}

```
Содержание
                                               }
  centroids
                                               void kill_center(int v, int depth) {
  1.1 centroid_decomposition.cpp . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  if (used[v]) {
                                                     return;
  fft
  2.1 fft_advanced_integer.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  comp.clear();
                                                  dfs1(v, v);
  int center = -1;
  for (int x : comp) {
                                                     if (max_cnt[x] <= cnt[v] / 2 && cnt[v] -
  flows
                                                        cnt[x] \leftarrow cnt[v] / 2) {
  center = x;
                                                         break;
  3.3 min_cost_bellman_queue.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
  3.4 \quad \text{min\_cost\_dijkstra.h} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots
  3.5 \ \text{min\_cost\_ford\_bellman.h} \ \dots \dots \dots \dots
                                                  assert(center != -1);
  3.6 min_cost_negative_cycles.h . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  v = center;
                                                  perform actions with center v
  geometry
                                            8
                                                  used[v] = true;
  4.1 halfplane_intersection.cpp ......
                                                  for (int to : g[v]) {
  4.2 segments_and_circles.cpp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                     kill_center(to, depth + 1);
                                            10
  10
  void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
                                                  int n;
  cin >> n;
  used.assign(n, false);
 maths
                                                  cnt.assign(n, 0);
  max_cnt.assign(n, 0);
  kill_center(0, 0);
  6.3 gauss_bitset_inverse.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
  6.4 \quad {\tt gauss\_bitset\_solve\_slu.h} \; \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots
  6.5 gauss_double_inverse.h . . . . . . . . . . . . .
  6.7 \quad \mathtt{miller\_rabin\_test.h} \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \quad \ldots
                                                   fft
  misc
  7.1 ch_trick_with_binary_summation_struct.cpp...
                                            16
                                               2.1 fft_advanced_integer.h
     cht_stl.cpp .................
     tree_bidirectional_dp.h ......
                                               Poly derivative(Poly a) {
  7.4 tree_order_statistics.cpp . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  if (a.empty()) {
                                                     return a:
 numeric
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
   a[i] = a[i] * i % mod;</pre>
  a.erase(a.begin());
  strings
                                                  return a;
  9.3 \quad {\tt palindromes\_on\_subsegment.h} \; \dots \; \dots \; \dots \; \dots
  // returns b(x) = \int_0^x a(t) dt
  9.5 suffix_array.cpp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                               Poly primitive(Poly a) {
  9.6 \quad {\tt suffix\_automaton\_kostroma.h} \; \dots \; \dots \; \dots \; \dots
                                                  if (a.empty()) {
  9.7
     suffix_tree_from_automaton.cpp . . . . . . . . .
                                                     return a;
  for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
10 templates
                                                     a[i] = a[i] * pw(i + 1, mod - 2) % mod;
  a.insert(a.begin(), 0);
11 treap
                                                  return a;
  Poly add(Poly a, const Poly& b) {
    centroids
                                                  a.resize(max(a.size(), b.size()));
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {
                                                     a[i] = (a[i] + b[i]) \% mod;
    centroid_decomposition.cpp
vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                  return a;
vector<int> cnt, max_cnt;
vector<int> comp;
                                               Poly sub(Poly a, const Poly& b) {
void dfs1(int v, int p) {
                                                  a.resize(max(a.size(), b.size()));
   cnt[v] = 1;
max_cnt[v] = 0;
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {
                                                     a[i] = (a[i] + mod - b[i]) \% mod;
   comp.push_back(v);
   for (int to : g[v]) {
                                                  return a;
      if (to == p || used[to]) continue;
      dfs1(to, v);
      max_cnt[v] = max(max_cnt[v], cnt[to]);
                                               Poly normalize(Poly a) {
      cnt[v] += cnt[to];
                                                  while (!a.empty() \&\& a.back() == 0) {
```

a.pop\_back();

```
vector<long long> ans;
    return a;
                                                                   function<void(const Poly&)> fill_ans = [&](const
}
                                                                   → Poly& p) {
                                                                       if ((int)segment_polys.back().size() <= 2) {</pre>
  get such b that a \cdot b = 1 \pmod{x^{prec}}
                                                                            ans.push_back(p.empty() ? 0 : p[0]);
Poly getInversed(Poly a, int prec) {
                                                                            segment_polys.pop_back();
    assert(a[0]);
                                                                            return;
    Poly res = \{pw(a[0], mod - 2)\};
                                                                       segment_polys.pop_back();
    int k = 1;
                                                                       fill_ans(divMod(p,
    while (k < prec) {

    segment_polys.back()).second);
fill_ans(divMod(p,
        k *= 2;
        Poly tmp = multiply(res, Poly({a.begin(),

→ segment_polys.back()).second);
         → a.begin() + min(k, (int)a.size())}));
        for (autok x : tmp) {
                                                                   fill_ans(poly);
            x = x ? mod - x : 0;
                                                                   reverse(all(ans));
        tmp[0] = (tmp[0] + 2) \% mod;
                                                                   return ans;
        res = multiply(tmp, res);
        res.resize(k);
                                                              // get {x1, ..., xn} and {y1, ..., yn}, return such \rightarrow p that p(xi) = yi
    res.resize(prec);
                                                               Poly interpolate(const vector<long long>& xs, const
    return res;
                                                                   vector<long long>& ys) {
}
                                                                   assert(xs.size() == ys.size());
                                                                   if (xs.empty()) {
// get such q and r that a = b * q + r, deg(r) < deg(b)
                                                                       return {0};
pair<Poly, Poly> divMod(Poly a, Poly b) {
    int n = a.size();
    int m = b.size();
                                                                   vector<Poly> segment_polys = getSegmentProducts(xs);
    if (n < m)
                                                                   auto der = derivative(segment_polys.back());
        return {{0}, a};
                                                                   auto coeffs = multipoint(der, xs);
                                                                   for (auto& c : coeffs) {
    reverse(all(a));
                                                                       c = pw(c, mod - 2);
    reverse(all(b));
    auto quotient = multiply(a, getInversed(b, n - m
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < (int)ys.size(); ++i) {
    \rightarrow + 1));
                                                                       coeffs[i] = coeffs[i] * ys[i] % mod;
    quotient.resize(n - m + 1);
    reverse(all(a));
    reverse(all(b));
                                                                   function<Poly()> get_ans = [&]() {
    reverse(all(quotient));
                                                                       Poly res;
    auto remainder = sub(a, multiply(b, quotient));
                                                                       if (segment_polys.back().size() <= 2) {</pre>
    while (!remainder.empty() && remainder.back() ==
                                                                            segment_polys.pop_back();
    → 0) {
                                                                            res = {coeffs.back()};
        remainder.pop_back();
                                                                            coeffs.pop_back();
    }
                                                                       } else {
    return {quotient, remainder};
                                                                            segment_polys.pop_back();
}
                                                                            auto p1 = segment_polys.back();
// this is for multipoint and interpolate functions
                                                                            auto q1 = get_ans();
vector<Poly> getSegmentProducts(const vector<long</pre>
   long>& pts) {
                                                                            auto p2 = segment_polys.back();
    vector<Poly> segment_polys;
                                                                            auto q2 = get_ans();
    function<int(int, int)> fill_polys = [&](int 1,
                                                                            res = add(multiply(p1, q2), multiply(p2,
    \rightarrow int r) {
        if (1 + 1 == r) {
                                                                            \rightarrow q1));
                                                                       }
            segment_polys.push_back({(mod - pts[1])
                % mod, 1});
                                                                       return res;
                                                                   };
            return (int)segment_polys.size() - 1;
        }
                                                                   return normalize(get_ans());
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        int i = fill_polys(1, m);
        int j = fill_polys(m, r);
auto new_poly = multiply(segment_polys[i],
                                                               // takes 1 + b, returns b - b^2/2 + b^3/3 - ... mod

    x^{prec}

                                                               // ofc \tilde{b} must be divisible by x

    segment_polys[j]);

                                                               Poly logarithm(Poly a, int prec) {
        segment_polys.push_back(new_poly);
                                                                   assert(a[0] == 1);
        return (int)segment_polys.size() - 1;
                                                                   auto res = primitive(multiply(derivative(a),
    fill_polys(0, pts.size());
                                                                   \rightarrow getInversed(a, prec)));
                                                                   res.resize(prec);
    return segment_polys;
                                                                   return res;
}
                                                              // returns 1 + a + a^2/2 + a^3/6 + ... \mod x^{prec}
// get p and \{x1, x2, \ldots, xn\}, return \{p(x1),
\rightarrow p(x2), ..., p(xn)}
                                                               // ofc a must be divisible by {	t x}
                                                              Poly exponent(Poly a, int prec) {
vector<long long> multipoint(const Poly& poly, const
                                                                   assert(a[0] == 0);
    vector<long long>& pts) {
    if (pts.empty()) {
                                                                   Poly res = \{1\};
        return {};
                                                                   int^{'}k = 1;
                                                                   while (k < prec) {
                                                                       k *= 2;
    vector<Poly> segment_polys =
    \ \hookrightarrow \ \texttt{getSegmentProducts(pts);}
```

```
Poly tmp = {a.begin(), a.begin() + min(k,
                                                                   if (inverse) {
        tmp[0] += 1;
                                                                       for (auto& x: a) {
                                                                           x /= n;
        tmp = sub(tmp, logarithm(res, k));
                                                                   }
        res = multiply(tmp, res);
        res.resize(k);
    res.resize(prec);
                                                              Poly multiply(Poly a, Poly b) {
                                                                   int n = 1;
    return res;
                                                                   while (n < (int)a.size() || n < (int)b.size()) {
}
                                                                       n *= 2;
                                                                   vector<br/>
vector<br/>
base> ar(n + n), br(n + n);
2.2 fft_double.h
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
const int L = 22;
                                                                       ar[i] = a[i];
const int N = 1 << L;
bool fft_initialized = false;
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                       br[i] = b[i];
using ld = long double;
using base = complex<ld>;
                                                                   fft(ar);
using Poly = vector<ld>;
                                                                   fft(br);
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < n + n; ++i) {
const ld pi = acosl(-1);
                                                                       ar[i] = ar[i] * br[i];
base angles[N + 1];
int bitrev[N]:
                                                                   fft(ar, true);
                                                                   while (!ar.empty() && eq(norm(ar.back()), 0)) {
// don't know why such eps, may be changed
                                                                       ar.pop_back();
const ld eps = 1e-7;
                                                                   a.resize(ar.size());
for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
inline bool eq(ld x, ld y) {
    return abs(x - y) < eps;
                                                                       a[i] = real(ar[i]);
                                                                   return a;
void fft_init() {
    for (int i = 0; i \le N; ++i) {
        angles[i] = {cosl(2 * pi * i / N), sinl(2 * pi * i / N), sinl(2 * pi * i / N)}
                                                              2.3 fft_integer.h

    pi * i / N)};
                                                               const int mod = 998244353;
                                                               const int L = 22;
                                                                                     // can be 23 for 998244353
    for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                                                               const int N = 1 << L;
        int x = i;
                                                              bool fft_initialized = false;
        for (int j = 0; j < L; ++j) {
   bitrev[i] = (bitrev[i] << 1) | (x & 1);</pre>
                                                              using Poly = vector<long long>;
            x >>= 1;
        }
                                                              long long pw(long long a, long long b) {
    }
                                                                   long long res = 1;
                                                                   while (b) {
    fft_initialized = true;
                                                                       if (b & 111) {
                                                                           res = res * a % mod;
inline int revBit(int x, int len) {
                                                                       b >>= 1;
    return bitrev[x] >> (L - len);
                                                                       a = a * a % mod;
                                                                   }
                                                                   return res;
void fft(vector<base>& a, bool inverse = false) {
                                                              }
    assert(fft_initialized &&
    → ''you fucking cunt just write fft_init()'');
                                                               int getRoot() {
    int n = a.size();
                                                                   int root = 1:
    assert(!(n & (n - 1)));
                                 // work only with
                                                                   while (pw(root, 1 << L) != 1 || pw(root, 1 << (L \leftarrow
    \hookrightarrow powers of two
                                                                   \rightarrow -1)) == 1) {
    int l = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                                       ++root;
                                                                   }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                   return root;
        int j = revBit(i, 1);
                                                              }
        if (i < j) {
            swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                              const int root = getRoot();
    }
                                                              long long angles [N + 1];
                                                              int bitrev[N];
    for (int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {
        for (int start = 0; start < n; start += 2 *</pre>
                                                              void fft_init() {
        \hookrightarrow len) {
                                                                   angles[0] = 1;
             for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
                                                                   for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i) {
                 base x = a[start + i], y = a[start +
                                                                       angles[i] = angles[i - 1] * root % mod;
                 \rightarrow len + i];
                 int idx = N / 2 / len * i;
                 base w = y * angles[inverse ? N -
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                                                                       int x = i;
                 \rightarrow idx : idx];
                 a[start + i] = x + w;
                                                                       for (int j = 0; j < L; ++j) {
                 a[start + len + i] = x - w;
                                                                            bitrev[i] = (bitrev[i] << 1) | (x & 1);
            }
                                                                            x >>= 1;
        }
                                                                       }
                                                                   }
```

```
fft_initialized = true;
                                                                  return answer:
}
                                                              const int shift = 15;
inline int revBit(int x, int len) {
    return bitrev[x] >> (L - len);
                                                              const int first_mod = 1 << shift;</pre>
                                                              Poly large_part(const Poly& a) {
void fft(vector<long long>& a, bool inverse = false) {
    assert(fft_initialized &&
                                                                  Poly res(a.size());
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
    → ''you fucking cunt just write fft_init()'');
                                                                       res[i] = a[i] >> shift;
    int n = a.size();
    assert(!(n & (n - 1)));
                                 // work only with
                                                                  return res;
    \hookrightarrow powers of two
                                                              }
    int l = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                              Poly small_part(const Poly& a) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        int j = revBit(i, 1);
                                                                  Poly res(a.size());
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
    res[i] = a[i] & (first_mod - 1);</pre>
        if (i < j) {
            swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                                  return res;
    }
    for (int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {
                                                          Poly add(const Poly& q, const Poly& w) {
        for (int start = 0; start < n; start += 2 *</pre>
                                                                  auto res = q;
            len) {
                                                                  res.resize(max(q.size(), w.size()));
            for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < w.size(); ++i) {
                 long long x = a[start + i], y =
                                                                       res[i] += w[i];
                 → a[start + len + i];
                 int idx = N / 2 / len * i;
                                                                  return res:
                 long long w = angles[inverse ? N -
                 \rightarrow idx : idx];
                 w = w * y \% mod;
                                                              Poly multiply_large(const Poly& a, const Poly& b,
                 a[start + i] = x + w;
                 if (a[start + i] >= mod) {
                                                                  Poly largeA = large_part(a), largeB = large_part(b);
                     a[start + i] -= mod;
                                                                  Poly smallA = small_part(a), smallB = small_part(b);
                                                                  Poly large_mult = multiply(largeA, largeB);
Poly small_mult = multiply(smallA, smallB);
                 a[start + len + i] = x - w;
                 if (a[start + len + i] < 0) {
                                                                  Poly middle_mult = multiply(add(smallA, largeA),
                     a[start + len + i] += mod;

→ add(smallB, largeB));
            }
                                                                  Poly result(large_mult.size());
        }
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < result.size(); ++i) {
   result[i] = ((large_mult[i] * first_mod) %</pre>
                                                                       → mod * first_mod + small_mult[i] +
    if (inverse) {
        int rev_deg = 1;
                                                                                     first_mod * (middle_mult[i] -
        for (int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) {
                                                                                     → large_mult[i]
            rev_deg = (rev_deg % 2) ? ((rev_deg +
                                                                                     \rightarrow mod:
             \rightarrow mod) / 2) : (rev_deg / 2);
                                                                  if (result.size() > k + 1) {
        for (auto& x: a) {
                                                                       result.resize(k + 1);
            x = x * rev_deg % mod;
                                                                  return result;
    }
}
Poly multiply(Poly a, Poly b) {
                                                                   flows
    int n = 1:
    while (n < (int)a.size() || n < (int)b.size()) {</pre>
        n *= 2;
                                                              3.1 dinic.h
                                                              struct Edge {
    a.resize(n + n);
                                                                  int from, to, cap, flow;
    b.resize(n + n);
    fft(a);
    fft(b);
                                                              const int INF = (int)2e9;
    for (int i = 0; i < n + n; ++i) {
        a[i] = a[i] * b[i] % mod;
                                                              struct Dinic {
                                                                  int n;
    fft(a, true);
                                                                  vector<Edge> edges;
    while (!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) {
                                                                  vector<vector<int>> g;
        a.pop_back();
    return a;
