# Algorithms SV worksheet 3

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#### August 29, 2025

#### 1 Trees

- 1. Prove that, in a binary search tree, if node n has two children, then its successor has no left child.
- 2. Prove that, if a key is not in a bottom node, its successor, if it exists, must be.
- 3. Write pseudocode for insertion and deletion to a red-black tree (without converting to a B-tree)
- 4. What is the time complexity of merging two binary heaps?

### 2 Hash Tables

- 1. Make a hash table with 8 slots and insert into it the following values: 15, 23, 12, 20, 19, 8, 7, 17, 10, 11.
  - Use the hash function  $h(k) = (k \mod 10) \mod 8$ , and resolve collisions by chaining
- 2. How can you handle deletions from an open addressing table? What are the problems of the obvious naïve approach?
- 3. One idea to avoid handling collisions is to make the hash table large enough so that the chances of having a collision are negligible. Explain why it is not feasible.

Hint: Look up the birthday problem

4. Find another use of hash functions in Computer Science/Software Engineering. Explain what properties of hash functions are required for this use case, and why you also need them for hash tables.

## 3 Exam Questions

- 1. https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/exams/pastpapers/y2008p10q9.pdf
- 2. https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/exams/pastpapers/y2008p1q11.pdf