

Secure and Efficient Data Spaces

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Motivation

- ETSI Data Space: a new form of digital platform
 - Liberates data from silos
 - Enables data-driven innovation
 - Shapes digital transformation
 - Offers NGSI-LD API for queries
- SNDS project (NGI Sargasso OC1)
 - Prototyped Data Space over NDN
 - Fully distributed and self-sovereign identity system
 - Outperformed traditional IP-based networks

Goals

- SeEDS: Implement a full Data Space over NDN
 - Required + Optional data API operations
 - Content filtering based on conditions
 - Temporal queries over timestamped data
 - Subscriptions to data events
 - In-network security and privacy
 - Data integrity verification
 - Selective content revelation
 - Enhanced efficiency
 - Distributed data intermediaries
 - Migration of content filters

Objectives

- Build an ETSI-compliant data space over NDN
 - Refactor & extend prototype from NGI Sargasso OC1 SNDS
- Full query-based content retrieval API
 - Multiple types of content filters to reduce traffic
- Security scheme based on self-sovereign DIDs
 - Privacy-preserving content and integrity protection
- Reuse of NDN codebase and validation in NDN testbed
 - Open-source data space implementation for NDN

Clients – Users (Wearables)

- Who would be interested in SeEDS?
 - Anyone who has lots of sensitive data
 - But needs to share some of this data with others
- Wearable device vendors
 - Wearables generate private data
 - Medical readings, activities, location, interactions
 - SeEDS allows private data to be stored in untrusted clouds
 - Data are always stored encoded in the cloud
 - No need to trust the device vendor to store data
 - The user can selectively reveal data to doctor or hospital

Clients – Users (Building IoT)

- Who would be interested in SeEDS?
 - Anyone who has lots of sensitive data
 - But needs to share some of this data with others
- Large building managers
 - Building IoT sensors generate private data
 - User identity, location, activity and behavior
 - SeEDS allows private data to be stored in untrusted clouds
 - Data are always stored encoded in the cloud
 - The building manager is not responsible for private data
 - The user can reveal energy profile to supplier for demand response

Clients – Users (Federated Learning)

- Who would be interested in SeEDS?
 - Anyone who has lots of sensitive data
 - But needs to share some of this data with others
- Communities building federated learning models
 - Federated learning requires a lot of data exchange
 - Endpoints train model with local data, send parameters to global model
 - Update global model, send new model to endpoints
 - SeEDS provides data space with native multicast
 - Endpoints subscribe to model updates
 - Global model updates distributed via multicast

Economic impact

- Incremental NDN deployment
 - CDNs with private backhauls exist (e.g., Facebook)
 - An open-source NDN solution would be ideal for them
- Benefits to SeEDS adopters
 - Open-source: no proprietary code, no vendor lock-in
 - Open API (NGSI-LD): can use different data intermediaries
 - Decentralized: relies on DIDs, no need for expensive PKIs
 - Secure: can check individual packets, access control via DIDs
 - Private: no exposure of content names, selective content revelation

Environmental & social impact

- Content distribution greatly affects the environment
 - CDNs and social networks move data across large distances
 - SeEDS moves functionality inside the network
 - Rich API with temporal and content filtering capabilities
 - Content filter migration to the most appropriate place
- SeEDS hardens and extends NDN's security and privacy
 - Data Spaces address EU's privacy and security concerns
 - DIDs are critical to decentralization on the Internet at large
 - SeEDS gives control of data back to its creators/owners

Thank you

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