                                                                  Dinic(int n) : n(n) {
                                                                       g.resize(n);
}
2.4 fft_mod_10_9_7.h
                                                                  void add_edge(int from, int to, int cap) {
                                                                       Edge e = \{from, to, cap, 0\};
Poly multiply(const Poly& a, const Poly& b) {
                                                                       g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                       edges.push_back(e)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                       e = \{to, from, 0, 0\};
        answer[i] = (li)(res[i].real() + 0.5);
                                                                       g[to].push_back(edges.size());
        answer[i] %= mod;
                                                                       edges.push_back(e);
```

}

j1 = j;

```
}
                                                                           }
    vector<int> d;
    bool bfs(int s, int t) {
                                                                      for (int j = 0; j \le m; ++j) {
        d.assign(n, INF);
                                                                           if (used[j]) {
                                                                               u[p[j]] += delta;
        d[s] = 0;
        queue<int> q;
                                                                               v[j] -= delta;
        q.push(s);
                                                                           }
        while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                           else {
            int v = q.front();
                                                                               minv[j] -= delta;
            q.pop();
            for (auto id : g[v]) {
                 auto e = edges[id];
                                                                      j0 = j1;
                 if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] == INF) {
                                                                  } while (p[j0] != 0);
                     d[e.to] = d[v] + 1;
                                                                  do {
                                                                      int j1 = way[j0];
                     q.push(e.to);
                                                                      p[j0] = p[j1];
            }
                                                                      j0 = j1;
        }
                                                                  } while (j0);
        return d[t] != INF;
                                                              vector < int > ans(n + 1);
                                                              for (int j = 1; j <= m; ++j) {
    ans[p[j]] = j;</pre>
    vector<int> pointer;
    int dfs(int v, int t, int flow_add) {
                                                              int cost = -v[0];
        if (!flow_add) {
            return 0:
                                                              3.3
                                                                   min_cost_bellman_queue.h
        if (v == t) {
            return flow_add;
                                                              using cost_type = li;
        }
                                                              const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
        int added_flow = 0;
                                                              const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
        for (int& i = pointer[v]; i < g[v].size();</pre>
        struct MinCost {
            int id = g[v][i];
                                                                  explicit MinCost(int n) {
            int to = edges[id].to;
                                                                      g.resize(n);
            if (d[to] != d[v] + 1) {
                 continue;
            }
                                                                  struct edge {
            int pushed = dfs(to, t, min(flow_add,
                                                                      int from, to;
                 edges[id].cap - edges[id].flow));
                                                                      int cap;
            if (pushed) {
                                                                      cost_type cost;
                 edges[id].flow += pushed;
edges[id ^ 1].flow -= pushed;
                                                                      int flow;
                 return pushed;
            }
                                                                  vector<edge> edges;
                                                                  vector<vector<int>> g;
        return 0;
                                                                  void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type cost,
                                                                  → int cap) {
    int max_flow(int s, int t) {
                                                                      edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
        int flow = 0;
                                                                      g[from].push_back(edges.size());
        while (bfs(s, t)) {
                                                                      edges.push_back(e);
            pointer.assign(n, 0);
                                                                      edge \bar{e2} = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
            while (int pushed = dfs(s, t, INF)) {
                                                                      g[to].push_back(edges.size());
                 flow += pushed;
                                                                      edges.push_back(e2);
        return flow;
                                                                  pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s, int
                                                                      t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value =
};
                                                                      FLOW_INF) {
                                                                      cost_type cost = 0;
                                                                      int flow = 0;
while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
3.2 hungarian.cpp
                                                                          queue<int> q;
vector<int> u(n + 1), v(m + 1), p(m + 1), way(m + 1);
                                                                          q.push(s);
for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
                                                                           vector<int> in_q(n, 0);
    p[0] = i;
                                                                           in_q[s] = 1;
    int j0 = 0;
                                                                           vector<int> p(n, -1);
    vector<int> minv(m + 1, INF);
                                                                           vector<cost_type> d(n);
    vector<char> used(m + 1, false);
                                                                           d[s] = 0;
                                                                           p[s] = s;
        used[j0] = true;
                                                                           while (!q.empty()) {
        int i0 = p[j0], delta = INF, j1;
                                                                              int v = q.front();
        for (int j = 1; j <= m; ++j) {
    if (!used[j]) {</pre>
                                                                               q.pop();
                                                                               in_q[v] = false;
                 int cur = a[i0][j] - u[i0] - v[j];
                                                                               for (size_t i: g[v]) {
                 if (cur < minv[j]) {</pre>
                                                                                   edge& e = edges[i];
                     minv[j] = cur;
                                                                                   if (e.cap == e.flow || p[e.from]
                     way[j] = j0;
                                                                                    continue;
                 if (minv[j] < delta) {</pre>
                                                                                   if (p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to] >
                     delta = minv[j];
                                                                                    \rightarrow d[e.from] + e.cost) {
```

```
d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                                                                           while (changed) {
                         p[e.to] = i;
                                                                               changed = false;
                         if (!in_q[e.to]) {
                                                                               for (size_t i = 0; i < edges.size();</pre>
                              in_q[e.to] = 1;
                                                                               edge &e = edges[i];
                              q.push(e.to);
                         }
                                                                                   if (e.cap == e.flow || p[e.from]
                     }
                                                                                    }
                                                                                   continue;
if (p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to] >
            }
            if (p[t] == -1)
                                                                                    \rightarrow d[e.from] + e.cost) {
                 break:
                                                                                        d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                                                                                        p[e.to] = i;
            if(d[t] \ge 0 \&\& !need_max_flow) {
                                                                                        changed = true;
                 break;
                                                                               }
            int cur = t;
                                                                           potential = std::move(d);
            int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
            while (cur != s) {
                                                                      while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                 edge& e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                           vector<cost_type> d(n);
                 cur = e.from;
                                                                           vector<int> p(n, -1);
                 maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
            }
                                                                           using queue_type = pair<cost_type, int>;
                                                                           priority_queue<queue_type,</pre>
            flow += maxAdd;
                                                                           \hookrightarrow vector<queue_type>
            cost += d[t] * maxAdd;

→ greater<queue_type>> q;

            cur = t;
            while (cur != s) {
                                                                           q.push(\{0, s\});
                 int id = p[cur];
                 edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
                                                                           while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                               int v = q.top().second;
                 cur = edges[id].from;
                                                                               cost_type oldD = q.top().first;
                                                                               q.pop();
                                                                               if (oldD != d[v])
                                                                                   continue;
        return make_pair(flow, cost);
                                                                               for (int id: g[v]) {
    edge &e = edges[id];
    }
};
                                                                                   if (e.to == s)
                                                                                        continue;
                                                                                   if (e.cap > e.flow) {
3.4 min_cost_dijkstra.h
                                                                                        cost_type newd = d[v] +
                                                                                        \hookrightarrow e.cost +
#define int li
                                                                                        \,\hookrightarrow\,\,\text{potential[e.from]}\ \text{--}
using cost_type = li;
                                                                                            potential[e.to];
                                                                                        if (p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to]
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                                                        \rightarrow > newd) {
                                                                                            d[e.to] = newd;
                                                                                            p[e.to] = id;
struct MinCost {
    explicit MinCost(int n) {
                                                                                            q.push({d[e.to], e.to});
        g.resize(n);
                                                                                   }
                                                                               }
    struct edge {
                                                                           }
        int from, to;
        int cap;
                                                                           if (p[t] == -1) {
        cost_type cost;
                                                                               break;
        int flow;
                                                                           if (d[t] + potential[t] >= 0 &&
    vector<edge> edges;
                                                                           vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                               break:
    void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type cost,
                                                                           int cur = t;
    → int cap) {
        edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
                                                                           int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
        g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                           while (cur != s) {
                                                                               edge &e = edges[p[cur]];
        edges.push_back(e);
        edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
                                                                               cur = e.from;
        g[to].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                               maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
        edges.push_back(e2);
                                                                           flow += maxAdd;
                                                                           cost += (potential[t] + d[t]) * maxAdd;
    pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s, int

→ t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value =
                                                                           cur = t;
    → FLOW_INF) {
                                                                           while (cur != s) {
        cost_type cost = 0;
                                                                               int id = p[cur];
        int flow = 0;
                                                                               edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
        vector<cost_type> potential;
                                                                               edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
                                                                               cur = edges[id].from;
            vector<int> p(n, -1);
            vector<cost_type> d(n);
            d[s] = 0;
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
            p[s] = s;
                                                                               if (i != s && p[i] == -1) {
            bool changed = true;
```

```
potential[i] = COST_INF;
                                                                          flow += maxAdd;
                     potential[i] = min(potential[i]
                                                                          cost += d[t] * maxAdd;
                                                                          cur = t;
                     → + d[i], COST_INF);
                                                                          while(cur != s) {
                                                                               int id = p[cur];
        }
                                                                              edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
        return make_pair(flow, cost);
                                                                               cur = edges[id].from;
};
                                                                      }
                                                                      return make_pair(flow, cost);
      min_cost_ford_bellman.h
                                                             };
using cost_type = li;
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                              3.6 min_cost_negative_cycles.h
struct MinCost {
                                                             using cost_type = int;
    explicit MinCost(int n) {
                                                             const cost_type COST_INF = (cost_type)1e9;
        g.resize(n);
                                                             const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                             struct MinCost {
    struct edge {
                                                                  explicit MinCost(int n) {
        int from, to;
                                                                      g.resize(n);
        int cap;
        cost_type cost;
        int flow;
                                                                  struct edge {
                                                                      int from, to;
                                                                      int cap;
    vector<edge> edges;
                                                                      cost_type cost;
    vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                      int flow;
    void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type cost,
    \rightarrow int cap) {
                                                                  vector<edge> edges;
        edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
                                                                  vector<vector<int>> g;
        g[from].push_back(edges.size());
        edges.push_back(e);
                                                                  void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
                                                                  cur_cost, int cap) {
  edge e = {from, to, cap, cur_cost, 0};
        edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
        g[to].push_back(edges.size());
        edges.push_back(e2);
                                                                      g[from].push_back(edges.size());
    }
                                                                      edges.push_back(e);
                                                                      edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cur\_cost, 0\};
    pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s, int
                                                                      g[to].push_back(edges.size());
        t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value =
                                                                      edges.push_back(e2);
    → FLOW_INF) {
        cost_type cost = 0;
        int flow = 0;
                                                                  pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s, int
        while(flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>

    t, int max_flow_value = FLOW_INF) {

            vector<int> p(n, -1);
                                                                      cost_type cost = 0;
            vector<cost_type> d(n);
                                                                      int flow = 0;
            d[s] = 0;
            p[s] = s;
                                                                      vector<int> p(n);
            bool changed = true;
                                                                      vector<cost_type> d(n, 0);
            while(changed) {
                                                                      vector<int> to_add;
                 changed = false;
                                                                      while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                 for(size_t i = 0; i < edges.size();</pre>
                                                                          p.assign(n, -1);

→ ++i) {
                                                                          d.assign(n, COST_INF);
                     edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                          d[s] = 0;
                     if(e.cap == e.flow || p[e.from]
                                                                          set<pair<cost_type, int>> q;
                     q.insert({0, s});
vector<char> used(n, false);
                         continue;
                     if(p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to] >
                                                                          while (!q.empty()) {
                         d[e.from] + e.cost) {
                                                                               int v = q.begin()->second;
                                                                               q.erase(q.begin());
                         d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                         p[e.to] = i;
                                                                               used[v] = true;
                                                                              for (int i : g[v]) {
    auto& e = edges[i];
                         changed = true;
                     }
                                                                                   if (e.cap == e.flow || used[e.to]) {
                }
                                                                                       continue;
            if(p[t] == -1)
                                                                                   cost_type new_d = d[v] + e.cost;
                 break;
                                                                                   if (d[e.to] > new_d) {
            if(d[t] \ge 0 \&\& !need_max_flow) {
                                                                                       q.erase({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                       \tilde{d}[e.to] = new_d;
                 break;
                                                                                       q.insert({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                       p[e.to] = i;
            int cur = t;
                                                                              }
            int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
            while(cur != s) {
                edge& e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                          if (p[t] == -1) {
                 cur = e.from;
                                                                              return {-1, 0};
                 maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
            }
                                                                          int add_flow = max_flow_value - flow;
```

```
int cur = t;
                                                                                while
    to_add.clear();
                                                                                    (edges[cur_edges.back()].to-
    int add_cost = 0;
                                                                                    != cur) {
    while (cur != s) {
        auto& e = edges[p[cur]];

→ edges_to_add.push_back(cur_edges.)

