

RISC-V Problem 1 - Given the mapping of registers to variables below, write a program to implement the following expression:

```
int sum(int A, int B){
    return A + B;
}
int main(){
    int A=4, B=2;
    int z = sum(A, B);
    return 0;
}
```

Registers in main are A=x8, B=9, Z=x18

You are permitted to use labels in this problem

MAIN:

```
addi x8, x0, 4
addi x9, x0, 2
```

```
# 1) Use the function argument reg to pass by value
add x12, x8, x0 # x12 is A passed by value
add x13, x9, x0 # x13 is B passed by value
```

```
# 2) Call the function
jal x1, SUM_FUNC
```

```
# 3) Store the result in the main function result
add x18, x10, x0
```

```
# 4) Return 0
beq x0, x0, END
```

```
# 5) Name the function call
SUM_FUNC:
```

```
# 6) Add the passed by value copies
add x5, x12, x13
```

```
add x10, x5, x0
```

```
# 9) Jump and link back to main
jalr x0, x1, 0
```

```
# 10) Terminate the program
END:
quit
```

RISC-V Problem 2 - Given the mapping of registers to variables below, write a program to implement the following expression:

```
void swap(int* A, int* B){
    int temp = *A;
    *A = *B;
    *B = temp;
}

int main(){
    int A=10, B=7;
    swap(&A, &B);
    return 0;
}
```

Registers in main are A=x18, B=19

For simplicity, store A at 0x7fff1a10 for pass by reference

For simplicity, store B at 0x7fff1a18 for pass by reference

You are permitted to use labels in this problem

Starter Code

MAIN:

```
addi x18, x18, 10
addi x19, x19, 17
```

Write the Solution Here

1) Use the function argument registers to pass by value

```
lui x10, 0x7fff1
lui x11, 0x7fff1
addi x10, x10, 0xa10
addi x11, x11, 0xa18
sw x18, 0(x10)
sw x19, 0(x11)
```

Call the function

```
jal x1, SWAP_FUNC
```

Load the results back into the local registers

```
lw x18, 0(x10)
lw x19, 0(x11)
```

Return 0

```
beq x0, x0, END
```

Name the function call

SWAP_FUNC:

```
# int temp = *A;
lw x5, 0(x10)
```

```
# *A = *B;
lw x6, 0(x11)
sw x6, 0(x10)
```

```
# *B = temp;
sw x5, 0(x11)
```

```
# Jump and link back to main
jalr x0, x1, 0
```

Terminate the program

END:

Quit

RISC-V Problem 3 - Given the mapping of registers to variables below, write a program to implement the following expression:

```
int array_sum(int* A, int length){
    int sum = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < length; ++i){
        sum += A[i];
    }
    return sum;
}

int main(){
    int array[] = {13, 7, -8, 4};
    int array_len = 4;
    int result_sum = array_sum( array, array_len );
    return 0;
}
```

In main, array is in x18 and points to 0x7fff1a10, array_len is in x19, and result_sum is in x20. In array_sum, sum is in x21 and i is in x22.

MAIN:

```
lui x5, 0x7fff1
addi x18, x5, 0xa10
```

Store the array elementd

```
addi x6, x0, 13
addi x7, x0, 7
addi x28, x0, -8
addi x29, x0, 4
```

```
sw x6, 0(x18)
sw x7, 4(x18)
sw x28, 8(x18)
sw x29, 12(x18)
```

Store the length

```
addi x19, x0, 5
```

Put in function inputs

```
addi x10, x18, 0
addi x11, x19, 0
```

Call the function

```
jal x1, ARRAY_SUM
```

Load the results back into the local registers

```
add x20, x12, x0
```

Return 0

```
beq x0, x0, END
```

Name the function call

ARRAY_SUM:

```
add x21, x0, x0
add x22, x0, x0
```

BEGIN_LOOP:

```
beq x22, x11, END_LOOP
slli x6, x22, 2
add x7, x10, x6
lw x28, 0(x7)
add x21, x21, x28
addi x22, x22, 1
beq x0, x0, BEGIN_LOOP
```

Jump and link back to main

END_LOOP:

Return result

```
add x12, x21, x0
```

Go back to main

```
jalr x0, x1, 0
```

Terminate the program

END:

quit