### Assignment-11.1 – Case Study

### **Case Study Description**

#### Step#1

Use the CUSTOMER and TRANSACTIONS and the data set in custs.txt and txns.txt and find out the number of transaction done by each customer

#### Step#2

Create a new table called TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT. This table should have 3 fields - custid, fname and count.

#### Step#3

Write a hive query to populate TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table with the data obtained in step1

#### Step#4

Now lets make the TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table Hbase complaint. In the sense, use Ser Des And Storate handler features of hive to change the TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table to be able to create a TRANSACTIONS table in Hbase.

#### Step#5

Now insert the data in TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table using the query in step 3 again, this should populate the Hbase TRANSACTIONS table automatically (This has to be done in module 10)

#### Step#6

Now from the Hbase level, write the Hbase java API code to access and scan the TRANSACTIONS table data from java level.

#### **#SOLUTION**

#### #Launch Hive and Create CUSTOMER table and load the data from custs.txt

```
[acadgild.mmisra ~]$ hive
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
Logging initialized using configuration in jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-bin/lib/hive-common-2.3.2.jar!/hive-log4j2.properties Async: true
```

```
Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions.
Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X
Time taken: 0.117 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive> use txn;
Time taken: 0.018 seconds
hive> show tables;
Time taken: 0.043 seconds
hive> CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER(
   > custid INT,
   > fname STRING,
   > lname STRING,
   > age INT,
   > profession STRING
   > )
   > row format delimited
   > fields terminated by ',';
OK
Time taken: 0.108 seconds
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/custs.txt' into table CUSTOMER;
Loading data to table txn.customer
Time taken: 1.389 seconds
#Create table TXNRECORDS and load it with data from txns.txt
hive> CREATE TABLE TXNRECORDS (txnno INT, txndate STRING, custno INT, amount DOUBLE,
   > category STRING, product STRING, city STRING, state STRING, spendby STRING)
   > row format delimited
   > fields terminated by ',';
OK
Time taken: 0.08 seconds
hive>
   > LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/txns.txt' into table TXNRECORDS;
Loading data to table txn.txnrecords
Time taken: 0.643 seconds
#To find the number of transactions for each customer we join both the tables based on customer ID
and select only customer name and transactions in query. We group the data based on the customer
ID and count the number of transactions. The query is
select a.custid, a.fname, COUNT(b.txnno) from CUSTOMER a join TXNRECORDS b on
    > a.custid=b.custno GROUP BY a.custid, a.fname;
hive> select a.custid, a.fname, COUNT(b.txnno) from CUSTOMER a join TXNRECORDS b on
   > a.custid=b.custno GROUP BY a.custid,a.fname;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future
versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive
1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild 20180807093550 fc596616-7d66-4917-9daf-b9ca2bb79158
Total jobs = 1
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-
bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-
2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-
1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple bindings for an explanation.
```

SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]

```
2018-08-07 09:35:59
                        Starting to launch local task to process map join;
maximum memory = 477626368
2018-08-07 09:36:01
                        Dump the side-table for tag: 0 with group count: 10 into file:
file:/tmp/acadgild/9fa0f2d8-a54f-4b48-bd35-b0dd7f68c3e5/hive 2018-08-07 09-35-
50 264 1448860733524122480-1/-local-10005/HashTable-Stage-2/MapJoin-mapfile00--
.hashtable
                        Uploaded 1 File to: file:/tmp/acadgild/9fa0f2d8-a54f-4b48-
2018-08-07 09:36:01
bd35-b0dd7f68c3e5/hive_2018-08-07_09-35-50_264_1448860733524122480-1/-local-
10005/HashTable-Stage-2/MapJoin-mapfile00--.hashtable (556 bytes)
2018-08-07 09:36:01
                        End of local task; Time Taken: 1.965 sec.
Execution completed successfully
MapredLocal task succeeded
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
  set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
  set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1533613164216_0002, Tracking URL =
http://localhost:8088/proxy/application 1533613164216 0002/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill
job 1533613164216 0002
Hadoop job information for Stage-2: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-08-07 09:36:10,081 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-08-07 09:36:16,762 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 3.07 sec
2018-08-07 09:36:24,438 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 5.72 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 5 seconds 720 msec
Ended Job = job 1533613164216 0002
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 5.72 sec HDFS Read: 18260 HDFS
Write: 381 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 5 seconds 720 msec
```

#### #We can see 10 records with customer ID, name and number of transactions

```
OK
4000001 Kristina 8
4000002 Paige 6
4000003 Sherri 3
4000004 Gretchen 5
4000005 Karen 5
4000006 Patrick 5
4000007 Elsie 6
4000008 Hazel 10
4000009 Malcolm 6
4000010 Dolores 6
Time taken: 35.305 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
```

### #At this point of time we create a table in HBase which will hold this data. We create a table called 'TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT with 'txn' column family name to hold customer name and number of transaction columns

```
Last login: Tue Aug 7 09:08:49 2018 from 192.168.56.1 [acadgild.mmisra ~]$ hbase shell 2018-08-07 09:36:43,684 WARN [main] util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
```

```
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hbase/hbase-1.2.6/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.slf4j.impl.Log4jLoggerFactory]
HBase Shell; enter 'help<RETURN>' for list of supported commands.
Type "exit<RETURN>" to leave the HBase Shell
Version 1.2.6, rUnknown, Mon May 29 02:25:32 CDT 2017

hbase(main):001:0> create 'TRANSACTIONS_COUNT','txn'
0 row(s) in 1.5120 seconds
```