        add_flow = min(add_flow, e.cap -
                                                                                    cur_edges.pop_back();
        \hookrightarrow e.flow);
                                                                                }
        to_add.push_back(p[cur]);
        cur = e.from;
                                                                                    edges_to_add.push_back(cur_edges.back
        add_cost += e.cost;
                                                                                int add_cost = 0, add_flow = \leftrightarrow
    }
                                                                                \hookrightarrow FLOW_INF;
    assert(add_flow > 0);
                                                                                for (auto e_id : edges_to_add) {
    flow += add_flow;
                                                                                    add_flow = min(add_flow,
    cost += add_flow * add_cost;

    edges[e_id].cap

    for (int x : to_add) {

    edges[e_id].flow);

        edges[x].flow += add_flow;
                                                                                    add_cost +=
        edges[x ^ 1].flow -= add_flow;

    edges[e_id].cost;

                                                                                }
}
                                                                                cost += add_cost * add_flow;
                                                                                assert(add_flow > 0);
int TIMER = 0;
                                                                                assert(add_cost < 0);</pre>
vector<int> used_timer(n, 0);
                                                                                for (auto e\_id : edges_to_add) { edges[e_id].flow += \leftarrow
vector<char> used(n, false);
vector<int> cur_edges;
                                                                                    → add_flow;
edges[e_id ^ 1].flow -=
vector<int> edges_to_add;
while (true) {
                                                                                     → add_flow;
    p.assign(n, -1);
                                                                                }
    d.assign(n, COST_INF);
    bool found = false;
                                                                       }
    int iter = 0;
    for (int st = 0; st < s; ++st) {
                                                                   if (!found) {
        if (d[st] != COST_INF) {
                                                                       break;
             continue:
        ++iter;
                                                               return make_pair(flow, cost);
        d[st] = 0;
                                                          }
        vector<int> q, new_q;
                                                      };
        q.push_back(st);
        for (int it = 0; it < n; ++it) {
             ++TIMER;
                                                      4
                                                           geometry
             int changed = -1;
             for (int v : q) {
                                                      4.1 halfplane_intersection.cpp
                 for (int i: g[v]) {
                     edge &e = edges[i];
                                                      using ld = double;
                     if (e.cap == e.flow)
                                                      const ld eps = 1e-9;
                          continue;
                     cost_type new_d = d[v] +
                                                      struct point {
                          e.cost;
                                                          ld x, y;
                     if (d[e.to] > new_d) {
                          d[e.to] = new_d;
                                                          point(1d x = 0, 1d y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
                          p[e.to] = i;
                          changed = e.to;
                                                          point operator+(const point& p) const { return
                          if (used_timer[e.to]
                                                           \rightarrow point(x + p.x, y + p.y); }
                             != TIMER) {
                                                          point operator-(const point& p) const { return
                              used_timer[e.to]
                                                           \rightarrow point(x - p.x, y - p.y); }
                              \rightarrow = TIMER;
                              \rightarrow new_q.push_back(e.to); point operator*(ld t) const { return point(x *
                                                           \rightarrow t, y * t); }
                          }
                                                          point operator/(ld t) const { return point(x /
                     }
                 }
                                                           \rightarrow t, y / t); }
                                                          point rot() const { return point(-y, x); }
             if (changed == -1) {
                 break;
                                                          ld vprod(const point& p) const { return x * p.y
             sort(all(new_q));
                                                             - y * p.x; }
             q.swap(new_q);
                                                          ld sprod(const point& p) const { return x * p.x
            new_q.clear();
                                                              + y * p.y; }
             if (d[st] < 0) {
                 changed = st;
                                                          int half() const {
                 it = n - 1;
                                                               if (y)
                                                                   return y < -eps;
             if (it == n - 1) {
                                                               else
                 found = true;
                                                                   return x < -eps;
                 int bad_end = changed;
                                                          }
                 used.assign(n, false);
                 int cur = bad_end;
                                                          ld sql() const { return x * x + y * y; }
                 cur_edges.clear();
                                                          ld len() const { return sqrt(sql()); }
                 while (!used[cur]) {
                     used[cur] = true;
                                                          bool operator<(const point& p) const { return</pre>
                     cur_edges.push_back(p[cur]);

→ make_pair(x, y) < make_pair(p.x, p.y); }
</pre>
                     cur = edges[p[cur]].from;
                                                      }:
                 edges_to_add.clear();
                                                      int sign(ld x) {
```

```
return abs(x) > eps ? (x > 0 ? 1 : -1) : 0;
}
                                                                        return abs(result);
                                                                   }
int vecLess(const point& a, const point& b) {
                                                               };
    if (a.half() != b.half())
        return a.half() < b.half() ? 1 : -1;</pre>
                                                               // Returns halfplane through points a and b,
    else {
                                                               // inner part is counter-clockwise from a->b segment
                                                               halfplane byPoints(point a, point b) {
        return sign(a.vprod(b));
                                                                    // rot counter clockwise, n points to area
                                                                       inside halfplane intersection
                                                                   point n = (b - a).rot();
struct halfplane {
                                                                   return halfplane { n.x, n.y, -n.sprod(a) };
    // ax + by + c >= 0
    ld a, b, c;
    int type;
                                                               // empty return polygon/vector denotes empty
                                                                   intersection
                                                               // degenerate intersections are reported as empty
    tuple<ld, ld, ld> get() const { return

→ make_tuple(a, b, c); }
                                                              // CALL sanitizeHalfplanes WITH SORT AND/OR ADD
    bool operator<(const halfplane& rhs) const {</pre>
                                                                → BOUNDING BOX BEFORE USING!

    return get() < rhs.get(); }
</pre>
                                                               polygon getPolygon(const vector<halfplane>& planes) {
                                                                   int l = 0, r = 0;
static vector<halfplane> ans;
    point norm() const { return point(a, b); }
                                                                   ans.clear();
    point intersect(const halfplane& h) const {
                                                                   ans.reserve(planes.size());
        1d x = -c * h.b + b * h.c;
        1d y = a * -h.c + c * h.a;
                                                                   for (int L = 0; L < planes.size();) {</pre>
        ld denum = a * h.b - b * h.a;
                                                                        int R = L + 1;
        return point(x / denum, y / denum);
                                                                        while (R < planes.size() &&
                                                                        → abs(planes[L].norm().vprod(planes[R].norm())
};
                                                                        \rightarrow < eps) ++R;
// does intersection of a and c belong to b?
                                                                        // choose most powerful inequality among
// assumes that a.vprod(c) > 0!
bool interAccepted(const halfplane& a, const
                                                                        \hookrightarrow those with equal normals
                                                                        // assumes that normals are identity!
   halfplane& b, const halfplane& c) {
                                                                        const halfplane& h =
    // Determinant of 3x3 matrix formed by a, b, c
                                                                        → *min_element(planes.begin() + L,
→ planes.begin() + R, [](const halfplane&
→ a, const halfplane& b) { return a.c <</pre>
    return a.a * (b.b * c.c - b.c * c.b) - a.b *
    \rightarrow (b.a * c.c - b.c * c.a) + a.c * (b.a * c.b -
                                                                                                                          \leftarrow
    \rightarrow b.b * c.a) < 0;
                                                                        \rightarrow b.c; \});
                                                                        L = R;
void sanitizeHalfplanes(vector<halfplane>& planes,
                                                                        while (r - 1 > 1 \&\& !interAccepted(ans[r -
    bool doAdd, bool doSort) {
                                                                        \rightarrow 2], h, ans[r - 1])) {
    // Add bouding box
                                                                            ans.pop_back();
    const ld INF = 1e9;
    if (doAdd) {
                                                                            --r;
         planes.push_back(halfplane { 1, 0, INF });
        planes.push_back(halfplane { -1, 0, INF });
        planes.push_back(halfplane { 0, 1, INF });
planes.push_back(halfplane { 0, -1, INF });
                                                                        while (r - 1 > 1 && !interAccepted(ans[1],
                                                                        \rightarrow h, ans[1 + 1])) {
    }
                                                                            ++1;
    // Normalize halfplanes. This is used when
                                                                        // WATCH OUT: you may need to tweak eps here
       selecting strictest of parallel halfplanes
                                                                            for severe problems
    \slash\hspace{-0.05cm} NOT NEEDED if there are no collinear (and not
                                                                        if (r - 1 > 0 \&\& ans[r -
    → antiparallel) normals, but may improve
                                                                           1].norm().vprod(h.norm()) <= -1e-7) {
        precision
                                                                            return polygon();
    for (halfplane& h: planes) {
        ld len = h.norm().len();
        h.a /= len;
                                                                        if (r - 1 < 2 \mid \mid interAccepted(ans[r - 1],
        h.b /= len;
        h.c /= len;
                                                                            ans[1], h)) {
                                                                            ans.push_back(h);
                                                                            r++;
    if (doSort)
        sort(all(planes), [&](halfplane& a,
         → halfplane& b) { return vecLess(a.norm(), ←
                                                                   assert(r == ans.size());
         \rightarrow b.norm()) > 0; });
                                                                    // IF YOU NEED HALFPLANES:
                                                                    // return vector<halfplane>(ans.begin() + 1,
class polygon {

    ans.end());
public:
    vector<point> pts;
                                                                   int n = r - 1;
    polygon(const vector<point>& pts =
                                                                   polygon poly;
    → vector<point>()): pts(pts) {}
                                                                   poly.pts.reserve(n);
    ld getDoubleSquare() const {
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                        poly.pts.push_back(ans[l +
        ld result = 0;
                                                                        \rightarrow i].intersect(ans[1 + (i + 1) % n]));
         int n = pts.size();
         for (int i = 1; i < n - 1; ++i) {
             return poly;
```

```
}
                                                                                                                             if ((p - a).sprod(p - b) \le eps)
                                                                                                                                    ans.push_back(p);
                                                                                                                     }
         segments_and_circles.cpp
                                                                                                                     return ans;
struct point {
       ld x, y;
                                                                                                              vector<point> circleCircleIntersect(point c1, ld r1, __
       point(ld x = 0, ld y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
                                                                                                              \rightarrow point c2, ld r2) {
                                                                                                                     \frac{1}{r_1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{r_2} \frac{1}{r_2} \frac{2}{r_2} \frac{1}{r_2} \frac{2}{r_2} \frac{1}{r_2} \frac{1}{r
       point operator+(const point& p) const { return
        \rightarrow point(x + p.x, y + p.y); }
                                                                                                                      // d^2 - 2dx = r_2^2 - r_1^2
       point operator-(const point& p) const { return
        \rightarrow point(x - p.x, y - p.y); }
                                                                                                                     1d d = (c2 - c1).len();
       point operator*(ld t) const { return point(x *
                                                                                                                     if (d > r1 + r2 + eps || d < abs(r2 - r1) - eps
        \rightarrow t, y * t); }
                                                                                                                      → || abs(d) < eps) return {};</pre>
       point operator/(ld t) const { return point(x /
        \rightarrow t, y / t); }
                                                                                                                     1d x = (d * d - r2 * r2 + r1 * r1) / (2 * d);
                                                                                                                     point dir = (c2 - c1).norm();
       ld vprod(const point& p) const { return x * p.y
         \rightarrow - y * p.x; }
                                                                                                                     ld h = sqrt(max < ld > (r1 * r1 - x * x, 0));
       ld sprod(const point& p) const { return x * p.x
        \rightarrow + y * p.y; }
                                                                                                                     if (h < eps)
                                                                                                                             return { c1 + dir * x };
       point rot() const { return point(-y, x); }
                                                                                                                             return { c1 + dir * x + dir.rot() * h, c1 +
       point norm() const { return *this / len(); }

    dir * x - dir.rot() * h };
       bool valid() const { return isfinite(x); }
                                                                                                             }
       ld len() const { return hypot(x, y); }
       ld sql() const { return x * x + y * y; }
                                                                                                              5
                                                                                                                       graphs
       int half() const {
               if (abs(y) > eps)
                                                                                                              5.1 components.cpp
                      return y < 0;
               else
                                                                                                              struct Graph {
                      return x < -eps;
                                                                                                                     void read() {
       }
                                                                                                                             int m:
};
                                                                                                                             cin >> n >> m;
point invalid(INFINITY, INFINITY);
                                                                                                                             e.resize(n);
point segmentIntersect(point a, point b, point c,
                                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
      point d) {
                                                                                                                                    int u, v;
       b = b - a;
                                                                                                                                    cin >> u >> v;
       d = d - c;
                                                                                                                                    --u: --v:
                                                                                                                                    e[u].push_back(v);
       if (abs(b.vprod(d)) < eps) return invalid;</pre>
                                                                                                                                    e[v].push_back(u);
                                                                                                                             }
        // a + bu = c + dv
       ld u = (c - a).vprod(d) / b.vprod(d);
       1d v = (a - c).vprod(b) / d.vprod(b);
                                                                                                                     /* COMMON PART */
