```
--1
DROP TABLE people;
SET DATESTYLE TO GERMAN;
CREATE TABLE people (
      id integer PRIMARY KEY,
      last name varchar(32) NOT NULL,
      first name varchar(32) NOT NULL,
      second_name varchar(32),
      sex char NOT NULL,
      CHECK (sex in ('M','Ж')),
      birthday date NOT NULL,
      death date date,
      mother id integer REFERENCES people(id),
      father id integer REFERENCES people(id)
);
--2
DROP SEQUENCE people id seq;
CREATE SEQUENCE people id seq START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1 CACHE 5;
INSERT INTO people VALUES
(nextval('people id seq'),'Романов',
'Николай','Павлович','М','17.07.1796','14.03.1855',null,null);
INSERT INTO people VALUES
(nextval('people id seq'),'Романова',
'Александра', 'Федоровна', 'Ж', '13.07.1798', '01.11.1860', null, null);
INSERT INTO people VALUES
(nextval('people id seq'), 'Романов', 'Александр', 'Николаевич', 'М', '29.04.1818', '13.03.1881',
(SELECT id FROM people WHERE (people.last_name = 'Poманова' and people.first_name =
'Александра' and people.second name = 'Федоровна')),
(SELECT id FROM people WHERE (people.last name = 'Poманов' and people.first name =
'Николай' and people.second name = 'Павлович')));
INSERT INTO people VALUES
(nextval('people_id_seq'),'Романова',
'Мария','Александровна','Ж','08.08.1824','03.06.1880',null,null);
INSERT INTO people VALUES
(nextval('people id seg'),'Романов',
'Александр','Александрович','М','10.03.1845','01.11.1894',
(SELECT id FROM people WHERE people.last name = 'Poманова' and people.first name =
'Mapuя' and people.second name = 'Александровна'),
(SELECT id FROM people WHERE people.last name = 'Романов' and people.first name =
'Александр' and people.second_name = 'Николаевич'));
SELECT * FROM people;
--3
SELECT p.last name Last name, p.first name Fisrt name, p.second name
Second name, f. last name fLast name,
      f.first_name fFisrt_name, f.second_name fSecond_name, m.last name
mLast name, m.first name mFirst name,
       m.second name mSecond name from people p
```

```
LEFT JOIN people f ON (p.sex = 'M' and p.father id = f.id) LEFT JOIN people m ON
(m.sex='X' and p.mother_id=m.id);
--4
UPDATE people SET birthday = birthday - interval '12 years', death date = death date - interval
'12 years'
       RETURNING *;
--5
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE long livers(age integer) as $$
DECLARE
       attr e record;
      a integer;
BEGIN
      a:=0;
       FOR attr e in (SELECT * FROM people WHERE EXTRACT(year FROM
age(death_date,birthday)) > age)
      LOOP
             raise info '% % % ',attr e.first name,attr e.last name,attr e.second name;
             a := a+1;
       END LOOP;
      raise info '%', a;
       raise info '%', (SELECT max(EXTRACT(year FROM age(death date,birthday))) FROM
people);
      raise info '%', (SELECT min(EXTRACT(year FROM age(death date,birthday))) FROM
people);
       raise info '%', (SELECT round(avg(EXTRACT(year FROM age(death date,birthday))),2)
FROM people);
END
$$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
call long_livers(45);
--6
WITH RECURSIVE len(id,father id,l) AS
      (SELECT id, father id, 1 FROM people WHERE id is NOT NULL
              UNION ALL
       SELECT people.id, people.father_id,len.l+1 FROM len JOIN people on len.id =
people.father id)
SELECT max(I) FROM len;
```