Given the following code, draw the recursive trace in memory and indicate what the final result will be for the function call below:

```
def prob_3( int_val ):
    if int_val <= 1:
        return 2
    if int_val % 2 == 1:
        return int_val + prob_3( int_val - 2 )
    else:
        return int_val + prob_3( int_val - 1 )
    prob_3( 8 )</pre>
```

p3(1): int-val=1, line 4 return 2

p3(3): int-val=3, line 7 return 3+ p3(1)

p3(5): int-val=5, line 7 return 5+ p3(3)

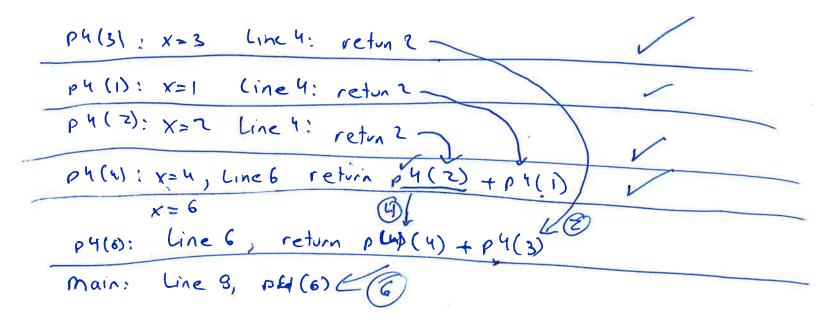
p3(7): int-val=7, line 7 return 7+ p3(5)

p3(8): int-val=8, line 10, return int-val+p(3(7)

Main: prob-3(6), Line 12

Given the following code, draw the recursive trace in memory and indicate what the final result will be for the function call below:

```
def prob_4( x ):
    if x <= 3:
        return 2 -
    return prob_4( x - 2 ) + prob_4( x - 3 )
    prob_4(6)</pre>
```



Given the following code, draw the recursive trace in memory and indicate what the final result will be for the function call below:

```
def foo(x):
   if x <= 0:
       return 5
   if x % 2 == 0:
       return x + bar(x-1)
   elif x % 2 == 1:
       return x + foo(x-3)
def bar(x):
   if x <= 2:
                                       x=4, line 7, retun 4+
       return 4
                             f(7): x=7, Line 10, netun 7+ f(4
   if x \% 2 == 0:
       return x + foo(x-3)
                                       x=10, Line 19, return 10+ f(7)
   elif x % 2 == 1:
                              b(11): x=11, Line 27: return 11+ b(10)
       return x + bar(x-1)
                              F(12): x= 12, Line7: return 12+ bar (11)
foo(12)
                             main: foo (12)
```