       if (u \ge -eps \&\& v \ge -eps \&\& u \le 1 + eps \&\& v
        \hookrightarrow <= 1 + eps)
                                                                                                                     vector<vector<int>> e;
               return a + b * u;
                                                                                                                     int counter = 1;
       return invalid;
                                                                                                                     vector<int> inTime, minInTime;
                                                                                                                     void dfs(int v, int p = -1) {
vector<point> lineCircleIntersect(point a, point b,
                                                                                                                             minInTime[v] = inTime[v] = counter++;
\rightarrow point c, ld r) {
       point n = (b - a).norm().rot();
                                                                                                                             for (int u: e[v]) {
       \bar{d} = n.sprod(a - c);
                                                                                                                                    if (u == p) continue;
       if (abs(d) > r + eps) return {};
                                                                                                                                    if (!inTime[u]) {
       if (abs(abs(d) - r) < eps)
                                                                                                                                            dfs(u, v);
               return \{c + n * d\};
                                                                                                                                            minInTime[v] = min(minInTime[v],

    minInTime[u]);
       ld x = sqrt(max < ld > (0, r * r - d * d));
       return { c + n * d + n.rot() * x, c + n * d -
                                                                                                                                    else {
        \rightarrow n.rot() * x };
                                                                                                                                           minInTime[v] = min(minInTime[v],

    inTime[u]);

                                                                                                                                    }
vector<point> segmentCircleIntersect(point a, point
                                                                                                                             }
\rightarrow b, point c, ld r) {
       auto pts = lineCircleIntersect(a, b, c, r);
                                                                                                                     vector<char> used;
       vector<point> ans;
                                                                                                                     /* COMPONENTS SEPARATED BY BRIDGES (COLORING) */
       for (point& p: pts) {
               assert(abs((p - c).len() - r) < eps);
               assert(abs((p - a).vprod(b - a)) < eps);</pre>
                                                                                                                     int nColors;
```

```
vector<int> color;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                     if (!inTime[i])
void colorDfs(int v, int curColor) {
    color[v] = curColor;
                                                                         dfs(i);
    for (int u: e[v]) {
                                                                used.assign(n, false);
        if (color[u] != -1) continue;
                                                                colorStack.clear();
                                                                edgeComps.clear();
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        colorDfs(u, minInTime[u] > inTime[v] ?
        \hookrightarrow nColors++ : curColor);
                                                                     if (!used[i]) {
                                                                         assert(colorStack.empty());
    }
}
                                                                         edgeCompDfs(i);
                                                                     }
                                                            }
void findVertexComponents() {
    inTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                        };
    minInTime.assign(n, 0);
    counter = 1;
                                                              directed_mst.cpp
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        if (!inTime[i])
                                                        vector<int> min_edges;
            dfs(i);
                                                        // RETURNS: value of directed MST with root in root
    nColors = 0;
                                                          ids of min egdes are pushed into min_edges
                                                        // WARNING: DO NOT FORGET TO FILL edge.id !!!
    color.assign(n, -1);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                           (algorithm reports these values)
        if (color[i] == -1) {
                                                        li findMst(vector<edge>& edges, int n, int root) {
            colorDfs(i, nColors++);
                                                            li res = 0;
}
                                                            const li INF = 1e18;
                                                            vector minCost(n, INF);
/* COMPONENTS SEPARATED BY JOINTS (EDGE
                                                             vector<int> id_edge(n, -1);

→ COMPONENTS) */

                                                            for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++)</pre>
struct Edge {
                                                                edges[i].local_id = i;
    int u, v;
                                                            for (edge& e: edges) {
                                                                if (e.from == e.to || e.to == root) continue;
// Cactus loops can be parsed as .u of every edge
                                                                if (minCost[e.to] > e.cost) {
vector<vector<Edge>> edgeComps;
                                                                     minCost[e.to] = e.cost;
                                                                     id_edge[e.to] = e.id;
vector<int> colorStack;
void edgeCompDfs(int v, int p = -1) {
                                                            }
    used[v] = true;
                                                            for (int v = 0; v < n; v++)
    for (int u: e[v]) {
                                                                if (v != root) {
                                                                    res += minCost[v];
        if (used[u]) {
            if (inTime[u] < inTime[v] && u != p) {</pre>
                // NOTE: && u != p makes
                                                            vector<edge> zero;
                 → one-edge components contain

→ exactly one edge;

                                                            for (edge& e: edges) {
                // if you need them as two-edge
                                                                if (e.from == e.to || e.to == root) continue;
                 \rightarrow loops, remove this part of
                 \hookrightarrow if condition
                                                                e.cost -= minCost[e.to];
                                                                if (e.cost == 0)
                                                                    zero.push_back(e);

→ edgeComps[colorStack.back()].push_back({v,
                 \hookrightarrow u\});
            }
                                                            vector<vector<tuple<int, int, int>>> zero_to(n), __
            continue;

    zero_to_rev(n);

        }
                                                            for (edge& e: zero) {
                                                                zero_to[e.from].emplace_back(e.to, e.id,
        bool newComp = minInTime[u] >= inTime[v];
                                                                 zero_to_rev[e.to].emplace_back(e.from, e.id, __
        if (newComp) {

    e.local_id);

            colorStack.push_back(edgeComps.size());
            edgeComps.emplace_back();
        }
                                                            vector<char> used(n, false);
                                                            vector<int> out_order;

→ edgeComps[colorStack.back()].push_back({v,
                                                            vector<int> can_min;
           u});
                                                            function<void(int)> dfs = [&](int v) {
        edgeCompDfs(u, v);
                                                                used[v] = true;
                                                                for (auto ed: zero_to[v]) {
        if (newComp) {
                                                                     int u = get<0>(ed);
            colorStack.pop_back();
        }
                                                                     if (!used[u]) {
    }
                                                                         dfs(u);
                                                                         {\tt can\_min.push\_back(get<1>(ed));}
void findEdgeComponents() {
    inTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                                out_order.push_back(v);
    minInTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                            };
    counter = 1;
```

```
dfs(root);
                                                               return res;
bool fail = false;
for (int v = 0; v < n; v++)
                                                           5.3 dominator_tree.h
    if (!used[v]) {
        fail = true;
                                                           struct DominatorTree {
        dfs(v);
                                                               int n;
                                                               int root;
                                                               vector<int> tin, revin;
if (!fail) {
                                                               vector<int> sdom, idom;
    min_edges = can_min;
                                                               vector<vector<int>> g, revg;
    answer += res;
                                                               vector<int> parent;
    return res;
                                                               vector<int> dsu;
                                                               vector<int> min_v;
reverse(all(out_order));
                                                               int cnt = 0;
vector<int> color(n, -1);
                                                               int get(int v) {
                                                                   ++cnt;
int curColor = 0;
                                                                   if (dsu[v] == v) {
                                                                        return v;
function<void(int)> colorDfs = [&](int v) {
    color[v] = curColor;
                                                                   int next_v = get(dsu[v]);
if (sdom[min_v[dsu[v]]] < sdom[min_v[v]]) {</pre>
    for (auto ed: zero_to_rev[v]) {
                                                                        \min_{v[v]} = \min_{v[dsu[v]]};
         int u = get<0>(ed);
         if (color[u] == -1) {
                                                                   dsu[v] = next_v;
             colorDfs(u);
                                                                   return next_v;
             min_edges.push_back(get<2>(ed));
        }
    }
                                                               void merge(int from, int to) {
};
                                                                   dsu[from] = to;
for (int v: out_order) {
    if (color[v] == -1) {
                                                               DominatorTree(int n, int root): n(n),
        colorDfs(v);

    root(root), dsu(n) {
        curColor++;
                                                                   tin.resize(n, -1);
    }
                                                                   revin.resize(n, -1);
}
                                                                   sdom.resize(n);
                                                                   idom.resize(n);
vector<edge> new_edges;
                                                                   g.resize(n);
for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                   revg.resize(n);
    edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                   dsu.resize(n);
    if (e.from == e.to || e.to == root) continue;
                                                                   parent.assign(n, -1);
                                                                   min_v.assign(n, -1);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    if (color[e.to] != color[e.from]) {
         edge new_e = edge { color[e.from],
                                                                        dsu[i] = i;

    color[e.to], e.cost };

                                                                        min_v[i] = i;
        new_e.id = i;
                                                                        sdom[i] = i;
        new_edges.push_back(new_e);
                                                                        idom[i] = i;
    }
                                                                   }
}
answer += res;
                                                               void dfs(int v, vector<vector<int>>& cur_g, int& ←
li mst_res = findMst(new_edges, curColor,
                                                                   timer) {

    color[root]);

                                                                   tin[v] = timer++;
res += mst_res;
                                                                   for (int to : cur_g[v]) {
                                                                        if (tin[to] == -1) {
can_min.clear();
                                                                            dfs(to, cur_g, timer);
parent[tin[to]] = tin[v];
used.assign(n, false);
function<void(int)> sc_dfs = [&](int v) {
                                                                        revg[tin[to]].push_back(tin[v]);
    used[v] = true;
    for (auto ed: zero_to[v]) {
        int u = get<0>(ed);
         if (color[u] == color[v] && !used[u]) {
                                                               vector<int> get_tree(vector<vector<int>> cur_g) {
             assert(get<1>(ed) >= 0);
                                                                   vector<char> used(n, false);
             min_edges.push_back(get<2>(ed));
                                                                   int timer = 0;
             sc_dfs(u);
                                                                   dfs(root, cur_g, timer);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
   if (tin[i] == -1) {</pre>
        }
    }
};
                                                                            continue;
for (int i = 0; i < min_edges.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                        revin[tin[i]] = i;
    int id = min_edges[i];
                                                                        for (int to : cur_g[i]) {
    edge& e = edges[id];
                                                                            g[tin[i]].push_back(tin[to]);
    can_min.push_back(e.id);
    sc_dfs(e.to);
}
                                                                   vector<vector<int>> buckets(n);
                                                                   for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
sc_dfs(root);
                                                                        for (int to : revg[i]) {
                                                                            get(to);
min_edges = can_min;
                                                                            sdom[i] = min(sdom[i], sdom[min_v[to]]);
```

```
int lq = 0, rq = 1;
while (lq != rq) {
            if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                      int v = q[1q++];
                 continue;
                                                                      for (int to: e[v]) {
                                                                          if (base[v] == base[to] || mt[v] == to)
            if (i) {
                                                                              continue;
                 buckets[sdom[i]].push_back(i);
                                                                          if (to==root || (mt[to] != -1 &&
            for (int w : buckets[i]) {
                                                                           \rightarrow p[mt[to]] != -1)) {
                 get(w);
                                                                               int curbase = lca(v, to);
                 int v = min_v[w];
if (sdom[v] == sdom[w]) {
                                                                               forn(i, n) blos[i] = 0;
                                                                               mark_path(v, curbase, to);
                     idom[w] = sdom[w];
                                                                               mark_path(to, curbase, v);
                 } else {
                                                                               forn(i, n) if (blos[base[i]]) {
                     idom[w] = v;
                                                                                   base[i] = curbase;
                                                                                   if (!b[i]) b[i] = 1, q[rq++] = i;
            }
            for (int to : g[i]) {
                                                                          } else if (p[to] == -1) {
                 if (parent[to] == i) {
                                                                              p[to] = v;
                     merge(to, i);
                                                                               if (mt[to] == -1) {
                                                                                   return to;
            }
                                                                               to = mt[to];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                               b[to] = 1;
            if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                               q[rq++] = to;
                 continue;
            if (idom[i] == sdom[i]) {
                                                                      }
                 continue;
                                                                  }
            } else {
                                                                  return -1;
                 idom[i] = idom[idom[i]];
        }
                                                              int matching() {
                                                                  forn(i, n) mt[i] = -1;
                                                                  int res = 0;
        vector<int> res(n, -1);
                                                                  forn(i, n) if (mt[i] == -1) {
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
            if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                      int v = find_path(i);
                 continue;
                                                                      if (v != -1) {
                                                                          ++res;
            res[revin[i]] = revin[idom[i]];
                                                                          while (v != -1) {
                                                                              int pv = p[v], ppv = mt[p[v]];
mt[v] = pv, mt[pv] = v;
        return res;
                                                                               v = ppv;
};
                                                                          }
                                                                      }
                                                                  }
5.4 edmonds_matching.h
                                                                  return res;
// O(N^3)
int n;
vi e[maxn];
                                                              5.5 euler_cycle.h
int mt[maxn], p[maxn], base[maxn], b[maxn], blos[maxn];
int q[maxn];
                                                              struct Edge {
