Finally you can search stuff inside your database by creating queries. For instance:

```
> db.inventory.find( { status: "D" } )
```

```
> use mean-db
switched to db mean-db
> db.inventory.find( { status: "D" } )
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5e5ed5b65d96608f1de6a235"), "item" : "paper", "qty" : 100, "size" : { "h" : 8.5, "w" : 11, "uom" : "in" }, "status" : "D" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5e5ed5b65d96608f1de6a236"), "item" : "planner", "qty" : 75, "size" : { "h" : 22.85, "w" : 30, "uom" : "cm" }, "status" : "D" }
>
```

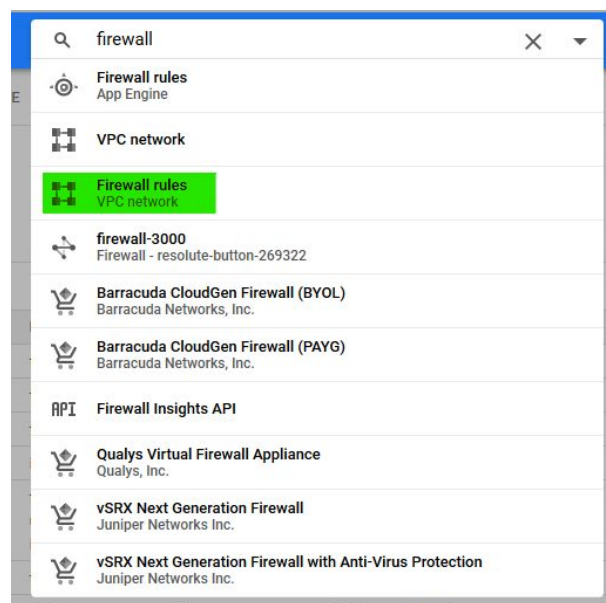
# Firewall Rule

From command line:

“sudo iptables -I INPUT -p tcp --dport 3000 -j ACCEPT”

OR:

- Back in Google Cloud Platform, in the search bar search for: Firewall
- From the results select: Firewall rules



- Click on **“CREATE FIREWALL RULE”**
- Name: **firewall-port-3000**
- Description: **Open port 3000**
- Targets: **All instance in the network**
- Source IP ranges: **0.0.0.0/0**
- Protocols and ports: Click on checkbox: **“tcp”** and in entry box type: **“3000”**
- Click **CREATE** button

[←](#) Create a firewall rule

Name \*

firewall-port-3000

Lowercase letters, numbers, hyphens allowed

Description

Open port 3000

Logs

Turning on firewall logs can generate a large number of logs which can increase costs in Stackdriver. [Learn more](#)

☐ On

☒ Off

Network \*

default

Priority \*

1000

Priority can be 0 - 65535 [Check priority of other firewall rules](#)

Direction of traffic

☒ Ingress

☐ Egress

Action on match

☒ Allow

☐ Deny

Targets

All instances in the network

Source filter

IP ranges

Source IP ranges \*

0.0.0.0/0 for example, 0.0.0.0/0, 192.168.2.0/24

Second source filter

None

Protocols and ports

☐ Allow all

☒ Specified protocols and ports

☒ tcp 3000

☐ udp all

☐ Other protocols  
protocols, comma separated, e.g. ah, sctp

DISABLE RULE

CREATE

CANCEL

## Running the Server



- Back in the GNU Bash Shell run the server with the following command: (if still in the mongo db type `exit`)
  - `node app.js`

If you see this you're good:

```
barbara_pronsato@instance-1:~/helloworld$ node app.js
Example app listening on port 3000!
```

- Back in the Google Cloud Platform go to:
  - Compute Engine
  - Click on VM instances:
  - Type the External IP address into the URL bar, **removing** the “s” from “https” and adding “:3000” to the end
- Example: **http://34.82.213.84:3000**