
K-Meter

======

Implementation of a K-System meter according to Bob Katz' specifications

Copyright (c) 2010-2012 Martin Zuther (http://www.mzuther.de/)

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.

Thank you for using free software!

FLAC-compressed wave file (44.1 kHz, 16 bit, stereo)

Please verify readout of overflow counter by making use of your eyes and ears. In "ITU-R BS.1770" mode, the number of overflows must equal the sum of overflows in each channel.

Given values describe the left channel. The right channel is delayed by one second and contains a sine wave with a frequency of 500 Hz.

00:00.000 - 00:02.000 silence

00:02.000 - 00:05.000 sine wave (150 Hz, -5.5 dB FS peak)

[both channels: first audible click must not register]
[both channels: second audible click must register]

[left channel: a total of 16 clips must register]
[right channel: a total of 9 clips must register]

00:05.000 - 00:07.000 silence

Validation settings

File: overflow.flac
Host SR: 44 100 Hz

Channel: All

Display: [] Average meter level

[] Peak meter level
[] Maximum peak level
[] Stereo meter value
[] Phase correlation

Samples reaching digital full scale

both channels: 1 sample of integer level 32'764

1 adjoining negated sample of integer level 32'764

--> these peaks MUST NOT register

both channels: 1 sample of integer level 32'765

1 adjoining negated sample of integer level 32'765

--> these peaks MUST register

left channel: 4 continuous positive samples

left channel: 2 continuous negative samples

left channel: 1 positive sample

1 adjoining negative sample

left channel: 2 continuous positive samples

1 "valid" sample

2 continuous negative samples

right channel: 1 positive sample

right channel: 1 negative sample

1 adjoining positive sample

left channel: 1 negative sample

left channel: 1 positive sample

right channel: 2 continuous negative samples

1 "valid" sample

2 continuous positive samples