int blca[maxn]; // used for lca
                                                                  int to, id;
int lca(int u, int v) {
   forn(i, n) blca[i] = 0;
                                                              bool usedEdge[maxm];
    while (true) {
                                                              vector<Edge> g[maxn];
        u = base[u];
                                                             int ptr[maxn];
        blca[u] = 1;
        if (mt[u] == -1) break;
                                                              vector<int> cycle;
        u = p[mt[u]];
                                                              void eulerCycle(int u) {
                                                                  while (ptr[u] < sz(g[u]) &&
    while (!blca[base[v]]) {
                                                                  \hookrightarrow usedEdge[g[u][ptr[u]].id])
        v = p[mt[base[v]]];
                                                                      ++ptr[u];
                                                                  if (ptr[u] == sz(g[u]))
    return base[v];
                                                                      return:
}
                                                                  const Edge &e = g[u][ptr[u]];
                                                                  usedEdge[e.id] = true;
void mark_path(int v, int b, int ch) {
                                                                  eulerCycle(e.to);
    while (base[v] != b) {
                                                                  cycle.push_back(e.id);
        blos[base[v]] = blos[base[mt[v]]] = 1;
                                                                  eulerCycle(u);
        p[v] = ch;
        ch = mt[v];
        v = p[mt[v]];
                                                                  maths
}
int find_path(int root) {
                                                              6.1 berlekamp.h
    forn(i, n) {
        base[i] = i;
                                                              vector<int> massey(vector<int> dp) {
        p[i] = -1;
                                                                  //dp.erase(dp.begin(), dp.begin() + 1);
        b[i] = 0;
                                                                  vector<int> C(1, 1);
                                                                  int L = 0;
    b[root] = 1;
                                                                  vector<int> B(1, 1);
    q[0] = root;
                                                                  int b = 1;
```

Matrix b(n);

```
for (int n = 0; n < dp.size(); ++n) {
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
         int d = 0;
                                                                          b[i][i] = 1;
         for (int i = 0; i <= L; ++i) {
             d += C[i] * dp[n - i];
             d \%= mod;
                                                                     int row = 0;
                                                                     for (int col = 0; col < n; ++col) {
             if (d < 0) {
                 d += mod;
                                                                          if (!a[row][col]) {
                                                                              int i = row + 1;
                                                                              while (i < n && !a[i][col]) {
        }
        B.insert(B.begin(), 0);
                                                                                  ++i;
        if (d == 0) {
                                                                              if (i == n) {
             continue;
                                                                                  return {};
                                                                                                // assert(false);
         auto prevC = C;

→ throw PoshelNahuiException();

         if (C.size() < B.size()) {</pre>

→ etc

             C.resize(B.size(), 0);
                                                                              swap(a[i], a[row]);
         int cur_mult = d * binpow(b, mod - 2) % mod;
                                                                              swap(b[i], b[row]);
        for (int i = 0; i < B.size(); ++i) {
   C[i] -= B[i] * cur_mult;</pre>
             C[i] %= mod;
                                                                          for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
             if (C[i] < 0) {
    C[i] += mod;
                                                                              if (a[i][col]) {
                                                                                  a[i] ^= a[row];
b[i] ^= b[row];
         if (2 * L \le n) \{
             b = d;
             L = n - L + 1;
                                                                          ++row;
             B = prevC;
    }
                                                                     for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
                                                                          for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j) {
    if (a[j][i]) {
    return C;
                                                                                  a[j] ^= a[i];
                                                                                  b[j] = b[i];
6.2 crt.h
                                                                          }
inline int inv(int a, int b) {
    return a == 1 ? 1 : b - 111 * inv(b % a, a) * b
    \rightarrow / a % b;
                                                                     return b;
                                                                }
pair<int, int> euc(int a, int b) {
    // returns {x, y} s.t. ax + by = g
                                                                 6.4 gauss_bitset_solve_slu.h
    int g = __gcd(a, b);
a /= g, b /= g;
int x = inv(a, b);
                                                                 const int N = 100;
                                                                using Bs = bitset<N>;
                                                                using Matrix = vector<Bs>;
    int y = (1 - 111 * a * x) / b;
                                                                 Bs solveLinearSystem(Matrix a, Bs b) {
    return {x, y};
}
                                                                     // solves Av = b
                                                                     assert(!a.empty());
                                                                     int n = a.size();
// be careful if the whole base is long long
pair<int, int> crt(const vector<int>& mods,
                                                                     int row = 0;

    vector<int>& rems) {

                                                                     vector<int> cols(n);
    int rem = 0, mod = 1;
                                                                     for (int col = 0; col < N; ++col) {
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)mods.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                          if (row == n) {
        long long g = __gcd(mods[i], mod);
if (rem % g != rems[i] % g) {
                                                                              break;
             return {-1, -1};
                                                                          if (!a[row][col]) {
        }
                                                                              int i = row + 1;
                                                                              while (i < n && !a[i][col]) {
        int k = euc(mod, mods[i]).first * 111 *
                                                                                  ++i;
             (rems[i] - rem + mods[i]) % mods[i];
         if (k < 0) {
                                                                              if (i == n) {
             k += mods[i];
                                                                                  continue;
        rem += mod / g * k;
                                                                              swap(a[i], a[row]);
        mod = mod / g * mods[i];
                                                                              b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
b[row] = b[row] ^ b[i];
b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
    return {rem, mod};
}
6.3 gauss_bitset_inverse.h
                                                                          for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                              if (a[i][col]) {
    a[i] ^= a[row];
const int N = 100;
using Bs = bitset<N>;
                                                                                  b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
using Matrix = vector<Bs>;
                                                                          }
Matrix getInverse(Matrix a) {
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                          cols[row] = col;
    int n = a.size();
                                                                          ++row;
                                                                     }
```

```
6.6 gauss_double_solve_slu.h
    for (int i = row; i < n; ++i) {
        if (b[i]) {
                                                              using Matrix = vector<vector<ld>>;
            return {};
                           // assert(false); throw
             → PoshelNahuiException(); etc
                                                               const ld eps = 1e-6;
    }
                                                               vector<ld> solveLinearSystem(Matrix a, vector<ld> b) {
                                                                    // solves Av = b
    Bs result = {};
                                                                    assert(!a.empty());
    while (row) {
                                                                    int n = a.size(), m = a[0].size();
         --row;
                                                                    assert(n == (int)b.size());
        for (int i = cols[row] + 1; i < N; ++i) {</pre>
            b[row] = b[row] ^ (a[row][i] * result[i]);
                                                                   int row = 0;
                                                                    vector<int> cols(n);
        result[cols[row]] = b[row];
                                                                   for (int col = 0; col < m; ++col) {
   if (row == n) {</pre>
                                                                            break;
    return result;
}
                                                                        if (abs(a[row][col]) < eps) {
                                                                            int i = row + 1;
                                                                            while (i < n \&\& abs(a[i][col]) < eps) {
                                                                                ++i;
      gauss_double_inverse.h
                                                                            if (i == n) {
                                                                                 continue;
using Matrix = vector<vector<ld>>;
                                                                            a[i].swap(a[row]);
const ld eps = 1e-6;
                                                                            swap(b[i], b[row]);
Matrix getInverse(Matrix a) {
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                        for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
    int n = a.size();
                                                                            ld k = a[i][col] / a[row][col];
    assert(n == (int)a[0].size());
                                                                            for (int j = col; j < m; ++j) {
    a[i][j] -= k * a[row][j];</pre>
    Matrix b(n, vector<ld>(n, 0));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                            b[i] = b[row] * k;
        b[i][i] = 1;
                                                                        cols[row] = col;
    int row = 0;
    for (int col = 0; col < n; ++col) {</pre>
         if (abs(a[row][col]) < eps) {
             int i = row + 1;
                                                                   for (int i = row; i < n; ++i) {
             while (i < n && abs(a[i][col]) < eps) {
                                                                        if (abs(b[i]) < eps) {
                 ++i;
                                                                            return {};  // assert(false); throw
                                                                             → PoshelNahuiException(); etc
             if (i == n) {
                 return {};
                                // assert(false);
                                                                   }

→ throw PoshelNahuiException();

→ etc

                                                                    vector<ld> result(m);
                                                                    while (row) {
             a[i].swap(a[row]);
                                                                        --row;
             b[i].swap(b[row]);
                                                                        for (int i = cols[row] + 1; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
        }
                                                                            b[row] -= a[row][i] * result[i];
        for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
    ld k = a[i][col] / a[row][col];</pre>
                                                                        result[cols[row]] = b[row] / a[row][cols[row]];
             for (int j = col; j < n; ++j) {
                 a[i][j] -= k * a[row][j];
                                                                    return result;
             for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
                 b[i][j] -= k * b[row][j];
                                                               6.7 miller_rabin_test.h
        }
                                                               bool millerRabinTest(ll n, ll a) {
        ++row;
                                                                   if (\gcd(n, a) > 1)
    }
                                                                       return false;
                                                                   11 x = n - 1;
                                                                   int 1 = 0;
while (x % 2 == 0) {
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j) {
    ld k = a[j][i] / a[i][i];
    for (int l = 0; l < n; ++l) {
                                                                        x /= 2;
                                                                        ++1;
                 a[i][1] -= a[i][1] * k;
                 b[j][1] -= b[i][1] * k;
                                                                   ll c = binpow(a, x, n);
             }
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) {
                                                                        11 nx = mul(c, c, n);
        ld k = a[i][i];
                                                                        if (nx == 1) {
        for (int l = 0; l < n; ++1) {
                                                                            if (c != 1 && c != n - 1)
            b[i][1] /= k;
                                                                                return false:
                                                                            else
        a[i][i] /= k;
                                                                                return true;
                                                                        c = nx:
    return b;
                                                                    }
                                                                   return c == 1;
```

```
}
                                                                hulls.push_back(Hull());
                                                                hulls.back().append(cur);
                                                                hulls.back().set_size(1);
                                                                while (hulls.size() >= 2 && hulls.back().size()
    misc
                                                                   == hulls[hulls.size() - 2].size()) {
                                                                  for (auto& item : hulls.back().lines) {
     ch_trick_with_binary_summation_struct.cpp
                                                                    hulls[hulls.size() - 2].append(item);
const int INF = (int)1e6;
                                                                  hulls.pop_back();
                                                                  hulls.back().set_size(hulls.back().size() * 2);
struct Line {
  int k;
                                                                hulls.back().build();
  li b;
                                                                ++Size;
  bool operator < (const Line& ot) const {</pre>
    if (k != ot.k) {
                                                              li get_min(li x) {
     return k > ot.k;
                                                                li res = (li)1e18;
                                                                for (auto& vec : hulls) {
    return b < ot.b;</pre>
                                                                  res = min(res, vec.get_min(x));
  li eval(li x) {
                                                                return res;
    return k * 1LL * x + b;
                                                              }
                                                              int size() {
};
                                                                return Size;
double get_intersect(Line& q, Line& w) {
  return (q.b - w.b) / 1.0 / (w.k - q.k);
                                                              void merge_with(Lupa& ot) {
                                                                for (auto& vec : ot.hulls) {
}
                                                                  for (auto& item : vec.lines) {
                                                                    append_line(item);
struct Hull {
  vector<Line> lines;
                                                                  vec.lines.clear();
  vector<double> borders;
                                                                }
  int Size = 0;
  void append(Line cur) {
                                                              void make_swap(Lupa& ot) {
    lines.push_back(cur);
                                                                swap(ot.Size, Size);
                                                                ot.hulls.swap(hulls);
  void set_size(int val) {
    Size = val;
                                                            };
  void build() {
    sort(all(lines));
                                                                  cht_stl.cpp
    borders.clear();
    vector<Line> new_lines;
                                                            const li is_query = -(1LL << 62);</pre>
    for (auto& line : lines) {
      if (!new_lines.empty() && new_lines.back().k
                                                            struct Line {
      \rightarrow == line.k) {
                                                                // mx + b
        continue;
                                                                mutable function<const Line *()> succ;
      while (new_lines.size() > 1 &&

    get_intersect(new_lines[new_lines.size() -
                                                                bool operator<(const Line &rhs) const {</pre>
          2], new_lines.back()) >
                                                                    if (rhs.b != is_query) return m < rhs.m;</pre>
          get_intersect(new_lines.back(), line)) {
                                                                    const Line *s = succ();
        new_lines.pop_back();
                                                                    if (!s) return 0;
        borders.pop_back();
                                                                    li x = rhs.m;
                                                                    return b - s->b < (s->m - m) * x;
      if (new_lines.empty()) {
                                                            };
        borders.push_back(-INF);
      } else {
                                                        using LI = __int128_t; // or long double; long long
         → borders.push_back(get_intersect(new_lines.back(→), if line coords are <= 1e9</p>
        → line)):
                                                            // WARNING: don't try to swap this structure (e.g.
