

Create a  $2^2 \times 1$  MUX that implements the function  $f(x, y, z) = x'y + y'z'$  using  $yz$  as control lines. Provide the MUX's output expression

1) Draw the binary table for  $xyz$

Table 1

	x	y	z
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0
5	1	0	1
6	1	1	0
7	1	1	1

2) Decompose  $x'y + x'z'$  into their literal numeric values:

$$x'y + x'z'$$

↓ ↓      ↓ ↓

0 1    0 0  $\Rightarrow$  Find the rows in the table where:

x and y equal 0 1

y and z equal 0 0

3) Draw a table with headers for all the MUX inputs. Since the MUX is a  $4 \times 1$ , then it will have 4 inputs:  $I_0 \dots I_3$

Table 2

	$I_0$	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$
$x'$	0	1	2	3
$x$	4	5	6	7

$\Rightarrow$  rows in table 1 where  $x$  is 0

$\Rightarrow$  rows in table 1 where  $x$  is 1

According to the problem statement,  $y$  and  $z$  will be used for the select lines, so the remaining variables,  $x$  in this case, will be used for the inputs to the MUX.

So if we take a look at table 1, we identify all the values where  $x$  is 0 and  $x$  is 1

When  $x$  is 0, we can represent it as  $x'$

When  $x$  is 1, we can represent it as just  $x$

- 4) In table 2, circle all the row values that correspond to the numeric values we determined in step 2

	$I_0$	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$
$x'$	0	1	2	3
$x$	4	5	6	7
	1	0	$x'$	$x'$

- 5) Designate a value for  $I_n$  depending on what is being circled:

- If all numbers in the column for  $I_n$  are circled, then:

$$I_n = 1$$

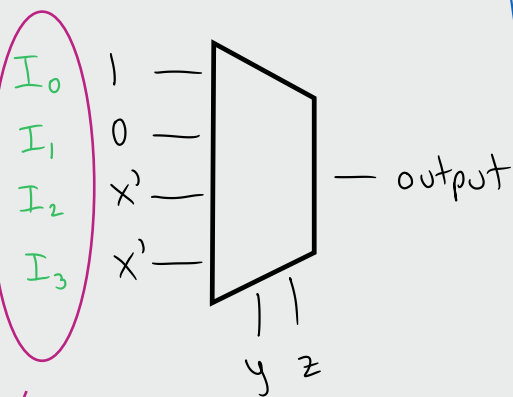
- If no numbers are circled:

$$I_n = 0$$

- If only one or a few are circled, then  $I_n$  is assigned an expression that corresponds to the variable of the row in which the circled number is in:

eg. In table 2, the number 2 is circled in row  $x'$ , so  $I_2 = x'$   
and likewise,  $I_3 = x'$

- 6) Draw the MUX:



- 7) Finally, we write the output expression of the MUX, which will be a sum of minterms, where each minterm will contain an  $I_n$  variable.

$$I_0 y'z' + I_1 y'z + I_2 yz' + I_3 yz$$

00      01      10      11

This is just the skeleton of the expression. The numbers in green are designating numeric values to  $yz$ , counting upwards.

For the actual expression, we will negate  $y$  and  $z$  in accordance to these numbers:

$$I_0 y'z' + I_1 y'z + I_2 yz' + I_3 yz$$

Substitute the  $I_n$  terms with their corresponding value:

$$(1)y'z' + (0)y'z + x'yz' + x'yz = y'z' + x'yz' + x'yz$$