#Now in Hive we create an external table called TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT which uses org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler class for storage and HBASE SERDEPROPERTIES to provide mapping of hive table columns to hbase table column and column family We also provide name of the hbase table using TBLPROPERTIES

```
hive> CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT(custid INT, fname STRING,count INT)

> STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'

> WITH SERDEPROPERTIES ("hbase.columns.mapping" = ":key,

> txn:name,txn:count")

> TBLPROPERTIES("hbase.table.name" = "TRANSACTIONS_COUNT");

OK
Time taken: 1.083 seconds
```

#Then we populate TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table using the same query that we used before. We use 'insert overwrite' to load the table from the query

```
hive> insert overwrite table TRANSACTIONS COUNT
   > select a.custid, a.fname, COUNT(b.txnno) from CUSTOMER a join TXNRECORDS b on
   > a.custid=b.custno GROUP BY a.custid,a.fname;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future
versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive
1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild 20180807093708 fd650d69-8cae-46cd-a618-c836202b7a3d
Total jobs = 1
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-
bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-
2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-
1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
2018-08-07 09:37:15
                       Starting to launch local task to process map join;
maximum memory = 477626368
2018-08-07 09:37:17
                       Dump the side-table for tag: 0 with group count: 10 into file:
file:/tmp/acadgild/9fa0f2d8-a54f-4b48-bd35-b0dd7f68c3e5/hive 2018-08-07 09-37-
08 685 4512656815889986251-1/-local-10002/HashTable-Stage-4/MapJoin-mapfile10--
.hashtable
2018-08-07 09:37:17
                       Uploaded 1 File to: file:/tmp/acadgild/9fa0f2d8-a54f-4b48-
bd35-b0dd7f68c3e5/hive 2018-08-07_09-37-08_685_4512656815889986251-1/-local-
10002/HashTable-Stage-4/MapJoin-mapfile10--.hashtable (556 bytes)
                      End of local task; Time Taken: 2.005 sec.
2018-08-07 09:37:17
Execution completed successfully
MapredLocal task succeeded
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
```

```
set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
  set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
  set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job 1533613164216 0003, Tracking URL =
http://localhost:8088/proxy/application 1533613164216 0003/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill
job 1533613164216 0003
Hadoop job information for Stage-4: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-08-07 09:37:27,146 Stage-4 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-08-07 09:37:33,843 Stage-4 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 3.64 sec 2018-08-07 09:37:42,381 Stage-4 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 8.8 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 8 seconds 800 msec
Ended Job = job 1533613164216 0003
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-4: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 8.8 sec HDFS Read: 25542 HDFS
Write: 0 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 8 seconds 800 msec
Time taken: 34.78 seconds
```

## #We dump TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table to see that it has 10 records as we have seen in the previous query

# #We goto HBase and scan the table TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT to see if it has been populated from hive. We see that we have exactly 10 rows as in the hive table

```
=> Hbase::Table - TRANSACTIONS COUNT
hbase(main):002:0> scan 'TRANSACTIONS_COUNT'
ROW
                               COLUMN+CELL
4000001
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=8
4000001
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806,
value=Kristina
 4000002
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=6
4000002
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Paige
4000003
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=3
4000003
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Sherri
4000004
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=5
 4000004
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806,
value=Gretchen
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=5
 4000005
 4000005
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Karen
 4000006
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=5
 4000006
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Patrick
```

```
4000007
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=6
 4000007
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Elsie
 4000008
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=10
 4000008
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Hazel
4000009
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=6
 4000009
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Malcolm
 4000010
                               column=txn:count, timestamp=1533614861806, value=6
                               column=txn:name, timestamp=1533614861806, value=Dolores
 4000010
10 row(s) in 0.2060 seconds
hbase(main):003:0>
```

**#We write a java program to access and print the contents of TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT Table in hbase. Below is the source code for reading the table from hbase.** 

```
₩ VIM - C:\Users\mmisra\Desktop\acad\assignments\assignment_11.1\TableRead.java

                                                                                                                  П
                                                                                                                         X
File Edit Tools Syntax Buffers Window Help
스 🖫 🖫 🖶 | ୭ ଓ | % 🗈 🏚 🗘 🕰 🦓 | 各 👌 🐧 🗥 💇 🛍 🖵 ! ? 오
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.Cell;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.CellUtil;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.HBaseConfiguration;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.HTable;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Result;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.ResultScanner;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Scan;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.protobuf.generated.CellProtos.KeyValue;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.util.Bytes;
public class TableRead {
    // declare the column family and column names existing in the in the table
[rivate static final byte[] FAMILY = Bytes.toBytes("txn");
    private static final byte[] QUAL_NAME = Bytes.toBytes("name");
private static final byte[] QUAL_COUNT = Bytes.toBytes("count");
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
        Configuration conf = HBaseConfiguration.create();
        System.out.println("Creating HTable instance to 'TRANSACTIONS_COUNT' ...");
HTable table = new HTable(conf, "TRANSACTIONS_COUNT");
        System.out.println("Instantiating scan class");
        Scan scan = new Scan();
        ResultScanner rs = table.getScanner(scan);
        for(Result rowResult:rs )
             // result contains the complete row. We can get individual column
             // values by providing the column family name and qualifier
             // get value of the name column
             byte[] colName = rowResult.qetValue(FAMILY, QUAL NAME);
             // get value of the count column
             byte[] colCount = rowResult.getValue(FAMILY, QUAL_COUNT);
             // print result on the screen
             System.out.println("row " + Bytes.toString(rowResult.getRow()) +
                          + Bytes.toString(colName) +
                      Bytes.toString(colCount)
        System.out.println("Closing Scanner instance...");
        rs.close();
                                                                                                      16,5
                                                                                                                      A11
```

# # Here is the output of running this program in the VM. We can see the content is same as Hbase output of the scan command