      new_lines.push_back(line);
                                                                in lower to greater):
                                                            // it will make next iterators inconsistent and SIGSEGV
    new_lines.swap(lines);
                                                            struct HullDynamic : public multiset<Line> {
  }
                                                                bool bad(iterator y) {
                                                                    auto z = next(y);
  int size() {
                                                                    if (y == begin()) {
    return Size;
                                                                        if (z == end()) return 0;
                                                                        return y->m == z->m && y->b <= z->b;
  li get_min(li x) {
    int id = (int)(lower_bound(all(borders),
    auto x = prev(y);
                                                                    if (z == end()) return y->m == x->m && y->b
    li res = (li)1e18;
                                                                     \rightarrow <= x->b;
    for (int i = \max(id - 1, 0); i < \min(id + 2, 0)
    return (x->b - y->b) * (LI)(z->m - y->m) >=
     res = min(res, lines[i].eval(x));
                                                                     \rightarrow (y->b - z->b) * (LI)(y->m - x->m);
    }
                                                                }
    return res;
 }
                                                                void insert_line(li m, li b) {
};
                                                                    auto y = insert({m, b});
                                                                    y \rightarrow succ = [=] { return next(y) == end() ? 0}
struct Lupa {
                                                                        : &*next(y); };
  vector<Hull> hulls:
  int Size = 0;
                                                                    if (bad(y)) {
  void append_line(Line cur) {
                                                                        erase(y);
```

```
int new_to_parent = to_parent;
if (j > 0) {
            return:
        while (next(y) != end() && bad(next(y)))
                                                                           new_to_parent = f(pref[j - 1],

    erase(next(y));

                                                                            → new_to_parent);
        while (y != begin() && bad(prev(y)))
        \rightarrow erase(prev(y));
                                                                       if (j < (int)suf.size() - 1) {
                                                                           new_to_parent = f(new_to_parent, suf[j +
                                                                            li getMax(li x) {
        auto l = *lower_bound((Line) {x, is_query});
                                                                       dfsUp(to, new_to_parent);
        return 1.m * x + 1.b;
                                                                   }
                                                              }
};
7.3 tree_bidirectional_dp.h
                                                              7.4 tree_order_statistics.cpp
                                                              #include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
/* For any commutative function f(\{x, y, ..., z\}) =
                                                              #include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
  f(x, f(y, f(..., z)))
                                                              #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 * like sum, min, max, or, xor, and, etc
* calculates in dp[i][j] f(subtree),
                                                              using namespace std;
 * where subtree is a connectivity component of G \
                                                              using namespace __gnu_pbds;
   (i, a[i][j]) with vertex a[i][j]
                                                              using orderedSet = tree<
                                                                   int,
const int N = 222222;
                                                                   null_type,
vector<int> a[N];
                                                                  less<int>,
vector<int> dp[N];
                                                                   rb_tree_tag,
int par[N];
                                                                   tree_order_statistics_node_update
#define data asdf
int data[N];
                                                              int main() {
                                                                  orderedSet X;
inline int f(int x, int y) {
                                                                  X.insert(1);
    return x | y;
                                                                   X.insert(2);
                                                                  X.insert(4);
                                                                   X.insert(8)
int dfsDown(int v) {
                                                                   X.insert(16);
    int res = data[v];
for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                   std::cout << *X.find_by_order(1) << std::endl; // 2
        int to = a[v][i];
                                                                   std::cout << *X.find_by_order(2) << std::endl; // 4
        if (to == par[v]) {
                                                                   std::cout << *X.find_by_order(4) << std::endl; // 16
            continue;
                                                                   std::cout << std::boolalpha <<
                                                                       (end(X)==X.find_by_order(6)) << std::endl;</pre>
        par[to] = v;
        res = f(res, dp[v][i] = dfsDown(to));
                                                                   std::cout << X.order_of_key(-5) << std::endl;</pre>
    return res;
                                                                   std::cout << X.order_of_key(1) << std::endl;</pre>
}
                                                                   std::cout << X.order_of_key(3) << std::endl;</pre>
                                                                   std::cout << X.order_of_key(4) << std::endl;</pre>
void dfsUp(int v, int to_parent = 0) {
                                                                   std::cout << X.order_of_key(400) << std::endl; // 5
    vector<int> pref, suf;
    pref.reserve(a[v].size());
    suf.reserve(a[v].size());
    int j = 0;
                                                                   numeric
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
        int to = a[v][i];
if (to == par[v]) {
                                                                   integration.cpp
            dp[v][i] = to_parent;
                                                              template<typename F>
            continue:
                                                              F integrate(F (*f)(F), F a, F b, int nodes){
                                                                   F d = (b - a)/(nodes + 1);
        pref.push_back(j ? f(pref[j - 1], dp[v][i])
                                                                  F ans = 0;
        \hookrightarrow : dp[v][i]);
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < nodes + 1; i++){
                                                                       FL = a, R = a + d;
    }
                                                                       ans += d*(f(L) + f(R) + 4*f(0.5 * (L + R)))/6;
    j = 0;
                                                                       a = R;
    for (int i = (int)a[v].size() - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
        int to = a[v][i];
                                                                  return ans;
        if (to == par[v]) {
                                                              }
            continue;
        suf.push_back(j ? f(dp[v][i], suf[j - 1]) :
                                                              8.2 simplex.cpp
        \hookrightarrow dp[v][i]);
                                                               //indexes
                                                              //0: constant
    reverse(all(suf));
                                                               //1..N: non-basic variables
                                                               //N+1..B+N+1: basic variables
                                                              template<typename F>
    to_parent = f(to_parent, data[v]);
                                                              class CanonicalSolver{
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                              public:
        int to = a[v][i];
                                                                  static F* solve_feasible(int B, int N, int * lhs,
                                                                       F ** rhs, F * func, F eps){
F * values = new F[B + N + 1];
        if (to == par[v]) {
             continue;
        }
                                                                       memset(values, 0, sizeof(F) * (B + N + 1));
```

```
memcpy(new_rhs[i], rhs[i], (1 + B + N) *
     for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)
          values[lhs[i]] = rhs[i][0];
                                                                                               sizeof(F));
                                                                                    new_rhs[i][1 + B + N] = 1;
     values[0] = 1;
     bool * basis = new bool[B + N + 1];
     memset(basis, 0, sizeof(bool) * (B + N + 1);
                                                                               F * new_func = new F[2 + N + B];
                                                                               memset(new_func, 0, sizeof(F) * (2 + N + B));
new_rhs[pos][1 + N + B] = 0;
for(int j = 0; j < 2 + N + B; j++)
new_rhs[pos][j] = -new_rhs[pos][j];
     while(1){
          int pos = -1;
for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)</pre>
               basis[lhs[i]] = 1;
          for(int i = 1; i < B + N + 1; i++){
    if(basis[i] || func[i] < eps)</pre>
                                                                               new_rhs[pos][lhs[pos]] = 1;
new_lhs[pos] = 1 + N + B;
               continue;
if(pos == -1 || func[i] > func[pos])
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){
                                                                                    if(pos == i)
                    pos = i;
                                                                                         continue;
                                                                                    new_rhs[i][1 + N + B] = 0;
                                                                                    for(int j = 0; j < 1 + N + B; j++)

new_rhs[i][j] += new_rhs[pos][j];
          for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)
               basis[lhs[i]] = \frac{1}{0};
          if(pos == -1)break;
          F  bnd = 0;
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < 1 + N + B; i++)
    new_func[i] = -new_rhs[pos][i];</pre>
          bool was = 0;
          int what = 0;
                                                                               auto res_lambda = solve_feasible(B, N + 1,
          for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){
                                                                                \hookrightarrow \, new_lhs,
               if(rhs[i][pos] > -eps)
                                                                                         new_rhs, new_func, eps);
                    continue:
                                                                                if(res_lambda == nullptr)
               F curr = values[lhs[i]];
                                                                                    return make_pair(nullptr, -1);
               curr /= -rhs[i][pos];
               if(!was || bnd > curr){
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < 2 + N + B; i++)
                    was = 1;
                                                                                    cres += res_lambda[i] * new_func[i];
                    what = i;
                                                                                if(abs(cres) > eps)
                    bnd = curr;
                                                                                    return make_pair(nullptr, -1);
                                                                               int bpos = -1;
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)
          if(!was)
                                                                                    if(new_lhs[i] == 1 + N + B){
               return nullptr;
                                                                                         bpos = i;
          for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)
    values[lhs[i]] += bnd * rhs[i][pos];</pre>
                                                                                         break;
          int old = lhs[what];
lhs[what] = pos;
values[pos] += bnd;
                                                                               if(bpos == -1){
                                                                                    memcpy(lhs, new_lhs, B * sizeof(int));
for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)</pre>
          F oldval = 1/rhs[what][pos];
for(int i = 0; i < 1 + B + N; i++)
                                                                                         memcpy(rhs[i], new_rhs[i], (1 + B + N) *
                                                                                                    sizeof(F));
                                                                                    memcpy(new_func, func, (1 + B + N) *
               rhs[what][i] *= -oldval;
          rhs[what][old] = oldval;
rhs[what][pos] = 0;
for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){</pre>

    sizeof(F));

                                                                                    for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){
                                                                                          F coeff = func[new_lhs[i]];
               if(i == what)
                                                                                              new_func[new_lhs[i]] = 0;
                                                                                         for(int j = 0; j < 1 + B + N; j++)
    new_func[j] += coeff *</pre>
                    continue;
               F coeff = rhs[i][pos];
               rhs[i][pos] = 0;
for(int j = 0; j < 1 + B + N; j++)
    rhs[i][j] += rhs[what][j] * coeff;
                                                                                               → new_rhs[i][j];
                                                                                    memcpy(func, new_func, (1 + B + N) *

    sizeof(F));

          F coeff = func[pos];
                                                                                    auto res = solve_feasible(B, N, lhs, rhs,
          func[pos] = 0;
for(int j = 0; j < 1 + B + N; j++)
                                                                                              func, eps);
                                                                                    return res == nullptr ? make_pair(res, 1) :
               func[j] += rhs[what][j] * coeff;
                                                                                         make_pair(res, 0);
     delete[] basis;
                                                                               int with_what = -1;
for(int i = 1; i < 1 + N + B; i++){</pre>
    return values;
                                                                                    if(abs(new_rhs[bpos][i]) > eps){
//0: solution exists
                                                                                          with_what = i;
//1: unbounded
                                                                                          break;
//-1: unfeasible
                                                                                    }
static pair<F*, int> solve(int B, int N, int * lhs,
         F ** rhs, F * func, F eps){
                                                                               F coeff = -new_rhs[bpos][with_what];
     bool fea = 1;
                                                                               new_rhs[bpos][with_what] = 0;
     for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)
                                                                               new_rhs[bpos][new_lhs[bpos]] = -1;
          if(rhs[i][0] < -eps){fea = 0; break;}
                                                                               new_Ins[bpos] in with_what;
for(int j = 0; j < 2 + N + B; j++)
    new_rhs[bpos][j] /= coeff;
for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){</pre>
     if(fea){
          auto res = solve_feasible(B, N, lhs, rhs,
                   func, eps);
          return res == nullptr ? make_pair(res, 1) :
                                                                                    if(i == bpos)
               make_pair(res, 0);
                                                                                         continue;
                                                                                    F coeff = new_rhs[i][with_what];
for(int j = 0; j < 2 + N + B; j++)
   new_rhs[i][j] += coeff *</pre>
     int pos = 0;
     for(int i = 1; i < B; i++)
          if(rhs[i][0] < rhs[pos][0])

→ new_rhs[bpos][j];

     int * new_lhs = new int[B];
                                                                               memcpy(lhs, new_lhs, B * sizeof(int));
    memcpy(new_lhs, lhs, B * sizeof(int));
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < B; i++)
    memcpy(rhs[i], new_rhs[i], (1 + B + N) *</pre>
     F ** new_rhs = (F**)malloc(B * sizeof(F*));
     for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){
                                                                                               sizeof(F));
          new_rhs[i] = (F*)malloc((2 + B + N) *
                                                                               memcpy(new_func, func, (1 + B + N) * sizeof(F));
                    sizeof(F));
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < B; i++){
    F coeff = func[new_lhs[i]];</pre>
                                                                    for (int z = 0, l = 0, r = 0; z < 2; ++z, l = 0,
                                                                    \rightarrow r = 0) {
             new_func[new_lhs[i]] = 0;
                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
             for(int j = 0; j < 1 + B + N; j++)
    new_func[j] += coeff * new_rhs[i][j];</pre>
                                                                            if (i < r) {
                                                                                res[z][i] = min(r - i + !z, res[z][1 \leftarrow
                                                                                 \rightarrow + r - i + !z]);
        memcpy(func, new_func, (1 + B + N) * sizeof(F));
                                                                            }
        auto res = solve_feasible(B, N, lhs, rhs,
                                                                            int L = i - res[z][i], R = i + res[z][i] \leftarrow

    func, eps);

        return res == nullptr ? make_pair(res, 1) :
                                                                            while (L - 1 >= 0 \&\& R + 1 < n \&\& s[L -
             make_pair(res, 0);
                                                                             \hookrightarrow 1] == s[R + 1]) \{
                                                                                 ++res[z][i];
};
                                                                                 --L;
                                                                                ++R;
                                                                            }
9
     strings
                                                                            if (R > r) {
                                                                                1 = L;
                                                                                r = R;
     aho_corasick.h
                                                                        }
const int ALPHABET = 26;
                                                                   return res;
struct state {
    array<int, ALPHABET> transition = {};
                                                               }
    int link = 0;
    bool isTerminal = false;
                                                               9.3 palindromes_on_subsegment.h
};
struct automaton {
                                                               struct Node {
    vector<state> states = { state() };
                                                                    int len;
    int numStates = 1;
                                                                    int link;
                                                                    vector<int> trans;
    void addString(const string& s) {
                                                                    bool all_equal;
        int cur = 0;
                                                                    Node() {
        for (char c: s) {
                                                                        len = 0;
             c -= 'a';
                                                                        link = 0;
             int& to = states[cur].transition[c];
                                                                        trans.assign(26, -1);
             if (to) {
                                                                        all_equal = true;
                 cur = to;
                                                                   }
                                                               };
             else {
                 cur = to = states.size();
                                                               struct Eertree {
                 states.push_back(state());
                                                                    vector<Node> nodes;
                                                                    vector<int> one_len;
                                                                   Eertree() {
        states[cur].isTerminal = true;
                                                                        nodes.push_back(Node());
                                                                        one_len.assign(26, -1);
    void build() {
                                                                    vector<int> feed_string(const string& s) {
        deque<int> q;
                                                                        int v = 0;
        q.push_back(0);
                                                                        int n = s.length();
                                                                        vector<int> state(n);
         while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {
  int c = s[i] - 'a';</pre>
             int v = q.front();
             q.pop_front();
                                                                            bool flag = false;
             states[v].isTerminal =
                                                                            while (v) {
             \hookrightarrow states[v].isTerminal ||
                                                                                 if (nodes[v].all_equal && s[i] ==

    states[states[v].link].isTerminal;

                                                                                 \hookrightarrow \quad \texttt{s[i - 1]) } \{
                                                                                     if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
             for (int c = 0; c < ALPHABET; ++c) {</pre>
                                                                                         nodes[v].trans[c] =
                 if (int u = states[v].transition[c]) {
                                                                                          → nodes.size();
                     states[u].link = v ?
