

## REACT (VITE) + REACT ROUTER → DEPLOY TO GITHUB PAGES (COMPLETE GUIDE)

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### INITIAL SETUP (ONLY ONCE PER PROJECT)

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#### 1. Configure Vite base path

Edit vite.config.ts:

base: "/REPO\_NAME/"

Why: GitHub Pages serves your site inside /REPO\_NAME/

Result: JS/CSS files load correctly instead of 404.

#### 2. Configure React Router

Edit App.tsx:

Why: The app runs inside a subfolder.

Result: /REPO\_NAME/ works like / inside React.

#### 3. Build the project

Command:

npm run build

Why: GitHub Pages cannot run React source code.

Result: Production website created inside dist/.

#### 4. Fix refresh / direct link problem (VERY IMPORTANT)

Command:

cp dist/index.html dist/404.html

Why: GitHub Pages does not understand SPA routing.

Result: Refreshing the page (F5) no longer shows 404.

#### 5. Deploy website

Command:

npm run deploy

Why: dist folder must be uploaded to gh-pages branch.

Result: Website becomes publicly accessible.

#### 6. Enable GitHub Pages

GitHub → Repository → Settings → Pages

Set:

Source: Deploy from a branch

Branch: gh-pages

Folder: /(root)

Why: GitHub must know which branch hosts the site.

Result: A live URL is generated.

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### WHAT TO DO EVERY TIME YOU CHANGE THE SITE

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If you change UI / components / pages:

```
git add .
git commit -m "update"
git push origin main
npm run build
cp dist/index.html dist/404.html
npm run deploy
```

Why: main stores the code, but Pages reads the built output.

Result: Both the repository and the website update.

If you change router or base configuration:

Run the same commands above.

Why: Config changes only apply after rebuilding.

Result: Routing errors and blank page disappear.

If you only change README or documentation:

```
git add .
git commit -m "docs"
git push origin main
```

Why: Documentation does not affect the website.

Result: No deploy needed.

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## WHAT THESE FOLDERS AND FILES ARE

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src/

Your real application code (components, pages, routing).

Result: This is what you develop.

public/

Static files copied directly (favicon, static images).

Result: Available as-is on the site.

dist/

Production build output (optimized HTML/CSS/JS).

Result: This is the real website GitHub Pages hosts.

node\_modules/

Installed npm libraries.

Result: Very large — never committed to git.

`package.json`  
Project dependencies and scripts (dev, build, deploy).  
Result: npm commands come from here.

`vite.config.ts`  
Vite build configuration (especially base path).  
Result: Controls asset paths and build behavior.

`main branch`  
Your source code branch.  
Result: Development history lives here.

`gh-pages branch`  
Contains only the built site (dist content).  
Result: GitHub Pages serves the website from this branch.

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## HOW GITHUB PAGES ACTUALLY READS YOUR SITE

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You actually have TWO separate worlds inside one repository:

`main branch:`  
Contains React source code (development files).

`gh-pages branch:`  
Contains built HTML/CSS/JS (the real website).

The command:  
`npm run deploy`

uses the "gh-pages" npm package and does this automatically:

1. Takes the dist folder
2. Creates a commit
3. Pushes it to the gh-pages branch

GitHub Pages is configured to read ONLY the gh-pages branch.

Important:  
GitHub never runs React.  
GitHub only serves ready HTML files.

Mental model:

main = kitchen (raw ingredients)

npm run build = cooking

dist = prepared food

gh-pages = restaurant table

GitHub Pages = waiter serving users

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## MOST COMMON WHITE PAGE CAUSES

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1. Wrong base path in vite.config.ts
2. Missing basename in BrowserRouter
3. Forgot to create 404.html
4. Forgot to run deploy after build