                                                                                         nodes.push_back(Node());

    states[states[v].link].transition[c]

                                                                                         nodes.back().len =
                      \rightarrow nodes[v].len + 1;
                     q.push_back(u);
                                                                                         nodes.back().all_equal = true;
                 }
                                                                                         nodes.back().link = v;
                 else {
                     states[v].transition[c] =
                                                                                     v = nodes[v].trans[c];

    states[states[v].link].transition[c];

                                                                                     flag = true;
                                                                                     break;
           }
        }
                                                                                 if (i > nodes[v].len && s[i] == s[i
    }
                                                                                    - nodes[v].len - 1]) {
                                                                                     if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
                                                                                         nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                                                         → nodes.size();
9.2 manacher.h
                                                                                         nodes.push_back(Node());
                                                                                         nodes.back().len =
array<vector<int>, 2> manacher(const string& s) {
    int n = s.length();
                                                                                          → nodes[v].len + 2;
    array<vector<int>, 2> res;
                                                                                         nodes.back().link = -1;
                                                                                         nodes.back().all_equal = false;
    for (auto& v: res) {
        v.assign(n, 0);
                                                                                         int cur_v = nodes[v].link;
                                                                                         while (cur_v) {
```

```
return 1 < ot.1:
                                   (nodes[cur_v].trans[c] ←
                                   != -1) {
                                                               };
                                   int cand =
                                       nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                                                                void solve(bool read) {
                                   if (s[i] == s[i -
                                                                    string s;
                                   → nodes[cand].len
                                                                    cin >> s;
                                       + 1]) {
                                                                    Eertree tree;
                                                                    tree.feed_string(s);
                                           nodes.back().link
                                                                    tree.enclose():
                                        \begin{array}{ll} \hookrightarrow & = \\ \hookrightarrow & \text{nodes}[\text{cur}_v].\text{trans}[c]; \\ \text{cin} >> Q; \end{array}
                                                                    int n = s.length();
                                                                    int block_size = max((int)(sqrt(n) * 1.5), 1);
                                                                    int blocks = (n - 1) / block_size + 1;
                              cur_v = nodes[cur_v].link;
                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                         Query cur;
                          if (nodes.back().link == -1) {
                                                                         cin >> cur.l >> cur.r;
                               if
                                                                         --cur.1;
                                   (\texttt{nodes}[\texttt{cur}\_\texttt{v}].\texttt{trans}[\texttt{c}] \leftarrow
                                                                         cur.id = i;
                                  != -1) {
                                                                         q[cur.l / block_size].push_back(cur);
                                   nodes.back().link =
                                   → nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                                                                    vector<int> ans(Q);
                                                                    vector<int> used(tree.nodes.size(), 0);
                                   nodes[cur_v].link = 0;
                                                                    vector<int> left_used(tree.nodes.size(), 0);
                                                                    int TIMER = 0;
                          }
                                                                    int LEFT_TIMER = 0;
                     }
                                                                    for (int block = 0; block < blocks; ++block) {
                      v = nodes[v].trans[c];
                                                                         sort(all(q[block]));
                     flag = true;
                                                                         int right_border = min((block + 1) *
                      break;

→ block_size, n);
                                                                         int uk = 0;
                 v = nodes[v].link;
                                                                         while (uk < q[block].size() &&

    q[block][uk].r < right_border) {</pre>
             if (!flag) {
                                                                             ++TIMER;
                 if (one_len[c] == -1) {
                                                                             int res = 0;
                     nodes[v].trans[c] = nodes.size();
                                                                             int v = 0:
                      nodes.push_back(Node());
                                                                             for (int pos = q[block][uk].1; pos <</pre>
                     nodes.back().len = 1;

    q[block][uk].r; ++pos) {
                      one_len[c] = nodes[v].trans[c];
                                                                                 v = tree.nodes[v].trans[s[pos] - 'a'];
                      nodes.back().all_equal = true;
                                                                                 if (s[pos] != s[pos -
                     nodes.back().link = 0;
                                                                                      tree.nodes[v].len + 1]) {
                 } else {
                                                                                      v = tree.nodes[v].link;
                     nodes[v].trans[c] = one_len[c];
                                                                                 if (tree.nodes[v].len > pos + 1 -
                 v = nodes[v].trans[c];
                                                                                     q[block][uk].1) {
                                                                                      v = tree.nodes[v].link;
             state[i] = v;
                                                                                 if (used[v] != TIMER) {
        return state;
                                                                                      used[v] = TIMER;
    void enclose() {
        for (int v = 0; v < nodes.size(); ++v) {
             for (int c = 0; c < 26; ++c) {
                                                                             ans[q[block][uk].id] = res;
                                                                             ++uk:
                 if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
                      int cur_v = nodes[v].link;
                      while (true) {
                          if (nodes[cur_v].trans[c] !=
                                                                         int cur_r = right_border;
                                                                         int overall_pals = 0;
                              -1) {
                                                                         int right_state = 0;
                              nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                                         int left_state = 0;
                               → nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                                                                         ++TIMER;
                              break;
                                                                         while (uk < q[block].size()) {</pre>
                                                                             while (cur_r < q[block][uk].r) {</pre>
                          if (cur_v == 0) {
                                                                                 right_state =
                              nodes[v].trans[c] = 0;

    tree.nodes[right_state].trans[s[cur_r]

                                                                                      - 'a'];
                                                                                 if (s[cur_r] != s[cur_r -
                          cur_v = nodes[cur_v].link;
                                                                                    tree.nodes[right_state].len +
                                                                                     1]) {
                }
                                                                                      right_state =
            }
        }

    tree.nodes[right_state].link;

    }
                                                                                 if (tree.nodes[right_state].len >
};
                                                                                      cur_r + 1 - right_border) {
                                                                                      right_state =
struct Query {

    tree.nodes[right_state].link;

    int 1, r;
    int id:
                                                                                 if (used[right_state] != TIMER) {
    bool operator < (const Query& ot) const {</pre>
                                                                                      ++overall_pals;
        if (r != ot.r) {
                                                                                      used[right_state] = TIMER;
            return r < ot.r;</pre>
                                                                                 }
```

```
_{\leftarrow} 9.5 suffix_array.cpp
                if (tree.nodes[right_state].len ==
                   cur_r + 1 - right_border) {
                    left_state = right_state;
                                                           void Build(const string& init, vector<int>&
                }

    suffArray, vector<int>& lcp) {
                ++cur_r;
                                                               string s = init;
                                                               s.push_back(char(0));
            ++LEFT_TIMER;
                                                               int n = s.size();
            int cur_l = right_border;
                                                               vector<int> head(max(n, 256));
            int cur_left_state = left_state;
                                                               vector<int> color(n);
            int cur_res = overall_pals;
                                                               vector<int> colorSub(n);
            while (cur_1 > q[block][uk].1) {
                                                               vector<int> suffArraySub(n);
                --cur_1;
                                                               lcp.resize(n);
                cur_left_state =
                                                               suffArray.resize(n);
                for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                if (s[cur_l] != s[cur_l +
                                                                    ++head[s[i]];
                \rightarrow tree.nodes[cur_left_state].len - \leftarrow
                                                               for (int i = 1; i < 256; ++i) {
                   1]) {
                    cur_left_state =
                                                                   head[i] += head[i - 1];

    tree.nodes[cur_left_state].link;

                                                               for (int i = 255; i > 0; --i) {
                if (tree.nodes[cur_left_state].len > \leftarrow
                                                                   head[i] = head[i - 1];
                \hookrightarrow cur_r - cur_l) {
                                                               head[0] = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                    cur_left_state =

    tree.nodes[cur_left_state].link;

                                                                   suffArray[head[s[i]]] = i;
                                                                    ++head[s[i]];
                if (used[cur_left_state] != TIMER && 🔑
                → left_used[cur_left_state] !=
                                                                int numClasses = 1;
                \hookrightarrow LEFT_TIMER) {
                                                               head[0] = 0;
                    ++cur_res;
                                                               for (int i = 1; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                    left_used[cur_left_state] =
                                                                    if (s[suffArray[i - 1]] != s[suffArray[i]]) {
                    ++numClasses;
                                                                       head[numClasses - 1] = i;
            ans[q[block][uk].id] = cur_res;
                                                                    color[suffArray[i]] = numClasses - 1;
            ++uk:
        }
                                                               for (int k = 1; k < s.size(); k *= 2) {
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                        int first = suffArray[i] - k;
            cout << ans[i] << "\n";
                                                                        if (first < 0) {
                                                                            first += s.size();
}
                                                                        suffArraySub[head[color[first]]] = first;
                                                                        ++head[color[first]];
                                                                   suffArray = suffArraySub;
9.4 prefix_function.h
                                                                    int second;
void prefixFunction(const string& s, vector<int>& p) {
                                                                   pair<int, int> prevClasses, curClasses;
                                                                    curClasses = { -1, 0 };
    if (s.length() == 0)
        return;
                                                                    numClasses = 0;
   p[0] = 0;
    for (size_t i = 1; i < s.length(); ++i) {
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
        int j = p[i - 1];
                                                                       prevClasses = curClasses;
        while (j > 0 \&\& s[i] != s[j])
        j = p[j - 1];
if (s[i] == s[j])
                                                                       second = suffArray[i] + k;
                                                                        if (second >= s.size()) {
        ++j;
p[i] = j;
                                                                            second -= s.size();
    }
                                                                        curClasses = { color[suffArray[i]],
}
                                                                        const char first = 'a';
                                                                        if (curClasses != prevClasses) {
const int alphabet = 26;
                                                                            ++numClasses;
// вылазит из массива, после того, как совпадет все. \leftarrow
                                                                            head[numClasses - 1] = i;
  можно добавить aut[n] = aut[pi[n - 1]]
// это сэмуирует переход по суф ссылке
                                                                        colorSub[suffArray[i]] = numClasses - 1;
vector<vi> pfautomaton(const string& s) {
    vi p(s.length());
    prefixFunction(s, p);
                                                                    color = colorSub;
    vector<vi> aut(s.length(), vi(alphabet));
    for (size_t i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {
                                                                   if (numClasses == s.size())
        for (char c = 0; c < alphabet; ++c) {
                                                                        break;
            if (i > 0 && c != s[i] - first) {
                aut[i][c] = aut[p[i - 1]][c];
                                                               vector <int> pos;
                                                               int curLcp = 0;
                                                               pos.resize(s.size());
            else {
                aut[i][c] = i + (c == s[i] - first);
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                                                                   pos[suffArray[i]] = i;
        }
   }
                                                               lcp.resize(s.size());
    return aut;
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                                                                   if (pos[i] == s.size() - 1) {
```

};

```
lcp[pos[i]] = 0;
                                                                  vector<State> states;
            curLcp = 0;
                                                                  int lastState:
            continue;
                                                                  SuffixAutomaton(const string& s) {
        }
                                                                      states.push_back(State());
                                                                      lastState = 0;
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i)</pre>
        while (s[(i + curLcp) % s.size()] ==
        \rightarrow s[(suffArray[pos[i] + 1] + curLcp) %
                                                                          append(s[i]);
                                                                      vector<pair<int, int>> p(states.size());
            s.size()]) {
            ++curLcp;
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
                                                                          p[i].second = i;
                                                                          p[i].first = states[i].maxLen;
        lcp[pos[i]] = curLcp;
                                                                      sort(all(p));
        --curLcp;
        if (curLcp < 0)
                                                                      reverse(all(p));
            curLcp = 0;
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
                                                                          int curState = p[i].second;
    }
}
                                                                          if (states[curState].lastPos ==

→ UNDEFINED_VALUE)

void BuildSparseTable(const vector <int>& a, vector
                                                                              states[curState].lastPos =
    < vector <int> >& sparseTable) {
                                                                               \ \hookrightarrow \ \ \texttt{states[curState].firstPos;}
    int logSize = 0;
                                                                          if (states[curState].link !=
    while ((1 << logSize) < a.size()) {</pre>
                                                                              UNDEFINED_VALUE) {
        ++logSize;
                                                                              states[states[curState].link].lastPos \leftarrow
    logSize = 19; // <-- THINK HERE!</pre>

    max(states[states[curState].link].lastPos,
    sparseTable.assign(a.size(), vector <int>
                                                                                   states[curState].lastPos);
    states[states[curState].link].cnt +=
                                                                                  states[curState].cnt;
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                          }
        sparseTable[i][0] = a[i];
                                                                      }
                                                                  }
    for (int k = 1; k <= logSize; ++k) {
  for (int i = 0; i + (1 << k) <= a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                             private:
            sparseTable[i][k] = min(sparseTable[i][k __
                                                                  void append(char c) {
                - 1], sparseTable[i + (1 << (k -</pre>
                                                                      int curState = states.size();
               1))][k - 1]);
                                                                      states.push_back(State());
        }
                                                                      states[curState].maxLen =
    }
                                                                          states[lastState].maxLen + 1;
}
                                                                      states[curState].firstPos =

    states[lastState].maxLen;

int GetMin(int 1, int r, const vector < vector <int>
                                                                      states[curState].cnt = 1;
    >& sparseTable) {
                                                                      int prevState = lastState;
    assert(1 < r);</pre>
                                                                      for (; prevState != UNDEFINED_VALUE;
    int sz = 31 - \_builtin\_clz(r - 1);
                                                                          prevState = states[prevState].link) {
    return min(sparseTable[1][sz], sparseTable[r -
                                                                          if (states[prevState].transitions.count(c))
    \hookrightarrow (1 << sz)][sz]);
                                                                              break;
                                                                          states[prevState].transitions[c] = curState;
void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
    string s;
                                                                      if (prevState == UNDEFINED_VALUE) {
    cin >> s;
                                                                          states[curState].link = 0;
    int n = s.length();
                                                                      }
    vector<int> suffArray, lcp;
                                                                      else {
    Build(s, suffArray, lcp);
                                                                          int nextState =
    suffArray.erase(suffArray.begin());

    states[prevState].transitions[c];

    lcp.erase(lcp.begin());
                                                                          if (states[nextState].maxLen ==
    vector<int> pos_in_array(n);
for (int i = 0; i < suffArray.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                              states[prevState].maxLen + 1) {
                                                                              states[curState].link = nextState;
        pos_in_array[suffArray[i]] = i;
                                                                          }
                                                                          else {
    vector<vector<int>> sparse;
                                                                              int cloneState = states.size();
    BuildSparseTable(lcp, sparse);
                                                                              states.push_back(State());
                                                                              states[cloneState].maxLen =
}
                                                                                  states[prevState].maxLen + 1;
                                                                              states[cloneState].link =

    states[nextState].link;

9.6 suffix_automaton_kostroma.h
                                                                              states[cloneState].firstPos =
const int UNDEFINED_VALUE = -1;

    states[nextState].firstPos;

                                                                              states[curState].link =
class SuffixAutomaton {

    states[nextState].link =

public:
                                                                               struct State {
        map<char, int> transitions;
                                                                              states[cloneState].transitions =
        int link;
                                                                                 states[nextState].transitions;
        int maxLen;
                                                                              for (; prevState != UNDEFINED_VALUE
        int firstPos, lastPos;
        int cnt;

    states[prevState].transitions[c]

        State():link(UNDEFINED_VALUE),
                                                                                  == nextState; prevState =

    firstPos(UNDEFINED_VALUE),

                                                                                   states[prevState].link)
            lastPos(UNDEFINED_VALUE), maxLen(0),
                                                                                   states[prevState].transitions[c]
            cnt(0) \{ \}
```

```
}
                                                                        if (i + z[i] > r) {
                                                                            l = i;
r = i + z[i];
        lastState = curState;
                                                                   }
};
                                                                   if (n)
      suffix_tree_from_automaton.cpp
                                                                        z[0] = n;
struct SuffixTree {
                                                                   return z;
  vector<vector<pair<int, int>>> g;
  vector<int> is_leaf, max_len;
  vector<int> leaves_before;
  vector<int> cnt_leaves;
                                                               10
                                                                      templates
  SuffixTree(vector<int> s) {
                                                               10.1 template.cpp
    s.push_back(-1);
    reverse(all(s));
                                                               //g++ options: -Wall -Wextra -O2 --std=c++17 -DLOCAL
    n = s.size();
                                                               //#pragma GCC optimize(''Ofast,unroll-loops'')
//#pragma GCC target(''avx2,tune=native'')
    auto automata = SuffixAutomaton(s);
    g.resize(automata.states.size());
    is_leaf.resize(automata.states.size(), 0);
                                                               #include <bits/stdc++.h>
    max_len.assign(g.size(), 0);
    cnt_leaves.assign(g.size(), 0);
                                                               using namespace std;
    leaves_before.assign(g.size(), 0);
for (int v = 1; v < automata.states.size(); ++v) {</pre>
                                                               #define all(v) (v).begin(), (v).end()
      int p = automata.states[v].link;
                                                               #define sz(a) ((11)(a).size())
      max_len[v] = automata.states[v].maxLen;
                                                               #define X first
      is_leaf[v] = automata.states[v].firstPos + 1
                                                               #define Y second
      using ll = long long;
using ull = unsigned long long;
      int transition_pos =
      → automata.states[v].lastPos -
                                                               using dbl = long double;
          automata.states[p].maxLen;
                                                               mt19937_64
      g[p].push_back({s[transition_pos], v});
                                                               rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
                                                               11 myRand(11 mod) {
    for (auto& vec : g) {
                                                                   return (ull)rng() % mod;
      sort(all(vec));
    }
    vector<int> new_leaves;
for (int i = 0; i < g.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                               void solve() {
      vector<int> to_erase;
      for (int j = 0; j < g[i].size(); ++j) {
  int to = g[i][j].second;</pre>
                                                               signed main() {
         if (is_leaf[to]) {
                                                               #ifdef LOCAL
           --max_len[to];
                                                                   assert(freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin));
// assert(freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout));
          if (max_len[to] == max_len[i]) {
             to_erase.push_back(j);
                                                               #endif
             is_leaf[to] = false;
                                                                   ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
             if (i > 0) {
                                                                   cin.tie(nullptr);
              new_leaves.push_back(i);
                                                                   cout << fixed << setprecision(20);</pre>
            }
          }
                                                                   int T = 1;
        }
                                                                   // cin >> T;
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < T; ++i) {
      vector<pair<int, int>> copy_g;
                                                                        solve();
      for (int j = 0; j < g[i].size(); ++j) {</pre>
        if (uk < to_erase.size() && j == to_erase[uk]) {</pre>
                                                               #ifdef LOCAL
          ++uk:
                                                                   cout << endl << "'time = " << clock() /</pre>
          continue;
                                                                        (double)CLOCKS_PER_SEC << endl;</pre>
                                                               #endif
        copy_g.push_back(g[i][j]);
      copy_g.swap(g[i]);
    for (int v : new_leaves) {
                                                               11
                                                                      treap
      is_leaf[v] = 1;
                                                                      treap.cpp
 }
};
                                                               // fuckup: don't forget to push in recursive walk
                                                               int getrand() {
9.8 z_function.h
                                                                    /*static std::random_device rd;
vector<int> zFunction(const string& s) {
                                                                    static std::mt19937 generator(rd());
                                                                   static std::uniform_int_distribution<int>
    int n = s.length();
                                                                   distribution(0, INT_MAX);
    vector<int> z(n);
                                                                   return distribution(generator); */
                                                                   return rand() ^ (rand() << 15);
    int 1 = 0, r = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
        z[i] = \max(\min(z[i-1], r-i), 0);
                                                               struct Node {
         while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[i + z[i]] == s[z[i]])
                                                                   Node *left;
                                                                   Node *right;
            ++z[i];
```

push(node);

```
int priority;
                                                               if (getSize(node->left) < k) {</pre>
    int size;
                                                                  Node *left, *right;
                                                                  std::tie(left, right) = Split(node->right, k \leftarrow
    ll value;
                                                                   → - 1 - getSize(node->left));
    ll sum;
    11 add;
                                                                  node->right = left;
   bool isReversed;
                                                                  recalc(node);
                                                                  return {node, right};
    explicit Node(ll value): left(nullptr),
                                                              } else {

→ right(nullptr), value(value) {
                                                                  Node *left, *right;
        priority = getrand();
                                                                  std::tie(left, right) = Split(node->left, k);
        size = 1;
                                                                  node->left = right;
        sum = value;
                                                                  recalc(node);
        isReversed = false;
                                                                  return {left, node};
        add = 0;
    }
};
                                                          std::pair<Node*, Node*> SplitByValue(Node *node, int 👝
int getSize(Node *node) {
                                                           → value) {
    return node ? node->size: 0;
                                                               /*use only if tree is sorted*/
                                                               /*return (T1, T2). For all x in T1 x < value*/
                                                               if (!node)
11 getSum(Node *node) {
                                                                  return {nullptr, nullptr};
    return node ? node->sum: 0;
                                                              push(node);
                                                               if (node->value < value) {
                                                                  Node *left, *right;
void addToNode(Node *node, 11 value) {
                                                                  std::tie(left, right) =
    if (node) {

    SplitByValue(node->right, value);

        node->value += value;
                                                                  node->right = left;
        node->sum += value * getSize(node);
                                                                  recalc(node);
        node->add += value;
                                                                  return {node, right};
                                                              } else {
}
                                                                  Node *left, *right;
                                                                  std::tie(left, right) =
void reverseNode(Node *node) {

    SplitByValue(node->left, value);

    if (node) {
                                                                  node->left = right;
        std::swap(node->left, node->right);
                                                                  recalc(node);
        node->isReversed = !node->isReversed;
                                                                  return {left, node};
}
                                                          }
void push(Node *node) {
                                                          void Insert(Node* &node, int pos, ll value) {
    if (!node) return;
                                                              Node *left, *right;
    if (node->isReversed) {
                                                               std::tie(left, right) = Split(node, pos);
        reverseNode(node->left);
                                                              node = Merge(Merge(left, new Node(value)), right);
        reverseNode(node->right);
    if (node->add) {
                                                          void Remove(Node* &node, int pos) {
        addToNode(node->left, node->add);
                                                              Node *left, *mid, *right;
        addToNode(node->right, node->add);
                                                               std::tie(left, right) = Split(node, pos + 1);
                                                              std::tie(left, mid) = Split(left, pos);
    node->isReversed = false;
                                                              delete mid;
    node->add = 0;
                                                              node = Merge(left, right);
}
void recalc(Node *node) {
                                                          template<typename Function>
    node->size = 1 + getSize(node->left) +
                                                          void queryOnSegment(Node* &node, int 1, int r,

    getSize(node->right);

                                                              Function callback) {
    node->sum = node->value + getSum(node->left) +
                                                              Node *left, *mid, *right;

→ getSum(node->right);

                                                              std::tie(left, right) = Split(node, r + 1);
                                                              std::tie(left, mid) = Split(left, 1);
                                                              callback(mid);
Node* Merge(Node *left, Node *right) {
                                                              node = Merge(Merge(left, mid), right);
    if (!right)
        return left;
    if (!left)
                                                          11 getSumOnSegment(Node* &root, int 1, int r) {
        return right;
                                                              ll answer:
    push(left);
                                                               queryOnSegment(root, 1, r, [&answer] (Node*
    push(right);
                                                               if (left->priority > right->priority) {
                                                              return answer;
        left->right = Merge(left->right, right);
        recalc(left);
        return left;
                                                          void addToSegment(Node* &root, int 1, int r, 11 value) {
    } else {
                                                               queryOnSegment(root, 1, r, [value] (Node* &node) __
        right->left = Merge(left, right->left);
                                                               recalc(right);
        return right;
    }
}
std::pair<Node*, Node*> Split(Node *node, int k) {
     *return (T1, T2). |T1| = \max(0, \min(k, |node|))*/
    if (!node)
       return {nullptr, nullptr};
```